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## Interface Segregation Principle (ISP)

A client should not be forced to depend on methods it does not use.

In simple words:

- Do not put everything in one big interface (class).
- Instead, break interfaces into smaller, more specific ones that serve a particular purpose.

## Method 1

The below ConfigParser interface is minimal and single-purpose. Advantages are:

- Subclasses (YamlConfigParser and JsonConfigParser) implement only what they need
- Clients (ConfigLoader) can rely on load () without worrying about how it is implemented.

```
class ConfigParser(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def load(self, path):
        pass
```

Considering a modification in interface as follows:

```
class ConfigParser(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def load_yaml(self, path): pass

@abstractmethod
    def load_json(self, path): pass

@abstractmethod
    def write_log(self): pass
```

YamlConfigParser and JsonConfigParser need to use ConfigParser interface, but only need load yaml() and load json() respectively. Problems aries:

• YamlConfigParser and JsonConfigParser depend on more than it needs -- that would violate ISP.

After following ISP, splitting the interface into smaller pieces:

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod

class YamlReader(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def load(self, path: str) -> dict:
```

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```
class JsonReader(ABC):
    @abstractmethod
    def load(self, path: str) -> dict:
        pass
```

This is a case of **over-segregation** -- meaning splitting the interface too much, making it more complex than needed, and losing polymorphism. The above method is more suitable in this case since each parser only implements what it needs (load()).

## Method 2

If YamlConfigParser and JsonConfigParser are as follows:

```
class YamlConfigParser(YamlReader):
    def read_yaml(self, path):
        with open(path, "r") as file:
            return yaml.safe_load(file)

class JsonConfigParser(JsonReader):
    def read_json(self, path):
        with open(path, "r") as file:
            return json.load(file)
```

Now it is a valid use of the ISP. To demonstrate the ISP effect, the configuration of YamlConfigParser and JsonConfigParser is modified as mentioned above to validate the ISP.