basics of python programming

python type casting

```
.int
         .float
         .str
         integers
In [2]: x = int(1)
        y = int(2.8)
z = int("3")
         print(x)
         print(y)
        print(z)
         2
         3
         floats:
In [3]: x = float(1)
         y = float(2.8)
         z = float("3")
         w = float("4.2")
         print(x)
         print(y)
         print(z)
        print(w)
         2.8
        3.0
        4.2
        strings:
In [4]: x = str("S1")
         y = str(2)
         z = str(3.0)
         print(x)
         print(y)
         print(z)
         S1
         2
         3.0
         boolean
In [5]: bool('hai')
        True
Out[5]:
In [6]: bool()
Out[6]: False
In [7]: bool('6712')
        True
Out[7]:
In [8]: print(10>9)
         print(10 == 9)
         print(10 <9)
         True
         False
         False
```

```
In [10]: x = "hello"
         y = 15
         print(bool(x))
         print(bool(y))
         True
         True
In [11]: bool("abc")
         bool(123)
         bool(["apple","cherry","banana"])
Out[11]: True
In [12]: 2+ 3.4 + True + False + 55.21 -11
Out[12]: 50.61
In [13]: int(55.45)
Out[13]: 55
         slicing
 In [1]: s = 'Hi Everyone'
         'Hi Everyone'
 Out[1]:
 In [2]: len(s)
 Out[2]:
In [18]: s[0],s[1],s[2]
Out[18]: ('H', 'i', ' ')
In [19]: s[0:2],s[8:],s[8:10],s[8:11]
Out[19]: ('Hi', 'one', 'on', 'one')
In [20]: s[::2]
         'H vroe'
Out[20]:
In [21]: s[3: :3]
         'Ern'
Out[21]:
         negitive indexing
In [22]: s[-1],s[-4],s[-1:-5:-1]
         ('e', 'y', 'enoy')
Out[22]:
In [23]: s[::-1]
         'enoyrevE iH'
Out[23]:
 In [8]: A = "IQRA is very beautiful girl"
         'IQRA is very beautiful girl'
 Out[8]:
 In [9]: len(A)
 Out[9]: 27
In [10]: A[::-1]
         'lrig lufituaeb yrev si ARQI'
Out[10]:
In [11]: A[-1]
Out[11]:
In [12]: A[-2]
```

```
Out[12]: 'r'

In [13]: A[:6]

Out[13]: 'IQRA i'

In [14]: A[:8]

Out[14]: 'IQRA is '
```

operations

Arthematic operators

```
In [48]: ## + addition
          ## - subtraction
          ## /,//,% for division
## * multiplication
          ## ** power of
In [50]: a = 5
          b = 3
         print(a+ b)
In [55]: a-b
Out[55]: 2
In [54]: a*b
Out[54]: 15
In [53]: a/b
Out[53]: 1.6666666666666667
In [52]: a%b
Out[52]: 2
In [51]: a**b
Out[51]: 125
In [56]: a//b # when you want to get integer output i.e it will ignore the decimal part
Out[56]: 1
In [57]: a%b
Out[57]: 2
```

```
Assignment operators

In [51]: x = 15
y = 25

In [52]: print(x ,y)
15 25

In [78]: x = 15
y = 25
x +=3
print(x)
18

In [54]: print(y-3)
22

In [73]: x = 15
x*=3
print(x)
```

```
45
In [72]: y = 25
         print(y)
In [69]: x = 15
         print(x)
         120
In [70]: y = 25
         y>>=3
         print(y)
In [71]: x = 15
         print(x)
         12
In [79]: x//=3
         print(x)
         6
         comparision operators
In [12]: x = 5
 y = 3
         print(x == y)
         False
In [14]: x = 5
         print(x != y)
         True
In [15]: x = 4
         print(x > y)
         True
In [16]: x = 3
         print(x < y)
         False
In [17]: x = 5
         print(x >= y)
         False
In [18]: x = 7
         y = 10
         print(x \ll y)
         True
         logical operators
In [22]: x = 25
         print(x > 10 \text{ and } x < 100)
In [23]: x =25
         print(x > 10 \text{ or } x < 100)
In [26]: x = 25
         print((not x > 10 and x < 100))
```

