Internship Week – 4, 5, 6

Sajeela Ilyas DHC – 679

GitHub: https://github.com/sajeelailyas/

Week 4

```
✓ lib
✓ models
③ user_model.dart
✓ screens
⑤ home_screen.dart
⑤ user_profile_screen.dart
✓ services
⑤ api_service.dart
⑤ main.dart
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import '../models/user_model.dart';
import '../services/api_service.dart';
import 'user_profile_screen.dart';

class HomeScreen extends StatefulWidget {
    @override
    _HomeScreenState createState() => _HomeScreenState();
}

class _HomeScreenState extends State<HomeScreen> {
    late Future<List<User>> _users;
```

```
@override
 void initState() {
    super.initState();
    users = ApiService.fetchUsers();
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text("Users")),
      body: FutureBuilder<List<User>>(
        future: _users,
        builder: (context, snapshot) {
          if (snapshot.connectionState == ConnectionState.waiting) {
            return Center(child: CircularProgressIndicator());
          } else if (snapshot.hasError) {
            return Center(child: Text("Error: ${snapshot.error}"));
          } else if (!snapshot.hasData || snapshot.data!.isEmpty) {
            return Center(child: Text("No users found"));
          return ListView.builder(
            itemCount: snapshot.data!.length,
            itemBuilder: (context, index) {
              final user = snapshot.data![index];
              return ListTile(
                leading: CircleAvatar(backgroundImage:
NetworkImage(user.avatar)),
                title: Text(user.name),
                subtitle: Text(user.email),
                onTap: () => Navigator.push(
                  MaterialPageRoute(builder: (_) => UserProfileScreen(user:
user)),
              );
            },
          );
       },
      ),
   );
 }
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import '../models/user model.dart';
```

```
class UserProfileScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  final User user;
 UserProfileScreen({required this.user});
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text(user.name)),
      body: Padding(
        padding: const EdgeInsets.all(16.0),
        child: Column(
          children:
            CircleAvatar(radius: 50, backgroundImage: NetworkImage(user.avatar)),
            SizedBox(height: 16),
            Text(user.name, style: TextStyle(fontSize: 24)),
            SizedBox(height: 8),
           Text(user.email, style: TextStyle(color: Colors.grey[600])),
          ],
       ),
     ),
   );
```

```
SizedBox(height: 16),
    Text(user.name, style: TextStyle(fontSize: 24)),
    SizedBox(height: 8),
    Text(user.email, style: TextStyle(color: Colors.grey[600])),
    ],
    ),
    ),
    ),
}
```

```
import 'dart:convert';
import 'package:http/http.dart' as http;
import '../models/user_model.dart';

class ApiService {
   static const String url = 'https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/users';

   static Future<List<User>> fetchUsers() async {
     final response = await http.get(Uri.parse(url));

     if (response.statusCode == 200) {
        List jsonData = json.decode(response.body);
        return jsonData.map((user) => User.fromJson(user)).toList();
     } else {
        throw Exception('Failed to load users');
     }
}
```

```
name: week5

description: "A new Flutter project."

# The following line prevents the package from being accidentally published to # pub.dev using `flutter pub publish`. This is preferred for private packages. publish_to: 'none' # Remove this line if you wish to publish to pub.dev

# The following defines the version and build number for your application.

# A version number is three numbers separated by dots, like 1.2.43

# followed by an optional build number separated by a +.

# Both the version and the builder number may be overridden in flutter

# build by specifying --build-name and --build-number, respectively.
```

```
# In Android, build-name is used as versionName while build-number used as
versionCode.
# Read more about Android versioning at
https://developer.android.com/studio/publish/versioning
# In iOS, build-name is used as CFBundleShortVersionString while build-number is
used as CFBundleVersion.
# Read more about iOS versioning at
https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/General/Reference/InfoP
listKeyReference/Articles/CoreFoundationKeys.html
# In Windows, build-name is used as the major, minor, and patch parts
# of the product and file versions while build-number is used as the build
suffix.
version: 1.0.0+1
environment:
  sdk: ^3.7.2
# Dependencies specify other packages that your package needs in order to work.
# To automatically upgrade your package dependencies to the latest versions
# consider running `flutter pub upgrade --major-versions`. Alternatively,
# dependencies can be manually updated by changing the version numbers below to
# the latest version available on pub.dev. To see which dependencies have newer
# versions available, run `flutter pub outdated`.
dependencies:
  flutter:
    sdk: flutter
 # The following adds the Cupertino Icons font to your application.
  # Use with the CupertinoIcons class for iOS style icons.
  cupertino icons: ^1.0.8
  firebase core: ^3.15.1
  firebase auth: ^5.6.2
  cloud firestore: ^5.6.11
  firebase app check: ^0.3.2+9
  firebase crashlytics: ^4.3.9
dev dependencies:
 flutter_test:
    sdk: flutter
 # The "flutter lints" package below contains a set of recommended lints to
  # encourage good coding practices. The lint set provided by the package is
 # activated in the `analysis_options.yaml` file located at the root of your
 # package. See that file for information about deactivating specific lint
```

```
# rules and activating additional ones.
  flutter lints: ^5.0.0
# For information on the generic Dart part of this file, see the
# following page: https://dart.dev/tools/pub/pubspec
# The following section is specific to Flutter packages.
flutter:
 # The following line ensures that the Material Icons font is
 # included with your application, so that you can use the icons in
  # the material Icons class.
  uses-material-design: true
 # To add assets to your application, add an assets section, like this:
 # assets:
  # - images/a_dot_burr.jpeg
  # - images/a_dot_ham.jpeg
  # An image asset can refer to one or more resolution-specific "variants", see
  # https://flutter.dev/to/resolution-aware-images
  # For details regarding adding assets from package dependencies, see
  # https://flutter.dev/to/asset-from-package
 # To add custom fonts to your application, add a fonts section here,
  # in this "flutter" section. Each entry in this list should have a
  # "family" key with the font family name, and a "fonts" key with a
  # list giving the asset and other descriptors for the font. For
  # example:
  # fonts:
     - family: Schyler
        fonts:
          - asset: fonts/Schyler-Regular.ttf
          - asset: fonts/Schyler-Italic.ttf
            style: italic
  #
     - family: Trajan Pro
  #
        fonts:
  #
         asset: fonts/TrajanPro.ttf
  #
          - asset: fonts/TrajanPro Bold.ttf
  #
            weight: 700
 # For details regarding fonts from package dependencies,
  # see https://flutter.dev/to/font-from-package
```

