Optimal Control Design of a Reparable Multistate system

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Abstract:

Keywords:

1. PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

Carefully provide a mathematical description of the problem discussed in this report.

2. METHODOLOGY

$$\frac{dp_0}{dt} = -\lambda_0 p_0(t) + \int_0^1 \mu_1(x) p_1(x,t) dx + \int_0^1 u^*(x,t) dx \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial p_1(x,t)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial p_1(x,t)}{\partial x} = -\mu_1(x)p_1(x,t) - u^*(x,t)$$
 (2)

Given Initial Conditions:

$$p_1(1,t) = 0 (3)$$

$$p_0(0) = 1 (4)$$

Given Boundary Conditions:

$$p_1(0,t) = \lambda_0 p_0(t) \tag{5}$$

$$u^*(x,t) = (0.3 + 0.1sin(x))b(t)$$
(6)

And,

$$b(t) + \int_0^1 \mu_1(x)f(x,t)dx - 0.3p_0^*(t) = c(t)$$
 (7)

$$f(x,t) = 0.1\cos(\pi t)\sin^2(1-x)$$
 (8)

$$p_0^*(t) = 0.85 + 0.05\cos(2\pi t) \tag{9}$$

We make couple of substitutions, following the notation that z_i^j refers to the value of z evaluated at time point i and at position j

So

$$p_0(t_j) = v_j$$

$$p_1(x_i, t_j) = w_j^i$$
(10)

$$\mu_1(x_i) = \mu^i \tag{11}$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_0$$

(12) Discretizing (2)

Using the new notations boundary conditions and initial values:

Initial conditions:

$$w_i^{20} = 0 (13)$$

$$v_0 = 1 \tag{14}$$

Boundary Conditions:

$$w_i^0 = \lambda v_i \tag{15}$$

Also condensing,

$$I_i^* = u^*(x_i, t_j) = g^i b_j$$
 (16)

$$\int_{0}^{1} u^{*}(x, t_{j}) dx = Gb_{j}$$
where $q^{i} = (0.3 + 0.1sin(x_{i}))$

And,

$$b(t) + \int_0^1 \mu_1(x)f(x,t)dx - 0.3p_0^*(t) = c(t)$$

$$b_i = c_i - F_i \qquad (18)$$

where
$$F_j = \int_0^1 \mu_1(x) f(x, t_j) dx - 0.3 p_0^*(t_j)$$
 (19)

(20)

Discretizing (1)

$$\frac{v_{j+1} - v_j}{\tau} = -\lambda v_j + I_j + I_j^* \tag{21}$$

$$I_{j} = h\left[\frac{\mu^{0}w_{j}^{0}}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{19} \mu^{k}w_{j}^{k} + \frac{\mu^{20}w_{j}^{20}}{2}\right]$$
 (22)

$$= h\left[\frac{\mu^0 w_j^0}{2} + \sum_{k=1}^{19} \mu^k w_j^k\right]$$

$$I_i^* = Gb_i \tag{23}$$

$$\frac{w_{j+1}^{i} - w_{j}^{i}}{\tau} + \frac{w_{j}^{i+1} - w_{j}^{i-1}}{2h} = -\mu^{i}w_{j}^{i} - g^{i}b_{j}$$

$$w_{j+1}^{i} = w_{j}^{i} - \frac{\tau}{2h}(w_{j}^{i+1} - w_{j}^{i-1}) - \tau\mu^{i}w_{j}^{i} - \tau g^{i}b_{j}$$
 (24)

Applying LAX scheme $w_j^i = \frac{w_j^{i-1} + w_j^{i+1}}{2}$ we get,

$$\begin{split} w^i_{j+1} = & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \mu^i \tau + \frac{\tau}{h} \right) w^{i-1}_j + \\ & \frac{1}{2} \left(1 - \mu^i \tau - \frac{\tau}{h} \right) w^{i+1}_j - \\ & \tau g^i b_j \end{split}$$

Under an appropriately defined matrix A, we can re-write the above equation to read

$$\mathbf{w}_{j+1} = A\mathbf{w}_{j} - b_{j}\tau\mathbf{g} + \mathbf{e}_{1}v_{j+1}$$

$$= (A)^{j}\mathbf{w}_{1} - \left[\sum_{k=1}^{j} b_{k}(A)^{j-k}\right]\mathbf{g}\tau$$

$$+ \left[\sum_{k=1}^{j} v_{k+1}(A)^{j-k}\right]\mathbf{e}_{1}$$
(25)

From (21):

$$v_{j+1} = (1 - \lambda \tau)v_j + \tau I_j + \tau I_j^*$$

$$= (1 - \lambda \tau + \frac{h\tau}{2})v_j + h\tau \boldsymbol{\mu}^T \boldsymbol{w}_j + \alpha b_j \tau$$
(28)

Substitute the expression for the time evolution for \boldsymbol{w} in the above to obtain,

$$v_{j+1} = (1 - \lambda \tau + \frac{h\tau}{2})v_j$$

$$+ h\tau \boldsymbol{\mu}^T (A)^{j-1} \boldsymbol{w}_1$$

$$- \boldsymbol{\mu}^T \left[\sum_{k=1}^{j-1} b_k (A)^{j-1-k} \right] \boldsymbol{g}\tau$$

$$+ \alpha b_j \tau$$

Let's define

$$\beta_k = \boldsymbol{\mu}^T (A)^{j-1-k} \boldsymbol{g} \tag{29}$$

Thus,

$$v_{j+1} = (1 - \lambda \tau + \frac{h\tau}{2})v_j$$
$$+ h\tau \boldsymbol{\mu}^T (A)^{j-1} \boldsymbol{w}_1$$
$$- \tau \sum_{k=1}^{j-1} \beta_k b_k$$
$$+ \alpha b_j \tau$$

For any v_{j+1} expansion the sum of subscripts of all possible terms should sum to j except the leading term which sums to j+1 (trivial).

Hence:

$$v_{j+1} = a^{n+1}v_0 + \tau I_j + a\tau I_{j-1} + a^2\tau I_{j-2} + \dots + \tau I_j^* + a\tau I_{j-1}^*$$
(30)

NOTE: I_j^* has b_j term hidden inside. But basically this can be written as a matrix form

$$\begin{pmatrix} a^{n}\tau \ a^{n-1}\tau \cdots \ a^{2}\tau \ a\tau \ \tau \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} I_{0}^{*} \\ I_{1}^{*} \\ \vdots \\ I_{j-2}^{*} \\ I_{j}^{*-1} \\ I_{j}^{*} \end{pmatrix}$$
(31)

3. RESULTS

Illustrate the results using the methodology proposed in Section. 2

4. OBSERVATION AND CONCLUSIONS

State your observation from the results and make conclusions.

REFERENCE

All materials (books, papers, and websites) mentioned in your reports.

APPENDIX

Attach the Matlab code here.