

Assignment -7

Summarizing Data with Aggregate Functions.

1) Write a query that counts all orders for October 3.

ANS:-

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_orders
      -> FROM Orders
      -> WHERE Odate = '2024-10-03';
```

```
+-----+
| total_orders |
+-----+
|           0 |
+-----+
```

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

2) Write a query that counts the number of different non-NULL city values in the Customers table.

ANS:-

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT City) AS distinct_cities
      -> FROM Customers
      -> WHERE City IS NOT NULL;
```

```
+-----+
| distinct_cities |
+-----+
|           6 |
+-----+
```

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

3) Write a query that selects each customer's smallest order.

ANS:-

```
mysql> SELECT Cnum, MIN(Amt) AS smallest_order
      -> FROM Orders
      -> GROUP BY Cnum;
```

```
+-----+-----+
| Cnum | smallest_order |
+-----+-----+
| 2001 |          767.19 |
| 2002 |         1713.23 |
| 2003 |         5160.45 |
| 2004 |          75.75 |
| 2006 |         4723.00 |
| 2007 |         1900.10 |
| 2008 |          18.69 |
+-----+-----+
```

7 rows in set (0.01 sec)

4) Write a query that selects the first customer, in alphabetical order, whose name begins with G.

ANS:-

```
mysql> SELECT *
      -> FROM Customers
      -> WHERE Cname LIKE 'G%'
      -> ORDER BY Cname
      -> LIMIT 1;
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Cnum | Cname      | City | Rating | Snum |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
| 2002 | Giovanni | Rome | 200 | 1003 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

5) Write a query that selects the highest rating in each city.
ANS:-

```
mysql> SELECT City, MAX(Rating) AS highest_rating
-> FROM Customers
-> GROUP BY City;

+-----+-----+
| City      | highest_rating |
+-----+-----+
| London    | 200            |
| Rome      | 200            |
| San Jose  | 300            |
| Berlin    | 300            |
| New York  | 100            |
| Paris     | 300            |
+-----+-----+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6) Write a query that counts the number of salespeople registering orders for each day. (If a salesperson has more than one order on a given day, he or she should be counted only once.).
ANS:-

```
mysql> SELECT Odate, COUNT(DISTINCT Snum) AS salespeople_count
-> FROM Orders
-> GROUP BY Odate;
```

```
+-----+-----+
| Odate      | salespeople_count |
+-----+-----+
| 1990-10-03 |          4        |
| 1990-10-04 |          2        |
| 1990-10-05 |          1        |
| 1990-10-06 |          2        |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```