Users



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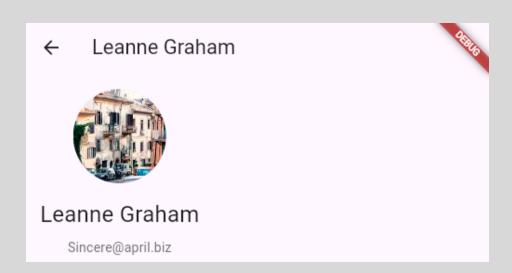
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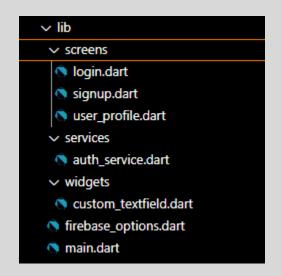
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Week 5



```
import 'package:firebase_core/firebase_core.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'firebase_options.dart';
import 'screens/login.dart';

void main() async {
    WidgetsFlutterBinding.ensureInitialized();
    await Firebase.initializeApp(options: DefaultFirebaseOptions.currentPlatform);
    runApp(MyApp());
}

class MyApp extends StatelessWidget {
    @override
    Widget build(BuildContext context) {
        return MaterialApp(
```

```
title: 'Week 5 - Firebase Auth',
    theme: ThemeData(primarySwatch: Colors.deepPurple),
    home: LoginScreen(),
    debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,
    );
}
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:week5/widgets/custom_textfield.dart';
import 'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dart';
import 'package:cloud_firestore/cloud_firestore.dart';
class SignupScreen extends StatefulWidget {
  @override
  _SignupScreenState createState() => _SignupScreenState();
class _SignupScreenState extends State<SignupScreen> {
  final emailController = TextEditingController();
  final passwordController = TextEditingController();
  final nameController = TextEditingController();
  bool isLoading = false;
 void signupUser() async {
    setState(() {
      isLoading = true;
    });
    try {
      if (emailController.text.isEmpty ||
          passwordController.text.isEmpty ||
          nameController.text.isEmpty) {
        ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
          SnackBar(content: Text("Please fill all fields")),
        );
        return;
      // Firebase Auth - Signup
      UserCredential userCredential = await FirebaseAuth.instance
          .createUserWithEmailAndPassword(
```

```
email: emailController.text.trim(),
      password: passwordController.text.trim(),
    );
    // Firestore - Save user info
    await FirebaseFirestore.instance
        .collection('users')
        .doc(userCredential.user!.uid)
        .set({
      'name': nameController.text.trim(),
      'email': emailController.text.trim(),
      'uid': userCredential.user!.uid,
      'createdAt': Timestamp.now(),
    });
    ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
      SnackBar(content: Text("Signup successful!")),
    );
    Navigator.pop(context); // Go back to login screen
  } on FirebaseAuthException catch (e) {
    String message = "Signup failed.";
    if (e.code == 'email-already-in-use') {
      message = "Email already in use.";
    } else if (e.code == 'weak-password') {
      message = "Password should be at least 6 characters.";
    }
    ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
      SnackBar(content: Text(message)),
    );
  } catch (e) {
    print("Signup Error: $e");
    ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
      SnackBar(content: Text("An unexpected error occurred.")),
    );
  } finally {
    setState(() {
     isLoading = false;
    });
@override
```

```
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return Scaffold(
     appBar: AppBar(title: Text("Sign Up")),
     body: Padding(
       padding: const EdgeInsets.all(20.0),
       child: SingleChildScrollView(
         child: Column(
           children:
             CustomTextField(
               hintText: 'Name',
               controller: nameController,
             ),
             CustomTextField(
               hintText: 'Email',
               controller: emailController,
             ),
             CustomTextField(
               hintText: 'Password',
               controller: passwordController,
               isPassword: true,
             ),
             SizedBox(height: 20),
             isLoading
                 ? CircularProgressIndicator()
                 : ElevatedButton(
                     onPressed: signupUser,
                     child: Text("Sign Up"),
                   ),
           ],
         ),
      ),
     ),
1 );
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dart';
import 'package:week5/screens/user_profile.dart';
