Concordia University CS & SE Dept.

Requirements evaluation and risk analysis

SOEN 6481 Summer 2020 1/18

SmartHome+: A Smart Home Platform

1. INSPECTION SUMMARY REPORT

*Note: Each team member's individual Defect and inconsistency lists are all appended as an Appendix to this document.

Project: Smart Home+

General:

Total Number of open defects____5___
Total Number of open conflicts___0__
Total Number of close defects___21___
Total Number of close conflicts___10___

Summarize number of defects by defect type and conflict type

Defect type	Number of open defects	Number of close defects
Forward Reference	0	3
Unintelligibility	0	4
Omission	0	4
Poor Structuring	0	4
Ambiguity	0	1
Incomplete	1	0
Unfeasibility	2	1
Opacity	2	0
Over-specification	0	1
Inadequacy	0	2
Noise	0	1

Conflict type	Number of open conflicts	Number of close conflicts
Strong Conflict	0	5
Weak Conflict	0	1
Designation clash	0	1
Terminology clash	0	2
Overlapping	0	1

Total Person-Hours expended in inspection ~ 7 hours

2. DOCUMENTING CONFLICTS USING INTERACTION MATRIX

An Interaction matrix (Kotonya & Sommerville, 1997) has been linked here which was prepared based on the information generated in task 1 (using features set listed within the vision document)

**Note: Sign-in to git and click on the direct link to view the entire spread sheet.

Direct link: https://github.com/sakibshuvo/SOEN-6481-SRS/blob/master/Deliverable-2/InteractionMatrix/Interaction%20Matrix.xlsx?raw=true

