



Computer Science

Theory of Computation

Context Free Languages

Lecture No.- 3

A portrait of a man with a beard and mustache, wearing a black polo shirt, standing with his arms crossed in front of a bookshelf. The image is partially obscured by a diagonal white line.

Mallesham Devasane Sir

Recap of Previous Lecture



Topic

Context Free Grammar

Topic

Push Down Automata Basics

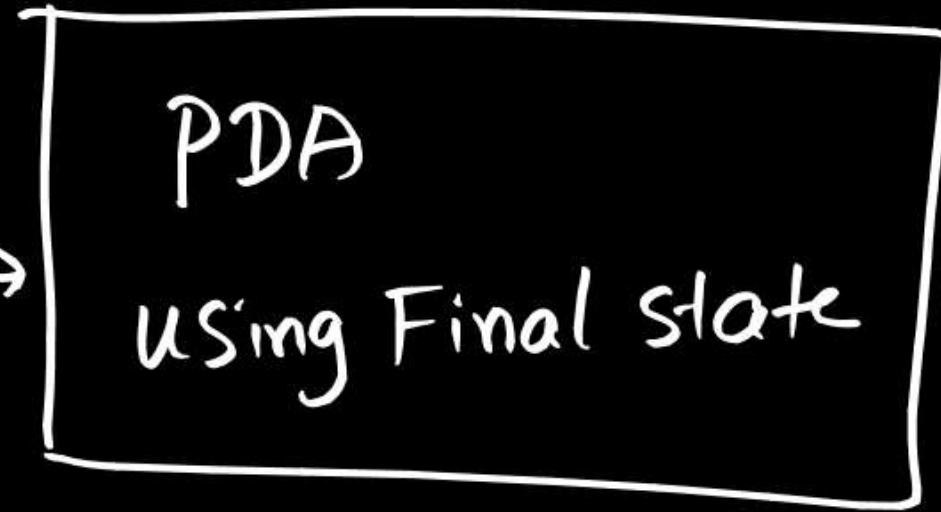
Topics to be Covered



Topic

Push Down Automata Construction

Input
 w



If w is valid,
atleast one path must
halt at final state.

What is Σ ?

Σ

Σ_ϵ

What is Γ ?

Γ
DPDA

Γ^*
PDA

What is operation?