import 'package:week5/screens/signup.dart';
import 'package:week5/widgets/custom_textfield.dart';
class LoginScreen extends StatefulWidget {
```

```
@override
  _LoginScreenState createState() => _LoginScreenState();
class _LoginScreenState extends State<LoginScreen> {
  final emailController = TextEditingController();
  final passwordController = TextEditingController();
  void loginUser() async {
   try {
      await FirebaseAuth.instance.signInWithEmailAndPassword(
        email: emailController.text.trim(),
        password: passwordController.text.trim(),
      );
      Navigator.pushReplacement(
        context,
        MaterialPageRoute(builder: (context) => ProfileScreen()),
      );
    } catch (e) {
      print("Login Error: $e");
      ScaffoldMessenger.of(context).showSnackBar(
        SnackBar(content: Text("Login failed.")),
      );
   }
  }
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: Text("Login")),
      body: Padding(
        padding: const EdgeInsets.all(20.0),
        child: Column(
          children: [
            CustomTextField(
              hintText: 'Email',
              controller: emailController,
            ),
            CustomTextField(
              hintText: 'Password',
              controller: passwordController,
              isPassword: true,
            ),
            SizedBox(height: 20),
```

```
ElevatedButton(
          onPressed: loginUser,
          child: Text("Login"),
        ),
        SizedBox(height: 10),
        TextButton(
          onPressed: () {
            Navigator.push(
              context,
              MaterialPageRoute(builder: (_) => SignupScreen()),
            );
          },
          child: Text("Don't have an account? Sign Up"),
      ],
 1.
);
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import '../services/auth_service.dart';
import 'login.dart';
class ProfileScreen extends StatefulWidget {
 @override
  State<ProfileScreen> createState() => _ProfileScreenState();
class _ProfileScreenState extends State<ProfileScreen> {
 final auth = AuthService();
 String? name;
 String? email;
 @override
 void initState() {
    super.initState();
    loadUser();
  }
 void loadUser() async {
   final data = await auth.getUserData();
```

```
setState(() {
      name = data?['name'];
      email = data?['email'];
   });
  }
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(
       title: Text('Profile'),
        actions:
          IconButton(
            icon: Icon(Icons.logout),
            onPressed: () async {
              await auth.logout();
              Navigator.pushReplacement(context, MaterialPageRoute(builder: (_)
=> LoginScreen()));
            },
          )
        ],
      ),
      body: name == null
          ? Center(child: CircularProgressIndicator())
          : Padding(
              padding: const EdgeInsets.all(20),
              child: Column(
                children: [
                  CircleAvatar(radius: 40, child: Icon(Icons.person, size: 50)),
                  SizedBox(height: 20),
                  Text("Name: $name", style: TextStyle(fontSize: 20)),
                  SizedBox(height: 10),
                  Text("Email: $email", style: TextStyle(fontSize: 16)),
                ],
              ),
            ),
   );
```

```
import 'package:cloud_firestore/cloud_firestore.dart';
import 'package:firebase_auth/firebase_auth.dart';
```

```
class AuthService {
  final FirebaseAuth auth = FirebaseAuth.instance;
  final FirebaseFirestore _db = FirebaseFirestore.instance;
  Future<String?> signUp(String name, String email, String password) async {
    try {
      UserCredential cred = await auth.createUserWithEmailAndPassword(
        email: email,
        password: password,
      );
      await _db.collection('users').doc(cred.user!.uid).set({
        'name': name,
        'email': email,
      });
      return null;
    } catch (e) {
      return e.toString();
  }
  Future<String?> login(String email, String password) async {
      await _auth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(email: email, password: password);
      return null;
    } catch (e) {
      return e.toString();
  }
  Future<void> logout() async {
    await _auth.signOut();
  }
  Future<Map<String, dynamic>?> getUserData() async {