Features	S No	1	2		3 4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21 2	2 23	3 24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38 :	39 4	10 4	41 4	42 Tot	tal
Local access to the	0110		_	Ì	Ħ		-				10			10	Ť	-10	10		10			-1-					Ĺ			- 50											1	1	-
controller using Touch																																											
panel / Keypad or	1	0	1000	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	000
Voice based assistants.																																											
Remote Internet based					Ħ	_									\top	7						H									+	+	+			\dashv	-	+	+	T	+	+	-
Access.	2	1000	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	000
Surveillance Cameras	3	0	0		0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0.1	000	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 20	000
in the home.		Ů	,	L.	1	Ů	- 0	·	Ů		Ů	- 0	Ů	0	_	Ů	Ů	0	0	0	۰	ш				Ľ			Ů	Ů	_	Ľ	۷,	000	1000	Ů	Ů	1	<u> </u>	,	1	0 20	_
Main gate access	4	0	0	_	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
Door Access Control Home Alarms	5 6		0		00	0	1000	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1000	1000	1000	0	0	0) () (0	0	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		000
Intrusion Detection	7	_	0		0 0	_	1000	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0000	0001	0000	0	0	0	1000	1000	0	0) (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	0 100		000
Smart irrigation and				Ħ,	0		1000					0	4000			,	0					ů		1000			T,			0	0	0	0	0	0					0 10	0 100		
automated gardening.	8	0	0) 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	'		U	0	,		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	U	0 10	000
Automated swimming	9	0	0	(0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) () (0	0	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	000
pool Maintenance		Ů	Ů	`	1	Ŭ		Ů	_		Ŭ		1000	Ů		_	Ů				Ů	Ľ	<u> </u>			Ľ	`		_		4			Ů	Ů	Ů	Ŭ	_	_	_	4	<u> </u>	
Automated window blinds	10	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10)01
Automated Rain Water	- 11	0	0	,	10	0	0	_			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0							0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
Harvesting	11	0	0	Ľ	JU	U	0	0	0	0	U	0	U	U	0	U	U	U	0	0	0	0	1		U	1 0	,		U	U	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0
Time of Day usage	12	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	1000	1000	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0 10	000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 60	000
Analytics Air flow monitoring	13		_	<u> </u>	0 0	0		_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0		0	-		0	ш	1000	1000	_	0	!	J .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		000
Managing Alternative	13	- 0	- 0	Ε'	0	U	0	-	- 0	0	0	0	- 0	- 0	U	U	U	0	- 0	- 0	- 0	U	1000	1000	- 0	1 0		, (0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U 20	JUU
Energy harness	14	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
systems					Ш																	Ш														Ш		\perp	\perp		丄	\perp	
Smoke/Gas leakage	15	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	0	0	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 100	30 30	000
Detection. CO level detection.	16			H,	0 0		1000	_	0		,	0	0	0	_	0	,	0	0		0	ш	1000		<u> </u>	0 0	!	<u> </u>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ť	Ť	0	0	0	0		000
Water leakages /			0		0			0	0		- 0	0	0	0		U	U	0	0	0	0	U	H		U	0		, (0	- 0	+	0	0	0	0			0	0	U	0		_
Water level detection.	17	0	0	(0 0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 30	000
Automated Air	10			,		_	1000		0			0	1000	0	0	_	0	0	0	0					,					0	0	_	_	0	0	_	0	0	_			0 0	000
Conditioning system	18	U	U	,	<i>J</i> 0	U	1000	U	U	U	U	0	1000	U	U	U	U	0	0	0	U	0	<u>'</u>	, ,	U	U	,	, ,	0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0 20	000
Automation of the	19	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	001
Lightning of the room Automation in cooking					H										+							H	-								+	+	+			+		+	+	+	+	+	-
(Like a smart	20	0	0	(0.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) () (0	0	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
microwave)						Ĩ										Ĩ																Ĭ	Ĭ										
Smart Home theater	21		0	_	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Multi room audio	22		0		0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	_	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	_	0	0	0	(0	0	V	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0
SMS	23		0	_	0 0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	_	1000	_		1000	1000	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	() (0	V	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		002
Email WI-FI	24 25		0		0 0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0 1	000	1000	1000	0	0	0	0	1) (0	1000	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	1		002
4G-LTE/5G	26		0		0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	1000	_	() (0	_ ~	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	_	000
Bluetooth	27		0	_	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0		0	(0	1000	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	000
Passcode	28	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	()	1000	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	00 10)()	0	0 40	000
Fingerprint	29		0	_	0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	0	0	1	0	_	0			0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	_	_	0	_	000
Facial Recognition	30	_	0	_	0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	_	0	_	0	1000	1000	0	_ ~	0	0 1)00	0	0	0	-	0 10	00 10	00	0	_	000
User control mode Self-Evolving mode	31		0		0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 (0 0	0	0		1 0	0	1000	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0		001
Local Storage	33		0	_	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	000	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0) () (0	0	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	002
Cloud Storage	34		0	1000		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0) () (0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	000
Kitchen Inventory	35		n	1000	0 0	0	n	Λ	n	n	n	n	0	0	0	0	0	n	0	U	n	0	,) (n) ^	-) (n	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.1	.000	0	0	0	0	0 20	000
Management.	33	U	0	1000	, ,	Ů	U	0			U	U	U	0	Ů	ď	U	0	0	0	0	Ů	<u> </u>		٠	ľ	,		0	Ů	٧	U	U	U	U	0 1	000	0	0	Ů,	_	120	100
Automated feeding plan for pets.	36	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Medicine Inventory	-			\vdash	H	_			-	1	H			H	+	\dashv	-			H		+	t	1	-	1	H	1	-	\vdash	+	+	+		-	+	\dashv	+	+	+	+	+	\dashv
Management.	37	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 10	000
Simple interface to					Ħ	\neg									T	T						Ħ									T	T	T	7		\top	7	1	1	T	T	T	Т
connect to third party /	38	0	0	(0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) (0	0	0	(0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
new devices.	_	<u> </u>			Ц	_				<u> </u>	Щ			Ш		_						Ļ	1	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			10	_			_		4				_	+	+	20:
Single user mode Multi user mode	39 40		0		0 0	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	_) (0	0	(1000		1000 1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0	0	0	_		001
Automated call to 911	40	0	- 0	Ε'	JU	U	U	-	- 0	0	- 0	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	U	U	U	1	1 0	-	1 0		1000	1000	1000	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	1	J	U	U 31	101
in case of	41	0	0	(0 0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0) :	1	0	0	(0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 10	003
intrusion/break-in			<u> </u>	L	Ш				Ľ													Ш					<u> </u>	_										\perp	\perp		丄	l	
Automated call to fire	42	. 0	0	(0 0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1	000	0	0	0	0	0	0)	1	0	0	() (0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0 20	003
control department	<u> </u>		1000	200	ا ا	1000	5000		1000	1000	1001	-	6000	2000			2000	2000		100*	_			5000	1000	1000	2000	4000	4000	5000		102	000 1	000	2000				20.	11 10	12 201		
Total		1000	1000	2000	ן טן ט	1000	5000	5000	1000	1000	1001	0	6000	2000	0 3	UUU .	3000	3000	2000	1001	0	U	15002	5002	1000	1000	2000	q 4000	4000	5000	1 1(102 I	100 l	UUU	4000	υl	.000	0 30	04 30	/1 10	03 200	13 800	118
Total Overlapping	80				+										+	-						+									+	+	-			+	\dashv	-	-		+	+	\dashv
Total Conflicts	18				\parallel																																						

3. CONFLICT RESOLUTION AND 4. EVALUATION

Following is the list of identified conflicts which have further been taken into consideration for resolution and they are evaluated using **weighted matrices**.

$$totalScore(opt) = \sum_{crit}^{LL} (Scores(opt, crit) \times Weight(crit))$$

Conflict 1: Multiple users can trigger contradictory commands for the same room.