Γ/Γ^*

Γ^*/Γ^*

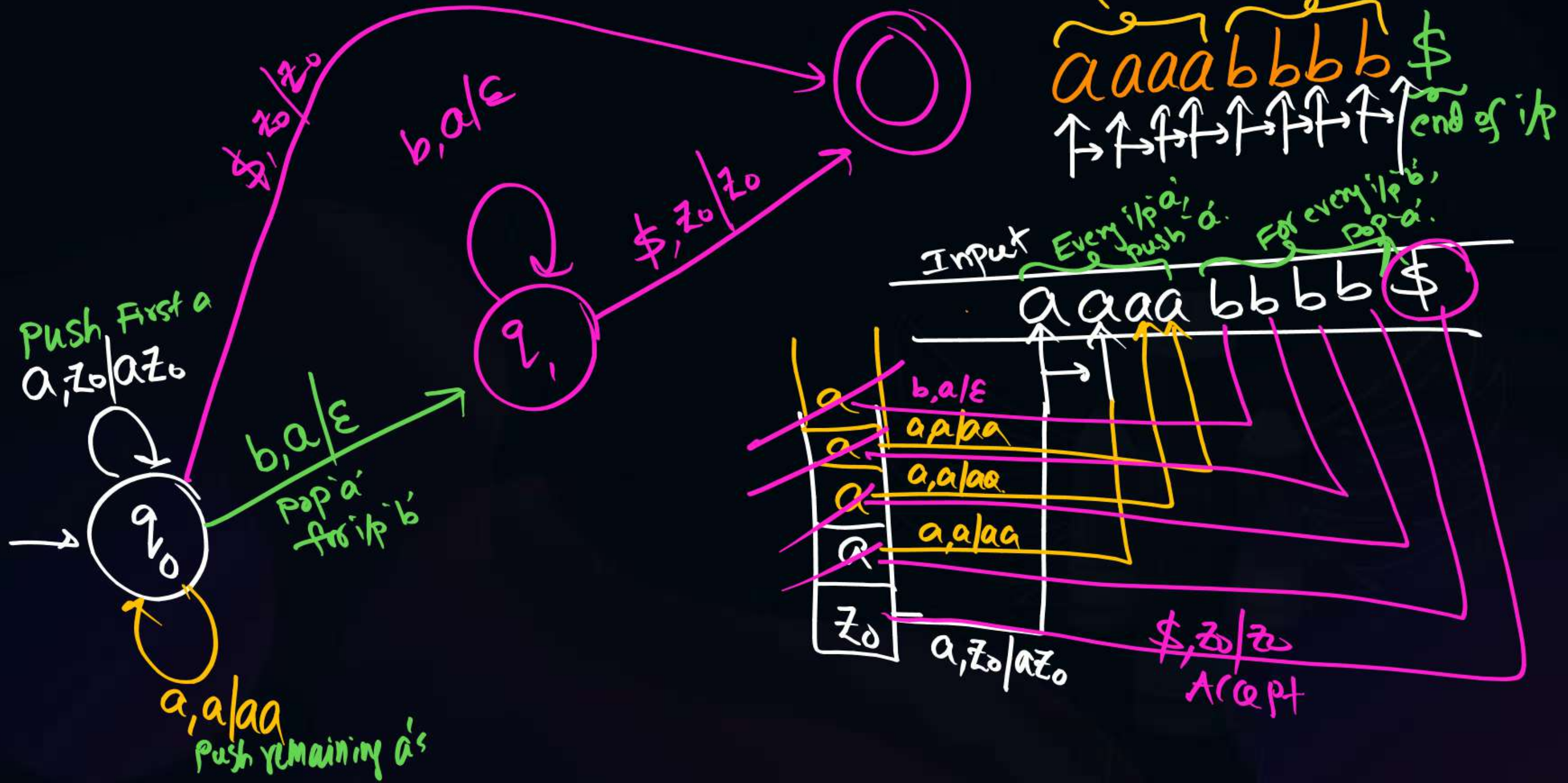
DPDA: $Q \times \Sigma \times \Gamma \rightarrow Q \times \Gamma^*$

