AXIOS

Course Code: CSC 4182 Course Title: Advanced Programming In Web Technologies CA

Dept. of Computer Science Faculty of Science and Technology

Lecture No:	1	Week No:	12	Semester:	
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Lecture Outline



- ✓ What is AXIOS
- ✓ Installation
- ✓ Axios Example
- ✓ Creating Environment Variable
- Extract AXIOs Response

What is AXIOS



Axios is a promise-based **HTTP Client** for **node.js** and the browser. It is **isomorphic** (it can run in the browser and nodejs). On the server-side it uses the native node.js http module, while on the client (browser) it uses XMLHttpRequests.

Features

- Make XMLHttpRequests from the browser
- Make http requests from node.js
- Supports the Promise API
- Automatic request body serialization to:
 - JSON (application/json)
 - Multipart / FormData (multipart/form-data)
 - URL encoded form (application/x-www-form-urlencoded)
- Posting HTML forms as JSON
- Progress capturing for browsers and node.js with extra info (speed rate, remaining time)
- Setting bandwidth limits for node.js

Installation



Use following command inside the frontend project npm install axios

Then include Axios in the file where you want to use it import axios from 'axios';





```
Axios Get Example with parameter in route
```

```
async function getUser() {
 try {
    const response = await axios.get('/user?ID=12345');
    console.log(response);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
Axios Get Example with parameter as JSON object
async function getUser() {
 try {
    const response = await axios.get('/user', { ID: 12345 });
    console.log(response);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
```



Performing a POST request with JSON object

```
async function createUser() {
 try {
    const userData = {
      firstName: 'Fred',
      lastName: 'Flintstone'
    };
    const response = await axios.post('/user', userData);
    console.log(response);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
```



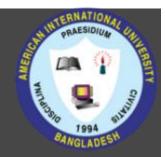
Post an HTML form as JSON

```
async function createUser() {
 try {
    const userData = {
      firstName: 'Fred',
      lastName: 'Flintstone'
    };
    const response = await axios.post('/user', userData);
    console.log(response);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
```



Post an HTML form

```
async function postData() {
 try {
    const formData = new FormData();
    formData.append('firstName', 'Fred');
   formData.append('lastName', 'Flintstone');
   formData.append('orders', [1, 2, 3]);
    formData.append('photo', document.querySelector('#fileInput').files[0]);
    const response = await axios.post('https://httpbin.org/post', formData, {
      headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'multipart/form-data'
    });
   const data = response.data;
    console.log(data);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
```



PUT Request

```
async function updateData() {
 try {
    const data = {
      firstName: 'John',
      lastName: 'Doe',
     age: 30
    };
    const response = await axios.put('https://httpbin.org/users/123', data, {
      headers: {
        'Content-Type': 'application/json'
    });
   const updatedData = response.data;
    console.log(updatedData);
  } catch (error) {
    console.error(error);
```





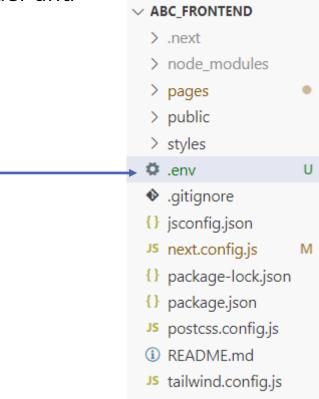
DELTE Request

```
async function deleteData() {
   try {
     const response = await
axios.delete('https://httpbin.org/users/123');
   console.log('Data deleted successfully');
   } catch (error) {
   console.error(error);
   }
}
```

Creating Environment Variable



Create a file name in your project folder and name it **.env**







add environment variables in this file in the format KEY=VALUE Must use the prefix **NEXT_PUBLIC_** before creating a key

```
3np_frontend > ♣ .env

1 NEXT_PUBLIC_API_ENDPOINT=http://localhost:3000
```



Creating Environment Variable

Use **process.env** to get the environment variable

```
async function getData() {
   try {
     const response = await axios.get(process.env.API_ENDPOINT);

   console.log(response);
   } catch (error) {
     console.error(error);
   }
}
```

Extract AXIOs Response



The Array.isArray() static method determines whether the passed value is an Array.

true if value is an Array; otherwise, false.

Array.isArray(value)



Extract AXIOs Response

```
import { useState, useEffect } from 'react';
import axios from 'axios';
export default function MyComponent () {
  const [jsonData, setJsonData] = useState(null);
  useEffect(() => {
   fetchData();
  }, []);
  async function fetchData() {
    try {
      const response = await axios.get(process.env.API_BASE_URL +'/data');
      const jsonData = response.data;
      setJsonData(jsonData);
    } catch (error) {
      console.error(error);
```



Extract AXIOs Response

```
return (
 <>
   {jsonData !== null && (
     <div>
      {Array.isArray(jsonData) ? (
        <div>
          Response is an array:
          <u1>
            {jsonData.map((item, index) => (
             {item}
           ))}
          </div>
      ) : (
        <div>
          Response is an object:
          {jsonData}
        </div>
      )}
     </div>
```

References



- 1. W3Schools Online Web Tutorials, URL: http://www.w3schools.com
- 2. Next.js, URL: https://nextjs.org/
- 3. Mozilla Developer Networks, URL: https://developer.mozilla.org/
- 4. AXIOS Documentation, URL: https://axios-http.com/docs/post_example



Thank You!