• Conflict Resolution:

- 1. Provide a basic status of presently active conditions in the room to all the application users, so users can make more aware decisions regarding which command to execute at any given point of time.
 - ☐ Tactic used Add new requirement to weaken the conflict
- 2. Prepare an exhaustive list of contradictory commands which might be executed in the same room and define rules in the system to give an error to the users if they try to execute any such contradictory combination.
 - ☐ Tactic used Add new requirement to avoid conflict

• Conflict Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria (NFR)	Significance weighting	Give user the present status and let them decide	Prepare set of contradictory rules and implement
Cost	0.7	.7	.3
Usability	0.3	.6	.4
Total	1.0	.59	.33

Option1 - Give user the present status and let them decide contributes more in terms of improving the Non-Function Requirements so is a better alternative.

Conflict 2: Emergency Detection and Intrusion detection at the same time.

Conflict Resolution:

- 1. In case of any fire/smoke related emergency, system notifies the users and put out the smoke or fire using home water sprinklers without immediately unlocking the point of entries automatically.
 - ☐ Tactic used Add new requirement to weaken the conflict
- 2. If an intrusion and smoke (fire) emergency is detected at the same time, use sprinklers but do not allow auto-unlocking of any point of entries, only users can unlock them.
 - ☐ Tactic used Add new requirement to avoid conflict

Conflict Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Try to tackle fire using sprinklers before auto unlocking point of entries.	Use sprinklers but only allow manual unlocking if intrusion and smoke (fire) emergency occur together.
Security	0.5	.3	.6
Safety	0.5	.4	.7
Total	1.0	.35	.65

Option2 - Use sprinklers but only allow manual unlocking if intrusion and smoke (fire) emergency occur together contributes more in terms of improving the Non-Function Requirements and so is a better alternative.

Conflict 3: Automation of the Lightning of the room and Automated window blinds

• Conflict Resolution:

- 1. Close the window blinds before adjusting the lightning of the system in self- evolving mode.
 - ➤ Tactic used Restore conflicting statements i.e. the conflicting statements satisfy each other soon after the boundary condition has occurred.
- 2. When the user tries to on/off the light and if the blinds are open/close popup a notification regarding the state of the blinds and expected action.
 - > Tactic used Add new requirement to weaken the conflict

Conflict Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Close Blinds	Send notifications
Reliable outcome	0.7	0.2	0.7
Usability	0.3	0.6	0.3
Total	1.0	0.32	1.39

Sending notifications contributes more in terms of improving reliability of the system and so it's the better option.

Conflict 4: Emergency Notification & Safety measures

• Conflict Resolution

- 1. In case of emergency, trigger alarms and send notifications to customers. If the alarm was not stopped within a predefined time duration (Ex 10mins), then trigger an automated call to 911 emergency services.
 - > Tactic used Add new requirement to weaken the conflict
- 2. The controller will operate in two states armed (full protection) and disarmed (minimal protection). Automated calls to 911 will occur only during armed state.
 - > Tactic used Avoid boundary condition

• Conflict Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Armed State	Time given to cancel alarms			
Reliability	0.5	0.5	0.6			
Usability	0.3	0.4	0.4			
Minimal inconvenience	0.2	0.6	0.4			
Total	1.0	0.49	0.5			

Time given to cancel alarms contributes more in terms of improving the Non-Function Requirements so is a better alternative.

Conflict 5: Third party devices may not be compatible with the self-evolving mode of the system.

• Conflict Resolution

- 1. Provide a List of Third-Party Devices to users, which would be more compatible with the self-evolving mode of the System.
 - > Tactic used Add new requirement to weaken the conflict
- 2. Allow only those Third-Party Devices which do not depend on the self-evolving mode of the system.
 - > Tactic used Avoid boundary condition

Conflict Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Provide a List of Third-Party Devices to users.	Allow only those Third-Party Devices which do not need the self-evolving mode feature of the system.
Minimal inconvenience	0.3	.6	.4

Usability	0.4	.7	.3
Cost	0.7	.3	.7
Total	1.0	.55	.45

Option 1- Provide a List of Third-Party Devices to users contributes more in terms of improving the Non-Function Requirements so is a better alternative.

Conflict 6: Self evolving mode can perform some unauthorized tasks when the user is not around.

