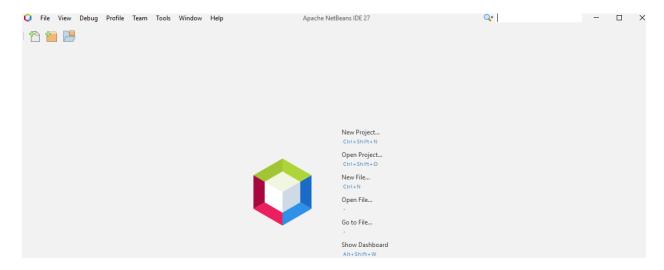
# COMSATS University Islamabad Abbottabad Campus Department of Computer Science

# Lab Task 01

Install Java JDK and NetBeans IDE on Your Laptop and create first project

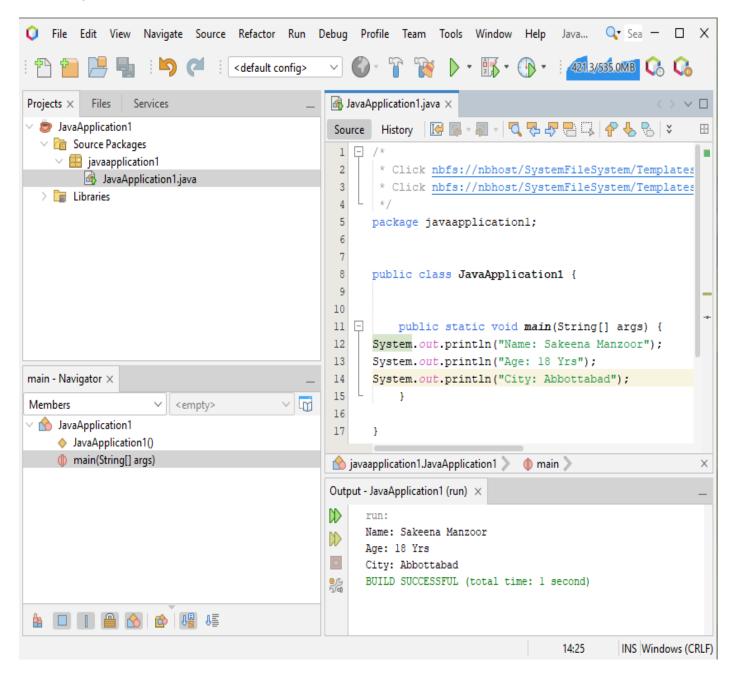
# **INSTALLED**



# Lab Task 02

**Java Basics Practice** 

1. **Print Your Details** Write a Java program to print your name, age, and city on the screen.



## 2. Simple Arithmetic Calculator

Write a program that takes two numbers as input from the user and displays their sum, difference, product, and quotient.

## SUM:

```
→ JavaApplication1.java ×

Source History | 🔀 📮 - 🔻 - 💆 - 💆 - 🗗 - 📮 - 🗗 - 📮 - 🖆 - 🖆 - 🚇 - 📲 📲
     package javaapplicationl;
 6 - import java.util.Scanner;
 8
     public class JavaApplication1 {
 9
10
11 📮
          public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
13
              System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
14
              int numl = scanner.nextInt();
16
17
              System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
18
              int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
19
20
              int sum = numl + num2;
22
              System.out.println("The sum of the two numbers is: " + sum);
23
24
              scanner.close();
25
26
27
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter the first number:
2
Enter the second number:
3
The sum of the two numbers is: 5
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 14 seconds)
```

#### **DIFFERENCE:**

```
History | 🔀 🖫 - 🗐 - | 🔼 🖓 - 🖓 - 🕞 | 😭 - 🕞 | 🖆 - 🚉 | 💿 - 🔲 | 🕌 🚉
Source
 1 - /*
       * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Licenses/license-default.txt
       * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Classes/Main.java to edit thi
 3
 4
 5
      package javaapplication1;
 6 - import java.util.Scanner;
 8
      public class JavaApplication1 {
 9
10
11 =
          public static void main(String[] args) {
       Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
13
14
              System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
15
              int numl = scanner.nextInt();
16
17
              System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
18
              int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
19
20
              int difference = numl - num2;
21
V
              System.out.println("The sum of the two numbers is: " + difference);
23
24
              scanner.close();
25
26
27
```

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter the first number:
2
Enter the second number:
3
The sum of the two numbers is: 6
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 minute 34 seconds)
```

## **PRODUCT**

```
    JavaApplication1.java 

    ✓ 

package javaapplication1;
 5
6 - import java.util.Scanner;
 7
 8
     public class JavaApplication1 {
 9
10
11 =
         public static void main(String[] args) {
9
      Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
13
14
             System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
15
             int numl = scanner.nextInt();
16
17
             System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
18
             int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
19
20
             int product = numl * num2;
21
P
            System.out.println("The sum of the two numbers is: " + product);
23
24
             scanner.close();
25
26
27
     }
28
```

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter the first number:
2
Enter the second number:
3
The sum of the two numbers is: 6
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 minute 34 seconds)
```

