Tentative Summary

- Target-side rich morphology causes data sparseness.
- Factored setups compact the sparseness.
 - ... but the search space is likely to explode at runtime.
- Explosion can be contained by pruning.
 - ... but the pruning happens without linear context
 - ⇒ high risk of search errors.

Two promising techniques for handling sparseness and avoiding the explosion:

- Two-step translation (Bojar and Kos, 2010).
- Reverse self-training (Bojar and Tamchyna, 2011).