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```
In [1]:
          #Wap that takes a positive integers and returns the sum of the cube of all the posit
          a=int(input("Enter te Specified No.:- "))
          n=int(input("No. of time you want to enter integer:- "))
          for x in range(0,n):
              m=int(input("Enter the Positive Integer :- "))
              if(m<a):</pre>
                   s+=m*m*m
          print("The sum is:- ",s)
         Enter te Specified No.:- 5
         No. of time you want to enter integer:- 3
         Enter the Positive Integer :- 1
         Enter the Positive Integer :- 2
         Enter the Positive Integer :- 6
         The sum is:- 9
 In [2]:
          #Wap that takes a sequence of numbers and determine whether all the numbers are diff
          lst=[]
          n=int(input("enter size"))
          for i in range(0,n):
              x=int(input())
              lst.append(x)
          flag=True
          for i in range(0,n):
              for j in range(i+1,n):
                   if(lst[i]==lst[j]):
                      flag=False
                      break
          if(flag):
              print("UNIQUE")
          else:
              print("NOT UNIQUE")
         enter size5
         2
         3
         NOT UNIQUE
In [16]:
          #Wap to remove and print every third number from a list of numbers until the list be
          size=int(input("Enter list size"))
          for i in range(size):
              1.append(int(input()))
          print('removal operation:')
          i=2
          while len(1)>2:
              if i>=len(1):
                   i=i-len(1)
              print(l.pop(i))
              i=i+2
          if i==4:
              print(l.pop(0))
          else:
              print(1.pop())
          print(l.pop())
```

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Enter list size5
        2
        3
        4
        5
        removal operation:
        1
        5
        2
        4
In [5]:
         #Implement Binary Search using list data structure.
         def binary_search(arr,low,high,x):
             if high>=low:
                 mid=(high+low)//2
                 if arr[mid]==x:
                      return mid
                  elif arr[mid]>x:
                      return binary_search(arr,low,arr[midd]-1,x)
                 else:
                      return binary_search(arr,mid+1,high,x)
             else:
                 return -1
         arr= [2,3,4,10,40]
         x=10
         result=binary_search(arr,0,len(arr)-1,x)
         if result!=-1:
                print("Element is present at index",str(result))
         else:
                print("Element is not present in array")
        Element is present at index 3
In [6]:
```

```
#Use list Data Structure to multiply two matrices. Enter elements in a tuple- find Ma
R = int(input("Enter the number of rows:"))
C = int(input("Enter the number of columns:"))
X= []
print("Enter the values")
for i in range(R):
    temp1=[]
    for j in range(C):
         temp1.append(int(input()))
    X.append(temp1)
Row = int(input("Enter the number of rows:"))
Col = int(input("Enter the number of columns:"))
Y = []
print("Enter the values")
for i in range(Row):
    temp2 = []
    for j in range(Col):
         temp2.append(int(input()))
    Y.append(temp2)
#L=[0 for i in range(Col)]
```

```
#result=[l for i in range(R)]
          result = [[0 for i in range(Col)] for j in range(R)]
          for i in range(len(X)):
              for j in range(len(Y[0])):
                  for k in range(len(Y)):
                     result[i][j] += X[i][k] * Y[k][j]
          for r in result:
             print(r)
          #2nd part
          def tuplemax(tup,K):
              tup = list(tup)
              temp = sorted(tup)
              result = tuple(temp[:K] + temp[-K:])
              print("Max and Min K elements : ",result)
          size=int(input("Enter list size"))
          for i in range(size):
              1.append(int(input()))
          tup=tuple(1)
          #tup = (13, 10, 23, 2, 5, 6, 12, 7, 1, 8)
          K = int(input("enter vales you want"))
          print("The original tuple: ", tup)
          tuplemax(tup,K)
In [24]:
          #Write a function matchparenthesis(s) that uses string s to see if the starting and
          def matchparenthesis(s):
              ope = []
              clo = []
              for i in range(0,len(s)):
                  l = s[i]
                  if 1 == "(":
                      ope = ope+["("]
                  else:
                      if 1 == ")":
                          clo = clo+[")"]
                      else:
                          return(ope, clo)
              if len(ope)==len(clo):
                  print(True)
              else:
                  print(False)
In [15]:
          #Wap to read a string text and count the numbers of characters in the string and sto
          def char_frequency(str1):
              dict = {}
              for n in str1:
                  keys = dict.keys()
                  if n in keys:
                      dict[n] += 1
                  else:
                      dict[n] = 1
              return dict
          print(char_frequency('google.com'))
         {'g': 2, 'o': 3, 'l': 1, 'e': 1, '.': 1, 'c': 1, 'm': 1}
```

In []: