

~~X86~~ BCD Addition

Binary coded decimal, 0 to 9 (4 bit)

(Hexadecimal Form normally)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 14 \\
 + 28 \\
 \hline
 \end{array}
 \longrightarrow
 \begin{array}{r}
 0001 \quad 0100 \\
 + 0010 \quad 1000 \\
 \hline
 0011 \quad 1100 \\
 + 1 \quad + 0110 \quad \text{greater than 9?} \rightarrow \text{add 6} \\
 \hline
 3 \quad 0010 \\
 4 \quad 2
 \end{array}$$

Eg 24 + 78

5

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0010 \quad 0100 \\
 + 0111 \quad 1000 \\
 \hline
 1001 \quad 1100 \rightarrow \text{greater than 9} \\
 + 0110 = 6 \\
 \hline
 1010 \quad 0010 \\
 + 0110 = 6 \\
 \hline
 10000 \quad 0010 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 0 \quad 2 \rightarrow 102
 \end{array}$$

greater than 9 ←

Eg: 547 + 521

$$\begin{array}{r}
 0101 \quad 0100 \quad 0111 \\
 0101 \quad 0010 \quad 0001 \\
 \hline
 1010 \quad 0110 \quad 1000 \\
 0110 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 0000 \\
 \hline
 1 \quad 0 \quad 6 \quad 8 \rightarrow 1068
 \end{array}$$

## XS3 Addition

non weighted code  
used to simply express the code  
"excess 3", adding 3

Sum of the codes  
is always 9  
8421  $\rightarrow$  not XS3  
2421  $\rightarrow$  XS3

self complementary code

9s complement  $\rightarrow$   
 $\rightarrow$  of 54 =  $99 - 54 = 45$

Adding 1 to 9s complement makes it 10s complement

XS3 for 5  $\rightarrow$  8 = 1000  
Adding 3  $\uparrow$  Complement  
4  $\rightarrow$  7 = 0111

Eg.  $3 + 2$

5	0110	
5	0101	
	1011	
- 3		$\rightarrow$ if no carry is generated 3 is subtracted
	1000	
		= 8 XS3 $\rightarrow$ 5

For XS3 addition,  
 $\rightarrow$  add 3 to both  
 $\rightarrow$  and subtract 3 from ans  
if no carry  
 $\rightarrow$  add 3 if there is  
carry

Eg.  $6 + 8$

9	1000	
11	1011	
	0011	
1	2	if there is carry 3 is added
0011	0011	
	0100	
	0100	$\rightarrow$ 4 <sup>6</sup> XS3 of answer?

Eg  $389^7 + 249 \rightarrow 6 \ 11 \ 10 + 5 \ 7 \ 12$  Aryaman

$387 \rightarrow 6 \ 11 \ 10$   
 $249 \rightarrow 5 \ 7 \ 12$

0110	1011	1010	
0101	0111	1100	
<hr/>			
1100	0011	0110	
-0011	+0011	+0011	
<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	
1001	0110	1001	$\rightarrow 9 \ 6 \ 9 \text{ XS3 form}$

Ans = 636

# Grey Code

- One code change at a time

Binary : 1011  $\rightsquigarrow$  we keep adding while noting MSB

Grey Code : 1101

N	B	G
0	0000	0000
1	0001	0001
2	0010	0011
3	0011	0010
4	0100	0110
5	0101	0111
6	0110	0101
7	0111	0100

↓ Only 1 bit changes

And So On...

To convert from grey to binary

$G \Rightarrow 1011$

$B \Rightarrow 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1$

note MSB

add result to next bit, neglect the carry