





Symbiosis Institute of Technology

PYTHON MINI PROJECT REPORT

GALAGA

MADE BYSAKSHAM GUPTA (21070122137)
SAAHIL SHAIKH (21070122132)
SACHIT DESAI (21070122134)



OBJECTIVE:

The objective of our program is to create a game wherein the user can:

- 1. Control the hero to move left and right
- 2. Shoot lasers to eliminate constantly moving enemies through a field of obstacles
- 3. Increment the score depending on the type of enemy eliminated
- 4. Lose lives for each direct hit to the player
- 5. Win the game when each enemy has been eliminated
- 6. Lose the game when all lives have been lost

This is to be achieved by using previously learned topics such as variables, functions, objects, classes, and modules.

MOTIVATION:

Sharing a common interest in video games from the early 80's, the idea of making our own retro-style video game came quite easily to the three of us. Companies like SEGA, Nintendo, NAMCO, and Atari continued to make ground-breaking games throughout the late 70's and early 80's and laid down the foundations of the video game industry and the gaming culture we see today. Going from one day believing that it would be impossible to play a game on a portable device, to the release of the revolutionary 'GameBoy' in 1989, it definitely inspired many tech enthusiasts to not only develop the game industry, but also to develop technology as a whole.

Many of us have heard stories about how Steve Wozniak and other future co-founders of 'Atari' made the hit game 'breakout' using only 'BASIC'. Making a video game with such a rudimentary programming language was definitely a big feat at the time, and the availability of advanced languages such as python and Java have allowed us to develop similar games much faster and much more efficiently today. Wozniak's story is one of many reasons as to why we were motivated to make a video game, and will complete our objective with the help of the Pygame library of Python.

INTRODUCTION TO PROJECT:

Galaga was a very popular video game in 80s and it created a revolution in the world of Arcade Gaming. Almost every millennial is aware about this game. We have given some modern touch to it, keeping the roots same. Our team has tried to recreate the magic of the video game using Pygame Library.

Pygame is a cross-platform set of Python modules designed for writing video games. It includes computer graphics and sound libraries designed to be used with the Python programming language. Pygame was originally written by Pete Shinners to replace PySDL after its development stalled. It has been a community project since 2000 and is released under the free software GNU Lesser General Public License (which "provides for Pygame to be distributed with open source and commercial software").

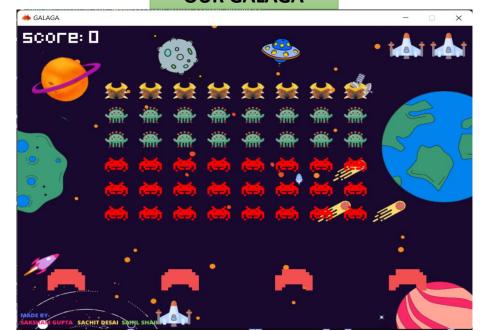
Example of few popular games are as follows:

- Frets on Fire.
- Dangerous High School Girls in Trouble.
- Save the Date, IndieCade 2013 Finalist.

ORIGINAL GALAGA



OUR GALAGA



PROGRAM:

The overall program consists of the following modules :-

- main.py
- player.py
- laser.py
- obstacle.py
- alien.py

```
main.py
```

214

215

pygame.display.flip()

