

# Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE) BRAC University

Summer 2023

CSE250 - Circuits and Electronics

## INTRODUCTION TO CSE250

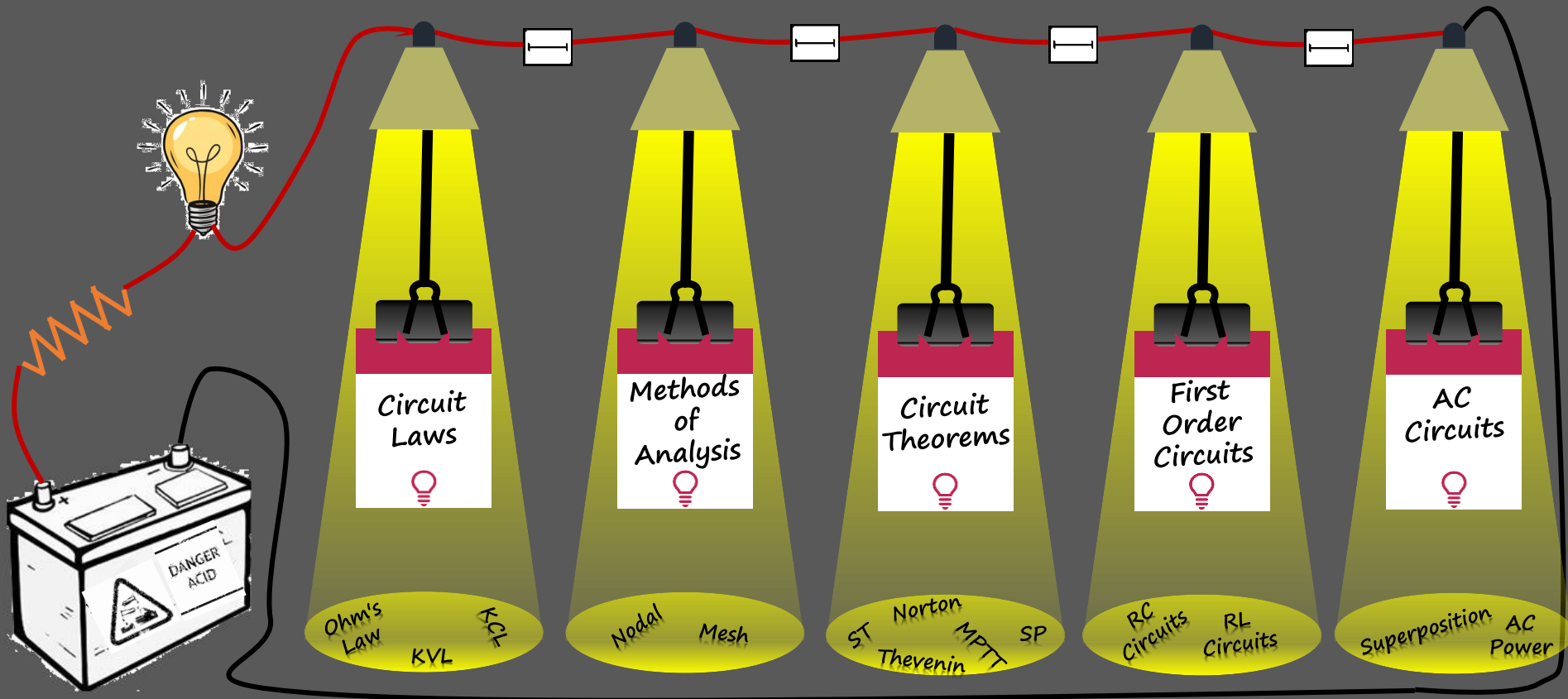


*PURBAYAN DAS, LECTURER  
Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)  
BRAC University*

# Course content

- Fundamental electrical concepts and measuring units of electrical charge, voltage, current, resistance, and power; Laws of electricity (Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's Current and Voltage law) and various methods of electrical circuit analysis (Nodal, Mesh); Introduction to basic electrical circuit elements; I-V characteristics; Circuit analysis in Direct current, First-order Transient and Alternating current mode, for various combinations of Resistive, Inductive and Capacitive networks; Phasor representation of sinusoidal quantities; Circuit theorems for linear circuits (Source Transformation, Superposition, Thevenin, Norton and Maximum Power Transfer); Open loop and closed loop configuration of Operational Amplifiers.
- This course includes compulsory 3-hour laboratory work.