## **QOUTIENT:**

```
→ JavaApplication Ljava ×

       History | 🔀 📮 - 📮 - | 🔼 🖓 🐶 🖶 📮 | 🔗 😓 | 😫 💇 | 💿 🔲 | 🕌 📑
Source
 7
 8
      public class JavaApplication1 {
 9
10
          public static void main(String[] args) {
11 -
Q.
       Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
13
14
              System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
15
              int numl = scanner.nextInt();
16
              System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
17
18
              int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
19
20
              int qoutient = num1/ num2;
21
P
              System.out.println("The sum of the two numbers is: " + qoutient);
23
24
              scanner.close();
25
26
27
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter the first number:
4
Enter the second number:
2
The sum of the two numbers is: 2
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 8 seconds)
```

3. Even or Odd Number Write a program that asks the user to enter a number and prints whether it is even or odd.

#### **PROGRAM:**

```
Source History | 🕍 📭 * 🐺 * | 🔍 决 决 📇 🛶 | 🕆 🌭 🏗 | 🛂 🛂 | 🔘 🔲 | 🕌 🚆
     package javaapplication1;
5
6  import java.util.Scanner;
8
     public class JavaApplication1 {
9
10 -
          public static void main(String[] args) {
8
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
12
13
              // Prompt the user to enter a number
14
              System.out.print("Enter an integer: ");
15
16
              int number = scanner.nextInt();
17
              if (number % 2 == 0) {
18
                  System.out.println(number + " is an even number.");
19
              } else {
20
  21
                  System.out.println(number + " is an odd number.");
22
23
              scanner.close();
24
25
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter an integer: 4
4 is an even number.
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 10 seconds)
```

4. Temperature Converter Write a Java program to convert a temperature from Celsius to Fahrenheit. The formula is: Fahrenheit = (Celsius × 9/5) + 32.

#### **PROGRAM:**

```
■ JavaApplication i Java ×
       History | 🔀 📮 - 📮 - | 🔼 🖓 😓 🖫 | 😭 💇 | 🔵 🔲 | 💯 📑
       * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Classes/Main.java to edit this t
      package javaapplication1;
   import java.util.Scanner;
 8
     public class JavaApplication1 {
 9
10 =
          public static void main(String[] args) {
Q.
       Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
12
13
              System.out.print("Enter temperature in Celsius: ");
14
              double celsius = input.nextDouble();
15
16
17
              double fahrenheit = (celsius * 9 / 5) + 32;
18
              System.out.println("Temperature in Fahrenheit: " + fahrenheit + "°F");
19
20
21
              input.close();
22
23
24
```

#### **OUTPUT:**

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter temperature in Celsius: 33
Temperature in Fahrenheit: 91.4 F
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 5 seconds)
```

5. Find the Largest Number Write a program that asks the user to enter three numbers and prints the largest number among them.

```
△ JavaApplication 1. java ×

       History | 🔀 🖫 - 🖫 - | 🔼 🖓 😓 🖳 | 🚰 🔩 | 🕒 💆 🕌 | 🕌 🚉
       * Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Classes/Main.java to edit this temp
 5
     package javaapplication1;
 6 - import java.util.Scanner;
 8
      public class JavaApplication1 {
 9
10 =
         public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
 Q.
             System.out.print("Enter the first number: ");
12
13
             int numl = input.nextInt();
14
             System.out.print("Enter the second number: ");
15
             int num2 = input.nextInt();
16
             System.out.print("Enter the third number: ");
17
             int num3 = input.nextInt();
18
             int largest;
19
             if (numl >= num2 && numl >= num3) {
20
                 largest = numl;
              } else if (num2 >= num1 && num2 >= num3) {
21
   largest = num2;
22
   Ė
23
              } else {
24
                 largest = num3;
25
              System.out.println("The largest number is: " + largest);
26
27
              input.close();
28
29
30
```

```
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×

run:
Enter the first number: 1
Enter the second number: 2
Enter the third number: 3
The largest number is: 3
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 16 seconds)
```

6. Day of the Week Using Switch Write a program that asks the user to enter a number (1–7) and prints the corresponding day of the week using a switch statement.