    final uid = _auth.currentUser?.uid;
    if (uid != null) {
      DocumentSnapshot doc = await _db.collection('users').doc(uid).get();
      return doc.data() as Map<String, dynamic>?;
    return null;
 }
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
class CustomTextField extends StatelessWidget {
  final String hintText;
  final TextEditingController controller;
  final bool isPassword;
  const CustomTextField({
   Key? key,
   required this.hintText,
   required this.controller,
    this.isPassword = false,
  }) : super(key: key);
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Padding(
      padding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 8.0),
      child: TextField(
        controller: controller,
        obscureText: isPassword,
        decoration: InputDecoration(
          hintText: hintText,
          border: OutlineInputBorder(
            borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(12),
          ),
          filled: true,
          fillColor: Colors.grey[200],
          contentPadding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(horizontal: 16, vertical:
12),
        ),
    );
```

```
// File generated by FlutterFire CLI.
// ignore_for_file: type=lint
import 'package:firebase_core/firebase_core.dart' show FirebaseOptions;
import 'package:flutter/foundation.dart'
    show defaultTargetPlatform, kIsWeb, TargetPlatform;
/// Default [FirebaseOptions] for use with your Firebase apps.
```

```
/// Example:
/// ```dart
/// import 'firebase options.dart';
/// // ...
/// await Firebase.initializeApp(
/// options: DefaultFirebaseOptions.currentPlatform,
/// );
/// ```
class DefaultFirebaseOptions {
  static FirebaseOptions get currentPlatform {
    if (kIsWeb) {
      return web;
    switch (defaultTargetPlatform) {
      case TargetPlatform.android:
        return android;
      case TargetPlatform.iOS:
        return ios;
      case TargetPlatform.macOS:
        return macos;
      case TargetPlatform.windows:
        return windows;
      case TargetPlatform.linux:
        throw UnsupportedError(
          'DefaultFirebaseOptions have not been configured for linux - '
          'you can reconfigure this by running the FlutterFire CLI again.',
        );
      default:
        throw UnsupportedError(
          'DefaultFirebaseOptions are not supported for this platform.',
        );
    }
  }
  static const FirebaseOptions web = FirebaseOptions(
    apiKey: 'AIzaSyDLYuidKb74NS2e8ZRhBzi6eFQODhoUJyc',
    appId: '1:598435078298:web:0c1cb9676c5e128b06bf23',
    messagingSenderId: '598435078298',
    projectId: 'fir-auth-d52a7',
    authDomain: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebaseapp.com',
    storageBucket: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebasestorage.app',
    measurementId: 'G-R5N6P4KD6M',
  );
```

```
static const FirebaseOptions android = FirebaseOptions(
 apiKey: 'AIzaSyCCAiJJerq5BZhz1uUNztlydRsZgqRxuho',
 appId: '1:598435078298:android:d13be18dd1859ee806bf23',
 messagingSenderId: '598435078298',
 projectId: 'fir-auth-d52a7',
 storageBucket: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebasestorage.app',
);
static const FirebaseOptions ios = FirebaseOptions(
  apiKey: 'AIzaSyCVEtsLaQuyl1XT5A6Cnq8WY HPGEp1hts',
 appId: '1:598435078298:ios:f6f552261ae8c98a06bf23',
 messagingSenderId: '598435078298',
 projectId: 'fir-auth-d52a7',
 storageBucket: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebasestorage.app',
 iosBundleId: 'com.example.week5',
);
static const FirebaseOptions macos = FirebaseOptions(
 apiKey: 'AIzaSyCVEtsLaQuyl1XT5A6Cnq8WY HPGEp1hts',
 appId: '1:598435078298:ios:f6f552261ae8c98a06bf23',
 messagingSenderId: '598435078298',
 projectId: 'fir-auth-d52a7',
 storageBucket: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebasestorage.app',
 iosBundleId: 'com.example.week5',
);
static const FirebaseOptions windows = FirebaseOptions(
  apiKey: 'AIzaSyDLYuidKb74NS2e8ZRhBzi6eFQ0DhoUJyc',
 appId: '1:598435078298:web:be4b7d675f32fbeb06bf23',
 messagingSenderId: '598435078298',
 projectId: 'fir-auth-d52a7',
 authDomain: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebaseapp.com',
 storageBucket: 'fir-auth-d52a7.firebasestorage.app',
 measurementId: 'G-LN11GQV67X',
);
```

