

class1

March 13, 2022

0.1 1.4.2 Numpy

```
[8]: import numpy as np

x = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
print("x:\n{}".format(x))
```

```
x:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]]
```

0.2 1.4.3 SciPy

```
[2]: from scipy import sparse

#   Numpy   1   0
eye = np.eye(4)
print("Numpy array:\n{}".format(eye))
```

```
Numpy array:
[[1. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

```
[3]: # NumPy   CSR   SciPy
#
sparse_matrix = sparse.csr_matrix(eye)
print("\nSciPy sparse CSR matrix:\n{}".format(sparse_matrix))
```

```
SciPy sparse CSR matrix:
(0, 0)      1.0
(1, 1)      1.0
(2, 2)      1.0
(3, 3)      1.0
```

```
[4]: data = np.ones(4)
row_indices = np.arange(4)
```

```
col_indices = np.arange(4)
eye_coo = sparse.coo_matrix((data, (row_indices, col_indices)))
print("COO representation:\n{}".format(eye_coo))
```

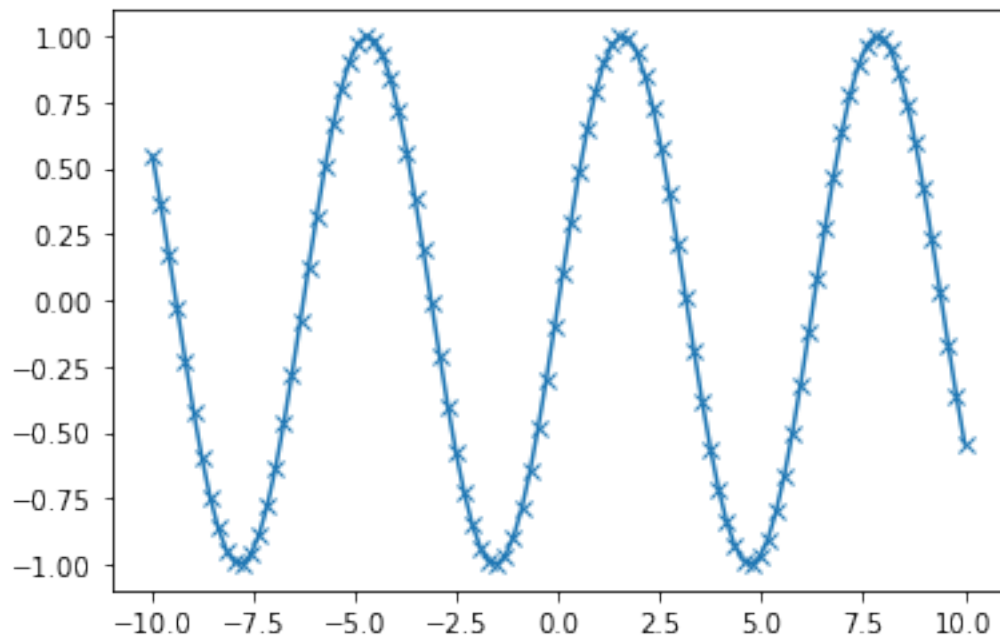
COO representation:

```
(0, 0)      1.0
(1, 1)      1.0
(2, 2)      1.0
(3, 3)      1.0
```

0.3 1.4.4 matplotlib

```
[9]: # %matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# -10 10      100
x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 100)
#
y = np.sin(x)
# plot
plt.plot(x, y, marker="x")
# show()      [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x252768a3040>]
plt.show()
```



0.4 1.4.5 pandas

```
[10]: import pandas as pd
      from IPython.display import display

      #
      data = {'Name': ["John", "Anna", "Peter", "Linda"],
              'Location': ["New York", "Paris", "Berlin", "London"],
              'Age': [24, 13, 53, 33]}

      data_pandas = pd.DataFrame(data)
      # IPython.display Jupyter Notebook " DataFrame
      display(data_pandas)
```

	Name	Location	Age
0	John	New York	24
1	Anna	Paris	13
2	Peter	Berlin	53
3	Linda	London	33

