30 Days SQL Micro Course Assignment Answers:

- 1. Total Number of Patients
- Write an SQL query to find the total number of patients across all hospitals.

#Sol.

SELECT SUM(patients\_count) AS total\_patients\_across\_hospitals FROM hospital\_data;

- 2. Average Number of Doctors per Hospital
- Retrieve the average count of doctors available in each hospital.

#Sol.

SELECT SUM(doctors\_count)/COUNT(DISTINCT(hospital\_name)) AS average doctors per hospital FROM hospital data;

- 3. Top 3 Departments with the Highest Number of Patients
- Find the top 3 hospital departments that have the highest number of patients.

#Sol.

SELECT department, SUM(patients\_count) AS total\_patients\_in\_department FROM hospital\_data GROUP BY department ORDER BY total\_patients\_in\_department DESC LIMIT 3;

- 4. Hospital with the Maximum Medical Expenses
- Identify the hospital that recorded the highest medical expenses.

#Sol.

SELECT \* FROM hospital\_data ORDER BY medical\_expenses DESC LIMIT 1;

- 5. Daily Average Medical Expenses
- Calculate the average medical expenses per day for each hospital.

#Sol.

SELECT hospital\_name, AVG(medical\_expenses/(discharge\_date-admission\_date)) FROM hospital\_data GROUP BY hospital\_name;

6. Longest Hospital Stay

• Find the patient with the longest stay by calculating the difference between Discharge Date and Admission Date

#Sol.

SELECT hospital\_name, location, department, discharge\_date-admission\_date AS stay\_period FROM hospital\_data ORDER BY stay\_period DESC LIMIT 1;

- 7. Total Patients Treated Per City
- Count the total number of patients treated in each city.

#Sol.

SELECT location, SUM(patients\_count) AS city\_wise\_patients\_treated FROM hospital\_data GROUP BY location;

- 8. Average Length of Stay Per Department
- Calculate the average number of days patients spend in each department.

#Sol.

SELECT department, AVG(discharge\_date-admission\_date) AS average\_stay\_length FROM hospital data GROUP BY department;

- 9. Identify the Department with the Lowest Number of Patients
- Find the department with the least number of patients.

#Sol.

SELECT department, SUM(patients\_count) AS department\_wise\_patients FROM hospital\_data GROUP BY department ORDER BY department\_wise\_patients LIMIT 1;

- 10. Monthly Medical Expenses Report
- Group the data by month and calculate the total medical expenses for each month.

#Sol.

SELECT EXTRACT(MONTH FROM discharge\_date) AS months, SUM(medical\_expenses) FROM hospital\_data GROUP BY months ORDER BY months;