Commonly Used Features of PBMT

Phrase translation probability:

$$h_{\mathsf{Phr}}(f_1^J, e_1^I, s_1^K) = \log \prod_{k=1}^K p(\tilde{f}_k | \tilde{e}_k) \, \text{ where } p(\tilde{f}_k | \tilde{e}_k) = \frac{\mathsf{count}(\tilde{f}, \tilde{e})}{\mathsf{count}(\tilde{e})}$$

- \Rightarrow Are all used units $\tilde{f} \leftrightarrow \tilde{e}$ likely translations?
- ullet Word count/penalty: $h_{\mathrm{wp}}(e_1^I,\cdot,\cdot)=I$
 - \Rightarrow Do we prefer longer or shorter output?
- $\bullet \ \, \text{Phrase count/penalty:} \ \, h_{\text{pp}}(\cdot,\cdot,s_1^K) = K$
 - \Rightarrow Do we prefer translation in more or fewer less-dependent bits?
- Reordering model: different basic strategies (Lopez, 2009)
 - ⇒ Which source spans can provide continuation at a moment?
- \bullet $\mathit{n}\text{-}\mathsf{gram}$ LM: $h_{\mathsf{LM}}(\cdot,e_1^I,\cdot) = \log \prod_{i=1}^I p(e_i|e_{i-n+1}^{i-1})$
 - \Rightarrow Is output n-gram-wise coherent?