clock.tick(60)

```
import pygame, sys
     from player import Player
     import obstacle
     from alien import Alien, Extra
     from random import choice, randint
     from laser import Laser
     class Game:
         def __init__(self):
             # Player setup
 10
             player_sprite = Player((screen_width / 2,screen_height),screen_width,5)
 11
 12
             self.player = pygame.sprite.GroupSingle(player_sprite)
 13
 14
             # health and score setup
 15
             self.lives =3
 16
             self.live_surf = pygame.image.load('../graphics/player.png').convert_alpha()
 17
             self.live_x_start_pos = screen_width - (self.live_surf.get_size()[0] * 2 + 20)
             self.score = 0
 18
             self.font = pygame.font.Font('../font/Pixeled.ttf',20)
 19
             # Obstacle setup
 21
 22
             self.shape = obstacle.shape
 23
             self.block_size = 6
 24
             self.blocks = pygame.sprite.Group()
 25
             self.obstacle_amount = 4
 26
             self.obstacle_x_positions = [num * (screen_width / self.obstacle_amount) for num in range(self.obstacle_amount)]
             self.create_multiple_obstacles(*self.obstacle_x_positions, x_start = screen_width / 15, y_start = 480)
 27
 28
 29
             # Alien setup
 30
             self.aliens = pygame.sprite.Group()
 31
             self.alien_lasers = pygame.sprite.Group()
 32
             self.alien_setup(rows = 6, cols = 8)
             self.alien_direction = 1
 33
 34
 35
             # Extra setup
 36
             self.extra = pygame.sprite.GroupSingle()
 37
             self.extra_spawn_time = randint(40,80)
 38
 39
             # Audio
             music = pygame.mixer.Sound('../audio/music.wav')
 40
             music.set_volume(0.2)
 41
             music.play(loops = -1)
 42
             self.laser_sound = pygame.mixer.Sound('../audio/laser.wav')
 43
             self.laser sound.set volume(0.5)
 44
             self.explosion_sound = pygame.mixer.Sound('../audio/explosion.wav')
 45
             self.explosion_sound.set_volume(0.3)
 46
 47
         def create_obstacle(self, x_start, y_start,offset_x):
 48
             for row_index, row in enumerate(self.shape):
 49
                 for col_index,col in enumerate(row):
 50
                     if col == 'x':
 51
 52
                         x = x_start + col_index * self.block_size + offset_x
                         y = y_start + row_index * self.block_size
 53
                         block = obstacle.Block(self.block_size,(241,79,80),x,y)
 54
 55
                          self.blocks.add(block)
 56
 57
         def create_multiple_obstacles(self,*offset,x_start,y_start):
 58
             for offset_x in offset:
 59
                 self.create_obstacle(x_start,y_start,offset_x)
 60
 61
         def alien_setup(self,rows,cols,x_distance = 60,y_distance = 48,x_offset = 70, y_offset = 100):
             for row_index, row in enumerate(range(rows)):
 62
                 for col_index, col in enumerate(range(cols)):
 63
                     x = col_index * x_distance + x_offset
 64
                     y = row_index * y_distance + y_offset
 65
 66
 67
                     if row_index == 0: alien_sprite = Alien('yellow',x,y)
                     elif 1 <= row_index <= 2: alien_sprite = Alien('green',x,y)</pre>
 68
                     else: alien_sprite = Alien('red',x,y)
 70
                     self.aliens.add(alien_sprite)
 71
 72
         def alien_position_checker(self):
 73
             all_aliens = self.aliens.sprites()
             for alien in all_aliens:
 74
 75
                 if alien.rect.right >= screen_width:
                      self.alien_direction = -1
 76
                      self.alien_move_down(2)
 77
                 elif alien.rect.left <= 0:
 78
 79
                      self.alien_direction = 1
                      self.alien_move_down(2)
 80
 81
         def alien_move_down(self,distance):
 82
 83
             if self.aliens:
                 for alien in self.aliens.sprites():
 84
 85
                      alien.rect.y += distance
 86
         def alien_shoot(self):
 87
 88
             if self.aliens.sprites():
                 random_alien = choice(self.aliens.sprites())
 89
                 laser_sprite = Laser(random_alien.rect.center,6,screen_height)
 90
                 self.alien_lasers.add(laser_sprite)
 91
                 self.laser sound.play()
 92
 93
         def extra_alien_timer(self):
 94
             self.extra_spawn_time -= 1
 95
             if self.extra_spawn_time <= 0:</pre>
 96
                 self.extra.add(Extra(choice(['right','left']),screen_width))
 97
                 self.extra_spawn_time = randint(400,800)
 98
 99
         def collision_checks(self):
100
101
102
             # player lasers
             if self.player.sprite.lasers:
103
                 for laser in self.player.sprite.lasers:
104
                     # obstacle collisions
105
                     if pygame.sprite.spritecollide(laser,self.blocks,True):
106
                          laser.kill()
107
108
109
110
                     # alien collisions
                      aliens_hit = pygame.sprite.spritecollide(laser,self.aliens,True)
111
                     if aliens_hit:
112
                          for alien in aliens hit:
113
114
                              self.score += alien.value
115
                          laser.kill()
116
                          self.explosion_sound.play()
117
                     # extra collision
118
119
                      if pygame.sprite.spritecollide(laser,self.extra,True):
120
                          self.score += 500
121
                          laser.kill()
122
123
             # alien lasers
124
             if self.alien_lasers:
                 for laser in self.alien_lasers:
125
                      # obstacle collisions
126
                      if pygame.sprite.spritecollide(laser,self.blocks,True):
127
                          laser.kill()
128
129
                      if pygame.sprite.spritecollide(laser,self.player,False):
130
131
                          laser.kill()
                          self.lives -= 1
132
                         if self.lives <= 0:
133
134
                              pygame.quit()
135
                              sys.exit()
136
             # aliens
137
             if self.aliens:
138
                 for alien in self.aliens:
139
140
                      pygame.sprite.spritecollide(alien, self.blocks, True)
141
                      if pygame.sprite.spritecollide(alien, self.player, False):
142
143
                          pygame.quit()
144
                          sys.exit()
145
146
         def display_lives(self):
             for live in range(self.lives - 1):
147
148
                 x = self.live_x_start_pos + (live * (self.live_surf.get_size()[0] + 10))
                 screen.blit(self.live_surf,(x,8))
149
150
151
         def display_score(self):
152
             score_surf = self.font.render(f'score: {self.score}',False,'white')
153
             score_rect = score_surf.get_rect(topleft = (10,-10))
154
             screen.blit(score_surf,score_rect)
155
         def victory_message(self):
156
             if not self.aliens.sprites():
157
                 victory_surf = self.font.render('VICTORY',False,'white')
158
159
                 victory_rect = victory_surf.get_rect(center = (screen_width / 2, screen_height / 2))
                 screen.blit(victory_surf, victory_rect)
160
161
         def run(self):
162
163
             self.player.update()
164
             self.alien_lasers.update()
             self.extra.update()
165
166
             self.aliens.update(self.alien_direction)
167
168
             self.alien_position_checker()
169
             self.extra_alien_timer()
             self.collision_checks()
170
171
172
             self.player.sprite.lasers.draw(screen)
173
             self.player.draw(screen)
             self.blocks.draw(screen)
174
             self.aliens.draw(screen)
175
             self.alien_lasers.draw(screen)
176
177
             self.extra.draw(screen)
             self.display_lives()
178
             self.display_score()
179
             self.victory_message()
180
181
182
183
     if __name__ == '__main__':
184
         pygame.init()
         screen_width = 800
185
186
         screen height = 600
187
         pygame.display.set_caption("GALAGA")
188
         pygame.display.set_icon(pygame.image.load('../graphics/icon.png'))
189
190
         screen = pygame.display.set_mode((screen_width,screen_height))
191
         clock = pygame.time.Clock()
192
193
         background = pygame.image.load('../graphics/background.png')
194
         game = Game()
195
196
197
198
         ALIENLASER = pygame.USEREVENT + 1
199
         pygame.time.set_timer(ALIENLASER,800)
200
201
         while True:
             screen.blit(background, (0, 0))
202
             for event in pygame.event.get():
203
204
                 if event.type == pygame.QUIT:
                     pygame.quit()
205
                      sys.exit()
206
                 if event.type == ALIENLASER:
207
208
                     game.alien shoot()
209
210
             # screen.fill((30,30,30))
211
             game.run()
212
213
```

