**Chapter- 18**

1. **A session is started simply by calling session\_start like this: session\_start();**
2. **True**  B. False
3. **Erase the session variables from memory, and even completely wipe the session from storage done through the**
4. **session\_unset()**
5. **session\_destroy()**
6. Session\_none()
7. Session\_fresh
8. **Which function completely removing the session from the storage mechanism?**
9. session\_unset()
10. **session\_destroy()**
11. Session\_none()
12. Session\_fresh
13. **Which function completely removing the session from the memory?**
14. session\_unset()
15. **session\_destroy()**
16. Session\_none()
17. Session\_fresh
18. **Which function offers a particularly convenient method for manually encoding**

**all session variables into a single string?**

1. session\_unset()
2. session\_destroy()
3. session\_encoding()
4. **session\_encode()**
5. **Encoded session data can be decoded. Which function offers a particularly convenient method for manually decode all session variables?**
6. session\_unset()
7. session\_destroy()
8. session\_decoding()
9. **session\_decode()**

1. **Assigning each visitor a unique identifying attribute, Known as---------?**

(a)   CookieID

(b)   SeesionID

(c)    ClientID

(d)    None of them

1. **How to sorting bits of information on the client's Machine?**

(a)   Use session

(b)   Use cookies

(c)    Use session variables

(d)    None of them

1. **Which directive determine the number of seconds that cached session pages are made available?**

(a)   session\_cache\_expire

(b)   Cookies cache\_expire

(c)    Session\_expire

(d)    None of them

1. **Which function create a new session of continues a current session?**

(a)   SessionStart

(b)   Session\_Start

(c)   Start\_session

(d)   all of them

1. **How to erases all session variable stored in the current session?**

(a)   Unset\_Session

(b)   Session\_Unset

(c)    Session\_destroy

(d)    None of them

1. **Which directive determine how the session information will be stored?**

(a)   Unset\_session

(b)   session.save\_handler

(c)    session.save\_file

(d)    None

1. **How many session configuration directives are responsible for determining the behavior of PHP session handling?**

(a)   22

(b)   34

(c)    25

(d)    28

1. **Which are the true in the following bellow?**

(a)   HTTP defines the rules used to transfer text, graphics, video and all other data via the world wide web

(b)   Session handling remains one of the coolest and most talked about features of the language.

(c)    In relational data base terms, you can think of the SID as the primary key that ties all other user attribute together.

(d)    cookie define your own customized management play in using a MYSQL database.

1. **What is cookie?**

(a)   The practices of storing kilobits of information on the client machine in what are commonly called cookie.

(b)   The practices of storing gigabytes of information on the server machine. in what are commonly called cookie.

(c)    The practices of storing information on the client machine. in what are commonly called cookie.

(d)    The practices of storing bits of information on the client's machine in what are commonly called cookie.

1. **What is stateless protocol?**

(a)   The heart of developers who wish to create complex web base application.

(b)   must able to adjust to user specific behavior preferences.

(c)    Each request is processed without any knowledge of any prior of future request.

(d)    This is accomplished by assigning each site visitor a unique identifying attribute.

1. **When a user in a web site, the server store information about the user such as their preference, in a cookie and send it to browser.**

**define the true or false.**

**(a)   True**

(b)   false

1. **What are true in the following sentences/**

(a)   PHP can configuration to autonomously control the entire session-handling with little programing interaction.

(b)   An existing session is located by finding the SID either within the requested URL or within a cookie.

(c)    By closing session is located by finding the SID either within the requested URL or within a cookie.

(d)    Twenty five session configuration directives are responsible for the determining the behavior of PHP's session handling functionality.

1. **How can we retrieve cookie information via the super global?**

(a)   $\_REQUEST['session id']

(b)   $\_COOKIE['session id']

(c)    $\_POST['session id']

(d)    $\_GET['session id']

1. **How many ways the session information will be stored?**

(a)   four ways

(b)   five ways

(c)    six ways

(d)    seven ways

1. **What is the default value of session .save.handling() function?**

(a)   mm

(b)   sqlite

(c)    user

(d)    files

1. **How can we defined session .save\_path()syntax?**

(a)   using the syntax N;/path

(b)   using the syntax M;/path

(c)    using the syntax D;/path

(d)    using the syntax V;/path

1. **When session use\_cookies is enabled, there is no need to explicity call cookie\_setting function?**

**(a)   true**

(b)   false

1. **How many values are available in the session.cache\_limter() function?**

**(a)   four values such as nocache, private, private-no-expire, public**

(b)   four values such as none, private, private-no-expire, public

(c)    Three values such as none,nocache, private

(d)    Two values such as none, private

1. **What is the default value of the session.cache\_expire()?**

(a)   120

(b)   180

(c)    340

(d)    890

1. **How many SID consist of session.hash()function?**

(a)   124 and 140 bits

(b)   128 and 160 bits

(c)    180 and 170 bits

(d)    200and 205 bits

1. **What's function will start or resume a session for every PHP \_enable page?**

(a)   session\_start();

(b)   session\_unset();

(c)    session\_destroy();

(d)    session\_auto\_start();