

# Varendra University

# Department of Computer Science & Engineering



Course Code: CSE 313

**Course Title: Database Management System** 

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# Assignment - 2

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Semester: 6th

Section: C

Signature

```
CREATE DATABASE assignment;
USE assignment;
CREATE TABLE Worker (
     WORKER ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
     FIRST NAME VARCHAR(50),
     LAST NAME VARCHAR(50),
     SALARY INT,
     JOINING DATE DATE,
     DEPARTMENT VARCHAR(50)
);
CREATE TABLE Bonus (
     WORKER_REF_ID INT,
     BONUS DATE DATE,
     BONUS AMOUNT INT,
     FOREIGN KEY (WORKER_REF_ID) REFERENCES Worker(WORKER_ID)
);
CREATE TABLE Title (
     WORKER_REF_ID INT,
     WORKER_TITLE VARCHAR(50),
     AFFECTED FROM DATE,
     FOREIGN KEY (WORKER_REF_ID) REFERENCES Worker(WORKER_ID)
INSERT INTO Worker (WORKER_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, SALARY, JOINING_DATE, DEPARTMENT)
(1, 'Rana', 'Hamid', 100000, '2014-02-20', 'HR'), (2, 'Sanjoy', 'Saha', 80000, '2014-06-11', 'Admin'), (3, 'Mahmudul', 'Hasan', 300000, '2014-02-20', 'HR'), (4, 'Asad', 'Zaman', 500000, '2014-02-20', 'Admin'),
(5, 'Sajib', 'Mia', 500000, '2014-06-11', 'Admin'),
(6, 'Alamgir', 'Kabir', 200000, '2014-06-11', 'Account'), (7, 'Foridul', 'Islam', 75000, '2014-01-20', 'Account'),
(8, 'Keshob', 'Ray', 90000, '2014-04-11', 'Admin');
INSERT INTO Bonus (WORKER_REF_ID, BONUS_DATE, BONUS_AMOUNT)
VALUES
(1, '2019-02-20', 5000),
(2, '2019-06-11', 3000),
(3, '2019-02-20', 4000),
(4, '2019-02-20', 4500),
(5, '2019-06-11', NULL),
(6, '2019-06-12', 3500);
INSERT INTO Title (WORKER REF ID, WORKER TITLE, AFFECTED FROM)
VALUES
(1, 'Manager', '2019-02-20'),
(2, 'Executive', '2019-06-11'),
(8, 'Executive', '2019-06-11'),
(5, 'Manager', '2019-06-11'),
(4, 'Asst. Manager', '2019-06-11'),
(7, 'Executive', '2019-06-11'),
(6, 'Lead', '2019-06-11'),
(3, 'Lead', '2019-06-11');
```

1. Write an sql query to fetch "FIRST\_NAME" from Worker table in upper case SQL:

```
SELECT UPPER(FIRST_NAME) AS FIRST_NAME_IN_UPPERCASE
FROM Worker;
```

#### Output:

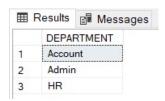


2. Write an SQL query to fetch unique values of DEPERTMENT from Worker table.

# SQL:

```
SELECT DISTINCT DEPARTMENT FROM Worker;
```

#### Output:



3. Write an SQL query to find the position of the alphabet('a') in the first name column 'Sanjoy' from Worker table.

# SQL:

```
SELECT CHARINDEX('a', FIRST_NAME) AS POSITION
FROM Worker
WHERE FIRST_NAME = 'Sanjoy';
```

# Output:



4. Write an SQL query to print details of the workers from Workers table whose FIRST\_NAME ends with 'b' and contains at least three alphabet.

