# IR Assignment - 4

# Saksham Pandey - 2021486

# 1. Processing Steps

# **Downloading NLTK Resources:**

- punkt: A tokenizer for splitting text into a list of sentences.
- stopwords: Commonly used words ('the', 'is', etc.) that usually have little lexical content.
- wordnet: A lexical database for the English language which helps in lemmatization.

# **Loading the Data:**

 The dataset Reviews.csv is loaded from the ./Dataset/ directory. A random sample of 0.5% (frac=0.005) of the data is taken to simplify the processing load.

# **Dropping Missing Values:**

 Any reviews with missing 'Text' or 'Summary' fields are dropped to ensure data integrity.

## Text Cleaning Function:

- clean text: Defines a function to clean the text fields.
- Removes any character that is not alphanumeric (using a regular expression).
- Converts the text to lowercase and splits it into words (tokenization).
- Removes common English stopwords.
- Applies lemmatization to each word to reduce it to its base or root form.

#### **Applying the Cleaning Function:**

 The clean\_text function is applied to both the 'Text' and 'Summary' columns of the dataset

# 2. Saving the Preprocessed Files

The preprocessed fraction of the dataset was stored in a separate csv file for further processing and model training

# 3. GPT-2 Fine-Tuning for Text Summarization

#### **Tokenization:**

- The GPT2Tokenizer is loaded from the pre-trained 'gpt2' model.
- This tokenizer converts text to a format suitable for input to the GPT-2 model.

#### **Dataset Splitting:**

• The dataset is split into training and testing sets using train\_test\_split with 25% of the data reserved as the test set.

#### **Custom Dataset Class**

ReviewSummaryDataset:

- A custom PyTorch Dataset class to handle the tokenization and preparation of data for the model.
- The class takes lists of texts and summaries and a tokenizer, tokenizing and encoding them into the required format for GPT-2.
- The dataset returns input ids and attention mask for each item.

# **Model Initialization and Training**

- Model Initialization:
  - The GPT2LMHeadModel is instantiated from the pre-trained 'gpt2' configuration.
- DataLoader Setup:
  - A DataLoader is created to handle batching and shuffling of the data during training.
- Training Loop:
  - The model is trained for several epochs using the AdamW optimizer.
  - Loss is calculated and optimized for each batch.

# 4. GPT-2 Summarization Evaluation

#### Model and Tokenizer Initialization:

 The GPT-2 model and tokenizer are loaded from the pre-trained 'gpt2' configuration. The model is set to evaluation mode to disable training-specific operations like dropout.

# **Data Preparation:**

 The ReviewSummaryDataset is instantiated with test data, and a DataLoader is created to manage batching.

## **Summary Generation Function:**

 A function to generate summaries from the test dataset using the model. The function handles model inference, generating outputs for given input data, and decoding these outputs back into text.

# **ROUGE Score Calculation:**

 After generating summaries, their quality is assessed using the ROUGE metric which compares them to actual summaries. This function calculates and returns ROUGE-1, ROUGE-2, and ROUGE-L scores.