PDA: $Q \times \Sigma_\epsilon \times \Gamma^* \rightarrow Q \times \Gamma^*$

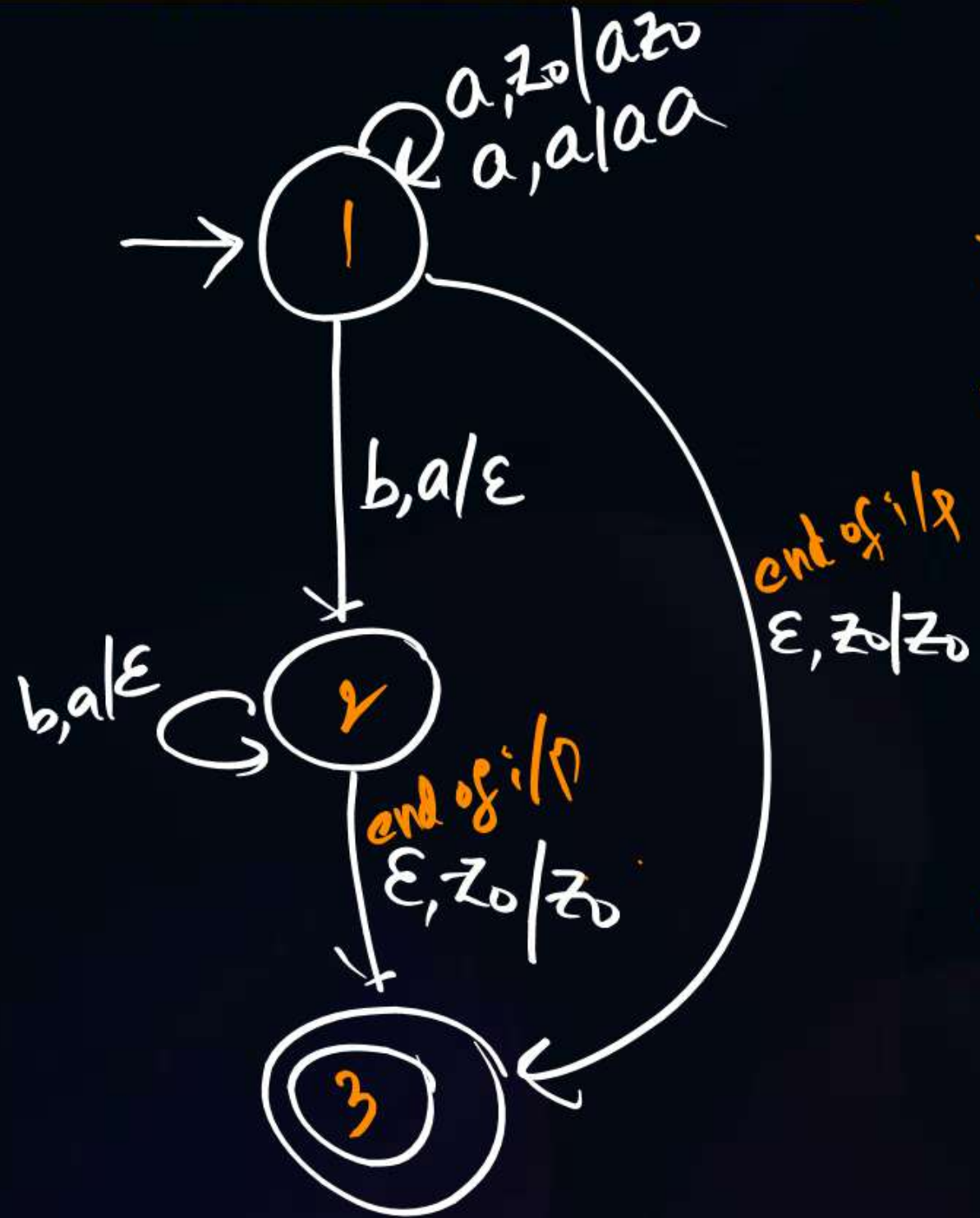
Push Down Automata



① $L = \{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\} = \{\epsilon, ab, aabb, aaaa bbbb, a^4 b^4, \dots\}$



Push Down Automata



✓ $\epsilon : 1 \xrightarrow{\epsilon, z_0} 3$

✗ $a : 1 \xrightarrow[a \text{ push}]{a, z_0} 1 \xrightarrow[\text{no transition}]{\epsilon, a}$

