# Display cluster connections

ONTAP System Manager

NetApp December 14, 2020

This PDF was generated from https://docs.netapp.com/us-en/ontap/networking-app/display\_cluster\_connections.html on December 14, 2020. Always check docs.netapp.com for the latest.



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## Display cluster connections

You can display all the active connections in the cluster or a count of active connections on the node by client, logical interface, protocol, or service. You can also display all the listening connections in the cluster.

## Display active connections by client (cluster administrators only)

You can view the active connections by client to verify the node that a specific client is using and to view possible imbalances between client counts per node.

#### About this task

The count of active connections by client is useful in the following scenarios:

- Finding a busy or overloaded node.
- Determining why a particular client's access to a volume is slow.

You can view details about the node that the client is accessing and then compare it with the node on which the volume resides. If accessing the volume requires traversing the cluster network, clients might experience decreased performance because of the remote access to the volume on an oversubscribed remote node.

- Verifying that all nodes are being used equally for data access.
- Finding clients that have an unexpectedly high number of connections.
- Verifying whether certain clients have connections to a node.

## **Step**

Display a count of the active connections by client on a node by using the network connections active show-clients command.

Node	Vserver Name	Client IP Address	Count
node0	vs0	192.0.2.253	1
	vs0	192.0.2.252	2
	Cluster	192.10.2.124	5
node1	vs0	192.0.2.250	1
	vs0	192.0.2.252	3
	Cluster	192.10.2.123	4
node2	vs1	customer.example.com	1
	vs1	192.0.2.245	3
	Cluster	192.10.2.122	4
node3	vs1	customer.example.org	1
	vs1	customer.example.net	3
	Cluster	192.10.2.121	4

## Display active connections by protocol (cluster administrators only)

You can display a count of the active connections by protocol (TCP or UDP) on a node to compare the usage of protocols within the cluster.

## About this task

The count of active connections by protocol is useful in the following scenarios:

• Finding the UDP clients that are losing their connection.

If a node is near its connection limit, UDP clients are the first to be dropped.

• Verifying that no other protocols are being used.

## Step

Display a count of the active connections by protocol on a node by using the network connections active show-protocols command.

Node	Vserver Name	Protocol	Count
node0			
	vs0	UDP	19
	Cluster	TCP	11
node1			
	vs0	UDP	17
	Cluster	TCP	8
node2			
	vs1	UDP	14
	Cluster	TCP	10
node3			
	vs1	UDP	18
	Cluster	TCP	4

## Display active connections by service (cluster administrators only)

You can display a count of the active connections by service type (for example, by NFS, SMB, mount, and so on) for each node in a cluster. This is useful to compare the usage of services within the cluster, which helps to determine the primary workload of a node.

#### About this task

The count of active connections by service is useful in the following scenarios:

- Verifying that all nodes are being used for the appropriate services and that the load balancing for that service is working.
- Verifying that no other services are being used. Display a count of the active connections by service on a node by using the network connections active show-services command.

Node	Vserver Name	Service	Count
node0			
	vs0	mount	3
	vs0	nfs	14
	vs0	nlm_v4	4
	vs0	cifs_srv	3
	vs0	port_map	18
	vs0	rclopcp	27
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60
node1			
	vs0	cifs_srv	3
	vs0	rclopcp	16
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60
node2			
	vs1	rclopcp	13
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60
node3			
	vs1	cifs_srv	1
	vs1	rclopcp	17
	Cluster	ctlopcp	60

## Display active connections by LIF on a node and SVM

You can display a count of active connections for each LIF, by node and storage virtual machine (SVM), to view connection imbalances between LIFs within the cluster.

## About this task

The count of active connections by LIF is useful in the following scenarios:

- Finding an overloaded LIF by comparing the number of connections on each LIF.
- Verifying that DNS load balancing is working for all data LIFs.
- Comparing the number of connections to the various SVMs to find the SVMs that are used the most.

