



Installation and setup

ONTAP System Manager

NetApp

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Installation and setup

High level deployment workflow

You can use the following workflow to install and implement the SnapMirror Business Continuity solution.

Plan the deployment and prepare the environment.



Install the ONTAP Mediator on a Linux machine.



Confirm that the cluster is properly configured.



Map the LUNs to the application host.



Create a consistency group relationship.



Initialize and review the consistency group.

Installing the ONTAP Mediator

You must install the ONTAP Mediator, which includes accepting the licensing agreement, before you can configure and use the SnapMirror Business Continuity solution.

Before you begin

The following software is required:

- ONTAP Mediator 1.2 or later
- One of the following Linux distributions:
 - RHEL 7.6 or 7.7
 - CentOS 8.0 or 8.1

About this task

You should install the ONTAP Mediator at an external site that is physically separated from the two ONTAP clusters.

Steps

1. Sign into the Linux system that will host the ONTAP Mediator.
2. Download the mediator installation package from the ONTAP Mediator page.

[NetApp Downloads: ONTAP Mediator](#)

3. Install the ONTAP Mediator and respond to all prompts as required:

```
./ontap-mediator_1.2
```

4. Optionally replace the self-signed SSL and certificate authority (CA) with the third party validated SSL Certificate and CA. Copy the contents of the ca.crt file from the ONTAP Mediator directory:

```
/opt/netapp/lib/ontap_mediator/ontap_mediator/server_config
```

5. At the ONTAP CLI, install the certificate on both the local and peer cluster:

```
security certificate install -type server-ca -vserver cserverName
```

Confirm the ONTAP cluster configuration

You should make sure that your source and destination clusters are configured properly.

About this task

Proceed through each of the following steps. For each step, you should confirm that the specific

configuration has been performed. Use the link included after each step to get more information as needed.

Steps

1. Confirm that a cluster peering relationship exists between the clusters.

[Configure peer relationships](#)

2. Confirm that the Storage VMs are created on each cluster.

[Creating an SVM](#)

3. Confirm that a peer relationship exists between the Storage VMs on each cluster.

[Creating an SVM](#)

4. Confirm that the volumes exist for your LUNs.

[Creating and managing volumes](#)

5. Confirm that a SAN LIF is created on one node in each cluster.

[Considerations for LIFs in a cluster SAN environment](#)

[Creating a LIF](#)

6. Confirm that the necessary LUNs are created and mapped to igroup, which is used to map LUNs to the initiator on the application host.

[Create LUNs and map igroups](#)

7. Rescan the application host to discover any new LUNs.

Mapping LUNs to the application hosts

You must create an igroup so you can map LUNs to the initiator on the application host.

About this task

You should perform this configuration on both clusters until complete.

Steps

1. Create an igroup on each cluster:

```
lun igroup create -igroup name -protocol fcp|iscsi -ostype os -initiator initiator_name
```

Example

```
lun igroup create -igroup ig1 -protocol iscsi -ostype linux -initiator -initiator  
iqn.2001-04.com.example:abc123
```

2. Map LUNs to the igroup:

```
lun map -path path_name -igroup igroup_name
```

Example:

```
lun map -path /vol/src1/11 -group ig1
```

3. Verify the LUNs are mapped:

```
lun show
```

4. On the application host, discover the new LUNs.

Creating a consistency group relationship

You must create a Synchronous SnapMirror relationship containing a group of volumes.

Before you begin

The following prerequisites and restrictions apply:

- You must be a cluster or storage VM administrator
- You must have a SnapMirror Synchronous license
- The destination volumes must be type DP
- The primary and the secondary storage VM must be in a peered relationship
- All constituent volumes in a consistency group must be in a single Storage VM

About this task

You must create the consistency group relationship from the destination cluster. You can map up to 32 constituents using the `cg-item-mappings` parameter on the `snapmirror create` command.

Steps

1. Create a consistency group and constituent relationship:

```
destination::> snapmirror create -source-path vs1_src:/cg/cg_src -destination-path  
vs1_dst:/cg/cg_dst -cg-item-mappings vol_src1:@vol_dst1,vol_src2:@vol_dst2 -policy  
AutomatedFailover
```

Example

This example creates two consistency groups, srccg with constituent volumes vol1 and vol2, and dstcg with constituent volumes vol1_dr and vol2_dr.

```
snapmirror create -source-path vs1:/cg/srccg -destination-path vs1_dr:/cg/dstcg -type  
xdp -policy Sync -cg-item-mappings vol1:@vol1_dr,vol2:@vol2_dr
```

Initializing a consistency group

After creating a consistency group, you must initialize it.

Before you begin

You must be a cluster or storage VM administrator.

About this task

You initialize the consistency group from the destination cluster.

Steps

1. Sign in to the ONTAP CLI at the destination cluster and initialize the consistency group:

```
destination::>snapmirror initialize -destination-path vs1_dst:/cg/cg_dst
```


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