

BUILDING A SMARTER AI POWER SPAM CLASSIFIER

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Project: To Identify the spam and ham messages using spam classifier



Content for project phase 3:

1.Data collection:

- Gather a dataset of power system-related messages, which could include emails, text messages, or any form of communication.
- Ensure the dataset is labeled, with spam and non-spam messages correctly categorized.

Data Inspection:

- Check the format of the data, whether it's in text, CSV, or any other format.
- Examine the structure of the data to understand its attributes and labels.

Data loading:

Use appropriate libraries (e.g., pandas for CSV data, NLTK for text data)
 to load the dataset into your project.



Data Cleaning:

- Handle missing values: Check for and deal with any missing data.
- Text cleaning: Preprocess the text data to remove noise, including special characters, numbers, and HTML tags. Consider using techniques like tokenization and stemming.

Data Labeling:

• Ensure that the labels for spam and non-spam are correctly assigned. You may need to review and correct the labels as necessary.

Data Splitting:

• Divide the dataset into training, validation, and test sets. A common split might be 70% for training, 15% for validation, and 15% for testing. This helps assess model performance.

2.Data preprocessing:

Data Cleaning:

• **Handling Missing Data**: Check for missing values in your dataset and decide on a strategy for dealing with them, such as imputation or removal.

Text Data Preprocessing:

- **Text Cleaning**: For text-based data, perform the following:
 - Remove special characters, numbers, and punctuation.
 - Convert text to lowercase to ensure consistency.
 - Remove HTML tags, if applicable.
 - Tokenization: Split text into individual words or tokens.
 - Stemming or Lemmatization: Reduce words to their base or root forms.
- Encoding Categorical Data: If your dataset contains categorical variables (e.g., message type, sender's location), you may need to encode them into numerical form. Use techniques like one-hot encoding or label encoding as appropriate.

Numerical Data Scaling:

• If you have numerical features, it's a good practice to scale them to the same range to avoid issues with certain machine learning algorithms.

Common methods include Min-Max scaling or standardization (z-score scaling).



Data source:

Data link: (https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/uciml/sms-spam-collection-dataset)

v1	k:(https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/ucimi/sms-spam-collection-dataset) v2		
ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only in bugis n great world la e buffet Cine		
ham	theregot amore wat		
ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni		
snam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup final tkts 21st May 2005. Text FA to 87121 to		
spam	receive entry question(std txt rate)T&C's apply 08452810075over18's		
ham	U dun say so early hor U c already then say		
ham	Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives around here though		
spam	FreeMsg Hey there darling it's been 3 week's now and no word back! I'd like some fun		
Spain	you up for it still? Tb ok! XxX std chgs to send, 螢 1.50 to rcv		
ham	Even my brother is not like to speak with me. They treat me like aids patent.		
ham	As per your request 'Melle Melle (Oru Minnaminunginte Nurungu Vettam)' has been se		
Haili	as your callertune for all Callers. Press *9 to copy your friends Callertune		
spam	WINNER!! As a valued network customer you have been selected to receivea 螢 900 pr		
эран	e reward! To claim call 09061701461. Claim code KL341. Valid 12 hours only.		
spam	Had your mobile 11 months or more? U R entitled to Update to the latest colour mobile		
эран	s with camera for Free! Call The Mobile Update Co FREE on 08002986030		
ham	I'm gonna be home soon and i don't want to talk about this stuff anymore tonight, k? I' $$		
nam	cried enough today.		
spam	SIX chances to win CASH! From 100 to 20,000 pounds txt> CSH11 and send to 87575.		
Spain	Cost 150p/day, 6days, 16+ TsandCs apply Reply HL 4 info		
	URGENT! You have won a 1 week FREE membership in our 螢 100,000 Prize Jackpot!		
spam	Txt the word: CLAIM to No: 81010 T&C www.dbuk.net LCCLTD POBOX		
	4403LDNW1A7RW18		
ham	I've been searching for the right words to thank you for this breather. I promise i wont		
	take your help for granted and will fulfil my promise. You have been wonderful and a		
	blessing at all times.		