#### Step

Display a count of active connections for each LIF by SVM and node by using the network connections active show-lifs command.

Node	Vserver Name	Interface Name	Count
node0			
	vs0	datalif1	3
	Cluster	node0_clus_1	6
	Cluster	node0_clus_2	5
node1			
	vs0	datalif2	3
	Cluster	node1_clus_1	3
	Cluster	node1_clus_2	5
node2			
	vs1	datalif2	1
	Cluster	node2_clus_1	5
	Cluster	node2_clus_2	3
node3			
	vs1	datalif1	1
	Cluster	node3_clus_1	2
	Cluster	node3_clus_2	2

## Display active connections in a cluster

You can display information about the active connections in a cluster to view the LIF, port, remote host, service, storage virtual machines (SVMs), and protocol used by individual connections.

#### About this task

Viewing the active connections in a cluster is useful in the following scenarios:

- Verifying that individual clients are using the correct protocol and service on the correct node.
- If a client is having trouble accessing data using a certain combination of node, protocol, and service, you can use this command to find a similar client for configuration or packet trace comparison.

## **Step**

Display the active connections in a cluster by using the network connections active show command.

For more information about this command, see the man page.

The following command shows the active connections on the node node1:

```
network connections active show -node node1
Vserver Interface
                          Remote
        Name:Local Port
                          Host:Port
Name
                                             Protocol/Service
Node: node1
Cluster node1 clus 1:50297 192.0.2.253:7700
                                             TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster node1_clus_1:13387 192.0.2.253:7700
                                             TCP/ctlopcp
TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster node1_clus_1:42766 192.0.2.252:7700
                                             TCP/ctlopcp
Cluster node1_clus_1:36119 192.0.2.250:7700
                                             TCP/ctlopcp
vs1
        data1:111
                          host1.aa.com:10741
                                             UDP/port-map
                          host1.aa.com:10741
vs3
        data2:111
                                             UDP/port-map
        data1:111
                          host1.aa.com:12017
                                             UDP/port-map
vs1
vs3
        data2:111
                          host1.aa.com:12017
                                             UDP/port-map
```

The following command shows the active connections on SVM vs1:

```
network connections active show -vserver vs1

Vserver Interface Remote

Name Name:Local Port Host:Port Protocol/Service

-----

Node: node1

vs1 data1:111 host1.aa.com:10741 UDP/port-map

vs1 data1:111 host1.aa.com:12017 UDP/port-map
```

## Display listening connections in a cluster

You can display information about the listening connections in a cluster to view the LIFs and ports that are accepting connections for a given protocol and service.

#### About this task

Viewing the listening connections in a cluster is useful in the following scenarios:

- Verifying that the desired protocol or service is listening on a LIF if client connections to that LIF fail consistently.
- Verifying that a UDP/rclopcp listener is opened at each cluster LIF if remote data access to a volume on one node through a LIF on another node fails.
- Verifying that a UDP/rclopcp listener is opened at each cluster LIF if SnapMirror transfers between two nodes in the same cluster fail.
- Verifying that a TCP/ctlopcp listener is opened at each intercluster LIF if SnapMirror transfers between two nodes in different clusters fail.

**Step**Display the listening connections per node by using the network connections listening show command.

Vserver Name	Interface Name:Local Port	Protocol/Service	
Node: node0			
Cluster	node0_clus_1:7700	TCP/ctlopcp	
vs1	data1:4049	UDP/unknown	
vs1	data1:111	TCP/port-map	
vs1	data1:111	UDP/port-map	
vs1	data1:4046	TCP/sm	
vs1	data1:4046	UDP/sm	
vs1	data1:4045	TCP/nlm-v4	
vs1	data1:4045	UDP/nlm-v4	
vs1	data1:2049	TCP/nfs	
vs1	data1:2049	UDP/nfs	
vs1	data1:635	TCP/mount	
vs1	data1:635	UDP/mount	
Cluster	node0_clus_2:7700	TCP/ctlopcp	

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