# Course Outlines: broad themes



# Course Objectives

- Introduce students to ideal linear electrical circuit components such as dependent and independent voltage and current sources, resistors, capacitors and inductors and their characteristic equations.
- Illustrate the  $I - V$  characteristics of any two-terminal devices and infer circuit equivalence.
- Define physical quantities related to electricity such as voltage, current and power and introduce passive sign convention for computing these quantities.
- Explain fundamental laws like Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's voltage and current law, as well as important linear circuit theorems such as Thevenin's and Norton's theorem, maximum power transfer theorem, superposition principle, and source transformation.
- Familiarize students with several circuit-solving techniques aside from the circuit theorems, such as the voltage/current divider rule, series-parallel circuit equivalence, and nodal and mesh analysis, that take advantage of the fundamental laws and theorems of the linear circuit.
- Analyze first-order transient circuits with resistors, capacitors and inductors in the time domain.
- Introduce operational amplifiers and their use in mathematical computations.
- Introduce phasors and analyze alternating current (AC) circuits constructed from sinusoidal sources, resistors, capacitors and inductors in the phasor domain.

# Course Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to,

Sl.	CO Description	Weightage (%)
CO1	<b>Understand</b> and <b>Describe</b> the foundational concepts of electricity, including relevant physical quantities and the governing laws that dictate its behavior, such as Kirchhoff's current and voltage law, and Ohm's law, etc.	10
CO2	<b>Describe</b> linear circuit theorems, such as superposition principle, source transformation, Thevenin and Norton's theorem, maximum power transfer theorem, and demonstrate the ability to <b>Apply</b> them efficiently.	35
CO3	<b>Analyze</b> the behavior of analog electrical circuits constructed from networks of diverse linear elements by utilizing various tools, including nodal and mesh analysis, circuit equivalence, voltage and current divider rules, and phasors domain analysis.	35
CO4	<b>Demonstrate</b> competence in using laboratory equipment, such as oscilloscopes, function generators, and multimeters, to build, test, and verify analog circuits, and troubleshoot circuit problems.	12
CO5	Collaborate effectively in a group in the laboratory, and <b>Report</b> their findings and insights clearly and concisely, using technical language and documentation standards.	3
CO6	<b>Design, Construct</b> and <b>Execute</b> an electrical project that demonstrates the application of electrical and electronic devices and circuits to a real-world problem.	5

# Lesson plan

No	Topic	Lecture #
1	Illustrating the motivation behind taking this course. What are the real-life implications of this course materials?	Lecture 1
2	Discuss basic circuit parameters like voltage, current, energy and power definitions and units. Introducing passive sign convention, positive-negative voltage/current/power. Discuss different types of circuit elements (active, passive), different types of sources (DC/AC, voltage/current, dependent/independent). Introducing circuit symbols.	Lecture 2
3	Introducing basic electrical components: resistors, voltage Source, current Source. I-V characteristics of a circuit element. Basic laws of electrical circuits: Ohm's law. Using Ohm's law to find power. Discuss various circuit configurations: Series, Parallel, -Y etc. How to identify them and calculate equivalent resistance. Open and short circuit	Lecture 3
4	Defining Node/Supernode. Introducing Current Sign Convention. Basic laws of electrical circuits: Kirchhoff's current law. Statement and application of KCL. Current divider rule in parallel circuit. Illustrating convention doesn't change the KCL equation. Usefulness of supernode.	Lecture 4

5	Defining Mesh/Supermesh. Revisiting Passive Sign Convention. Basic laws of electrical circuits: Kirchhoff's voltage law. Statement and application of KVL. Voltage divider rule in series circuit. Illustrating the assumption of current direction doesn't change the KVL equation. Usefulness of supermesh.	Lecture 5
Quiz 1		
6	Open circuit, Short circuit I-V characteristics. Idea of circuit equivalence. Equivalence with inactive current/voltage sources. Series-parallel equivalent circuit for resistance/voltage source/current source. Ideal/ non-Ideal current/voltage source. Calculating equivalent resistance of series-parallel circuit. Basic circuit theorem: Source Transformation theorem. Failure of applying in Wheatstone bridge circuit.	Lecture 6
7	Explaining Nodal Analysis technique, using it to solve for current, voltage, power in a given circuit (multiple examples)	Lecture 7
8	Reintroducing dependent sources. Demonstrating Nodal Analysis with dependent sources. Problems with floating voltage sources, using Supernodes to solve such circuits.	Lecture 8
9	Explaining Mesh Analysis technique, using it to solve for current, voltage, power in a given circuit (multiple examples).	Lecture 9



