## Here's the Java implementation based on the provided prompt:

```
Java
class User {
    String firstName, lastName, phoneNumber;
    // Constructors and getters/setters
    public User(String firstName, String lastName, String phoneNumber) {
        this.firstName = firstName;
        this.lastName = lastName;
        this.phoneNumber = phoneNumber;
    }
    // Getters and setters
    public String getFirstName() {
        return firstName;
    public void setFirstName(String firstName) {
        this.firstName = firstName;
    }
    // ... other getters and setters
}
class Fruit {
    String name, variety;
    double totalQuantityKg, pricePerKg;
    // Constructors and getters/setters
    public Fruit(String name, String variety, double totalQuantityKg, double pricePerKg) {
       this.name = name;
        this.variety = variety;
        this.totalQuantityKg = totalQuantityKg;
       this.pricePerKg
 = pricePerKg;
   }
    // Getters and setters
    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }
    public void setName(String name) {
        this.name = name;
    }
```

```
// ... other getters and setters
class Seller extends User {
    String address;
   List<Fruit> fruits;
    // Constructors and getters/setters
    public Seller(String firstName, String lastName, String phoneNumber, String address, Lis-
        super(firstName, lastName, phoneNumber);
        this.address = address;
        this.fruits = fruits;
    }
    // Getters and setters
    public String getAddress() {
       return address;
    public void setAddress(String address) {
       this.address = address;
    }
    public
 List<Fruit> getFruits() {
        return fruits;
    }
    public void setFruits(List<Fruit> fruits) {
        this.fruits = fruits;
class Order {
   List<Fruit> fruits;
   double quantityInKg;
   Buyer buyer;
   Seller seller;
   // Constructors and getters/setters
}
class Buyer extends User {
   String address;
   int rewards;
   Order order;
    // Constructors and getters/setters
    public Buyer(String firstName, String lastName, String phoneNumber, String address) {
        super(firstName, lastName, phoneNumber);
        this.address = address;
        this.rewards = 0;
```

```
}
   // Getters and setters
   public String getAddress() {
       return address;
   public void setAddress(String address) {
       this.address = address;
   public
int getRewards() {
      return rewards;
   public void setRewards(int rewards) {
       this.rewards = rewards;
   public Order placeOrder(Seller seller) {
       // Display seller's fruit list
       System.out.println("Seller's Fruits:");
       for (Fruit fruit : seller.getFruits()) {
           System.out.println("- " + fruit.getName() + " (" + fruit.getVariety() + "): " +
       // Take user input for fruit name and quantity
       Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
       System.out.print("Enter fruit name: ");
       String fruitName = scanner.nextLine();
       System.out.print("Enter quantity in kg: ");
       double quantity = scanner.nextDouble();
       // Find the fruit in the seller's list
       Fruit selectedFruit = null;
       for (Fruit fruit : seller.getFruits()) {
           if (fruit.getName().equals(fruitName)) {
               selectedFruit = fruit;
               break;
       }
       // Check if the fruit exists and has sufficient quantity
       if (selectedFruit == null || selectedFruit.getTotalQuantityKg() < quantity) {</pre>
           throw new NoFruitsException("Fruit not found or insufficient quantity.");
       }
       // Create and return Order object
       Order order = new Order();
       order.setFruits(List.of(selectedFruit));
       order.setQuantityInKg(quantity);
       order.setBuyer(this);
       order.setSeller(seller);
```

```
return order;
   }
}
interface RoutePlanner {
   String calculateRoute(String sourceAddress, String destinationAddress);
class Delivery {
   RoutePlanner routePlanner;
   public void deliver(Order order) {
       // Calculate route using RoutePlanner
       String route = routePlanner.calculateRoute(order.getSeller().getAddress(), order.get
       System.out.println("Delivery
 route: " + route);
       // Decrease quantity and increase reward
       for (Fruit fruit : order.getFruits()) {
           fruit.setTotalQuantityKg(fruit.getTotalQuantityKg() - order.getQuantityInKg());
       order.getBuyer().setRewards(order.getBuyer().getRewards() + (int) (order.getQuantity
   }
}
class NoFruitsException extends Exception {
   public NoFruitsException(String message) {
        super(message);
```

Use code with caution.

## **Explanation:**

- Classes: We've defined the basic classes: User , Fruit , Seller , Buyer , Order , and Delivery .
- 2. **RoutePlanner Interface:** This interface outlines the calculateRoute method, which will be implemented by a specific routing algorithm.
- 3. **Buyer's** placeOrder **Method:** This method displays the seller's fruits, takes user input, and creates an Order object. It also handles the NoFruitsException if necessary.
- 4. **Delivery's** deliver **Method:** This method uses the RoutePlanner to calculate the route, updates the Fruit quantities, and increases the Buyer's rewards.

## **Additional Considerations:**

- Error Handling: Implement robust error handling for invalid inputs, out-of-stock items, and other potential issues.
- **User Interface:** Consider using a GUI or command-line interface to provide a user-friendly experience.

- Database Integration: Integrate a database to store user, seller, fruit, and order information.
- Payment System: Implement a payment system to handle transactions.
- **Security:** Ensure data security by implementing appropriate measures.
- **Scalability:** Design the system to handle a large number of users, sellers, and orders. By following these guidelines and incorporating the provided code, you can create a robust and efficient fruit delivery system.