• Conflict Resolution

- 1. Users will provide a set of rules that the system should follow before performing the tasks in self-evolving mode
 - > Tactic used Add new requirement to weaken the conflict
- 2. System will always prompt the user for the authorization of the task to be performed in self-evolving mode.
 - > Tactic used Avoid boundary condition

• Conflict Evaluation:

Evaluation	Significance	System will always	Users will provide a
criteria NFR	weighting	prompt the user for	set of rules that the
		the authorization of	system should follow
		the task to be	before performing
		performed in self	the tasks in self
		evolving mode.	evolve mode.
Reliable	0.6	.6	.4
usability	0.4	.5	.5
Total	1.0	.56	.44

Option 1- System will always prompt the user for the authorization of the task to be performed in self-evolving mode contributes more in terms of improving the Non-Function Requirements so is a better alternative.

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

Below given table provides a reference for the various risk likelihood levels that have been considered here. Table reference has been taken from: https://ehealthresearch.no/files/documents/Appendix-Definitions.pdf

Table 1: Definition of likelihood levels

Likelihood	Frequency	Ease of misuse and motivation		
Very high	Very often, occurs more often than every 10 th connection, i.e. more frequently than 10 % of the time/cases.	Can be done without any knowledge about the system; or without any additional equipment being used; or it can be performed by wrong or careless usage.		
High	Quite often. Occurs between 1 % and 10 % of the time/cases.	Can be done with minor knowledge about the system; or without any additional equipment being used; or it can be performed by wrong or careless usage.		
Moderate	May happen. Occurs between 0.1 % and 1 % of the time/cases.	Normal knowledge about the system is sufficient; or normally available equipment can be used; or it can be performed deliberately.		
Low	Rare. Occurs less than 0.1 % of the time/cases.	Detailed knowledge about the system is needed; or special equipment is needed; or it can only be performed deliberately and by help of internal personnel.		

Risk 1: Maximizing the number of features might lead to an increase in overall cost of the solution, which defeats one of the core objectives of delivering a low-cost solution.

• Related Non-Functional Requirement: Cost

• **Risk Type**: Process Related Risk

• **Risk Likelihood** - High.

Development of this solution involves a direct relationship between adding features to increase the usability of the solution and the cost/effort invested in implementing those features.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Increase in Cost	High	Moderate	Low
Delay in product delivery	High	Moderate	Low
Business loss by losing customers	Severe	High	Low

• Rationale:

- 1. Increasing the number of features to handle special edge cases and some highly customer specific scenarios, would highly increase the overall cost of the solution.
- 2. It takes time to develop new features which highly impacts the possibility of developers meeting the delivery deadlines for the solution.
- 3. In long run, consequences like 1 and 2 get piled up and significantly increase the time to market the solution. This seriously impacts the overall business creating losses and losing presence in market to other competitors.

- **Counter Measure 1:** Try to keep the requirement set as generic as possible so it addresses the needs of a wider section of users.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood
- Counter Measure 2: Ensure the product development phase operates on Agile a based model (like KanBan, Scrum), which would prioritize important features in earlier deliveries and less important ones in later deliveries.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood
- Counter Measure 3: Try convincing the users and avoid working on any highly customer specific features which can be managed manually with minimal efforts.
 - > Tactic used: Avoid risk

Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Generic Requirement Set	Agile Based Model	Avoid specific customer features
Cost	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.3
Reliability	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.5
Total	1.0	0.44	0.7	0.42

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering cost and reliability the counter measure agile based model would be more effective.

Risk 2: Unauthorized access to any of the installed devices using default password used for connectivity.

- Related Non-Functional Requirement: Security
- **Risk Type**: Product Related Risk
- **Risk Likelihood** Low.

The attacker needs to possess sufficient technical skill/knowledge to exploit this security loophole and not every individual will have that kind of expertise so marking it as Low.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Loss of security	Catastrophic	Catastrophic	Severe
Loss of privacy	Severe	Severe	High
Gain access to other devices in network	High	High	Low
Use the devices as bots for security attacks	Low	Low	Low

• Rationale:

- 1. Loss of privacy and security defeats the whole vision of the product and it can result in catastrophic outcomes like break in, burglary, violence etc.
- 2. Gain access to other devices in the network A hacker can gain access to other devices in the network and use it inappropriately. Though it's not catastrophic it will have a high impact on user experience of the system.
- 3. Use the devices as bots for security attacks Users may not have any impact on user experience or the impact can be low like high bandwidth usage. In some cases, users may not even be aware of the impact.
- **Counter Measure 1:** Controller resets the default password of the smart device with a uniquely generated password as soon as the device is successfully paired with the controller.
 - > Tactic used: Avoid risk
- Counter Measure 2: Display warnings to the user via the mobile app, local monitor or the voice-based assistants that the smart device has the default password and the user needs to reset it. User is given the option to fix it or snooze the warning.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood

• Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Auto Reset of Default Password	Notify users
Cost	0.3	0.7	0.7
Security	0.5	0.7	0.4
Usability	0.2	0.6	0.3
Total	1.0	0.68	0.47

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering security is the most important aim of the product, the counter measure Auto Reset of Default Password would be more effective.