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Program:

1. Import the required packages

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer

from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression

from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

2. Loading the dataset

```
raw_spam=pd.read_csv('/content/spam.csv',encoding='latin-1')
print(raw_spam)
```

Output:

```
v2 Unnamed: 2 \
٧1
0
        ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
                                                                    NaN
                        Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
1
                                                                    NaN
2
        spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
                                                                    NaN
3
        ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
                                                                    NaN
4
        ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                                                                    NaN
        spam This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
                                                                   NaN
5567
                    Will i_ b going to esplanade fr home?
5568
        ham
                                                                    NaN
        ham Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
5569
                                                                   NaN
        ham The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
5570
                                                                    NaN
5571
        ham
                          Rofl. Its true to its name
                                                                    NaN
```

Unnamed: 3 Unnamed: 4

```
0
     NaN
            NaN
1
     NaN
            NaN
2
     NaN
            NaN
3
     NaN
            NaN
     NaN
            NaN
5567
       NaN
              NaN
5568
       NaN
              NaN
5569
       NaN
              NaN
5570
       NaN
              NaN
5571
       NaN
              NaN
```

[5572 rows x 5 columns]

error

Oscompleted at 12:43 PM



3. Removing the unwanted colomns

```
raw_spam.rename(columns = {'v1':'class_label', 'v2':'message'}, inplace = True)
raw_spam.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
raw_spam[1990:2000]
```

Output:

	message	class_label
HI DARLIN IVE JUST GOT BACK AND I HAD A REALLY	ham	1990
No other Valentines huh? The proof is on your \dots	ham	1991
Free tones Hope you enjoyed your new content	spam	1992
Eh den sat u book e kb liao huh	ham	1993
Have you been practising your curtsey?	ham	1994
Shall i come to get pickle	ham	1995
Lol boo I was hoping for a laugh	ham	1996
YEH I AM DEF UP4 SOMETHING SAT	ham	1997
Well, I have to leave for my class babe Yo	ham	1998
LMAO where's your fish memory when I need it?	ham	1999

4.Exploring the dataset:

raw_spam['class_label'].value_counts()

Output:

ham 4825

spam 747

Name: class_label, dtype: int64

5. Print spam messages

```
raw_spam = raw_spam[raw_spam.class_label=='spam']
raw_spam
```

Output:

class_label message

2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina
5	spam	FreeMsg Hey there darling it's been 3 week's n
8	spam	WINNER!! As a valued network customer you have
9	spam	Had your mobile 11 months or more? U R entitle
11	spam	SIX chances to win CASH! From 100 to 20,000 po



```
5537 spam
              Want explicit SEX in 30 secs? Ring 02073162414...
5540
                ASKED 3MOBILE IF 0870 CHATLINES INCLU IN FREE ...
       spam
5547
                Had your contract mobile 11 Mnths? Latest Moto...
       spam
5566
                REMINDER FROM O2: To get 2.50 pounds free call...
       spam
5567
                This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
       spam
[747 rows x 2 columns]
6.prepare spam list
spam_list= raw_spam['message'].tolist()
print(spam_list)
Output:
```

["Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup final tkts 21st May 2005. Text FA to 87121 to receive entry question(std txt rate)T&C's apply 08452810075over18's", "FreeMsg Hey there darling it's been 3 week's now and no word back! I'd like some fun you up for it still?"]