# Lesson plan (contd ...2)

10	Demonstrating Mesh Analysis with dependent sources. Problems with common current sources, using Supermeshes to solve such circuits.	Lecture 10
Quiz 2		
Midterm		
11	Linear circuit elements. I-V characteristics of linear circuits. Circuit Theorems: Thevenin's theorem. Motivation behind Thevenin's theorem.	Lecture 11
12	Using Thevenin's theorem for solving circuits. Condition for maximum power transfer. Norton's theorem, relation between Thevenin's and Norton's theorem.	Lecture 12
13	Using test voltage/current sources while applying Thevenin's and Norton's theorem. Solving resistance matching problems for maximum power transferring.	Lecture 13
14	Reintroduction to circuit linearity, linearity of voltage, current in circuits, non-linearity of power. Circuit theorem: Superposition theorem. Using superposition theorem for solving DC circuits.	Lecture 14
15	Solving circuits using superposition theorem with dependent sources.	Lecture 15
Quiz 3		

16	Capacitors and Inductors, their component equations. SI unit for measuring capacitance and inductance. Transient circuits, visualizing and analyzing transient circuits.	Lecture 16
17	Response of transient circuit: first order (RC/RL) circuit, time constant. Analyzing and plotting first order transient circuit response.	Lecture 17
18	Complex number review. Alternating current, importance of AC circuit. Visualizing the dynamics of an AC circuit.	Lecture 18
19	Phasor diagram, introducing Impedance. Defining impedance for different elements Phasor analysis of an AC circuit.	Lecture 19
20	Voltage Division and Current Division rules. Solving AC circuits using Superposition Principle.	Lecture 20
Quiz 4		
Final Exam		

# Course materials

- Text and reference books

Sl.	Title	Author(s)	Publication Year	Edition	Publisher	ISBN
1	<a href="#">Fundamentals of Electric Circuits</a>	Charles K. Alexander, Matthew N. O. Sadiku	2019	6th	McGraw Hill Education	978-9353165505
2	<a href="#">Introductory Circuit Analysis</a>	Robert L. Boylestad	2013	12th	Pearson Education India	978-9332518612
3	<a href="#">Electric Circuits</a>	James W. Nilsson Susan A. Riedel	2010	9th	Pearson College Div	978-0136114994

- Other materials

- [Lecture Slides](#)
- [Practice Problems](#)
- [Video Lectures](#)
- [Suggested Problems](#)



# Mark distribution

Assessment	Criteria	Weightage (%)
Attendance		10
Assignment	2 to 4	5
Quiz	Best 3 out of 4	15
Midterm	Central Exam	25
Final	Central Exam	25
Lab	Hardware & Software Experiments	20
Total		100

Presence	Grade (/10)
80% or above	10
75% to below 80%	9
70% to below 75%	8
65% to below 70%	7
60% to below 65%	6
...	...
Below 50%	0

# Contact and Consultation



## BRAC University Consultation Hour Planner

Faculty:	Mr. Purbayan Das	Initial:	PDS
Programme:	CSE	Semester:	Summer 2023
Email:	purbayan.das@bracu.ac.bd	Room:	UB80708

	8:00 AM-9:20 AM	9:30 AM-10:50 AM	11:00 AM-12:20 PM	12:30 PM-1:50 PM	2:00 PM-3:20 PM	3:30 PM-4:50 PM	5:00 PM-6:20 PM	6:20 PM-7:00 PM
<b>Saturday</b>								
<b>Sunday</b>	CSE250-01 UB30301	Consultation	CSE250-11 (LAB) UB50201		CSE251-01 (LAB) UB41202			
<b>Monday</b>	CSE460-05 (LAB) UB41201			Consultation	CSE250-11 UB81401	CSE250-12 UB81401		
<b>Tuesday</b>	CSE250-01 UB30301		CSE250-09 (LAB) UB50201		Consultation			
<b>Wednesday</b>					CSE250-11 UB81401	CSE250-12 UB81401	Consultation	
<b>Thursday</b>								
<b>Friday</b>								

**\*\* Consultation is not makeup of any class. Course related specific concepts/theories/analytical problems/issues may be discussed.**

Thank you for your attention