input functions

```
In [1]: num = input('Enter a value')
         Enter a value12
 Out[1]:
 In [3]: type(num)
 Out[3]: str
 In [4]: num = float(input("Enter a value"))
         Enter a value3.4
 Out[4]:
 In [5]: num = int(input("Enter a value"))
         Enter a value12
 Out[5]: 12
 In [6]: a = 7
         b = 10

    eval function

 In [8]: x = eval('a+b')
         Х
 Out[8]: 17
 In [9]: x = eval('a*b')
 Out[9]: 70
In [11]: x = 'print(55)'
         eval(x)
         55
In [13]: k = eval(x)
         55
In [16]: a = 5.5
         b = 10
         y = ('a+b')
Out[16]: 'a+b'
          • place holder in python
In [23]: num = 10
         print("The value of a number=", num)
         The value of a number= 10
In [38]: num = 10
         print("The value of a number=" + str(num))
         The value of a number=10
In [24]: num = 999
         print("The value of a number=", num)
         The value of a number= 999
In [25]: name = "sajid"
         print('My name is ',name)
         My name is sajid
 In [5]: name = "iqra"
         age = 6
```

print("My daughter name is {} and her age is {}".format(name,age))

```
My daughter name is iqra and her age is 6
 In [2]: name = "sajid"
         age = 25
         print("My name is {1} and my age is {0} and my name is {1}".format(age,name))
         My name is sajid and my age is 25 and my name is sajid
 In [3]: name = "sajid"
         age = 25
         role = "Data scientist"
         print("My name is {0}, and my age is {1} and my role is {2}".format(name, age, role))
         My name is sajid, and my age is 25 and my role is Data scientist
 In [7]: name = "iqra"
         age = 6
         role = "Quran Enthusiast"
         print("My daughter name is {} she is an {} and her age is {}".format(name,role,age))
         My daughter name is igra she is an Quran Enthusiast and her age is 6
         conditional statements
 In [6]: ## the conditional operators are
         = # operator to do assignment
         == # equal to operator
         > #greater than
         < #less than
         >= #greater than equal to
         <= #less than equal to
         != #not equal
           File "C:\Users\sajid\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_18556/226900425.py", line 2
             1) = # operator to do assignment
         SyntaxError: unmatched ')'
 In [3]: a = 10
         if (a ==10):
            print("A value is 10")
             print("if block")
             print("continue")
             print("out of break")
         A value is 10
         if block
         continue
         out of break
 In [8]: a = 10
         if (a==5):
             print("A value is 10")
             print("If block")
             print("continue")
         print("out of break")
         out of break
In [11]: a = 10
         if(a==5):
             print("A value is 10")
             print("If block")
             print("continue")
         else:
             print("if statement failed")
             print("Else statement excuted")
         if statement failed
         Else statement excuted
In [31]: a = 23
         h = 24
         if a>b:
            print(" datamites is great")
         else:
            print("iam a datascientist ")
             print("My name is sajid")
         iam a datascientist
         My name is sajid
In [15]: a = 0
         if (a !=0):
            print("A is positive")
         else:
             print("A is negitive")
```

```
A is negitive
 In [8]: a =float(input("Enter the number"))
         if(a>0):
             print("A is positive")
         elif(a<0):</pre>
             print("A is negitive")
         elif(a!=0):
             print("sajid is great")
         else:
             print("A is zero")
         Enter the number5
         A is positive
 In [2]:
         sajid = float(input("enter the number"))
         if(sajid>0):
             print("sajid is very good boy")
         elif(sajid<0):</pre>
             print("sajid is interested in data analysis")
         elif(sajid!=0):
             print("sajid is excellent")
         else:
             print("sajid is good and decent")
         enter the number-9
         sajid is interested in data analysis
         DATA STRUCTURES
         List
           · ordered hetrogenous data which indexed

    mutable

    operations

           • []
In [28]: l = [1,2,3,5, 'hi',4.7]
Out[28]: [1, 2, 3, 5, 'hi', 4.7]
In [30]: l2 =list([4,5,6,7,'True','False'])
Out[30]: [4, 5, 6, 7, 'True', 'False']
In [26]: type(12)
Out[26]: list
In [34]: L = [1,2,3,4]
         L[2] = 48
         L
Out[34]: [1, 2, 48, 4]
In [36]: #operations-> inserting, deleting, sort, slicing
         l[2] #index value starts with 0
Out[36]: 3
In [38]: l=[]
         ι
Out[38]: []
In [44]: #Insertion -> append, extend, insert
         ## append will append element at the end of list and can add only one element at a time
```