Risk 3: Loss of camera footages or usage pattern data when storage is full (applies to both local and cloud storage)

- Related Non-Functional Requirement: Performance
- **Risk Type**: Product Related Risk
- **Risk Likelihood** High.

Most users may not have the habit of freeing up the storage space regularly. They may depend on some form of notification or the system automatically frees up space when storage is full.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Loss of footages	Severe	High	High
Loss of surveillance	Severe	Severe	High
Improper function of devices based on out-dated usage data	Severe	High	Moderate
Low performance of controller in case of retries to store/upload data	Low	Low	Low

• Rationale:

- 1. Loss of surveillance and footage are deemed severe since the customer will lose the sense of safety and security of the home.
- 2. If the device learns from out-dated usage data, the actual output can severely affect the user experience.
- 3. In some cases, multiple retries by the controller to store/update data can affect performance.
- Counter Measure 1: Clear the storage when it reaches a specified threshold in the order of earliest data first until the available storage comes below the threshold.
 - > Tactic used: Avoid risk
- Counter Measure 2: Display warning to the user that storage is full, and they need to clear it or it will result in loss of data.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood
- **Counter Measure 3:** Before applying modifications to the device based on the usage pattern in self-evolving mode check if the data used include the latest hour data.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk consequence likelihood.

• Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Auto clear storage	Notify users	Check data timestamp
Cost	0.3	0.7	0.7	0.5
Reliability	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.2
Usability	0.2	0.6	0.3	0.4
Total	1.0	0.68	0.47	0.18

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering reliability as the most important requirement, the counter measure Auto clear storage after a specified threshold would be more effective.

Risk 4: System will entirely shutdown when there is a power failure and the back-up battery run out as well.

• Related Non-Functional Requirement: Reliability

• **Risk Likelihood:** Moderate

There are moderate chances of having a power outage and the back-up battery getting exhausted at the same time.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Loss of Security and Safety	Severe	High	High
Loss of Automation	Moderate	Moderate	Low

Rationale:

- 1. System shut down makes the entire house vulnerable to any types of attack (like fire, flood, theft or intrusion).
- 2. All the Automation would stop and the mundane activities are to be performed by the user which they might not like after getting used to of automation.
- Counter measure 1: Make sure that only the most necessary services are consuming the battery, when there is a power failure. This can help to extend the usage of the battery. The system can also notify the users regarding the battery levels.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce Risk Likelihood
- Counter measure 2: Fuel based battery can be used. The system can notify the user to refuel the battery before it runs out.

> Tactic used: Avoid Risk.

• Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Low Consumption of Battery	Fuel based battery
Cost	0.4	0.7	0.2
Reliability	0.5	0.7	0.4
Usability	0.1	0.6	0.3
Total	1.0	0.68	0.31

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering both cost and reliability as the important aspect, the counter measure Low Consumption of Battery would be more effective.

Risk 5: Unstable internet-based connectivity can interfere with smooth inter-operation between smart home solution and other connected devices.

- Related Non-Functional Requirement: Reliability
- **Risk Type**: Product Related Risk
- **Risk Likelihood** Very High.
 - 1. Internet based connectivity issues are quite common given that it involves a third party Internet Service Provider.
 - 2. Prone to downtimes and any other hardware failure at Internet Service Provider's end.
 - 3. Prone to hardware failures at user's end, say a modem failure.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Loss of connectivity and	Severe	High	High
Messaging/Notification delays			
Devices need to be restarted and synced every-	Moderate	Low	Low
time after losing connectivity			
Impact on Intrusion Detection	Catastrophic	Moderate	Moderate
Loss of recorded data	Moderate	High	High

• Rationale:

- 1. Loss of connectivity might prevent users from sending commands remotely which in case of an exigency might have serious consequences.
- 2. Delays in receiving notifications on proper time, might lead to consequences and customers losing their faith over the accuracy of the system.
- 3. Some smart devices on account losing connectivity might need to get restarted over and again which might annoy end users.
- 4. Any flaw in the system related to intrusion detection pose a serious threat to safety and security.
- 5. Poor internet connection might lead to problems related to data storage and retrieval over the cloud.
- **Counter Measure 1:** Automatically switch over to a different mode of connectivity (4G, 5G) using the SIM card installed within the controller.