$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ z_0 \end{bmatrix}$

✗ $b : 1 \xrightarrow{b, z_0} \text{no transition}$

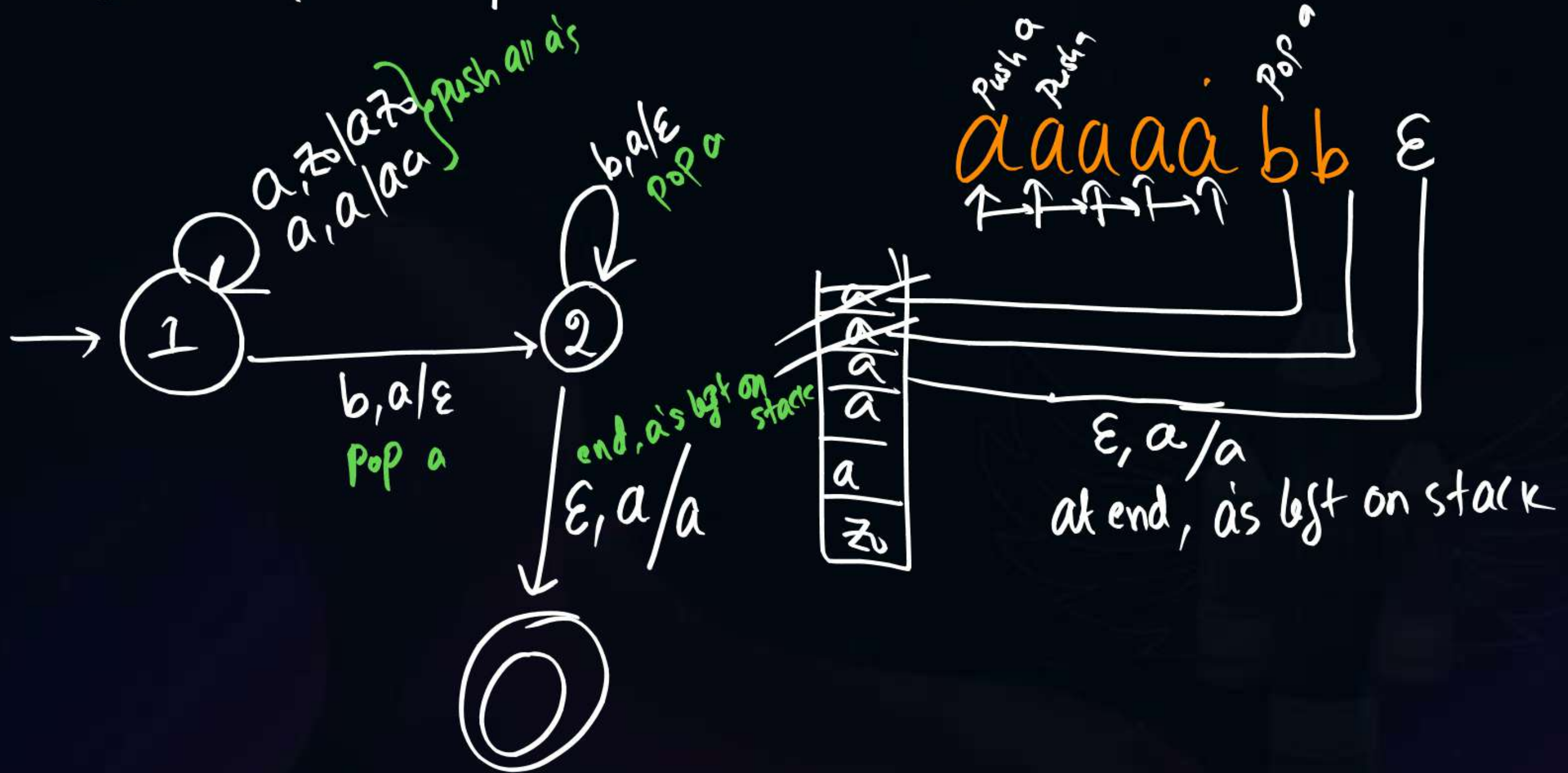
✗ $aa : 1 \xrightarrow[push]{a, z_0} 1 \xrightarrow[push]{a, a} 1 \xrightarrow[\text{no transition}]{\epsilon, a}$

$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ a \\ z_0 \end{bmatrix}$

✓ $ab : 1 \xrightarrow[push]{a, z_0} 1 \xrightarrow[pop]{b, a} 2 \xrightarrow{\epsilon, z_0} 3$