# SQL:

```
SELECT *
FROM Worker
WHERE FIRST_NAME LIKE '%b' AND LEN(FIRST_NAME) >= 3;
```

#### Output:

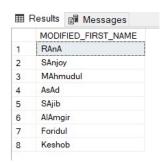


5. Write an SQL query to print the FIRST\_NAME from Worker table after replacing 'a' with 'A'.

#### SQL:

```
SELECT REPLACE(FIRST_NAME, 'a', 'A') AS MODIFIED_FIRST_NAME
FROM Worker;
```

#### Output:



6. Write an SQL query to print details for Workers with the first name as "Asad" and "Sajib" from Worker table.

```
SELECT *
FROM Worker
WHERE FIRST_NAME IN ('Asad', 'Sajib');
```

12.50			ssages				
		ER_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY	JOINING_DATE	DEPARTMENT
1	4		Asad	Zaman	500000	2014-02-20	Admin
2	5		Sajib	Mia	500000	2014-06-11	Admin

7. Write an SQL query to print details of the Workers who have joined 6 months ago.

#### SQL:

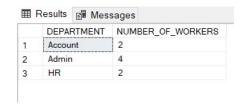


8. Write an SQL query to show all departments along with the number of people in there.

#### SQL:

```
SELECT DEPARTMENT, COUNT(*) AS NUMBER_OF_WORKERS FROM Worker
GROUP BY DEPARTMENT;
```

#### Output:



9. Write an SQL query to fetch the departments that have less than five people in it.

```
SELECT DEPARTMENT, COUNT(*) AS NUMBER_OF_WORKERS FROM Worker GROUP BY DEPARTMENT HAVING COUNT(*) < 5;
```

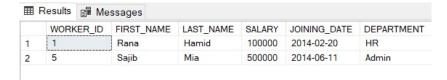
⊞ Results		₽ Mes	sages		
	DEPARTMENT		NUMBER_OF_WORKERS		
1	Accou	nt	2		
2	Admir	1	4		
3	HR		2		

10. Write an SQL query to print details of the Workers who are also Managers.

#### SQL:

```
SELECT W.*
FROM Worker W
JOIN Title T
ON W.WORKER_ID = T.WORKER_REF_ID
WHERE T.WORKER_TITLE = 'Manager';
```

#### Output:

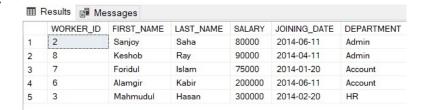


11. List all the employees except 'Manager' & 'Asst. Manager'.

#### SQL:

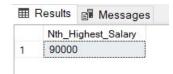
```
SELECT W.*
FROM Worker W
JOIN Title T
ON W.WORKER_ID = T.WORKER_REF_ID
WHERE T.WORKER_TITLE NOT IN ('Manager', 'Asst. Manager');
```

#### Output:



12. Write an SQL query to determine the nth (say n=5) highest salary from a table

```
SELECT MIN(SALARY) AS Nth_Highest_Salary
FROM (
    SELECT DISTINCT TOP 5 SALARY
    FROM Worker
    ORDER BY SALARY DESC
) AS TopSalaries;
```



13. Write an SQL query to fetch the last five records from a table.

#### SQL:

```
SELECT *
FROM Worker
ORDER BY WORKER_ID DESC
OFFSET 0 ROWS FETCH NEXT 5 ROWS ONLY;
```

#### Output:

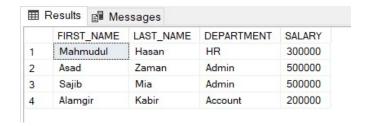
Ⅲ	Results	₽ Me	ssages				
	WORK	ER_ID	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY	JOINING_DATE	DEPARTMENT
1	8		Keshob	Ray	90000	2014-04-11	Admin
2	7		Foridul	Islam	75000	2014-01-20	Account
3	6		Alamgir	Kabir	200000	2014-06-11	Account
4	5		Sajib	Mia	500000	2014-06-11	Admin
5	4		Asad	Zaman	500000	2014-02-20	Admin

14. Write an SQL query to print the name of employees having the highest salary in each department.

#### SQL:

```
SELECT FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, DEPARTMENT, SALARY
FROM Worker W
WHERE SALARY = (
    SELECT MAX(SALARY)
    FROM Worker
    WHERE DEPARTMENT = W.DEPARTMENT
);
```