7.create arrray:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as ab
import numpy as np
labels = ['ham', 'spam']
counts = [4825, 747]
ypos = np.arange(len(labels)) #converting text labels to numberic value, 0 and 1
Ypos
```

Output:

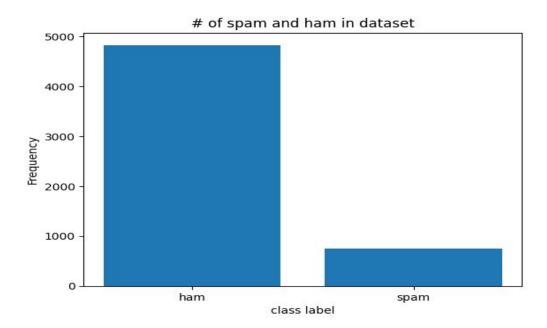
array([0, 1])

8.using graph:

```
ab.xticks(ypos, labels)
ab.xlabel("class label")
ab.ylabel("Frequency")
ab.title("# of spam and ham in dataset")
ab.bar(ypos, counts)
```

Output:

<BarContainer object of 2 artists>



9.replace the null values with a null string

mail_data=raw_spam.where((pd.notnull(raw_spam)),")

#printing the first five rows of the dataframe

mail_data.head()

Output:

class_labelmessage

- 2 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
- 5 spam FreeMsg Hey there darling it's been 3 week's n...
- 8 spam WINNER!! As a valued network customer you have...
- 9 spam Had your mobile 11 months or more? UR entitle...
- 11 spam SIX chances to win CASH! From 100 to 20,000 po...

10.checking the number of rows and colomns in the

dataframe

mail_data.shape

Output:

(747,2)

11.label spam mail as 0; ham mail as 1

```
mail_data.loc[mail_data['class_label'] == 'spam','class_label',] = 0
mail_data.loc[mail_data['message']=='ham','message',] = 1
#separating the data as texts and label
x=mail data['message']
y=mail_data['class_label']
Output:
print(x)
0
          Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
1
          Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
2
          Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
          U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
3
4
          Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro... ...
5567
         This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
5568
         Will I b going to esplanade fr home?
5569
         Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
5570
         The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
5571
         Rofl. Its true to its name Name: v2, Length:
5572,
         dtype: object
print(y)
2
             0
5
              0
8
              0
9
              0
11
              0 ..
5537
              0
5540
              0
5547
              0
5566
              0
5567
              0
Name: class label, Length: 747, dtype: object
12. Spliting the data into training data and testing data
      x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=3)
      print(x.shape)
      print(x train.shape)
      print(x_test.shape)
```

Output:

(747,)

(597,)

(150,)

13. Removing punctuation and stopwords from the messages

Punctuation and stop words do not contribute anything to our model, so we have to remove them. Using NLTK library we can easily do it.

import nltk

nltk.download('stopwords')

from nltk.corpus import stopwords

#remove the punctuations and stopwords

import string

def message_process(message):

message = message.translate(str.maketrans(", ", string.punctuation))

message = [word for word in message.split() if word.lower()
notinstopwords.words('english')]

return " ".join(message)

raw spam['message'] = raw spam['message'].apply(message process)

raw_spam.head()

Output:

[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data... [nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!

	class_label	message
2	spam	Free entry 2 wkly comp win FA Cup final tkts 2
5	spam	FreeMsg Hey darling 3 weeks word back Id like
8	spam	WINNER valued network customer selected receiv
9	spam	mobile 11 months U R entitled Update latest co

class_label message

spam SIX chances win CASH 100 20000 pounds txt CSH1...

14. Converting words to vectors using Count Vectorizer

Counting how many times a word appears in the dataset

we can convert words to vectors using either Count Vectorizer or by using TF-IDF Vectorizer.

TF-IDF is better than Count Vectorizers because it not only focuses on the frequency of words present in the corpus but also provides the importance of the words. We can then remove the words that are less important for analysis, hence making the model building less complex by reducing the input dimensions.

I have included both methods for your reference.