```
→ JavaApplication1.java ×

Source History 🔀 📮 - 🔊 - 🔼 🖓 🖶 🖟 🖟 - 🔁 🔁 🕌 🚇 🕌 🔛
       Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
10
              System.out.print("Enter a number (1-7) to get the corresponding day of the week: ");
              int dayNumber = input.nextInt();
11
 Q.
              switch (dayNumber) {
13
                  case 1:
14
                      System.out.println("Sunday");
15
                      break;
16
                  case 2:
17
                      System.out.println("Monday");
18
                      break;
19
                  case 3:
20
                      System.out.println("Tuesday");
21
                      break:
22
23
                      System.out.println("Wednesday");
24
                      break:
25
                  case 5:
                      System.out.println("Thursday");
26
27
                      break:
28
                  case 6:
29
                      System.out.println("Friday");
30
31
32
                      System.out.println("Saturday");
33
                      break:
34
                  default:
35
                      System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter a number between 1 and 7.");
Output - JavaApplication1 (run) ×
\mathbb{R}
       Enter a number (1-7) to get the corresponding day of the week: 4
       BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 10 seconds)
```

Lab Task 03 – Java Basics Practice project Q1: Student Grade Calculator Topics Covered:

Output, Comments, Variables, Data Types, Operators, Type Casting, If-Else Statements **Instructions:** ☐ Ask the user to enter marks for Quiz (out of 15), Assignment (out of 10), Mid-Term (out of 25), and Final Exam (out of 50). Ask the user to enter marks for Quiz (out of 15), Assignment (out of 10), Mid-Term (out of 25), and Final Exam (out of 50) .□ Store these values in variables of appropriate data types. ☐ Calculate Total Marks and Average (use type casting to show decimal values). ☐ Display the Grade using if-else. ☐ Add comments to explain your code. **Grading Rules:**  $\square$  Average  $\ge 85 \rightarrow$  Grade A  $\square$  70 <= Average < 85  $\rightarrow$  Grade B  $\Box$  50 <= Average < 70  $\rightarrow$  Grade C  $\square$  Average  $< 50 \rightarrow$  Fail **Expected Output Example: Enter Quiz Marks: 12 Enter Assignment Marks: 9 Enter Mid-Term Marks: 20 Enter Final Marks: 40** Total Marks = 81 **Average = 81.0** Grade = B

```
public class JavaApplication2 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
          Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
           System.out.print("Enter Quiz Marks (out of 15): ");
          int quiz = input.nextInt();
          System.out.print("Enter Assignment Marks (out of 10): ");
           int assignment = input.nextInt();
          System.out.print("Enter Mid-Term Marks (out of 25): ");
           int midTerm = input.nextInt();
          System.out.print("Enter Final Exam Marks (out of 50): ");
          int finalExam = input.nextInt();
          int totalMarks = quiz + assignment + midTerm + finalExam;
double average = (double) totalMarks;
          System.out.println("Total Marks = " + totalMarks);
           System.out.println("Average = " + average);
          String grade;
          if (average >= 85) {
阜
               grade = "A";
           } else if (average >= 70) {
              grade = "B";
           } else if (average >= 50) {
              grade = "C";
           } else {
               grade = "Fail";
           System.out.println("Grade = " + grade);
```

```
Output - JavaApplication2 (run) ×

run:
Enter Quiz Marks (out of 15): 13
Enter Assignment Marks (out of 10): 9
Enter Mid-Term Marks (out of 25): 20
Enter Final Exam Marks (out of 50): 45
Total Marks = 87
Average = 87.0
Grade = A
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 4 minutes 6 seconds)
```

## **Q2: Pizza Billing System**

## **Topics Covered:**

Strings, If-Else, Switch, Math Operators, Booleans, Output and Comments

## Instructions:

| ☐ Ask the user for Pizza Size (small, medium, large).  |
|--|
| $\square$ Use a switch statement to assign base prices: Small = 100, Medium                    |
| 200, Large = $300$ .   |
| $\square$ Ask if the user wants pepperoni: Small $\rightarrow$ +30, Medium/Large $\rightarrow$ |
| +50.   |
| $\square$ Ask if the user wants extra cheese (+20).  |
| ☐ Display the final bill.  |
| Expected Output Example:   |

## Expected Output Example:

Enter pizza size (small/medium/large): small

Do you want pepperoni? (yes/no): yes

Do you want extra cheese? (yes/no): no

Your final bill is: 130 rupees

```
Source History | 🔀 📮 - 📮 - | 🔍 🔁 🗗 🔡 | 🚰 - 🔄 | 🚰 - 🔄 |
4
5
     package pizzabillingsystem;
6 import java.util.Scanner;
7
     public class PizzaBillingSystem {
8 -
         public static void main(String[] args) {
8
             Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
10
             System.out.print("Enter pizza size (small/medium/large): ");
11
             String size = input.nextLine().toLowerCase();
12
9
             int bill = 0;
9
              switch (size) {
                  case "small":
15
                     bill = 100;
16
17
                     break:
                  case "medium":
18
19
                     bill = 200;
20
                     break;
21
                  case "large":
22
                     bill = 300;
23
                     break:
24
                  default:
25
                     System.out.println("Invalid pizza size entered!");
26
                     input.close();
27
                     return;
28
29
              System.out.print("Do you want pepperoni? (yes/no): ");
30
              String pepperoni = input.nextLine().toLowerCase();
31
```

```
System.out.print("Do you want pepperoni? (yes/no): ");
String pepperoni = input.nextLine().toLowerCase();

if (pepperoni.equals("yes")) {
    if (size.equals("small")) {
        bill += 30;
    } else {
        bill += 50;
    }

System.out.print("Do you want extra cheese? (yes/no): ");
String cheese = input.nextLine().toLowerCase();

if (cheese.equals("yes")) {
    bill += 20;
}
System.out.println("Your final bill is: " + bill + " rupees");
input.close();
}
```

#### Output - PizzaBillingSystem (run) ×



run:



Enter pizza size (small/medium/large): large Do you want pepperoni? (yes/no): yes Do you want extra cheese? (yes/no): yes Your final bill is: 370 rupees BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 18 seconds)