# Output:

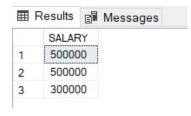


15. Write an SQL query to fetch three max salaries from table.

#### SQL:

```
SELECT TOP 3 SALARY
FROM Worker
ORDER BY SALARY DESC;
```

#### Output:



```
CREATE TABLE Account_Detail (
    Account_no INT PRIMARY KEY,
    Acc_holder_name VARCHAR(50),
    Amount INT,
    Branch Id VARCHAR(10),
    Zone_Id VARCHAR(10)
);
INSERT INTO Account Detail (Account no, Acc holder name, Amount, Branch Id, Zone Id)
(1992212, 'Mr. Nazmuzzaman', 200000, 'B-101', 'Z-803'),
(1992213, 'Mr. Jibon', 170000, 'B-102', 'Z-803'),
(1882212, 'Bushra', 180000, 'B-103', 'Z-802'),
(1882213, '%Sajib', 170000, 'B-104', 'Z-801');
CREATE TABLE Branch (
    Br_Id VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
    Branch_Name VARCHAR(50)
);
INSERT INTO Branch (Br_Id, Branch_Name)
VALUES
('B-101', 'Bonani'),
('B-102', 'Romna'),
('B-103', 'Shaheb bazar'),
('B-104', 'Ullapara');
CREATE TABLE Zone (
    Zone_Id VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
    Name VARCHAR(50)
);
INSERT INTO Zone (Zone_Id, Name)
VALUES
('Z-801', 'Sirajgonj'),
('Z-802', 'Rajshahi'),
('Z-803', 'Dhaka'),
('Z-804', 'Chittagong');
```

1.Create a simple stored procedure "SPdetails" to find Acc\_holder\_name, Amount, Branch\_Name and Zone\_Name.

#### SQL:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE SPdetails

AS

BEGIN

SELECT

a.Acc_holder_name,
a.Amount,
b.Branch_Name,
z.Name AS Zone_Name

FROM

Account_Detail a

INNER JOIN

Branch b ON a.Branch_Id = b.Br_Id

INNER JOIN

Zone z ON a.Zone_Id = z.Zone_Id;

END;

EXEC SPdetails;
```

#### Output:

	Acc_holder_name	Amount	Branch_Name	Zone_Name
1	Bushra	180000	Shaheb bazar	Rajshahi
2	%Sajib	170000	Ullapara	Sirajgonj
3	Mr. Nazmuzzaman	200000	Bonani	Dhaka
4	Mr. Jibon	170000	Romna	Dhaka

2. Create a simple stored procedure "SPaverage" to Branch \_name and Amount of Branch.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE SPaverage

AS

BEGIN

SELECT

b.Branch_Name,

AVG(a.Amount) AS Average_Amount

FROM

Account_Detail a

INNER JOIN

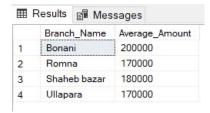
Branch b ON a.Branch_Id = b.Br_Id

GROUP BY

b.Branch_Name;

END;

EXEC SPaverage;
```

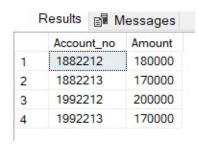


3. Create a simple stored procedure "SPbalance" to find Amount of each Account\_no.

#### SQL:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE SPbalance
AS
BEGIN
    SELECT
          Account_no,
          Amount
    FROM
          Account_Detail;
END;
EXEC SPbalance;
```

#### Output:



4. Create a simple stored procedure "SPamount" to Find all account holders name with their branch name and zone name whose name has substring 'Mr.' and Amount Less than Maximum Amount.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE SPamount
AS
BEGIN
    -- Find the maximum amount
    DECLARE @MaxAmount INT;
    SELECT @MaxAmount = MAX(Amount) FROM Account_Detail;
```

```
-- Fetch account holders matching the criteria
   SELECT
        a.Acc holder name,
        b.Branch_Name,
        z.Name AS Zone_Name,
        a.Amount
   FROM
       Account_Detail a
   INNER JOIN
       Branch b ON a.Branch_Id = b.Br_Id
   INNER JOIN
        Zone z ON a.Zone Id = z.Zone Id
   WHERE
        a.Acc_holder_name LIKE '%Mr.%' -- Name contains 'Mr.'
       AND a.Amount < @MaxAmount;
                                    -- Amount is less than the maximum
END;
EXEC SPamount;
```



5. Create a simple stored procedure "SPdetailsInfo" to find Zone\_name, number of customer of each Zone.

#### SQL:

#### Output:

