

TRUST ISSUES IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

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1. Title – TRUST ISSUES IN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Artificial Intelligence (AI) plays a major role in modern society, from recommendation systems to medical diagnosis. However, as AI grows more advanced, the challenge of trust becomes increasingly important. This project explores how and why trust issues emerge, what factors contribute to mistrust, and how these challenges impact the adoption of AI technologies in real-world applications. The study examines emotional, psychological, technical, and ethical dimensions of trust between humans and AI systems.

2. Objective

The primary objective is to investigate the root causes behind the lack of trust in AI systems. This includes:

- Understanding user concerns regarding data security and privacy.
- Examining how algorithmic bias affects fairness and transparency.
- Studying how unpredictable AI behavior influences user confidence.
- Highlighting the importance of explainable AI (XAI) in building trust.
- Offering recommendations to strengthen human–AI relationships through ethics, accountability, and openness.

3. Tools Used

The project uses a combination of analytical tools and research methodologies:

- Case Studies: Reviewing major AI failures and their impact on public trust.
- Surveys: Understanding user perceptions, expectations, and fears related to AI systems.
- AI Evaluation: Testing the consistency and reliability of AI-generated outputs.
- Literature Review: Studying academic and industrial reports on trust mechanisms in AI.

4. Methodology

The research follows a well-structured approach:

1. Data Collection: Gathering information from research papers, real-world AI incidents, and user responses.
2. Trust Scoring: Evaluating AI systems based on factors like transparency, reliability, and fairness.
3. Failure Analysis: Studying where AI systems went wrong and how these failures damaged trust.
4. Comparison: Analyzing how human decision-making differs from AI predictions, and how these differences affect trust.
5. Recommendations: Proposing solutions to enhance AI safety and credibility.

5. Output

The following image visually represents the challenges individuals face when interacting with AI, especially in situations involving uncertainty, fear of misinterpretation, or lack of clarity about how AI systems work.



6. Result

The research revealed that trust issues arise primarily due to:

- Lack of transparency: Users cannot understand how AI makes decisions.
- Bias in datasets: AI systems may favor or discriminate against certain groups unintentionally.
- Inconsistency: AI sometimes produces different outputs for similar inputs, causing confusion.
- Fear of autonomy: Users fear losing control over decision-making processes.
- Data misuse concerns: Fear that personal information may be used unethically.

7. Conclusion

Building trust in AI is not just a technical challenge — it is a social, ethical, and psychological one. To ensure AI becomes a reliable and accepted part of society, developers must:

- Increase transparency through explainable AI (XAI).
- Ensure datasets are diverse, unbiased, and ethically collected.
- Provide clear guidelines about AI limitations.
- Maintain accountability for AI decisions.
- Foster user awareness and education about how AI systems operate.

8. Project URL

<https://my-site-w8sekhof-ashmithamalkedikar.wix-vibe.com.sakinarazvi-7214>

9. GitHub Profile

<https://github.com/sakinarazvi-7214>