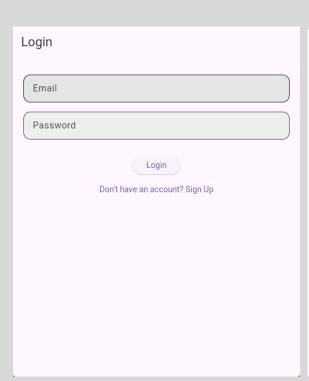
```
name: week5
description: "A new Flutter project."
# The following line prevents the package from being accidentally published to
# pub.dev using `flutter pub publish`. This is preferred for private packages.
publish_to: 'none' # Remove this line if you wish to publish to pub.dev
```

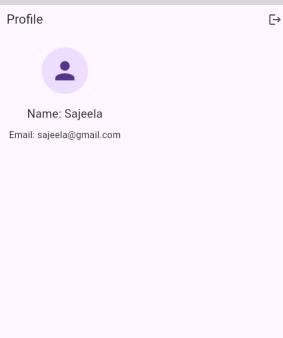
```
# The following defines the version and build number for your application.
# A version number is three numbers separated by dots, like 1.2.43
# followed by an optional build number separated by a +.
# Both the version and the builder number may be overridden in flutter
# build by specifying --build-name and --build-number, respectively.
# In Android, build-name is used as versionName while build-number used as
versionCode.
# Read more about Android versioning at
https://developer.android.com/studio/publish/versioning
# In iOS, build-name is used as CFBundleShortVersionString while build-number is
used as CFBundleVersion.
# Read more about iOS versioning at
https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/General/Reference/InfoP
listKeyReference/Articles/CoreFoundationKeys.html
# In Windows, build-name is used as the major, minor, and patch parts
# of the product and file versions while build-number is used as the build
suffix.
version: 1.0.0+1
environment:
  sdk: ^3.7.2
# Dependencies specify other packages that your package needs in order to work.
# To automatically upgrade your package dependencies to the latest versions
# consider running `flutter pub upgrade --major-versions`. Alternatively,
# dependencies can be manually updated by changing the version numbers below to
# the latest version available on pub.dev. To see which dependencies have newer
# versions available, run `flutter pub outdated`.
dependencies:
  flutter:
    sdk: flutter
  # The following adds the Cupertino Icons font to your application.
  # Use with the CupertinoIcons class for iOS style icons.
  cupertino icons: ^1.0.8
  firebase core: ^3.15.1
  firebase auth: ^5.6.2
  cloud firestore: ^5.6.11
  firebase app check: ^0.3.2+9
  firebase crashlytics: ^4.3.9
dev dependencies:
  flutter_test:
    sdk: flutter
```

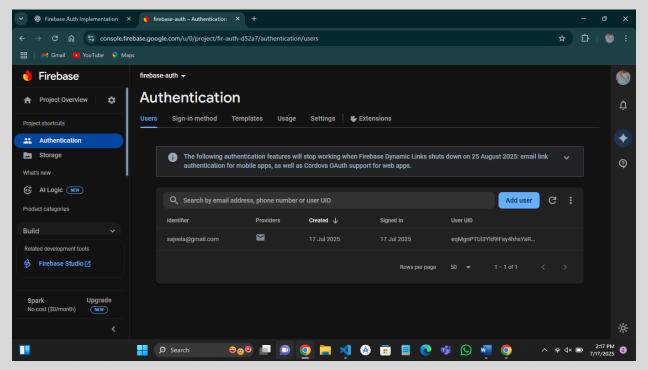
```
# The "flutter lints" package below contains a set of recommended lints to
  # encourage good coding practices. The lint set provided by the package is
  # activated in the `analysis options.yaml` file located at the root of your
  # package. See that file for information about deactivating specific lint
  # rules and activating additional ones.
  flutter lints: ^5.0.0
# For information on the generic Dart part of this file, see the
# following page: https://dart.dev/tools/pub/pubspec
# The following section is specific to Flutter packages.
flutter:
 # The following line ensures that the Material Icons font is
 # included with your application, so that you can use the icons in
  # the material Icons class.
  uses-material-design: true
  # To add assets to your application, add an assets section, like this:
  # assets:
    images/a_dot_burr.jpeg
  # - images/a_dot_ham.jpeg
  # An image asset can refer to one or more resolution-specific "variants", see
  # https://flutter.dev/to/resolution-aware-images
  # For details regarding adding assets from package dependencies, see
  # https://flutter.dev/to/asset-from-package
  # To add custom fonts to your application, add a fonts section here,
  # in this "flutter" section. Each entry in this list should have a
  # "family" key with the font family name, and a "fonts" key with a
  # list giving the asset and other descriptors for the font. For
  # example:
  # fonts:
      - family: Schyler
        fonts:
          - asset: fonts/Schyler-Regular.ttf
  #
          - asset: fonts/Schyler-Italic.ttf
  #
            style: italic
     - family: Trajan Pro
  #
       fonts:
  #
          - asset: fonts/TrajanPro.ttf
  #
          - asset: fonts/TrajanPro Bold.ttf
```

```
# weight: 700
#
# For details regarding fonts from package dependencies,
# see https://flutter.dev/to/font-from-package
```

← Sign Up	← Sign Up
Name	Name
Email	Email
Password	Password
Sign Up	Sign Up
	Please fill all fields