In [43]: l1.append(5.6)

Out[43]: [5.6, 5.6, 5.6]

12

In [45]: l2 =list([4,5,6,7,'True','False'])

```
Out[45]: [4, 5, 6, 7, 'True', 'False']
In [47]: l2.append(6.5)
         [4, 5, 6, 7, 'True', 'False', 6.5, 6.5]
Out[47]:
In [49]: # extend used for added multiple items at a end od list
In [48]: | l2.extend([7,8,9])
         [4, 5, 6, 7, 'True', 'False', 6.5, 6.5, 7, 8, 9]
Out[48]:
 In [1]: # create a list with Emp name, emp id, age, no. of exp, mob no
In [70]: l = ["sajid",'067543',25,3,9100461127,'Btech']
Out[70]: ['sajid', '067543', 25, 3, 9100461127, 'Btech']
In [66]: \[0],\[3]
Out[66]: ('sajid', 3)
In [67]: l.insert(2,'Btech')
Out[67]: ['sajid', '067543', 'Btech', 25, 3, 9100461127]
In [18]: # extend -> add /insert more than one element
In [68]: l.extend([1,5,10])
Out[68]: ['sajid', '067543', 'Btech', 25, 3, 9100461127, 1, 5, 10]
In [23]: # Deletion -> pop, remove and del
         # pop-> deletes the last element and return that element
In [24]: l.pop()
Out[24]: ['sajid', '067543',
           'Btech',
           'Btech'
           'B tech',
           'B tech',
           'B tech',
           'B tech',
           'B tech',
           'B tech',
          25,
           3.
          9100461127,
           5]
In [69]: l.pop(4)
Out[69]: ['sajid', '067543', 'Btech', 25, 9100461127, 1, 5, 10]
In [71]: # remove -> delete elements with the specific element
          l.remove('Btech')
Out[71]: ['sajid', '067543', 25, 3, 9100461127]
In [36]: # delete the entire list or specific value
         del l[-2]
In [72]:
Out[72]: ['sajid', '067543', 25, 9100461127]
In [39]: # slicing-> start,stop,interval
In [47]: l3 = ["sajid",9,9100461127,'08916',25]
         13
```

```
Out[47]: ['sajid', 9, 9100461127, '08916', 25]
In [48]: \langle l3[2:4]
          ['sajid', 9, 9100461127, '08916', 25]
Out[48]:
In [50]:
         13[-1]
         ['sajid', 9, 9100461127, '08916', 25]
Out[50]:
In [53]:
         # nested list
         ['sajid', 9, 9100461127, '08916', 25]
Out[53]:
          13.insert(2,20)
In [54]:
          ['sajid', 9, 20, 9100461127, '08916', 25]
Out[54]:
In [56]: l3.insert(3,7730057539)
         ['sajid', 9, 20, 7730057539, 9100461127, '08916', 25]
Out[56]:
In [58]: \langle 13[4] = [10,20,30]
Out[58]: ['sajid', 9, [10, 20, 30], 7730057539, [10, 20, 30], '08916', 25]
          Tuples
           · ordered hetrogenous data which indexed
           • immutable
           • ()
In [75]: # data can't be change
In [73]: t1 = (2,3,4,"Hai",6)
          (2, 3, 4, 'Hai', 6)
Out[73]:
In [74]:
          t1.count(4)
          (2, 3, 4, 'Hai', 6)
Out[74]:
In [76]: type(t1)
         tuple
Out[76]:
In [77]: t1.index(6)
Out[77]: 4
In [82]: t1[3]
Out[82]: (2, 3, 4, 'Hai', 6)
In [83]: t1.index(3)
Out[83]: (2, 3, 4, 'Hai', 6)
```