player.py

```
import pygame
    from laser import Laser
 3
    # Making Player Class
 4
    class Player(pygame.sprite.Sprite):
        def __init__(self,pos,constraint,speed):
 6
            super().__init__()
            self.image = pygame.image.load('../graphics/player.png').convert_alpha()
 8
            self.rect = self.image.get_rect(midbottom = pos)
 9
            self.speed = speed
10
11
            self.max_x_constraint = constraint
            self.ready = True
12
            self.laser_time = 0
13
            self.laser_cooldown = 600
14
15
            self.lasers = pygame.sprite.Group()
16
17
            self.laser_sound = pygame.mixer.Sound('../audio/laser.wav')
18
             self.laser_sound.set_volume(0.5)
19
20
        def get_input(self):
21
             keys = pygame.key.get_pressed()
22
23
            if keys[pygame.K_RIGHT] or keys[pygame.K_d]:
24
25
                 self.rect.x += self.speed
             elif keys[pygame.K_LEFT] or keys[pygame.K_a]:
26
                 self.rect.x -= self.speed
27
28
            if keys[pygame.K_SPACE] and self.ready:
29
                 self.shoot_laser()
30
                 self.ready = False
31
32
                 self.laser_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
                 self.laser_sound.play()
33
34
        def recharge(self):
35
            if not self.ready:
36
                 current_time = pygame.time.get_ticks()
37
                 if current_time - self.laser_time >= self.laser_cooldown:
38
                     self.ready = True
39
40
        def constraint(self):
41
42
            if self.rect.left <= 0:
                 self.rect.left = 0
43
            if self.rect.right >= self.max_x_constraint:
44
                 self.rect.right = self.max_x_constraint
45
46
47
        def shoot_laser(self):
             self.lasers.add(Laser(self.rect.center, -8, self.rect.bottom))
48
49
        def update(self):
50
             self.get_input()
51
52
             self.constraint()
             self.recharge()
53
             self.lasers.update()
54
```