```
text = pd.DataFrame(raw_spam['message'])
label = pd.DataFrame(raw_spam['class_label'])
from collections import Counter

total_counts = Counter()
for i in range(len(text)):
    for word in text.values[i][0].split(" "):
        total_counts[word] += 1
```

print("Total words in data set: ", len(total counts))

Output:

Total words in data set: 4313

15.sorting in decreasing order (word with highest frequency

appears first)

```
vocab = sorted(total_counts, key=total_counts.get, reverse=True)
print(vocab[:60])
```

Output:

['to', 'a', 'your', 'call', 'or', 'the', '2', 'for', 'you', 'is', 'Call', 'on', 'have', 'and', 'from', 'ur', 'with', '&', '4', 'of', 'FREE', 'mobile', 'You', 'are', 'our', 'To', 'claim', 'Your', 'U', 'txt', 'text',

```
'in', 'now', 'Txt', 'reply', 'free', 'contact', '-', 'be', 'now!', 'u', 'just', 'send', 'this', 'won', 'get', 'only', 'Nokia', 'prize', 'per', 'been', 'service', 'STOP', 'who', 'Reply', 'new', 'cash', 'out', 'Text', 'will']
```

16. Mapping from words to index

```
vocab_size = len(vocab)
word2idx = {}
#print vocab_size
for i, word in enumerate(vocab):
  word2idx[word] = i
  # Text to Vector
def text to vector(text):
  word_vector = np.zeros(vocab_size)
  for word in text.split(" "):
     if word2idx.get(word) is None:
       continue
     else:
       word vector[word2idx.get(word)] += 1
  return np.array(word_vector)
# Convert all titles to vectors
word_vectors = np.zeros((len(text), len(vocab)), dtype=np.int_)
for i, (_, text_) in enumerate(text.iterrows()):
  word vectors[i] = text to vector(text [0])
word_vectors.shape
```

Output:

(747,3436)

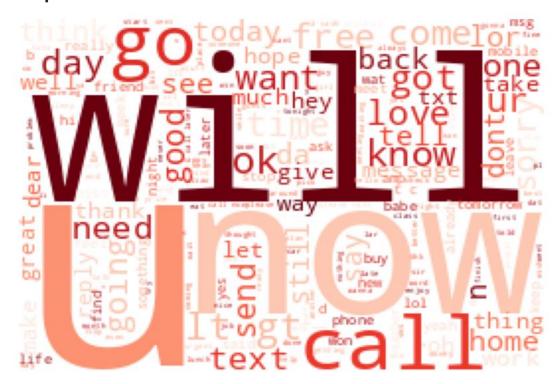


17.Building word cloud to see which message is spam and which message is not

Creating spam word cloud

```
import os
import numpy as np
from wordcloud import WordCloud
from PIL import Image
# Assuming you have loaded your DataFrame 'df_spam' and extracted the 'message'
column into 'spam list'
spam list = raw spam['v2'].tolist()
# Combine the text from 'spam_list' into a single string
filtered_spam = ' '.join(spam_list).lower()
# Load the comment mask image
comment_mask = np.array(Image.open("/content/comment.png"))
# Create and generate a word cloud image
wordcloud = WordCloud(
  max font size=160,
  margin=0,
  mask=comment_mask,
  background color="white",
  colormap="Reds"
).generate(filtered spam)
# Display the generated word cloud
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8), facecolor=None)
plt.imshow(wordcloud)
plt.axis("off")
plt.tight layout(pad=0)
```

Output:



Creating ham word cloud:

import os import numpy as np from wordcloud import WordCloud from PIL import Image

Assuming you have loaded your DataFrame 'df_ham' and extracted the 'message' column into 'ham_list' raw_ham=pd.read_csv('/content/spam.csv',encoding='latin-1')

print(raw_ham)

ham_list = raw_ham['v2'].tolist()

Combine the text from 'ham_list' into a single string filtered_ham = ' '.join(ham_list).lower()

Load the comment mask image
comment_mask = np.array(Image.open("/content/comment.png"))

S.