Dictionary

```
In [ ]: *key/value pairs,hetrogenous,unique,
In [86]: d1 ={'Hi': 'old', 'test':'prin'}
d1
```

```
Out[86]: {'Hi': 'old', 'test': 'prin'}
In [87]: d2 = {"name":"sajid","age": "25", "college" : "kiet"}
         {'name': 'sajid', 'age': '25', 'college': 'kiet'}
Out[87]:
In [90]:
         d3 = {"name":"sajid","age": "25", "college" : "kiet"}
Out[90]: {'name': 'sajid', 'age': '25', 'college': 'kiet'}
In [91]: type(d3)
         dict
Out[91]:
         #Nested Dictionary
In [88]:
         d1["data"] = [45,75,45,12]
         {'Hi': 'old', 'test': 'prin', 'data': [45, 75, 45, 12]}
Out[88]:
In [89]: d1["data"] = (45,75,45,12)
         {'Hi': 'old', 'test': 'prin', 'data': (45, 75, 45, 12)}
Out[89]:
         # create a dict with no.as key and no.name as value
 In [2]:
         d2 ={1:'one',5:'five',9:'Nine',4:'four'}
         d2
 Out[2]: {1: 'one', 5: 'five', 9: 'Nine', 4: 'four'}
 In [3]:
         d2[9] = (99, 109, 119)
 Out[3]: {1: 'one', 5: 'five', 9: (99, 109, 119), 4: 'four'}
         sets
In [18]: #unique, contains hetrogenous elements
         s1 = \{1,2,3,4,5,6\}
In [19]:
         s2 = \{2,3,4,6,9,8\}
Out[19]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
 In [4]: s2
 Out[4]: {2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9}
In [20]: s1,max
         ({1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}, <function max>)
Out[20]:
         sajid = \{3,6,9,12,15,18,21\}
In [22]:
          shalima={2,4,6,8,10,12,14,16,18}
In [23]: sajid
Out[23]: {3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21}
In [24]: shalima
         {2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18}
Out[24]:
In [25]: sajid.union(shalima)
         {2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 21}
In [26]: sajid.intersection(shalima)
         {6, 12, 18}
Out[26]:
```

