Questions for practice on Excel

1. IF()

- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): If the sales amount is greater than 500, label the sale as "High". Otherwise, label it as "Low" in a new column.
- **Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data)**: If an employee's performance score is greater than or equal to 4, assign "Good" in a new column. Otherwise, assign "Needs Improvement".
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): If the sales price of an item is greater than 100, label it as "Expensive". Otherwise, label it as "Affordable".
- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): If a student's score is greater than or equal to 75, assign "Distinction". Otherwise, assign "Pass".

2. IFS()

- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): Use IFS() to assign letter grades based on the score: A for scores ≥ 85, B for scores ≥ 70, C for scores ≥ 50, and D for scores < 50.
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Use IFS() to classify stock levels: "Low" if stock level is below 10, "Moderate" if between 10 and 30, and "High" if above 30.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Use IFS() to classify sales performance: "Excellent" for sales amounts over 700, "Good" for sales between 400 and 700, "Moderate" for sales between 200 and 400, and "Poor" for sales less than 200.
- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Classify expenses: "High" for amounts over 900, "Medium" for amounts between 500 and 900, and "Low" for amounts less than 500.

3. SUM()

- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Calculate the total expenses for all months.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Find the total sales amount across all products.
- Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data): Calculate the total salary of all employees combined.
- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): Find the total score for all students in "Math".

4. SUMIF()

- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Find the total amount spent on "Rent".
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Calculate the total sales for the "Electronics" category.
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Calculate the total purchase price of items categorized as "Clothing".
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Find the total sales in the "West" region.

5. SUMIFS()

- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Find the total amount spent on "Rent" in months where the expense exceeded 1000.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Calculate the total sales amount for "Electronics" in the "North" region.
- **Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data)**: Calculate the total salary of employees in the "IT" department with a performance score above 4.0.

• Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Find the total sales price of items in the "Home" category with stock levels above 10

6. COUNT()

- Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data): Count how many employees are listed in the data.
- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): Count how many students are listed in the data.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Count how many sales transactions were recorded.
- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Count how many expenses were recorded for the "Groceries" category

7. COUNTIF()

- Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data): Count how many employees are from the "IT" department.
- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): Count how many students passed the exam.
- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): Count how many students scored above 70 in "Math".
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Count how many sales were made in the "Clothing" category.

8. COUNTIFS()

- **Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data)**: Count how many employees in the "HR" department have a salary greater than 50000.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Count how many sales transactions occurred in the "Electronics" category and "North" region.
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Count how many items in the "Electronics" category have stock levels greater than 10 and sales prices above 800.
- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Count how many months had "Rent" expenses over 1000

9. AVERAGE()

- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Calculate the average sales amount for all products.
- Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data): Find the average salary of all employees.
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Calculate the average purchase price of all items.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Find the average sales amount for all regions combined.

10. AVERAGEIF()

- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Find the average sales amount for the "Electronics" category.
- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Calculate the average amount spent on "Groceries".
- **Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data)**: Find the average salary of employees in the "HR" department.
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Calculate the average sales price of items in the "Furniture" category

11. AVERAGEIFS()

Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Find the average sales amount for "Electronics" in the "North" region.

- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Find the average sales price of items in the "Electronics" category with stock levels greater than 5.
- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Find the average amount spent on "Utilities" in months where the amount exceeded 200.
- Sales Data (Sheet: Sales Data): Calculate the average sales amount for the "Home" category in the "South" region.

12. AND()

- Employee Data (Sheet: Employee Data): Use AND() to check if employees have a salary greater than 50000 and a performance score greater than 3.5. Return "Yes" if both conditions are met, otherwise return "No".
- Student Grades (Sheet: Student Grades): Use AND() to check if a student has scored greater than 70 in both "Math" and "Science" (assume scores for both subjects are available). Return "Yes" if true, otherwise "No".
- Expense Tracker (Sheet: Expense Tracker): Use AND() to check if the expense category is "Groceries" and the amount is greater than 300. Return "True" if both conditions are met, otherwise "False".
- Inventory Management (Sheet: Inventory Management): Use AND() to check if the stock level of an item is greater than 20 and its sales price is above 50. Return "Yes" if both conditions are true, otherwise return "No".