## II SEM. M.C.A IN-SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS June 2021

SUBJECT: DATA ANALYTICS [MCA 4251]

Date of Exam: 07/06/2021 Time of Exam: 10:30 am- 12:30 noon Max. Marks: 30

## **Instructions to Candidates:**

- ❖ Answer ALL the questions & missing data may be suitable assumed
- Use of calculators is permitted

1	Distinguish between dichotomous and nominal data variables using appropriate examples.							
2	What is the role and responsibilities of a subject matter expert in data analysis projects?							
3	How is a Contingency table different from a Summary table? Give examples.							
4	Explain any two strategies to separate test data set from training data set for the purpose of calculating accuracy of classification or prediction.							
5	What are outliers? Mention any two strategies to deal with outliers in datasets.							
6	A binary classifier predicts 1 (positive case) and 0 (negative case). A separate test set of 20 examples is used to test the model and the results are available in the table below. Calculate the model's accuracy measures:  Concordance Sensitivity Specificity							
	Observation         1         2         3         4         5         6         7         8         9         10         11         12         13         14         15         16         17         18         19         20							
	Actual         0         1         1         0         0         1         0         0         1         1         0         0         1         0         0         1         0         0         0           Predicted         0         1         1         0         0         0         0         1         1         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         1         1         0         0         0         1         1         0							
7	Compare and Contrast Descriptive and Predictive Analytics with an example for each.							
8	The following table shows the relationship between the amount of fertilizer used and the height of a plant.  i. Calculate a simple linear regression equation using Fertilizer as the descriptor and Height as the response.  ii. Predict the height when fertilizer is 8.5.  iii. Visualize using a scatter plot.							
	Fertilizer 10 5 11 18 14 7 14 13 7 8 10 11 16 20 17							
	Height         0.8         0.4         0.8         1.4         1.1         0.6         1.3         1.1         0.6         0.7         0.7         0.9         1.3         1.7         1.3							
9	A leading fashion store chooses to predict the willingness of a customer to buy a shirt of a particular price category based on the customers' data. The company strongly believes that the willingness of a customer to buy depends on 3 factors – gender, the type of car used by the customer and the shirt price category. Use the Naïve Bayesian classifier method to determine if a customer would buy a shirt if gender="Male", car type="sports", shirt price category = "expensive".							
	Customer ID Gender Car Type Shirt price Will Buy? category							
	1 Male Sports Cheap No							
	2 Male Sports Expensive Yes							

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3	Male	Family	Cheap	Yes	
4	Male	Family	Expensive	No	
5	Male	Sports	Cheap	Yes	
6	Male	Sports	Expensive	Yes	
7	Male	Family	Cheap	Yes	
8	Male	Family	Expensive	No	
9	Female	Sports	Cheap	No	
10	Female	Family	Cheap	No	
11	Female	Sports	Expensive	No	
12	Female	Family	Expensive	No	

- (a) Perform Agglomeration using single link and Euclidean distance Measure on the following data set.
  - (b) Draw the dendrograms for the Agglomerative clustering.
  - (c) Draw the step-wise scatter plots to visualize the clustering.

х	Y
10	15
12	18
15	22
19	27
24	33
30	40
	10 12 15 19 24