Week 6

To-Do List

```
✓ lib
✓ models
♠ task.dart
✓ providers
♠ task_provider.dart
✓ screens
♠ todo_list.dart
✓ widgets
♠ task_tile.dart
♠ main.dart
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:provider/provider.dart';
import 'providers/task_provider.dart';
import 'screens/todo_list.dart';
void main() {
  runApp(const TodoApp());
class TodoApp extends StatelessWidget {
  const TodoApp({super.key});
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return ChangeNotifierProvider(
      create: ( ) => TaskProvider(),
      child: MaterialApp(
        title: 'To-Do List',
        debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,
        theme: ThemeData(
          primaryColor: const Color(0xFF006400), // Dark Green
          scaffoldBackgroundColor: const Color(0xFFF5F5DC), // Beige
          appBarTheme: const AppBarTheme(
            backgroundColor: Color(0xFF006400), // Dark Green
            foregroundColor: Colors.white,
          elevatedButtonTheme: ElevatedButtonThemeData(
```

```
style: ElevatedButton.styleFrom(
              backgroundColor: const Color(0xFF006400), // Dark Green
              foregroundColor: Colors.white,
              shape: RoundedRectangleBorder(
                borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(10),
              ),
            ),
          ),
          inputDecorationTheme: InputDecorationTheme(
            filled: true,
            fillColor: Colors.white,
            labelStyle: const TextStyle(color: Colors.black87),
            enabledBorder: OutlineInputBorder(
              borderSide: const BorderSide(color: Colors.black26),
              borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(12),
            ),
            focusedBorder: OutlineInputBorder(
              borderSide: const BorderSide(color: Colors.black),
              borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(12),
            ),
          ),
          iconTheme: const IconThemeData(color: Colors.black),
        home: const TodoListPage(),
      ),
    );
  }
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:provider/provider.dart';
import '../providers/task provider.dart';
import '../widgets/task_tile.dart';
class TodoListPage extends StatelessWidget {
  const TodoListPage({super.key});
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   final taskProvider = Provider.of<TaskProvider>(context);
    final taskController = TextEditingController();
   void _addTask() {
      final task = taskController.text.trim();
     if (task.isNotEmpty) {
        taskProvider.addTask(task);
```

```
taskController.clear();
 }
}
return Scaffold(
 appBar: AppBar(title: const Text('To-Do List')),
 body: Column(
   children: [
     Padding(
        padding: const EdgeInsets.all(16),
        child: Row(
          children: [
            Expanded(
              child: TextField(
                controller: taskController,
                decoration: const InputDecoration(
                  labelText: 'Enter new task',
                ),
                onSubmitted: ( ) => addTask(),
            ),
            const SizedBox(width: 10),
            ElevatedButton(
              onPressed: addTask,
              child: const Text('Add'),
          ],
        ),
      ),
     Expanded(
        child: Consumer<TaskProvider>(
          builder: (context, provider, child) {
            final tasks = provider.tasks;
            return tasks.isEmpty
                ? const Center(
                    child: Text(
                      'No tasks added yet.',
                      style: TextStyle(fontSize: 18, color: Colors.black54),
                    ),
                  )
                : ListView.separated(
                    itemCount: tasks.length,
                    separatorBuilder: (_, __) => const SizedBox(height: 4),
                    itemBuilder: (context, index) => Padding(
                      padding: const EdgeInsets.symmetric(
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
class TaskTile extends StatelessWidget {
  final String task;
  final VoidCallback onDelete;
  const TaskTile({super.key, required this.task, required this.onDelete});
  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Card(
      color: Colors.white,
      elevation: 1,
      shape: RoundedRectangleBorder(
        borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(10),
      ),
      child: ListTile(
        title: Text(task),
        trailing: IconButton(
          icon: const Icon(Icons.delete),
          onPressed: onDelete,
       ),
     ),
   );
 }
```

```
import 'package:flutter/foundation.dart';
import 'package:shared_preferences/shared_preferences.dart';
class TaskProvider with ChangeNotifier {
  final List<String> _tasks = [];
  List<String> get tasks => _tasks;
  static const String tasksKey = 'tasks';
 TaskProvider() {
    _loadTasks();
  }
  Future<void> _loadTasks() async {
    final prefs = await SharedPreferences.getInstance();
    final savedTasks = prefs.getStringList(tasksKey);
    if (savedTasks != null) {
      _tasks.addAll(savedTasks);
      notifyListeners();
  }
  Future<void> _saveTasks() async {
    final prefs = await SharedPreferences.getInstance();
    await prefs.setStringList(tasksKey, _tasks);
  }
  void addTask(String task) {
   _tasks.add(task);
   _saveTasks();
    notifyListeners();
  }
 void removeTask(int index) {
   _tasks.removeAt(index);
    _saveTasks();
    notifyListeners();
  }
```

```
String title;
bool isDone;

TodoTask({required this.title, this.isDone = false});

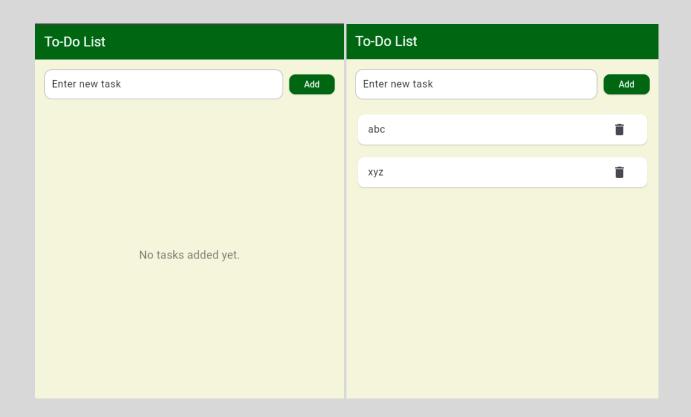
// For saving to shared_preferences
Map<String, dynamic> toJson() => {
    'title': title,
    'isDone': isDone,
    };

factory TodoTask.fromJson(Map<String, dynamic> json) => TodoTask(
    title: json['title'],
    isDone: json['isDone'],
    );
}
```