~~$\begin{bmatrix} a \\ z_0 \end{bmatrix}$~~

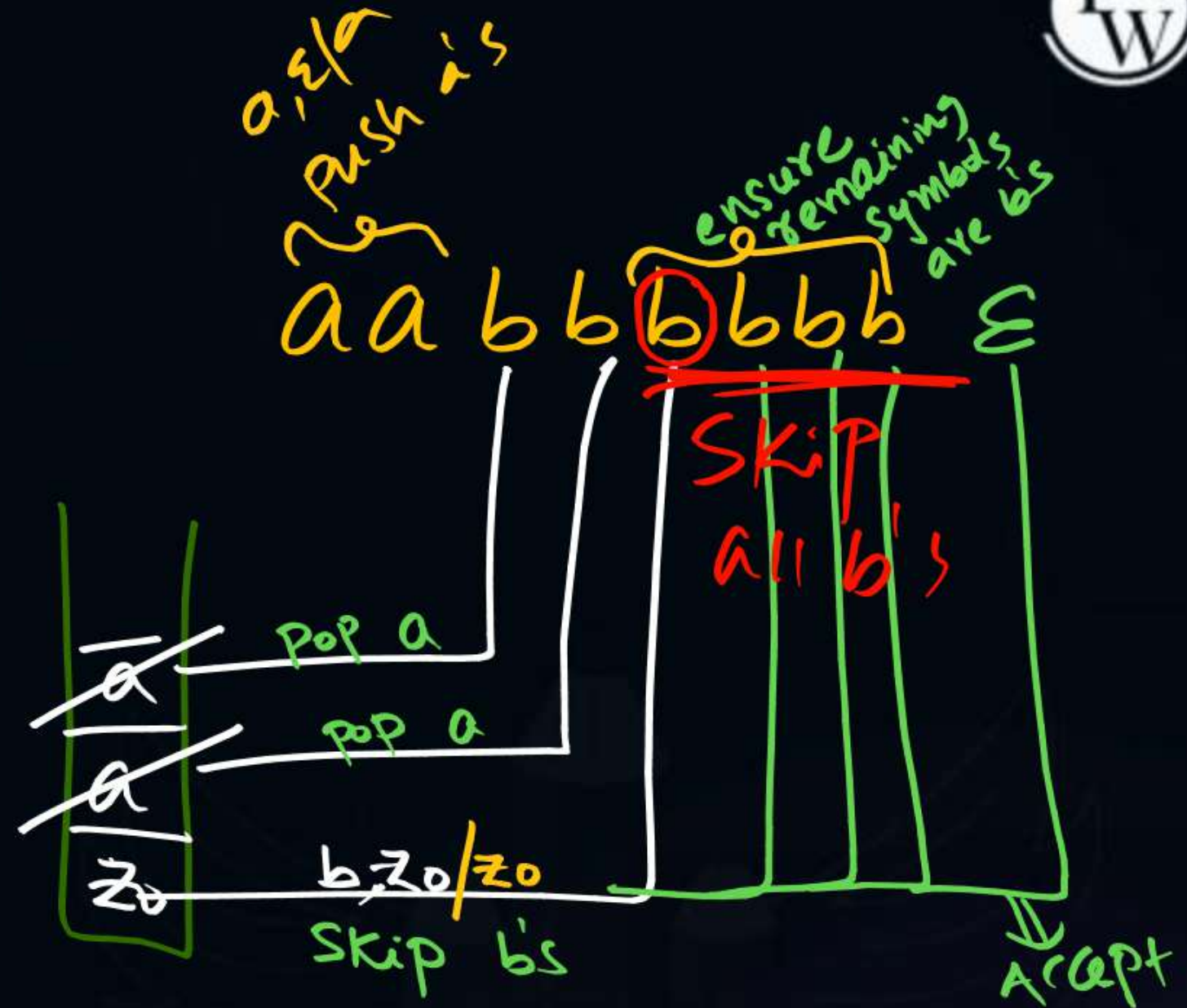