```
# Create and generate a word cloud image for ham messages
wordcloud = WordCloud(
  max_font_size=160,
  margin=0,
  mask=comment mask,
  background color="white",
  colormap="Greens" # You can choose a different colormap if desired
).generate(filtered ham)
# Display the generated word cloud
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8), facecolor=None)
plt.imshow(wordcloud)
plt.axis("off")
plt.tight layout(pad=0)
# Save the word cloud to a file (optional)
wordcloud.to_file("ham_wordcloud.png")
plt.show()
Output:
v1 v2 Unnamed: 2 \
0 ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ... NaN
1 ham Ok lar... Joking wif u oni... NaN
2 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina... NaN
3 ham U dun say so early hor... U c already then say... NaN
4 ham Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro... NaN ... ... ...
5567 spam This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u... NaN
5568 ham Will i b going to esplanade fr home? NaN
5569 ham Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s... NaN
5570 ham The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd... NaN
5571 ham Rofl. Its true to its name NaN
Unnamed: 3
                    Unnamed: 4
```



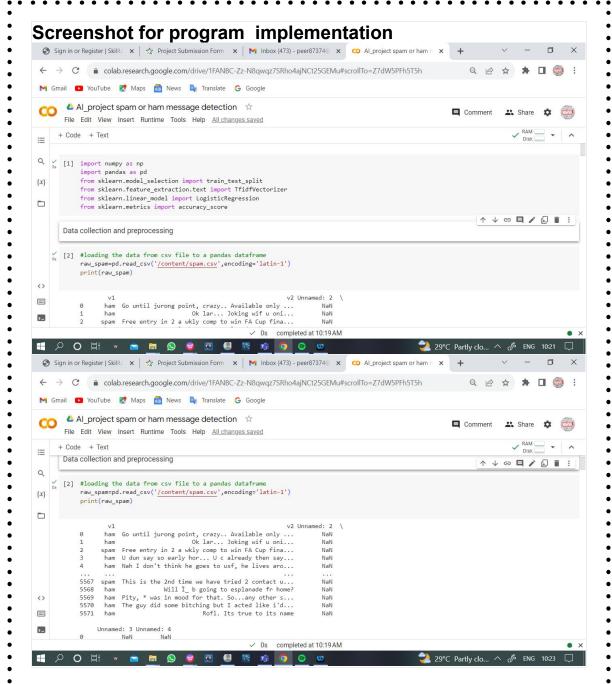
0	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN
2	NaN	NaN
3	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN
5567	NaN	NaN
5568	NaN	NaN
5569	NaN	NaN
5570	NaN	NaN
5571	NaN	NaN [5572 rows x 5 columns]



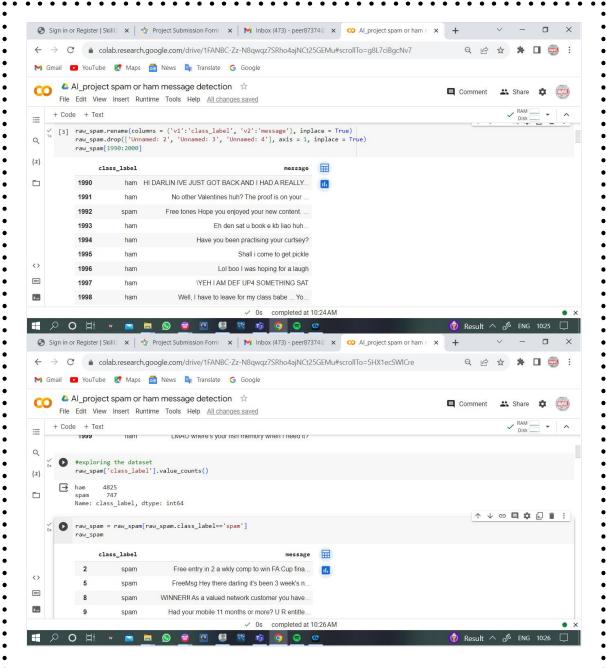
Project Conclusion and future work (phase3)

- In conclusion, data loading and data processing are fundamental stages in the data analysis and machine learning workflow.
- These two key steps ensure that data is collected, cleaned, and transformed into a format that is suitable for analysis or modeling.