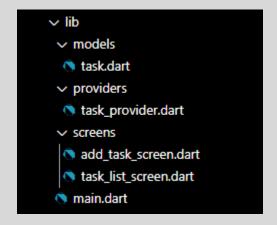
```
name: to do list app
description: "A new Flutter project."
# The following line prevents the package from being accidentally published to
# pub.dev using `flutter pub publish`. This is preferred for private packages.
publish_to: 'none' # Remove this line if you wish to publish to pub.dev
# The following defines the version and build number for your application.
# A version number is three numbers separated by dots, like 1.2.43
# followed by an optional build number separated by a +.
# Both the version and the builder number may be overridden in flutter
# build by specifying --build-name and --build-number, respectively.
# In Android, build-name is used as versionName while build-number used as
versionCode.
# Read more about Android versioning at
https://developer.android.com/studio/publish/versioning
# In iOS, build-name is used as CFBundleShortVersionString while build-number is
used as CFBundleVersion.
# Read more about iOS versioning at
https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/General/Reference/InfoP
listKeyReference/Articles/CoreFoundationKeys.html
# In Windows, build-name is used as the major, minor, and patch parts
# of the product and file versions while build-number is used as the build
suffix.
version: 1.0.0+1
```

```
environment:
  sdk: ^3.7.2
# Dependencies specify other packages that your package needs in order to work.
# To automatically upgrade your package dependencies to the latest versions
# consider running `flutter pub upgrade --major-versions`. Alternatively,
# dependencies can be manually updated by changing the version numbers below to
# the latest version available on pub.dev. To see which dependencies have newer
# versions available, run `flutter pub outdated`.
dependencies:
  flutter:
    sdk: flutter
  provider: ^6.1.1
  shared preferences: ^2.2.2
 # The following adds the Cupertino Icons font to your application.
  # Use with the CupertinoIcons class for iOS style icons.
  cupertino icons: ^1.0.8
dev dependencies:
  flutter test:
    sdk: flutter
 # The "flutter lints" package below contains a set of recommended lints to
  # encourage good coding practices. The lint set provided by the package is
 # activated in the `analysis options.yaml` file located at the root of your
  # package. See that file for information about deactivating specific lint
  # rules and activating additional ones.
  flutter lints: ^5.0.0
# For information on the generic Dart part of this file, see the
# following page: https://dart.dev/tools/pub/pubspec
# The following section is specific to Flutter packages.
flutter:
  # The following line ensures that the Material Icons font is
  # included with your application, so that you can use the icons in
 # the material Icons class.
 uses-material-design: true
  # To add assets to your application, add an assets section, like this:
  # assets:
 # - images/a_dot_burr.jpeg
 # - images/a dot ham.jpeg
```

```
# An image asset can refer to one or more resolution-specific "variants", see
# https://flutter.dev/to/resolution-aware-images
# For details regarding adding assets from package dependencies, see
# https://flutter.dev/to/asset-from-package
# To add custom fonts to your application, add a fonts section here,
# in this "flutter" section. Each entry in this list should have a
# "family" key with the font family name, and a "fonts" key with a
# list giving the asset and other descriptors for the font. For
# example:
# fonts:
   - family: Schyler
      fonts:
        - asset: fonts/Schyler-Regular.ttf
        - asset: fonts/Schyler-Italic.ttf
#
          style: italic
#
   - family: Trajan Pro
#
      fonts:
        - asset: fonts/TrajanPro.ttf
#
        - asset: fonts/TrajanPro_Bold.ttf
          weight: 700
# For details regarding fonts from package dependencies,
# see https://flutter.dev/to/font-from-package
```



Task Management



```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:provider/provider.dart';
import 'providers/task_provider.dart';
import 'screens/task_list_screen.dart';

void main() {
   runApp(TaskApp());
}
class TaskApp extends StatelessWidget {
```

```
@override
Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   return ChangeNotifierProvider(
        create: (_) => TaskProvider(),
        child: MaterialApp(
            debugShowCheckedModeBanner: false,
            home: TaskListScreen(),
        ),
      );
   }
}
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:provider/provider.dart';
import '../providers/task_provider.dart';
import 'add_task_screen.dart';
class TaskListScreen extends StatelessWidget {
 @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    final taskProvider = Provider.of<TaskProvider>(context);
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: const Text("Task Manager")),
      body: ListView.builder(
        itemCount: taskProvider.tasks.length,
        itemBuilder: (ctx, index) {
          final task = taskProvider.tasks[index];
          return ListTile(
            title: Text(
              task.title,
              style: TextStyle(
                decoration: task.isCompleted
                    ? TextDecoration.lineThrough
                    : TextDecoration.none,
              ),
            ),
            trailing: Row(mainAxisSize: MainAxisSize.min, children: [
                icon: Icon(task.isCompleted ? Icons.check_box :
Icons.check_box_outline_blank),
                onPressed: () => taskProvider.toggleCompletion(task.id),
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:provider/provider.dart';
import '../providers/task_provider.dart';
class AddTaskScreen extends StatelessWidget {
  final _controller = TextEditingController();
  @override
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Scaffold(
      appBar: AppBar(title: const Text("Add New Task")),
      body: Padding(
        padding: const EdgeInsets.all(16.0),
        child: Column(children: [
          TextField(
            controller: _controller,
            decoration: const InputDecoration(labelText: "Task Title"),
          ),
          const SizedBox(height: 20),
          ElevatedButton(
            onPressed: () {
              if (_controller.text.trim().isNotEmpty) {
                Provider.of<TaskProvider>(context, listen: false)
                    .addTask(_controller.text.trim());
                Navigator.pop(context);
```

