Multithreading and Multiprocessing in Python

1. Multithreading for I/O-bound Tasks

Web scraping often involves making numerous network requests to fetch web pages. These tasks are I/O-bound because they spend a lot of time waiting for responses from servers. Multithreading can significantly improve the performance by allowing multiple web pages to be fetched concurrently.

Code Snippet:

```
import threading # Importing threading module for thread management
import requests # Importing requests library for making HTTP requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup # Importing BeautifulSoup for HTML parsing
urls = [ # List of URLs to scrape
    'https://python.langchain.com/v0.2/docs/introduction/',
    'https://python.langchain.com/v0.2/docs/concepts/',
    'https://python.langchain.com/v0.2/docs/tutorials/'
]
def fetch_content(url): # Function to fetch content from a URL
   response = requests.get(url) # Making an HTTP GET request
    soup = BeautifulSoup(response.content, 'html.parser') # Parsing the HTML content
   print(f"Fetched {len(soup.text)} characters from {url}") # Printing the number of ch
threads = [] # List to hold thread objects
for url in urls: # Iterating over each URL
    thread = threading.Thread(target=fetch_content, args=(url,)) # Creating a new thread
    threads.append(thread) # Adding thread to the list
    thread.start() # Starting the thread
for thread in threads: # Joining all threads
    thread.join() # Waiting for each thread to finish
print('All Web Pages Fetched') # Indicating that all web pages have been fetched
```

2. Multiprocessing for CPU-bound Tasks

Factorial calculations, especially for large numbers, involve significant computational work. Multiprocessing can be used to distribute the workload across multiple CPU cores, improving performance.

Code Snippet:

```
import multiprocessing # Importing multiprocessing module for process management
import math # Importing math module for mathematical functions
import sys # Importing sys module for system-specific parameters
import time # Importing time module for time-related functions
```

```
sys.set_int_max_str_digits(100000) # Setting maximum digits for integer conversion to av

def compute_factorial(number): # Function to compute factorial of a number
    print(f"Computing factorial of {number}") # Indicating which factorial is being comp
    result = math.factorial(number) # Calculating factorial
    print(f"Factorial of {number} is {result}") # Printing the result
    return result # Returning the computed factorial

if __name__ == "__main__": # Checking if the script is run directly
    numbers = [5000, 6000, 7000, 8000] # List of numbers for which factorial will be com
    start_time = time.time() # Recording start time

with multiprocessing.Pool() as pool: # Creating a pool of worker processes
    results = pool.map(compute_factorial, numbers) # Distributing the computation ac
    end_time = time.time() # Recording end time

print(f"Results: {results}") # Printing the results of the computations
    print(f"Time taken: {end_time - start_time} seconds") # Printing the time taken for
```