In [27]: sajid.add("bujji")

```
In [28]: sajid
Out[28]: {12, 15, 18, 21, 3, 6, 9, 'bujji'}
In [29]: shalima.add("shannu")
In [30]: shalima
Out[30]: {10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 2, 4, 6, 8, 'shannu'}
 In [8]: #Operations ->union,intersection
 In [9]: s1.union(s2)
 Out[9]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9}
In [10]: s1.intersection(s2)
Out[10]: {2, 3, 4, 6}
In [11]: s1.add("How r u")
Out[11]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 'How r u'}
In [12]: s1.difference(s2)
         s1
Out[12]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 'How r u'}
In [13]: s1.union(s2)
Out[13]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 'How r u'}
In [14]: s1 = \{1,2,3,4\}
         s2 = {4, 'one', 6, 'Hi'}
         s1.union(s2)
Out[14]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 'Hi', 'one'}
In [15]: s1.add(5)
         s1
Out[15]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
         Functions
           • code reusability,decompose
In [18]: def tree_n(l,b,h):
            v = l * b * h
             return v
         vol= tree_n(5,6,7)
```

```
Out[18]: 210
 In [2]: def area_m(l,b,h):
            area =1/2*l*b*h
             return area
         area = area m(4,5,6)
         area
Out[2]: 60.0
In [19]: def sajid_s(h,w,a):
            s = h * w * a
             return s
         s = sajid_s(5.4,65,25)
Out[19]: 8775.0
 In [1]: def shalima_s(h,w,a):
             s = h * w * a
             return s
         s = shalima_s(5.3,55,25)
```

```
S
Out[1]: 7287.5
In [6]: def car_c(windows, doors, petrolprice):
    d = windows * doors * petrolprice
              return d
          c = car_c(4, 5, 121.3)
          С
Out[6]: 2426.0
 In [2]: def avg(n1,n2,n3):
              return(n1+n2+n3)/3.0
          print("Welcome")
          sajid1 = avg(10,20,30)
result2 = avg(1,2,3)
          result3 = avg(2.4, 3.7, 5.8)
          print(sajid1)
          print(result2)
          print(result3)
          Welcome
          20.0
          2.0
          3.96666666666663
In [3]: def avg(sajid,shalima,anisa):
              return(sajid+shalima+anisa)/3.0
          print("I love u ")
          I love u
In [5]: def display():
              print("sajid")
print("have a nice day")
          display()
          sajid
          have a nice day
          loops

    for loop

           • while loop
In [20]: # while loop
In [8]: a =1
          while a<=10:
              print(a)
              a = a+1
          1
          2
          3
          4
          5
          6
          7
          8
          9
          10
 In [1]: # for loop
 In [9]: for i in range(1,5):
              print(i)
          1
          2
          3
In [7]: for i in range(1,6):
              print(i)
```

```
2
3
          5
In [12]: for i in range (1,11):
             print(i, '*6=',i*6)
          1 *6= 6
          2 *6= 12
          3 *6= 18
4 *6= 24
          5 *6= 30
          6 *6= 36
7 *6= 42
          8 *6= 48
          9 *6= 54
          10 *6= 60
In [15]: for i in range(1,11):
    print(i, ' 19 * =',i *19 )
          1 19 * = 19
          2 19 * = 38
3 19 * = 57
          4 19 * = 76
          5 19 * = 95
          6 19 * = 114
          7 19 * = 133
8 19 * = 152
          9 19 * = 171
          10 19 * = 190
In [15]: for i in range(20,0,-4):
           print(i)
          20
          16
          12
          8
          4
 In [1]: s1 = \{1,2,4,5,8\}
          s2 = \{2,3,4,6,7\}
          s1.union(s2)
 Out[1]: {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8}
 In [2]: s1.intersection(s2)
 Out[2]: {2, 4}
 In [2]: str1 = "programinghub3"
x = ""
          for i in str1:
              x +=i
               print(x)
          pr
          pro
          prog
          progr
          progra
          program
          programi
          programin
          programing
          programingh
          programinghu
          programinghub
          programinghub3
 In [1]: str2 = "sajidlovesdatascience"
    x = ""
          for i in str2:
              x +=i
               print(x)
```

1

```
sa
        saj
        saji
        sajid
        sajidl
        sajidlo
        sajidlov
        sajidlove
        sajidloves
        sajidlovesd
        sajidlovesda
        sajidlovesdat
        sajidlovesdata
        sajidlovesdatas
        sajidlovesdatasc
        sajidlovesdatasci
        sajidlovesdatascie
        sajidlovesdatascien
        {\tt sajidloves datascienc}
        sajidlovesdatascience
In [3]: x = 'community'
y = 'community'
        print(x > y)
        False
In [9]: list = [1,2,3, "GFG", 2.4]
        print(list)
        [1, 2, 3, 'GFG', 2.4]
In [1]: # while loop
        wanna_play_again ='y'
        while wanna_play_again =='y':
            wanna_play_again = input("Do you want to play again? (y/n) ? ")
            print("we excited the Game !!")
        Do you want to play again? (y/n) ? n
        we excited the Game !!
In [2]: num = int(input("Enter the number"))
        Enter the number45
In [3]: for i in range(45):
                 print(i)
```

In []:

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