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import '../models/task.dart';
class TaskProvider with ChangeNotifier {
  final List<Task> _tasks = [];
  List<Task> get tasks => _tasks;
 void addTask(String title) {
    _tasks.add(Task(id: DateTime.now().toString(), title: title));
   notifyListeners();
  }
 void deleteTask(String id) {
   _tasks.removeWhere((task) => task.id == id);
   notifyListeners();
  }
 void toggleCompletion(String id) {
   final task = _tasks.firstWhere((task) => task.id == id);
   task.isCompleted = !task.isCompleted;
    notifyListeners();
 }
```

```
class Task {
   String id;
   String title;
   bool isCompleted;

   Task({required this.id, required this.title, this.isCompleted = false});
}
```

```
name: task_mng_app
description: "A new Flutter project."
# The following line prevents the package from being accidentally published to
# pub.dev using `flutter pub publish`. This is preferred for private packages.
publish_to: 'none' # Remove this line if you wish to publish to pub.dev
# The following defines the version and build number for your application.
# A version number is three numbers separated by dots, like 1.2.43
# followed by an optional build number separated by a +.
# Both the version and the builder number may be overridden in flutter
# build by specifying --build-name and --build-number, respectively.
# In Android, build-name is used as versionName while build-number used as
versionCode.
# Read more about Android versioning at
https://developer.android.com/studio/publish/versioning
# In iOS, build-name is used as CFBundleShortVersionString while build-number is
used as CFBundleVersion.
# Read more about iOS versioning at
https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/General/Reference/InfoP
listKeyReference/Articles/CoreFoundationKeys.html
# In Windows, build-name is used as the major, minor, and patch parts
# of the product and file versions while build-number is used as the build
suffix.
version: 1.0.0+1
environment:
  sdk: ^3.7.2
# Dependencies specify other packages that your package needs in order to work.
# To automatically upgrade your package dependencies to the latest versions
# consider running `flutter pub upgrade --major-versions`. Alternatively,
# dependencies can be manually updated by changing the version numbers below to
# the latest version available on pub.dev. To see which dependencies have newer
# versions available, run `flutter pub outdated`.
dependencies:
  flutter:
    sdk: flutter
  shared preferences: ^2.1.1
  # The following adds the Cupertino Icons font to your application.
  # Use with the CupertinoIcons class for iOS style icons.
  cupertino icons: ^1.0.8
dev dependencies:
```

```
flutter test:
    sdk: flutter
  provider: ^6.1.1
  shared preferences: ^2.2.2
 # The "flutter lints" package below contains a set of recommended lints to
  # encourage good coding practices. The lint set provided by the package is
  # activated in the `analysis_options.yaml` file located at the root of your
  # package. See that file for information about deactivating specific lint
 # rules and activating additional ones.
  flutter lints: ^5.0.0
# For information on the generic Dart part of this file, see the
# following page: https://dart.dev/tools/pub/pubspec
# The following section is specific to Flutter packages.
flutter:
 # The following line ensures that the Material Icons font is
 # included with your application, so that you can use the icons in
  # the material Icons class.
  uses-material-design: true
 # To add assets to your application, add an assets section, like this:
  # assets:
  # - images/a dot burr.jpeg
  # - images/a_dot_ham.jpeg
  # An image asset can refer to one or more resolution-specific "variants", see
  # https://flutter.dev/to/resolution-aware-images
  # For details regarding adding assets from package dependencies, see
  # https://flutter.dev/to/asset-from-package
 # To add custom fonts to your application, add a fonts section here,
 # in this "flutter" section. Each entry in this list should have a
  # "family" key with the font family name, and a "fonts" key with a
  # list giving the asset and other descriptors for the font. For
 # example:
  # fonts:
    family: Schyler
       fonts:
          - asset: fonts/Schyler-Regular.ttf
          - asset: fonts/Schyler-Italic.ttf
           style: italic
```

```
# - family: Trajan Pro
# fonts:
# - asset: fonts/TrajanPro.ttf
# - asset: fonts/TrajanPro_Bold.ttf
# weight: 700
#
# For details regarding fonts from package dependencies,
# see https://flutter.dev/to/font-from-package
flutter_native_splash:
    color: "#ffffff"
    image: assets/splash.png
```

Task Manager

Add New Task

Task Title

Add Task

Task Manager		Task Manager	
abc		abc	
хуz	>		
	+		+