- **23.27.** Consider the data distribution of the COMPANY database, where the fragments at sites 2 and 3 are as shown in Figure 23.3 and the fragments at site 1 are as shown in Figure 3.6. For each of the following queries, show at least two strategies of decomposing and executing the query. Under what conditions would each of your strategies work well?
  - a. For each employee in department 5, retrieve the employee name and the names of the employee's dependents.
  - b. Print the names of all employees who work in department 5 but who work on some project *not* controlled by department 5.

## **23.28.** Consider the following relations:

```
BOOKS(Book#, Primary_author, Topic, Total_stock, $price)
BOOKSTORE(Store#, City, State, Zip, Inventory_value)
STOCK(Store#, Book#, Qty)
```

Total\_stock is the total number of books in stock, and Inventory\_value is the total inventory value for the store in dollars.

- a. Give an example of two simple predicates that would be meaningful for the BOOKSTORE relation for horizontal partitioning.
- b. How would a derived horizontal partitioning of STOCK be defined based on the partitioning of BOOKSTORE?
- c. Show predicates by which BOOKS may be horizontally partitioned by topic.
- d. Show how the STOCK may be further partitioned from the partitions in (b) by adding the predicates in (c).

## **Review Questions**

23.17

23.20

23.24

## **Review Questions**

- 24.5
- 24.6
- 24.7