

## What K8s doesn't do?

Kubernetes is a container orchestration engine for managing massively scalable applications and workloads.

K8s is not for/doesn't do the following:

**Application Agnostic:** It can run any app given it is containerized, if an app can run in a container, it can run inside K8s. It does not impose restrictions as to what apps can run inside of K8s.

**No Code Deployment or Build:** Kubernetes does not handle the deployment of source code or building applications. CI/CD workflows are determined by organisation preferences and technical requirements.

**No Application-level Services:** Kubernetes doesn't provide application-level services like middleware, data-processing frameworks, databases, caches, or cluster storage systems as built-in services. These components can run on Kubernetes or be accessed through mechanisms like the Open Service Broker.

**No Prescribed Logging or Monitoring:** Kubernetes doesn't dictate logging, monitoring, or alerting solutions. It offers integrations as proof of concept and mechanisms to collect and export metrics.

**No Mandated Configuration Language/System:** Kubernetes doesn't enforce a specific configuration language or system. It provides a declarative API that can be targeted by various forms of declarative specifications.

**No Built-in Machine Configuration or Maintenance Systems:** Kubernetes doesn't provide comprehensive machine configuration, maintenance, management, or self-healing systems.

**Not Just an Orchestration System:** Kubernetes goes beyond traditional orchestration systems. It eliminates the need for explicit orchestration by providing a set of independent, composable control

processes. Instead of a defined workflow (do A, then B, then C), it continuously drives the current state toward the desired state. Centralised control is not required, making it more user-friendly, powerful, robust, resilient, and extensible.

## **What other Orchestration tools are available other than Kubernetes?**

Some other orchestration tools and their benefits are mentioned:

### **Docker Swarm:**

Simple orchestration tool that comes bundled with Docker.  
Good for smaller-scale deployments and projects.

### **Apache Mesos:**

Efficient orchestration platform for managing distributed systems.  
Scales well for large, complex applications.

### **Nomad (HashiCorp):**

Lightweight and easy-to-use orchestrator.  
Suitable for simpler deployment scenarios.

### **Amazon ECS(proprietary):**

Amazon's container orchestration service.  
Well-integrated with the AWS ecosystem.

### **OpenShift (Red Hat):**

Kubernetes-based platform with additional features.  
Streamlined for enterprise applications.

**Docker Compose:**

Simplifies the orchestration of multi-container Docker applications.  
Great for local development and testing.

**Rancher:**

Provides a user-friendly interface for orchestrating containers.  
Works well with various orchestration engines.

**SwarmKit:**

Native orchestration tool for Docker Swarm.  
Part of the Docker toolkit.

**Portainer:**

Lightweight container management GUI.  
Supports various orchestrators, including Docker Swarm.

**Mesosphere DC/OS(proprietary):**

Datacenter Operating System for managing containerized applications.  
Offers simplified deployment and scaling.