- The quality of data loading and processing greatly impacts the accuracy and reliability of the results obtained.
- It is essential to select appropriate data sources, handle missing values, outliers, and categorical variables effectively, and conduct necessary feature engineering to extract meaningful insights from the data.
- Moreover, these processes should be well-documented for reproducibility and version control to maintain data quality throughout the analysis pipeline.
- Overall, meticulous attention to data loading and processing is critical for successful data-driven decision-making.

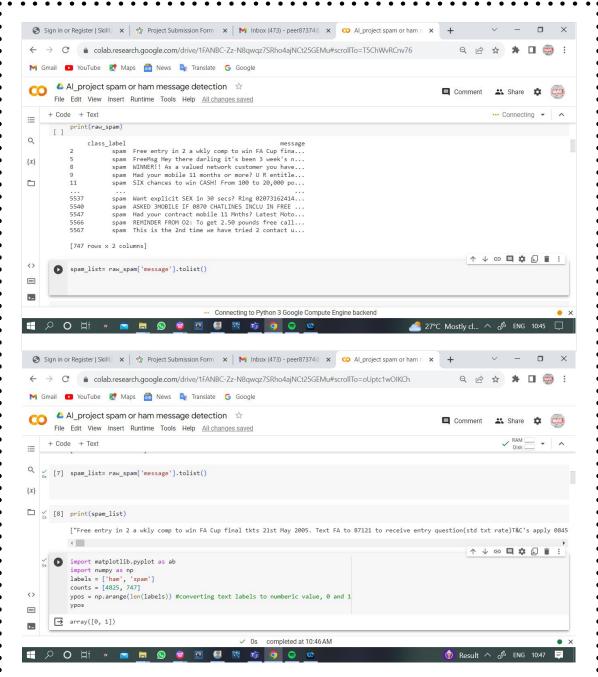






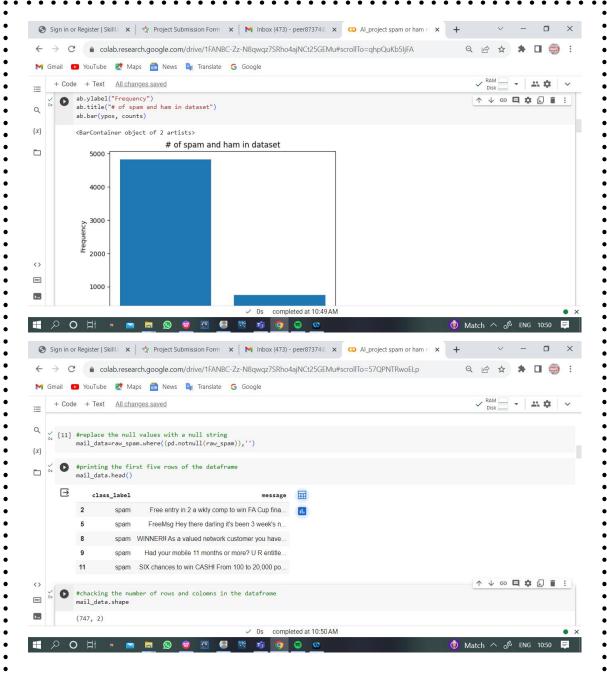




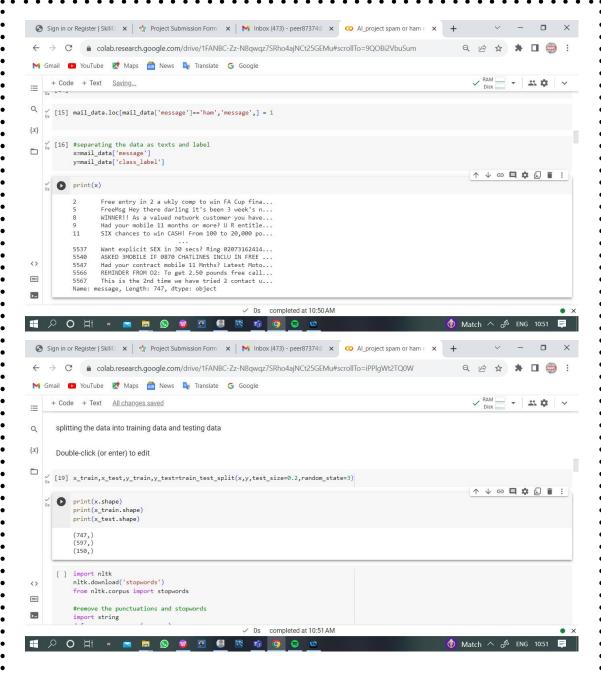


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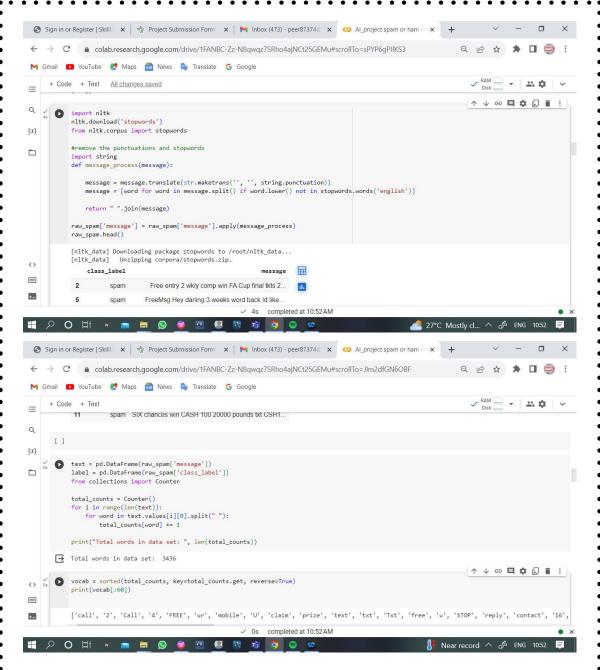




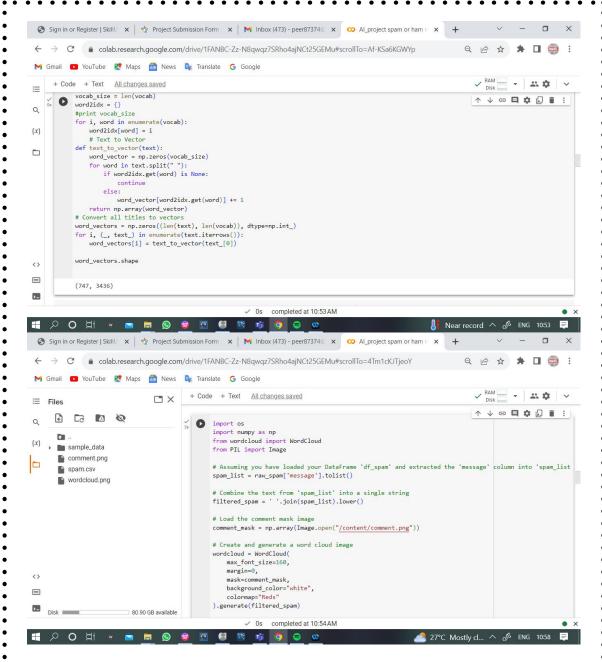




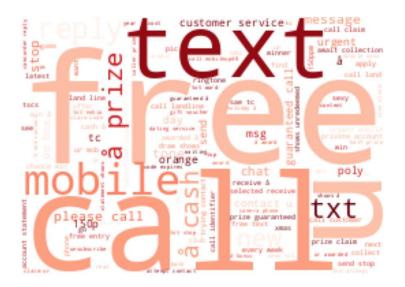












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