```
[11]: # 30
      display(data_pandas[data_pandas.Age > 30])
      display(data_pandas[data_pandas.Name > "John"])
```

	Name	Location	Age
2	Peter	Berlin	53
3	Linda	London	33

	Name	Location	Age
2	Peter	Berlin	53
3	Linda	London	33

1 1.7

1.1 1.7.1

```
[12]: import mglearn
      from sklearn.datasets import load_iris

      iris_dataset = load_iris()
```

```
[13]: print("Keys of iris_dataset :\n{}".format(iris_dataset.keys()))
```

```
Keys of iris_dataset :
dict_keys(['data', 'target', 'frame', 'target_names', 'DESCR', 'feature_names',
'filename', 'data_module'])
```

```
[14]: print(iris_dataset['DESCR'][:193] + "\n...")
```

```

.. _iris_dataset:

Iris plants dataset
-----

**Data Set Characteristics:**

: Number of Instances: 150 (50 in each of three classes)
: Number of Attributes: 4 numeric, pre
...

[15]: print("Target names : {}".format(iris_dataset['target_names']))

Target names : ['setosa' 'versicolor' 'virginica']

[16]: print("Feature names : \n{}".format(iris_dataset['feature_names']))

Feature names :
['sepal length (cm)', 'sepal width (cm)', 'petal length (cm)', 'petal width
(cm)']

[17]: print("Type of data : {}".format(type(iris_dataset['data'])))

Type of data : <class 'numpy.ndarray'>

[18]: print("Shape of data : {}".format(iris_dataset['data'].shape))

Shape of data : (150, 4)

[19]: print("First five rows of data:\n{}".format(iris_dataset['data'][:5]))

First five rows of data:
[[5.1 3.5 1.4 0.2]
 [4.9 3.  1.4 0.2]
 [4.7 3.2 1.3 0.2]
 [4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2]
 [5.  3.6 1.4 0.2]]

[20]: print("Type of target : {}".format(type(iris_dataset['target'])))

Type of target : <class 'numpy.ndarray'>

[21]: print("Shape of target: {}".format(iris_dataset['target'].shape))

Shape of target: (150,)

[22]: print("Target:\n{}".format(iris_dataset['target']))

Target:
[0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2]

```

[illegible]

1.2 1.7.2

