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Coding Problems for practice

1) Java Arraylist

Input Format

The first line has an integer. In each of the next lines there will be an integer denoting number of integers on that line and then there will be space-separated integers. In the next line there will be an integer denoting number of queries. Each query will consist of two integers and.

Constraints

1<=n<=20000 0<=d<=50000 1<=q<=1000 1<=x<=n

Each number will fit in signed integer.

Total number of integers in lines will not cross 100000.

Output Format

In each line, output the number located in position of line. If there is no such position, just print "ERROR!"

Sample Input

Sample Output

```
74
52
37
ERROR!
ERROR!
Solution:
package converter;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Str {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
             int a = sc.nextInt();
             ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer> > arr =
                 new ArrayList<ArrayList<Integer> >(a);
             for(int i=0;i<a;i++) {</pre>
                     int num = sc.nextInt();
                     ArrayList<Integer> a1 = new ArrayList<Integer>();
                     for(int k=0;k<num;k++) {</pre>
                            a1.add(sc.nextInt());
                     arr.add(a1);
             }
             System.out.println("The output is");
             int q = sc.nextInt();
             for(int i=0;i<q;i++) {</pre>
                    int x1 = sc.nextInt()-1;
                    int y1 = sc.nextInt()-1;
                    if(y1>(arr.get(x1).size()) - 1) {
                           System.out.println("ERROR!");
                    }
                    else {
                           System.out.println(arr.get(x1).get(y1));
                    }
```

}

}

}

```
Witable Smart Insert 133 146 752
```

2) Java List

Input Format

The first line contains an integer, (the initial number of elements in).

The second line contains space-separated integers describing.

The third line contains an integer, (the number of queries).

The subsequent lines describe the queries, and each query is described over two lines:

- If the first line of a query contains the String **Insert**, then the second line contains two space separated integers, and the value must be inserted into at index.
- If the first line of a query contains the String **Delete**, then the second line contains index, whose element must be deleted from.

Constraints

- **1**<=N<=4000
- **1**<=Q<=4000
- Each element in is a 32-bit integer.

Output Format

Print the updated list as a single line of space-separated integers.

Sample Input

5

12 0 1 78 12

2

Insert

5 23

Delete

Solution:

```
package converter;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Java02 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
             Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
             int n = sc.nextInt();
             for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {</pre>
                     list.add(sc.nextInt());
             int q = sc.nextInt();
             for(int i=1;i<=q;i++) {</pre>
                    String c = sc.next();
                    if(c.equals("Insert")) {
                           int a = sc.nextInt();
                           int b = sc.nextInt();
                           list.add(a,b);
                    else {
                           int z = sc.nextInt();
                           list.remove(z);
                    }
             }
               Iterator<Integer> iterate = list.iterator();
               while(iterate.hasNext()) {
                    System.out.print(iterate.next()+" ");
               }
```

```
}
}
eclipse-workspace - converter/src/converter/Java02.java - Eclipse IDE
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
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                                                                                                                                                                                          # converter
   > ■ JRE System Library [JavaSE-14]
                                                                                                                                                                                      ∨ 9<sub>5</sub> Java02
                                                                        else {
  int z = sc.nextInt();
  list.remove(z);
                                                                                                                                                                                            § main(String[]): void
    ∨ # converter

> D Java02.java

> D Str.java
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 > 🞏 Day12
 > 😂 for loop
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 > 📂 mainn
                                                         <terminated > Java02 [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-14.0.2\bin\javaw.exe (Mar 6, 2022, 12:41:30 PM – 12:41:39 PM)
 Stream
                                                        12 0 1 78 12
 > 👺 switch
 > 📂 TicTak
                                                        Insert
                                                        0 1 78 12 23
```

3) Java Map

You are given a phone book that consists of people's names and their phone number. After that you will be given some person's name as query. For each query, print the phone number of that person.

Input Format

The first line will have an integer denoting the number of entries in the phone book. Each entry consists of two lines: a name and the corresponding phone number.

After these, there will be some queries. Each query will contain a person's name. Read the queries until end-of-file.

Constraints:

A person's name consists of only lower-case English letters and it may be in the format 'first-name last-name' or in the format 'first-name'. Each phone number has exactly 8 digits without any leading zeros.

Output Format

For each case, print "Not found" if the person has no entry in the phone book. Otherwise, print the person's name and phone number. See sample output for the exact format.

To make the problem easier, we provided a portion of the code in the editor. You can either complete that code or write completely on your own.

Sample Input

3

uncle sam

99912222

tom

11122222

harry

12299933

uncle sam

uncle tom

harry

Sample Output

uncle sam=99912222

Not found

harry=12299933

Solution:

```
package converter;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Java_03 {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             // TODO Auto-generated method stub
             HashMap<String, Integer> hash = new HashMap<>();
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int a=sc.nextInt();
        sc.nextLine();
        for(int i=0;i<a;i++)</pre>
            String name1=sc.nextLine();
            int phone1=sc.nextInt();
            sc.nextLine();
            hash.put(name1, phone1);
        while(sc.hasNext())
             String s=sc.nextLine();
            try
            {
                int out1=hash.get(s);
                System.out.println(s+"="+out1);
            catch(Exception e)
                System.out.println("Not found");
            }
        }
      }
}
```