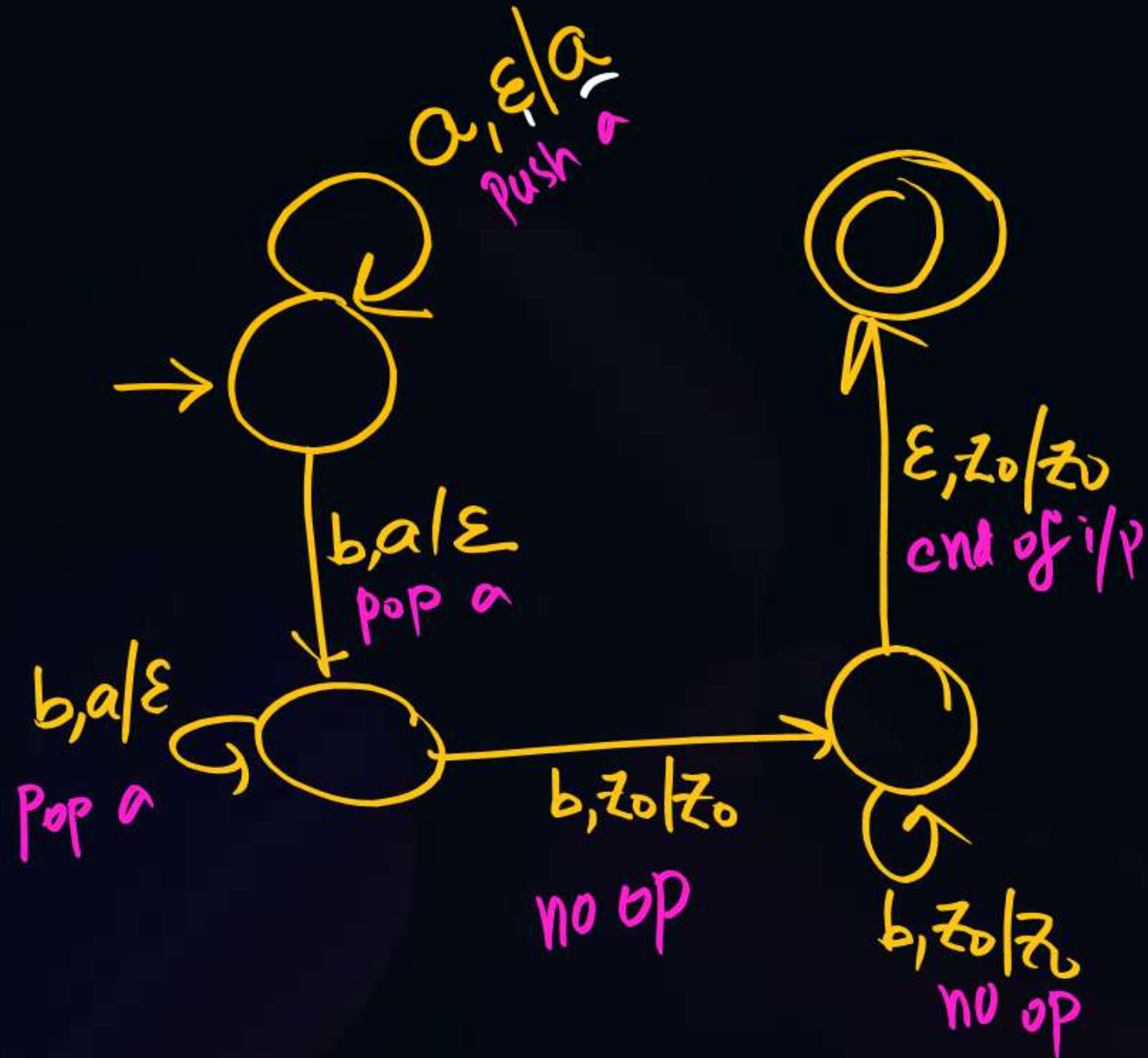
(2) $\{ a^m b^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m > n \}$



