

---

# SIMPLE INTEREST

- KOUSTAV



[www.linkedin.com/in/KoustavNandi](https://www.linkedin.com/in/KoustavNandi)



[www.youtube.com/TheAptitudeGuy](https://www.youtube.com/TheAptitudeGuy)

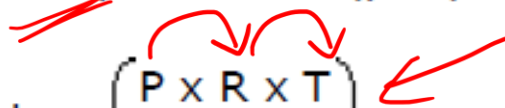
# CONCEPT

## Simple Interest (S.I.)

If the interest is calculated every year or every time period on the principal or the sum at the beginning of first year, then it is called **simple interest**.

Let Principal = P, Rate = R% per annum (p.a.) and Time = T years.

(i). Simple Interest =  $\left( \frac{P \times R \times T}{100} \right)$



(ii).  $P = \left( \frac{100 \times \text{S.I.}}{R \times T} \right)$  ;  $R = \left( \frac{100 \times \text{S.I.}}{P \times T} \right)$  and  $T = \left( \frac{100 \times \text{S.I.}}{P \times R} \right)$ .

$$A = P + I$$

**1. Joey took a loan from Chandler at the rate of 12% p.a. simple interest. After 3 years he had to pay Rs.5400 as interest for the period. What was the principal amount borrowed by Joey?**

A) 18000

✓ B) 15000

C) 12000

D) 16000

$$SI = \frac{PRT}{100}$$

$$P = \frac{SI \times 100}{R \times T} = \frac{5400 \times 100}{12 \times 3} = \underline{\underline{15000}}$$

**2. How much time will it take for an amount of Rs.450 to yield Rs.81 as interest at the rate of 4.5% p.a. simple interest?**

A) 5 years

B) 3 years

☒ C) 4 years

D) 6 years

$$T = \frac{SI \times 100}{P \times R}$$

$$= \frac{81 \times 100}{450 \times 4.5} = \underline{\underline{4}}$$

3. A sum of Rs.800 amounts to Rs.920 in 3 years at SI. If the interest rate is increased by 3% it would amount to how much?

☒ A) 992

B) 800

C) 900

D) 920

$$P = 800$$

$$A = 920$$

$$I = 120$$

$$R = \frac{120 \times 100}{800 \times 3} = 5\%$$

$$SI_2 = \frac{800 \times 8 \times 3}{100} = 192$$

$$A = \underline{\underline{992}}$$

$$\text{Inc per yr} = 3\% \text{ of } 800 = 24$$

$$\text{Tot} = 24 \times 3 = 72$$

$$A_2 = A + 72 \\ = \underline{\underline{920}} + 72 = \underline{\underline{992}}$$

4. A certain sum of money in simple interest amounts to Rs. 1008 in 2 years and to Rs. 1164 in  $3\frac{1}{2}$  years. Find the sum.

A) 208

B) 900

C) 804

✓ D) 800

$$A_2 = P + I_2 = 1008 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$A_{3.5} = P + I_{3.5} = 1164 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\text{(2)} - \text{(1)}$$

$$I_{3.5} - I_2 = 1164 - 1008$$

$$I_{1.5} = 156$$

$$I_2 = 104 \times 2 = 208$$

$$I_1 = \frac{156}{1.5} = 104$$

$$P = 1008 - 208 = \underline{\underline{800}}$$

5. In how many years will a sum double itself at 12.5% p.a. simple interest?

A) 4

✓ B) 8

C) 10

D) 16

$$P \rightarrow 2x$$

$$P \uparrow 1x \Rightarrow \uparrow 100\%$$

$$R = 12.5\%$$

$$T = \frac{100}{12.5} = \underline{\underline{8}}$$

$$P = 4.5x \quad R = 50\% \quad T = ?$$

$$P \uparrow 3.5x \Rightarrow 350\%$$

$$T = \frac{350}{50} = \underline{\underline{7}}$$

$$P = 3x \quad R = 25\% \quad T = ?$$

$$P \uparrow 2x \Rightarrow 200\%$$

$$T = \frac{200}{25} = \underline{\underline{8}}$$

**6. A sum becomes 5 times in 20 years at SI. Find rate.**

A) 10%

B) 25%

C) 40%

✓ D) 20%

$$P = 5x$$

$$P \uparrow 4x \Rightarrow 400\%$$

$$R = \frac{400}{20} = \underline{\underline{20}}$$

$$P = 5.5x \quad T = 10 \text{ yrs} \quad R =$$

$$\frac{450}{10} = 45\%$$

$$P = 10x \quad T = 10 \text{ yrs} \quad R = ?$$

$$P \uparrow 9x \Rightarrow 900\%$$

$$R = \frac{900}{10} = 90\%$$



7. Guddu Bhaiya invested  $\frac{1}{3}$  of his capital at 7%,  $\frac{1}{4}$  at 8% and the remainder at 10% SI respectively. If his annual income becomes 510, the capital is