> Tactic used: Avoid risk

- Counter Measure 2: Make sure all the services and devices are capable of reconnecting and synchronizing with controller automatically after regaining access to the connectivity.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood
- Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Automatic switch over to another connectivity mode	Reconnection of devices
Cost	0.5	0.4	0.6
Reliability	0.5	0.8	0.4
Total	1.0	0.6	0.5

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering reliability as the important aspect, the counter measure Automatic switch over to another connectivity mode would be more effective.

Risk 6: Automatic window control feature needs to consider scenarios where there is any obstacle on path or resistance on the way.

- Related Non-Functional Requirement: Safety
- **Risk Type**: Product Related Risk
- **Risk Likelihood** High.

Automatically opening or closing the window has fair chances of some object getting stuck on window's path.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Safety concerns for kids, elders pets and flying birds.	Catastrophic	Severe	High
Object providing resistance might break.	High	Moderate	Low
Windows might be damaged	High	Moderate	Low

• Rationale:

- 1. Kids and elders unknowingly blocking windows with their hands or our pets like cat or some birds sitting on the window might injure themselves which might become a serious concern.
- 2. Either the window or the blocking object itself might get damaged, which would then incur repairing costs for both.

- Counter Measure 1: While opening and closing the window, windows should reverse back if any obstacle is found on the path of movement.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood by adding a new requirement
- CounterMeasure-2: Check using sensors and execute window opening and closing commands only if the pathway is free, otherwise notify user about the blockage and let them remove it first.
 - > Tactic used: Avoid risk by adding a new requirement
- Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Reverse operation	Notify users
Cost	0.2	0.5	0.5
Reliability	0.5	0.8	0.4
Usability	0.3	0.7	0.4
Total	1.0	0.71	0.42

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering reliability and usability as the important aspect, the counter measure Reversing window operations in case of obstacles would be more effective.

Risk 7: Automated pet feeding station can raise pet safety concerns. Food can get polluted and wasted by external factors like wind, rain, dirt, inedible particle etc.

- Related Non-Functional Requirement: Safety
- **Risk Type**: Product Related Risk
- **Risk Likelihood** Moderate
 - 1. Environmental factors like rain, dust, dirt, heat at times can pollute the food.
 - 2. Pets at times can try to fiddle around with the automated feeding station.
- Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Polluted food	Severe	High	High
Pets getting injured while trying to fiddle with feeding station	High	Moderate	Moderate
Pets damaging the feeding station.	High	Moderate	Moderate

• Rationale:

- 1. Polluted food can raise serious concern regarding pet's health.
- 2. While playing with food station equipment pets might injure themselves.
- 3. Feeding station needs to be repaired every-time a pet damage it. This might become a recurring cost.
- Counter Measure 1: Notify user daily to inspect feeding station for its cleanliness, set the station indoor.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood
- Counter Measure 2: Ensure feeding stations make use of more durable and harmless build material like plasticized rubber.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk likelihood

• Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Notify users	Material property
Cost	0.4	0.7	0.4
Safety	0.5	0.8	0.4
Usability	0.1	0.5	0.7
Total	1.0	0.73	0.43

• Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering safety of the pets as the important aspect, the counter measure **Notify users** would be more effective.

Risk 8: Customers can be forced to use the system by attackers without their consent.

- Related Non-Functional Requirement: Safety and Security
- **Risk Type**: Product Related Risk
- **Risk Likelihood** Moderate

Attacks like this are not that frequent in a normal society. But again it also depends on the crime rate of the area.

• Qualitative assessment:

Consequences	Likely	Possible	Unlikely
Loss Of life	Catastrophic	Catastrop hic	Severe
Theft	Severe	High	High
Violence and injury	Severe	High	High
Damage to Property	Severe	High	High

• Rationale:

- 1. Once the attacker gains access to the home through forced entry he/she can indulge in any kind of attack including but not limited to Loss of live, theft, violence, injury and damage to property.
- Counter Measure 1: Include one more modes of access using the duress-code (a covert distress signal used by an individual who is being forced to do something against his/her will) or password. When the system is accessed using the duress-code, an automated call will be sent to 911 but no alarms will be triggered and the system will behave as normal.
 - > Tactic used : Reduce risk consequence likelihood
- Counter Measure 2: In the local monitor and remote app include the option to call 911 without unlocking the system.
 - > Tactic used: Reduce risk consequence likelihood
- Counter Measure Evaluation:

Evaluation criteria NFR	Significance weighting	Duress-Code	Extra option
Security	0.4	0.5	0.2
Safety	0.5	0.5	0.2
Usability	0.1	0.5	0.7
Total	1.0	0.5	0.25

 Most Cost-Effective Measure: Based on the weighted matrix above and considering safety and security of the customers as the important aspect, the counter measure duress-code would be more effective.

