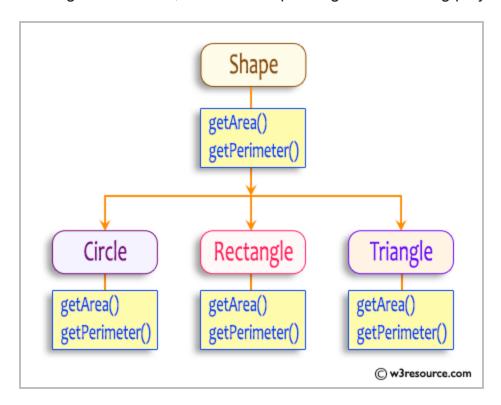
Write a Java program to create a class Shape with methods getArea() and getPerimeter(). Create three subclasses: Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle. Override the getArea() and getPerimeter() methods in each subclass to calculate and return the area and perimeter of the respective shapes.

In the given exercise, here is a simple diagram illustrating polymorphism implementation:



In the above diagram, the Circle, Rectangle, and Triangle classes have the getArea() and getPerimeter() methods. These methods allow them to calculate and return the area and perimeter specific to each shape.

## Sample Solution:

## Java Code:

```
// Shape.java
// Base class Shape
abstract class Shape { // Declare an abstract class Shape
    public abstract double getArea(); // Declare an abstract method getAre
    public abstract double getPerimeter(); // Declare an abstract method {
}
```

```
// Circle.java
// Subclass Circle
```

```
private double radius; // Declare a private double variable radius
    public Circle(double radius) { // Define a constructor that takes a do
        this.radius = radius; // Initialize the radius variable with the p
    }
    @Override // Override the getArea method from the Shape class
    public double getArea() { // Define the getArea method
        return Math.PI * radius * radius; // Calculate and return the area
    }
   @Override // Override the getPerimeter method from the Shape class
    public double getPerimeter() { // Define the getPerimeter method
        return 2 * Math.PI * radius; // Calculate and return the perimeter
    }
}
// Rectangle.java
// Subclass Rectangle
class Rectangle extends Shape { // Declare a subclass Rectangle that exter
    private double length; // Declare a private double variable length
    private double width; // Declare a private double variable width
    public Rectangle(double length, double width) { // Define a construct@
       this.length = length; // Initialize the length variable with the p
       this.width = width; // Initialize the width variable with the prov
    }
   @Override // Override the getArea method from the Shape class
    public double getArea() { // Define the getArea method
        return length * width; // Calculate and return the area of the red
    }
    <code>@Override // Override the getPerimeter method from the Shape class</code>
    public double getPerimeter() { // Define the getPerimeter method
        return 2 * (length + width); // Calculate and return the perimeter
    }
```

class Circle extends Shape { // Declare a subclass Circle that extends the

```
// Triangle.java
// Subclass Triangle
class Triangle extends Shape { // Declare a subclass Triangle that extends
    private double side1; // Declare a private double variable side1
   private double side2; // Declare a private double variable side2
   private double side3; // Declare a private double variable side3
   public Triangle(double side1, double side2, double side3) { // Define
       this.side1 = side1; // Initialize the side1 variable with the prov
       this.side2 = side2; // Initialize the side2 variable with the prov
       this.side3 = side3; // Initialize the side3 variable with the prov
   }
   @Override // Override the getArea method from the Shape class
   public double getArea() { // Define the getArea method
        double s = (side1 + side2 + side3) / 2; // Calculate the semi-per:
       return Math.sqrt(s * (s - side1) * (s - side2) * (s - side3)); //
   }
   @Override // Override the getPerimeter method from the Shape class
   public double getPerimeter() { // Define the getPerimeter method
        return side1 + side2 + side3; // Calculate and return the perimete
   }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Area of the Circle: " + circle.getArea()); //
System.out.println("Perimeter of the Circle: " + circle.getPerimete

System.out.println("\nSides of the rectangle are: "+rs1+','+rs2);
System.out.println("Area of the Rectangle: " + rectangle.getArea())
System.out.println("Perimeter of the Rectangle: " + rectangle.getPe

System.out.println("\nSides of the Triangle are: "+ts1+','+ts2+','-
System.out.println("Area of the Triangle: " + triangle.getArea());
System.out.println("Perimeter of the Triangle: " + triangle.getPer:
}
```

## Output:

```
Radius of the Circle4.0
Area of the Circle: 50.26548245743669
Perimeter of the Circle: 25.132741228718345

Sides of the rectangle are: 4.0,6.0
Area of the Rectangle: 24.0
Perimeter of the Rectangle: 20.0

Sides of the Traiangel are: 3.0,4.0,5.0
Area of the Triangle: 6.0
Perimeter of the Triangle: 12.0
```

## Flowchart:

**←**