Stack and Queue implementation using linked lists:

Stack:

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
 * Stack_implementation_using_Linked_List
public class Stack_implementation_using_Linked_List {
    public static class Node {
        int data;
        Node next = null ;
        Node(int value){
            this.data = value;
        @Override
        public String toString() {
            return "" + this.data;
    public static class Stack{
        int lenght =0;
        Node top;
        @Override
    public String toString() {
        String temp = "";
        Node current = this.top;
        while (current != null) {
            temp = temp + current.data+ " -- ";
            current =current.next;
        return temp + "Stack End";
```

```
public void push(int i){
    Node temp = new Node(i);
    if (this.top==null) {
        this.top=temp;
        this.lenght++;
        return ;
    temp.next=this.top;
    top = temp;
    this.lenght++;
public int pop(){
    if(this.top == null){
        System.out.println("Stack Underflow");
        return -1;
    Node temp = this.top;
    top = top.next;
    this.lenght--;
    return temp.data;
public void peek(){
    System.out.println("top = "+this.top);
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Stack a = new Stack();
   Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
   boolean 1 = true;
   System.out.println("Empty stack initallized perform your operations :");
   while (1) {
        System.out.println();
       System.out.print("1) Push ");
       System.out.print("2) Pop ");
       System.out.print("3) Peek ");
       System.out.print("4) Is Stack empty ");
       System.out.print("5) Display ");
       System.out.print("6) Exit \n");
       System.out.print("Enter your choice : ");
    int ch = sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("OUTPUT:");
    switch (ch) {
```

```
case 1:
         System.out.print("Enter int to push: ");
         int i = sc.nextInt();
         a.push(i);
        break;
     case 2:
         int poped = a.pop();
         System.out.println(poped + " got removed");
     case 3:
         a.peek();
         break;
    case 4:
         if (a.lenght == 0) {
             System.out.println("Stack is empty");
         } else {
             System.out.println("Stack is not empty");
         break;
     case 6:
         System.out.println("Bye!");
         1=false;
         break;
     case 5:
         System.out.println(a);
        break;
    default:
         System.out.println("Invalid choice");
sc.close();
```

```
Empty stack initallized perform your operations :
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 4
OUTPUT:
Stack is empty
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 3
OUTPUT:
top = null
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 2
OUTPUT:
Stack Underflow
-1 got removed
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 1
OUTPUT:
Enter int to push: 10
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 3
OUTPUT:
top = 10
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 4
OUTPUT:
Stack is not empty
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 5
OUTPUT:
10 -- Stack End
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 1
OUTPUT:
Enter int to push: 190
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 5
OUTPUT:
190 -- 10 -- Stack End
1) Push 2) Pop 3) Peek 4) Is Stack empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 2
OUTPUT:
190 got removed
```

## Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Queue_implementation_using_Linked_List {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
         Queue a = new Queue();
       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
       boolean 1 = true;
       System.out.println("Empty Queue initailized perform your operations :");
       while (1) {
            System.out.println();
           System.out.print("1) Enqueue ");
           System.out.print("2) Dequeue ");
           System.out.print("3) Peek ");
           System.out.print("4) Is Queue empty ");
           System.out.print("5) Display ");
           System.out.print("6) Exit \n");
           System.out.print("Enter your choice : ");
        int ch = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("OUTPUT:");
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                System.out.print("Enter int to Enqueue: ");
                int i = sc.nextInt();
                a.Enqueue(i);
                break:
            case 2:
                int Dequeueed = a.Dequeue();
                System.out.println(Dequeueed + " got removed");
                break:
            case 3:
                a.peek();
                break;
            case 4:
            System.out.println(a.length != 0 ? "The Queue is Not Empty": "The Queue is
Empty");
                break;
            case 6:
                System.out.println("Bye!");
                l=false;
                break;
            case 5:
                System.out.println(a);
                break;
            default:
                System.out.println("Invalid choice");
```

```
sc.close();
public static class Queue {
   Node top = null;
   Node bottom = null;
    int length = 0;
    public static class Node {
        int data;
        Node next;
        Node(int a){
            this.data = a;
            this.next = null;
    public void Enqueue(int i ){
        Node a = new Node(i);
        if (this.top == null) {
            top = a;
            bottom = a;
            this.length++;
            return;
        this.bottom.next =a;
        this.bottom =a;
        this.length++;
    public int Dequeue(){
        if(top == null){
            System.out.println("INVALID INDEX QUEUE UNDERFLOW");
            return -1;
        else if (top == bottom) {
            Node temp = this.top;
            this.top = this.bottom = null;
            this.length--;
            return temp.data;
```

```
Node temp = this.top;
    this.top = this.top.next;
   this.length--;
   return temp.data;
public void peek(){
   if (this.top != null) {
        System.out.println(this.top.data);
    } else {
        System.out.println("Top doesn't exist. The Queue is empty.");
public String toString() {
   String temp = "Queue Start -- ";
   Node current = this.top;
   while (current != null) {
        temp = temp + current.data+ " -- ";
        current =current.next;
   return temp + "Queue End";
```

## Output:

```
Empty Queue initallized perform your operations :
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 5
OUTPUT:
Queue Start -- Queue End
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 4
OUTPUT:
The Queue is Empty
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 3
OUTPUT:
Top doesn't exist. The Queue is empty.
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 2
OUTPUT:
INVALID INDEX QUEUE UNDERFLOW
-1 got removed
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 1
OUTPUT:
Enter int to Enqueue: 100
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 1
OUTPUT:
Enter int to Enqueue: 1000
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 3
OUTPUT:
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice :
OUTPUT:
The Queue is Not Empty
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice : 5
OUTPUT:
Queue Start -- 100 -- 1000 -- Queue End
1) Enqueue 2) Dequeue 3) Peek 4) Is Queue empty 5) Display 6) Exit
Enter your choice: 2
OUTPUT:
```

100 got removed