APPENDIX 1

INDIVIDUAL DEFECT AND INCONSISTENCY LISTS

Project: Smart Home+

Inspector: Apoorv Semwal Time spent by Inspector: 70mins

Defect #	Location	Defect/inconsistency	Classification	Author	Status	Date
1	Section - 4.1 -	type Forward Reference -	Minor	Apoorv	Closed –	corrected 16-Jul-
1	Product	No prior explanation	Willion	ripoorv	Added	2020
	Perspective –	/reference to it.			context to	
	Usage of term				the	
	IOT.				statement	
2	Section - 4.3 -	Unintelligibility -	Minor	Divya	Closed –	16-Jul-
	Needs and	Stating just a device			Rephrased	2020
	Features –	name is not enough			feature to	
	Security	to define it as a			better state	
	Measures -	feature and its			its intent	
3	Home Alarms.	purpose. Omission – No	Major	Nikhil	Closed –	16-Jul-
3	Missing feature for	specific feature	Major	NIKIIII	Added a	2020
	Window	mentions anything			new feature	2020
	access control	about an automated			new reature	
	decess control	Window access				
		control				
4	Section - 4.3 -	Strong Conflict –	Major	Sakib	Closed	16-Jul-
	Needs and	Multiple users can	J			2020
	Features –	trigger contradictory				
	Multi User	commands for the				
	Mode of	same room. Say				
	Operation and	switch on the AC				
	Household	and Open Window				
	Automation.		7.5	3.6 11		4 5 7 1
5	Needs and	Strong Conflict – An	Major	Manik	Closed	16-Jul-
	Features -	intruder might try to				2020
	Security Measures –	create an emergency like situation say a				
	Exploiting	small fire to trigger				
	Emergency	Emergency				
	Detection for	Detection system to				
	doing an	open all doors and				
	Intrusion.	windows.				

Inspector: Divya Bhagavathiappan Shiva

Time spent by Inspector: 80 mins

Defect	Location	Defect/inconsistency	Classification	Author	Status	Date
#		type				corrected
1	Assumptions: Controller and the smart devices both provide support for connectivity using Wi- Fi/Bluetooth	Poor Structuring Assumption does not differentiate local and remote connectivity	Minor	Divya	Closed – Assumption modified to clearly indicate local and remote connectivit y.	16-Jul- 2020
2	Mode of connectivity	Ambiguity. Connectivity can be interpreted as both local connectivity and remote connectivity. For ex: Bluetooth can only be used for local connectivity whereas Wifi can be used for both local and remote connectivity.	Minor	Nikhil	Closed – Modified Connectivit y feature into 2 different features for Local and Remote Connectivit y.	16-Jul- 2020
3	Emergency Detection	Incomplete - Does not provide insight on how to notify emergencies	Major	Nikhil	Open – Will be taken care in the next delivery as we provide some specific use cases.	16-Jul- 2020
4	Automation of the Lightning of the room and Automated window blinds	Strong Conflict - Lighting in a room can be affected by natural light	Minor	Manik	Closed	16-Jul- 2020
5	Emergency notification	Omission - Emergency notifications should also be displayed in local monitors and through voice based assistants	Major	Sakib	Closed– Added other modes to communica te notification	16-Jul- 2020

6	Expandable	Unfeasibility. An	Minor	Nikhil	Closed –	16-Jul-
	Controller	interface which can			Split feature	2020
		access and control			into two for	
		both third party			better	
		devices (i.e non			understandi	
		supported devices)			ng.	
		and new devices(i.e				
		supported devices) is				
		not feasible.				
7	Emergency	Weak Conflict -	Minor	Apoorv	Closed	16-Jul-
	Notification &	Automated calls				2020
	Safety	should not happen if				
	measures	the customer takes				
		responsibility for the				
		emergency				
		notification event.				

Inspector: Sakib Shuvo Time spent by Inspector: 100 mins

Defect	Location	Defect/inconsistency	Classification	Author	Status	Date
#		type				corrected
1	Section: 3.2	Forward Reference:	Minor	Nikhil	Closed -	15-Jul-
	User	Definition of self-			Added	2020
	environment;	evolving mode was			explanation	
	Page 4	given later in Appendix			to the	
	Self-evolving				statement	
	Mode				itself	
2	Section 4.4:	Unintelligibility	Minor	Nikhil	Closed –	15-Jul-
	Alternative				Modified	2020
	and				self-	
	Competition:				references	
	Bell canada				from	
	Description				competitor'	
3	C4: 1 2 -	Dania matia matant	N / - :	A	s details	1.5 T1
3	Section 4.3: Needs and	Designation clash	Major	Apoorv	Closed –	15-Jul- 2020
	Feature				Rephrased the feature	2020
	Mode of				names to	
	Operation				avoid	
	for user vs				confusion.	
	device to				comusion.	
	work					
4	Section 4.2	Opacity - last point in	Major	Divya	Closed –	15-Jul-
	Dependency	dependency regarding	j	·	Rephrased	2020
	•	Usage Pattern analyser			to clearly	
		is not clearly			explain the	
		explaining the intent.			dependency	