✓ A. 6000

B. 5600

C. 5400

D. 6600

$$\text{Rem} = C - \frac{1}{3}C - \frac{1}{4}C = \frac{12C - 4C - 3C}{12} = \frac{5}{12}C$$

$$\frac{C}{3} \times \frac{7}{100} \times 1 + \frac{C}{4} \times \frac{8}{100} \times 1 + \frac{5C}{12} \times \frac{10}{100} \times 1 = 510$$

$$\frac{7C}{3} + 2C + \frac{25C}{6} = 510 \times 100$$

$$\frac{14C + 12C + 25C}{6} = 51000$$

$$51C = 51000 \times 6$$

$$C = \underline{\underline{6000}}$$

8. Find the amount on a sum of Rs.20000 after 3 years if the simple interest rate offered for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd year were 15%, 10% and 6% respectively.

A. 23818

B. 23000

✓ C. 26200

D. 26818

$$\text{Total } R = 15\% + 10\% + 6\% = 31\%$$

$$I = 31\% \times 20000 = 6200$$

$$A = 20000 + 6200$$

$$= \underline{\underline{26200}}$$

---

# COMPOUND INTEREST



# CONCEPT

## Compound Interest (C. I.)

In case of compound interest, principal keeps changing. The principal at a beginning of particular period is the sum of the principal at the beginning of the previous period and the interest accrued in that period.

Let Principal = P, Rate = R% per annum, Time = T years.

$$A = P \left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^T$$

$$CI = A - P$$

$$P = 100$$

$$R = 10\%$$

$$T = 3 \text{ yrs}$$

$$CI =$$

$$133.1 - 100 \\ = 33.1$$

$$100$$

$$\text{I} \downarrow + 10\% = 10$$

$$110$$

$$\text{II} \downarrow + 10\% = 11 = 10 + 1$$

$$121$$

$$\downarrow + 10\% = 12.1 = 10 + 1 + 1.1 = 10 + 1 + 1 + 0.1$$

$$133.1$$

$$\underline{\underline{33.1}}$$

9. Find the amount on a sum of 20000 after 3 years if the compound interest rate offered for the 1st, 2nd and 3rd year was 15%, 10% and 6% respectively.

~~A. 23818~~

~~B. 23000~~

~~C. 26200~~

✓ D. 26818

20000

↓ +15% = 3000

23000

↓ +10% = 2300

25300

↓ +6% = 1% × 6 = 253 × 6 = 1518

26818

10. The compound interest on Rs.30,000 at 7% p.a. is Rs.4347. The period (in years) is \_\_\_\_\_.

A) 3 years

B) 4 years

✓ C) 2 years

~~D) 1 year~~

$$\begin{aligned} &30000 \\ &I \downarrow + 7\% = \textcircled{2100} \\ &32100 \quad + \\ &II \downarrow + 7\% = \textcircled{2247} \\ &= 4347 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= 2100 \\ SI_2 &= 2 \times 2100 = 4200 \\ SI_3 &= 3 \times 2100 = 6300 \end{aligned}$$

11. What will Rs.2000 amount to in two years if it is invested in 20% p.a. compound interest, interest being compounded semiannually?

A) Rs.2880

B) Rs.3160

✓ C) Rs.2928.20

D) Rs.3148.40

Handwritten calculation showing the step-by-step growth of Rs.2000 over two years at 10% semi-annual interest (20% p.a.):

**Year 1:**

- Initial amount: 2000
- Interest:  $6M \downarrow + 10\% = 200$
- Amount after 6 months: 2200
- Interest:  $6M \downarrow + 10\% = 220$

**Year 2:**

- Amount after 12 months: 2420
- Interest:  $6M \downarrow + 10\% = 242$
- Amount after 18 months: 2662
- Interest:  $6M \downarrow + 10\% = 266.2$
- Final amount: 2928.2

12. Tyrion invests Rs.5000 for three years at a certain rate of interest, compounded annually. At the end of one year it amounts to Rs.5600. Calculate the amount due at end of the second year.

A) Rs.6200

✓ B) Rs.6272

C) Rs.6260

D) Rs.6320

$$R = \frac{SI \times 100}{P \times T} = \frac{600 \times 100}{5000 \times 1} = 12\%$$

5000

↓

5600

↓ +12% = 10% + 1% + 1%

6272 = 560 + 56 + 56



**13. The difference between the CI and SI on a certain sum at 10% per annum for 2 years is Rs.631. Find the sum.**

✓ A) Rs.63100

B) Rs.6310

C) Rs.63200

D) Rs.63000

$P = 100$

SI

$$\frac{100 \times 10 \times 2}{100}$$

= 20

CI

$$\begin{aligned} &100 \times 1.10 = 110 \\ &110 \times 1.10 = 121 \end{aligned}$$

