

# Coding Conventions and Guidelines (Airbnb Style Guide)

---

## Naming Convention

### 1. General:

---

- Avoid using names that are too general or too wordy. For example:
  - ✗ **Bad Practice:** `data_structure`, `my_list`, `info_map`, `dictionary_for_the_purpose_of_storing_data_representing_word_definitions`.
  - ✓ **Good Practice:** `user_profile`, `menu_options`, `word_definitions`
- When using **CamelCase** names, capitalize all letters of an abbreviation (e.g. `HTTPServer`).

### 2. Files & Folders:

---

- Use **kebab-case** for files and folders.
- **Example:** `user-profile.js`, `auth-service.js`
- Next.js pages must follow its routing conventions (file name = route).

### 3. Variables:

---

- Always use **const** for values that don't change, **let** if reassigned.
- **Example:** `const count = 5;`  
`let name = 'Sakib';`
- Never use **var**.

#### 4. Functions:

---

- Function names should be *camelCase*.
- Examples: *addData()*, *fetchData()*

#### 5. Constants:

---

- Use UPPER\_SNAKE\_CASE for constants.
- Example: *API\_BASE\_URL*, *MAX\_COUNT*

#### 6. Boolean Names:

---

- Prefix with is, has, can or should.
- Example: *isLoggedIn*, *hasAccess*.

#### 7. React Components & Classes:

---

- Use *PascalCase* for React components & classes.
- Example: *UserProfile*, *AuthContext*

## Code Layout

### 1. Indentation:

- Indentation means the number of spaces (or tabs) you put at the start of the line.
- Use 2 spaces per indentation level
- Spaces are preferred over tabs.
- **Example:**

 Bad	 Good
<pre>function greet(name){   if(name){     console.log("Hello " + name);   }else{     console.log("Hello Guest");   } }</pre>	<pre>function greet(name) {   if (name) {     console.log("Hello " + name);   } else {     console.log("Hello Guest");   } }</pre>

### 2. Maximum Line Length and Line break:

- Limit all lines to a maximum of 100 characters.
- Make sure to indent the continued line appropriately.

### 3. Semicolons:

- Always end statements with semicolons.
- **Example:**

 Bad	 Good
<pre>const name = 'Alice' console.log(name)</pre>	<pre>const name = 'Alice'; console.log(name);</pre>

## 4. Quotes

- Use single quotes '' in JavaScript.
- Use double quotes " " in JSX.
- **Example:**

 Bad	 Good
<pre>const title = "Hello World"; &lt;div className='container'&gt;&lt;/div&gt;;</pre>	<pre>const title = 'Hello World'; &lt;div className="container"&gt;&lt;/div&gt;;</pre>

## 5. Trailing Commas:

- Always include *trailing commas* in objects and arrays to make diffs cleaner.
- **Example:**

 Bad	 Good
<pre>const user = {   name: 'Alice',   age: 25 }</pre>	<pre>const user = {   name: 'Alice',   age: 25, };</pre>

## Others for MERN+Next.js

### 1. Functions:

- Always use *arrow functions* for consistency.
- Example:

✖ Bad	✓ Good
<pre>function add(a, b) {   return a + b; }</pre>	<pre>const add = (a, b) =&gt; a + b;</pre>

### 2. Props:

- Always *destructure* props for cleaner, more readable, and maintainable components.
- Example:

✖ Bad	✓ Good
<pre>function User(props) {   return &lt;p&gt;{props.name}&lt;/p&gt;; }</pre>	<pre>function User({ name }) {   return &lt;p&gt;{name}&lt;/p&gt;; }</pre>

### 3. Async/Await + try/catch:

- Always use *async/await* for asynchronous code and wrap it in *try/catch* to handle errors.
- Example:

✖ Bad	✓ Good
<pre>app.get('/user', (req, res) =&gt; {   User.findById(req.params.id).then(user =&gt; {     res.send(user);   }); });</pre>	<pre>app.get('/user', async (req, res) =&gt; {   try {     const user = await User.findById(req.params.id);     res.send(user);   } catch (err) {     res.status(500).send({ error: err.message });   } });</pre>

## 4. Mongoose

- Model names should be *PascalCase*.
- Collection names should be lowercase plural.
- **Example:**

✗ Bad	✓ Good
<code>mongoose.model('User', userSchema, 'UserCollection');</code>	<code>mongoose.model('User', userSchema, 'users');</code>

## 5. Documentation and Comments:

- Use *JSDoc* for functions.

```

    /**
     * Fetch user by ID
     * @param {string} id
     * @returns {Promise<User>}
     */
    const getUser = async (id) => {
      return User.findById(id);
    };
  
```

- In comments explain **WHY** not **WHAT**.
- **Example:**

✗ Bad	✓ Good
<code>// increment i i++;</code>	<code>// retrying request after failure i++;</code>

## 6. Imports & Exports:

- Use ES6 imports, not *require*.
- **Example:**

 Bad	 Good
<pre>const express = require('express'); module.exports = app;</pre>	<pre>import express from 'express'; export default app;</pre>

## Important Tool:

**Airbnb Style Guide** is a set of rules built on **ESLint**. **ESLint** checks your code for errors, bad practices, and style violations. It's rule-based, not just formatting. It's like a grammar checker for code.

When you **install ESLint + Airbnb config**, it means ESLint will enforce the **Airbnb JavaScript Style Guide** in your project.

### Steps to Set Up ESLint with Airbnb Style Guide

- Install VS Code.
- Install the ESLint Extension in the VS Code.
- Then Install the Airbnb config:  

```
npm install --save-dev eslint
            eslint-config-airbnb
            eslint-plugin-import
            eslint-plugin-jsx-a11y
            eslint-plugin-react
            eslint-plugin-react-hooks
```
- Extend Airbnb in *.eslintrc.json*:

```
{
  "extends": ["airbnb", "airbnb/hooks"]
}
```

- Now ESLint checks your code against Airbnb rules.

**References:**

1. <https://github.com/airbnb/javascript>
2. <https://nextjs.org/docs>
3. <https://react.dev/learn>
4. <https://typescript-eslint.io/>