```
[23]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    iris_dataset['data'], iris_dataset['target'], random_state=0)
```

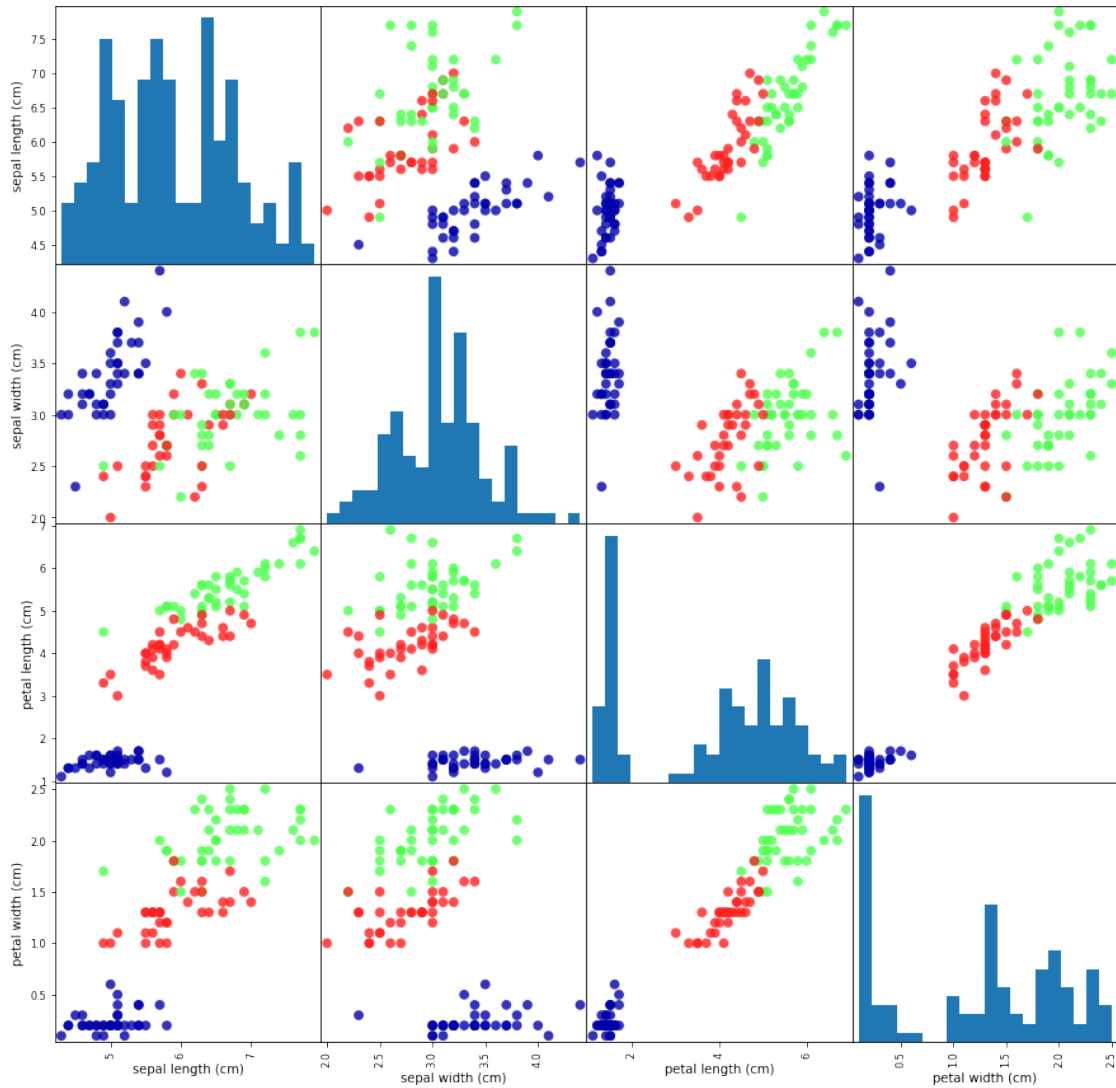
```
[24]: print("X_train shape: {}".format(X_train.shape))
      print("y_train shape: {}".format(y_train.shape))
```

```
X_train shape: (112, 4)
y_train shape: (112,)
```

```
[25]: print("X_test shape: {}".format(X_test.shape))
      print("y_test shape: {}".format(y_test.shape))
```

```
X_test shape: (38, 4)
y_test shape: (38,)
```

```
[26]: # X_train DataFrame
# iris_dataset.feature_names
iris_dataframe = pd.DataFrame(X_train, columns=iris_dataset.feature_names)
# DataFrame y_train
# grr = pd.scatter_matrix(iris_dataframe, c=y_train, figsize=(15, 15),
#     ↪marker="o",
grr = pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(iris_dataframe, c=y_train, figsize=(15, 15),
#     ↪marker="o",
#                                     hist_kwds={'bins': 20}, s=60, alpha=.8,
#     ↪cmap=mglearn.cm3)
```



1.3 1.7.4 k

```
[27]: from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
```

```
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
```

```
[28]: knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
[28]: KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)
```

1.4 1.7.5

```
[29]: X_new = np.array([[5, 2.9, 1, 0.2]])  
print("X_new.shape: {}".format(X_new.shape))
```

X_new.shape: (1, 4)

```
[30]: prediction = knn.predict(X_new)  
print("Prediction: {}".format(prediction))  
print("Predicted target name: {}".format(  
    iris_dataset['target_names'][prediction]  
))
```

Prediction: [0]

Predicted target name: ['setosa']

1.5 1.7.6

```
[31]: y_pred = knn.predict(X_test)  
print("Test set predictions:\n {}".format(y_pred))
```

Test set predictions:

```
[2 1 0 2 0 2 0 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 2 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 1 0 2 1 0 2 2 1 0  
2]
```

```
[32]: print("Test set score: {:.2f}".format(knn.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

Test set score: 0.97

2 1.8

```
[33]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(  
    iris_dataset['data'], iris_dataset['target'], random_state=0)  
  
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=1)  
knn.fit(X_train, y_train)  
print("Test set score: {:.2f}".format(knn.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

Test set score: 0.97