CI = 21

<u>Diff</u>	<u>P</u>
1	100
631	<u><u>63100</u></u>

14. Find the compound interest (reckoned yearly) on Rs.2400 at 10% p.a. for 2 years 4 months.

A) Rs.3000.80

B) Rs.400.80

✓ C) Rs.600.80

D) Rs.700

2400

$$I \downarrow + 10\% = 240$$

2640

$$II \downarrow + 10\% = 264$$

2904

$$4M \downarrow + 10\% \times \frac{4}{12} = 290.4 \times \frac{1}{3}$$

600.8

**15. If the amount becomes  $6\frac{1}{4}$  times of the principal after 2 years of CI, the rate of interest p.a. is**

A) 115%

☒ B) 150%

C) 15%

D) 105%

$$A = P \left( 1 + \frac{R}{100} \right)^T$$

$$\frac{25}{4}P = P \left( 1 + \frac{R}{100} \right)^2 = \left( \frac{5}{2} \right)^2$$

$$1 + \frac{R}{100} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\frac{R}{100} = \frac{5}{2} - 1 = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$R = \frac{3}{2} \times 100 = \underline{\underline{150\%}}$$

$$6\frac{1}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$$

Use the formula  
only when RATE  
is NOT given

16. The compound interest on a certain sum for 2 years at 10% per annum is Rs.525. The simple interest on the same sum for double the time at half the rate percent per annum is

A) ~~2500~~

☒ B) 500

C) ~~1000~~

D) ~~400~~

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= 100 \\
 &\downarrow +10\% \\
 &110 \\
 &\downarrow +10\% \\
 &121 \\
 CI &= 21
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{CI}{21} \\
 \frac{P}{525}
 \end{array}
 \times
 \begin{array}{c}
 \frac{P}{100} \\
 \frac{P}{P}
 \end{array}$$

$$SI = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$$

$$21P = 100 \times 525$$

$$P = \frac{100 \times 525}{21} = 2500$$

$$SI = \frac{2500 \times 4 \times 5}{100} = 500$$

17. A sum of money at compound interest doubled at a certain rate in 4 years. In how many years will it become 8 times at the same rate?

A) 24

✓ ~~B) 12~~

~~C) 16~~

D) 18

$$P \xrightarrow{4y} 2P \xrightarrow{4y} 4P \xrightarrow{4y} 8P$$

$$4 + 4 + 4 = \underline{\underline{12y}}$$

18. A sum of money was put at SI at a certain rate for 2 years. Had it been at 1% higher rate, it would have fetched Rs.24 more. Find the sum.

A) Rs.2400

✓ B) Rs.1200

C) Rs.4800

D) Rs.600

$$2 \times 1\% = 2\% = 24$$

$$1\% = 12$$

$$P = 100\% = \underline{\underline{1200}}$$

**19. There is 60% increase in an amount in 6 years at simple interest. What will be the compound interest on Rs.12,000 after 3 years at the same rate?**

A) Rs.2160

B) Rs.3120

☒ C) Rs.3972

D) Rs.6240

$$R = \frac{60\%}{6} = 10\%$$

12000

↓ +10% = 1200

13200

↓ +10% = 1320

14520

↓ +10% = 1452

3972

**20. Find the compound interest on 5000 @ 10% for a period of a year compounded half yearly?**

A. 500

✓ B. 512.5

C. 450

D. 665

5000

↓ 5%

↓ 5%



## EXTRA QUESTIONS:

**21. Find the amount due on Rs8000 in 2 years if the rate of compound interest is 10% for the first year and 12% for the second year.**

- A. Rs.9716                      B. Rs.9856                      C. Rs.10156                      D. Rs.9756

**22. The difference between simple and compound interests compounded annually on a certain sum of money for 2 years at 4% per annum is Re. 1. The sum (in Rs.) is:**

- A. 625                      B. 630                      C. 640                      D. 650

**23. What will be the compound interest on a sum of Rs. 25,000 after 3 years at the rate of 12 p.c.p.a.?**

- A. Rs. 9000.30                      B. Rs. 9720                      C. Rs. 10123.20                      D. Rs. 10483.20

**24. A sum of money at simple interest amounts to Rs. 815 in 3 years and to Rs. 854 in 4 years. The sum is:**

- A. Rs. 650                      B. Rs. 690                      C. Rs. 698                      D. Rs. 700

**25. Mr. Thomas invested an amount of Rs. 13,900 divided in two different schemes A and B at the simple interest rate of 14% p.a. and 11% p.a. respectively. If the total amount of simple interest earned in 2 years be Rs. 3508, what was the amount invested in Scheme B?**

- A. Rs. 6400                      B. Rs. 6500                      C. Rs. 7200                      D. Rs. 7500

## ANSWER KEY – SIMPLE INTEREST & COMPOUND INTEREST

QUESTION	ANSWER	QUESTION	ANSWER	QUESTION	ANSWER
1	B	11	C	21	B
2	C	12	B	22	A
3	A	13	A	23	C
4	D	14	C	24	C
5	B	15	B	25	A
6	D	16	B		
7	A	17	B		
8	C	18	B		
9	D	19	C		
10	C	20	B		