5	Section 4.4 Needs and Feature Mode of access control, remote vs local	Poor Structuring: both home and remote control are internet based	Major	Nikhil	Closed – Rephrased the feature to avoid any confusion	15-Jul- 2020
6	Section 4.4 Needs and Feature: Security Measures Main gate access and door access	Overlapping Referring to the same door access feature	Moderate	Manik	Closed – Documente d in interaction matrix.	15-Jul- 2020
7	Section 4.4 Needs and Feature: Emergency detection CO level detection	Unintelligibility CO acronym is not defined	Moderate	Sakib	Closed – Added more context to provide missing information	15-Jul- 2020
8	Section 4.4 Needs and Feature: Energy Management: Time of Day usage	Inadequacy	Moderate	Sakib	Closed – Added more context to provide missing information	15-Jul- 2020
9	Section 4.4 Needs and Feature: Energy Management:	Poor structuring: Automated irrigation, swimming pool cleaning doesn't correspond to the category Energy management	High	Divya	Closed – Moved the mentioned features to household automation	15-Jul- 2020

Inspector: Manik Hossain

Time spent by Inspector: 80mins

Defect	Location	Defect/inconsistency	Classification	Author	Status	Date
#		type				corrected
1.	Need & Features: Automated call to 911 and fire department	Overspecification: Sometime fire alarm rings for a while but it can be easily control at home instead of disturbing these department	Major	Manik Hossain	Closed (Actually Cancelled)	16-Jul- 2020
2.	Need & Features: Routine Activities like kitchen, medicine inventory management and automated feeding plan for pets.	Opacity: There is no specification of any real world scenarios on these topics.	Minor	Apoorv	Open as upcoming releases would be having more specific use case scenarios behind these features.	16-Jul- 2020
3.	Need & Features: Smart irrigation and automated gardening, swimming pool maintenance	Opacity: There is no specification of any real world scenarios on these topics.	Minor	Apoorv	Open as upcoming releases would be having more specific use case scenarios behind these features.	16-Jul- 2020
4.	Features and Need: Safety Measures	Terminology Clash: 911 and fire control department are same but used in different ways.	Minor	Nikhil	Closed – Merged into one feature to avoid the clash.	16-Jul- 2020
5.	Needs & Features: Automated feeding plan for pets	Unfeasibility: it seems unrealistic because it cannot be implemented in terms of developer perspective.	Minor	Sakib	Open as upcoming releases would be having more specific use	16-Jul- 2020

		case scenarios behind	
		these	
		features.	

Inspector: Nikhil Nikhil

Time spent by Inspector: 120mins

Defect #	Location	Defect/inconsistency type	Classification	Author	Status	Date corrected
1	Features for specially-abled members of the family.	Omission	Minor	Nikhil	Closed – New Feature with clear mention of support for specially - abled members.	15-July- 2020
2	4.3 Needs and features: Self-evolving mode	Forward reference	Minor	Apoorv	Closed – Duplication for Defect 1 in Sakib's List	15-July- 2020
3	5.2 and 5.3 Platform requirements: Mentions about Java and Linux which are more technical terms.	Unintelligibility	Major	Sakib	Closed – Added more context to provide missing information	15-July- 2020
4	2.2: Product Position Who: talks only about managing devices and automation of tasks. Should mention security and other stuff.	Inadequacy	Minor	Manik Hossian	Closed – Rephrase statement to cover other aspects as well.	15-July- 2020
5	Consideration for privacy of the users	Omission	Major	Nikhil	Closed – Rephrase statement to cover user's	15-July- 2020

					privacy aspects as well.	
6	User environment: It should detail the current working environment of the user. Instead the document focuses on how user can access the smarthome+ system.	Poor structuring	Major	Divya	Closed – updated user environme nt	16-July- 2020
7	Usage pattern Analyzer	Unfeasibility	Minor	Apoorv	Open – It'll be addressed in upcoming releases for the solution.	15-July- 2020
8	Needs and Feature: Automated Rain harvesting, Alternative energy harnessing system, Is the same	Terminology clash	Major	Nikhil	Closed – Merged to one generic feature to avoid clash.	15-July- 2020
9	Needs and Features: Self-evolving mode vs User Control mode	Strong Conflict	Major	Apoorv	Closed	15-July- 2020
10	Needs and Features: Self-Evolving mode and Simple interface to connect Third-Party devices	Strong Conflict	Major	Nikhil	Closed	15-July- 2020