laser.py

```
import pygame
 2
    class Laser(pygame.sprite.Sprite):
 3
 4
        def __init__(self,pos,speed,screen_height):
            super(). init ()
 5
            self.image = pygame.image.load('../graphics/bullet.png').convert_alpha()
 6
            self.rect=self.image.get_rect(center=pos)
            self.speed = speed
 8
            self.height_y_constraint = screen_height
 9
10
11
        def destroy(self):
12
            if self.rect.y <= -50 or self.rect.y >= self.height_y_constraint + 50:
13
14
                self.kill()
15
16
        def update(self):
            self.rect.y += self.speed
17
            self.destroy()
18
19
```

obstacle.py

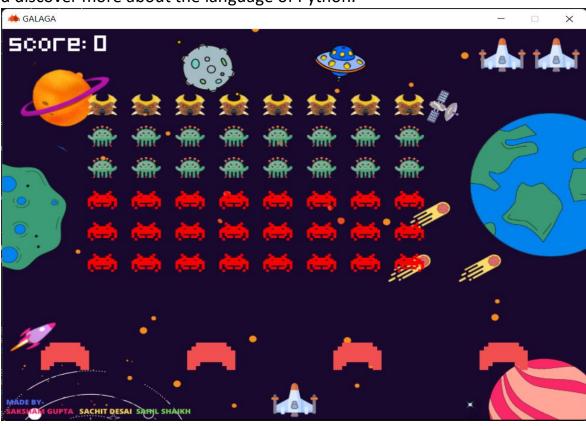
```
import pygame
 2
 3
    class Block(pygame.sprite.Sprite):
 4
        def __init__(self,size,color,x,y):
 5
            super().__init__()
            self.image = pygame.Surface((size, size))
 6
            self.image.fill(color)
 8
            self.rect = self.image.get_rect(topleft = (x,y))
 9
    shape = [
10
   ' xxxxxxxx',
11
   ' XXXXXXXXXX',
12
   'xxxxxxxxxxx',
13
14
   'xxxxxxxxxxx',
   'xxxxxxxxxxx',
15
   'xxx xxx',
16
            xx']
17
    'xx
```

alien.py

```
import pygame
 2
    class Alien(pygame.sprite.Sprite):
 3
        def __init__(self,color,x,y):
 4
            super().__init__()
            file_path = '../graphics/' + color + '.png'
 6
            self.image = pygame.image.load(file_path).convert_alpha()
            self.rect = self.image.get_rect(topleft = (x,y))
 8
 9
            if color == 'red': self.value = 100
10
            elif color == 'green': self.value = 200
11
            else: self.value = 300
12
13
        def update(self,direction):
14
15
            self.rect.x += direction
16
    class Extra(pygame.sprite.Sprite):
17
        def __init__(self,side,screen_width):
18
            super().__init__()
19
            self.image = pygame.image.load('../graphics/extra.png').convert_alpha()
20
21
            if side == 'right':
22
                x = screen_width + 50
23
                 self.speed = -3
24
25
            else:
                x = -50
26
                self.speed = 3
27
28
            self.rect = self.image.get_rect(topleft = (x,80))
29
30
        def update(self):
31
32
            self.rect.x += self.speed
```

RESULT AND DISCUSSION:

After running the Program, the user will be able to play the game on his laptop with the help of his keyboard and the basic controls of WASD, arrow keys, and the space bar. The game will continue till the enemies get eliminated or the player runs out of the allotted three lives for the game. A victory bar is displayed once the player wins the game. The group members learned the fundamentals of Pygame and understood the concept of Classes and Objects. As far as the entire project is concerned, it was not an easy task to learn and implement the fundamentals on this scale and helped us get out of our comfort zone and discover more about the language of Python.





CONCLUSION:

Our team has worked hard to create this beautiful game from the era which paved the way for many modern games. The game brings back a wave of nostalgia from when arcades were booming, with a modern design. In an era where gaming has gone to levels where we are almost close to feeling the game's environment with the help of modern technologies, we must not forget to appreciate the things that are the reason this industry is what it is today. And as an ode to the classics, we present 'Galaga' to you.

REFERENCES:

freeCodeCamp.org

Pygame Tutorial for Beginners - Python Game Development Course - YouTube

www.pygame.org