Push Down Automata



③ $\{a^m b^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m < n\}$



$b, z_0 / z_0$

$a, \epsilon / a$

↑ ↑
push 'a'

read 'a'

Don't look at stack

Push a

$\epsilon, \epsilon / \epsilon$

↑

Don't read i/p
Don't look at stack
no operation

$\epsilon, a / a$

Don't read input
tos is 'a'
No operation

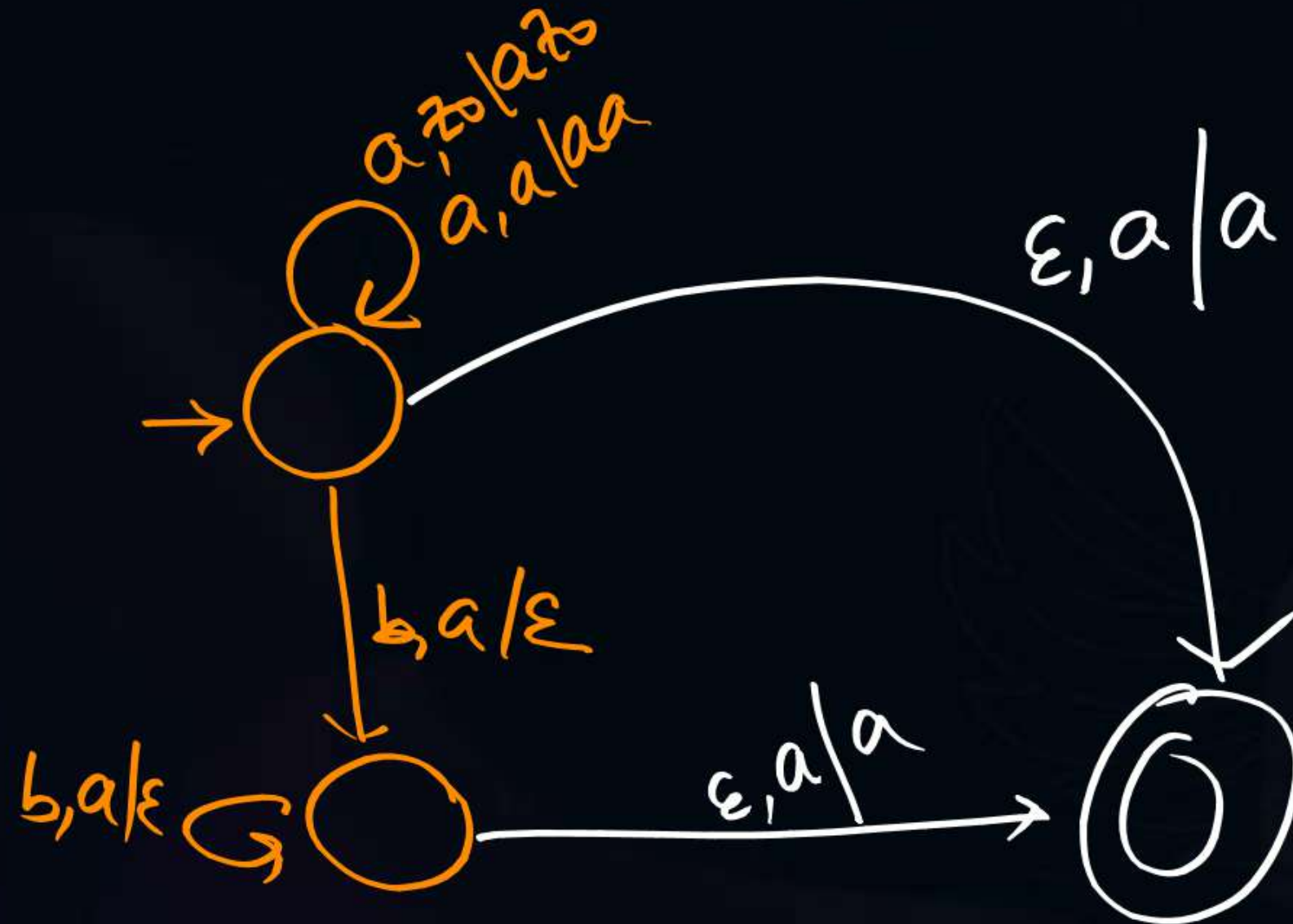
$a, b / \epsilon$

↖ ↘

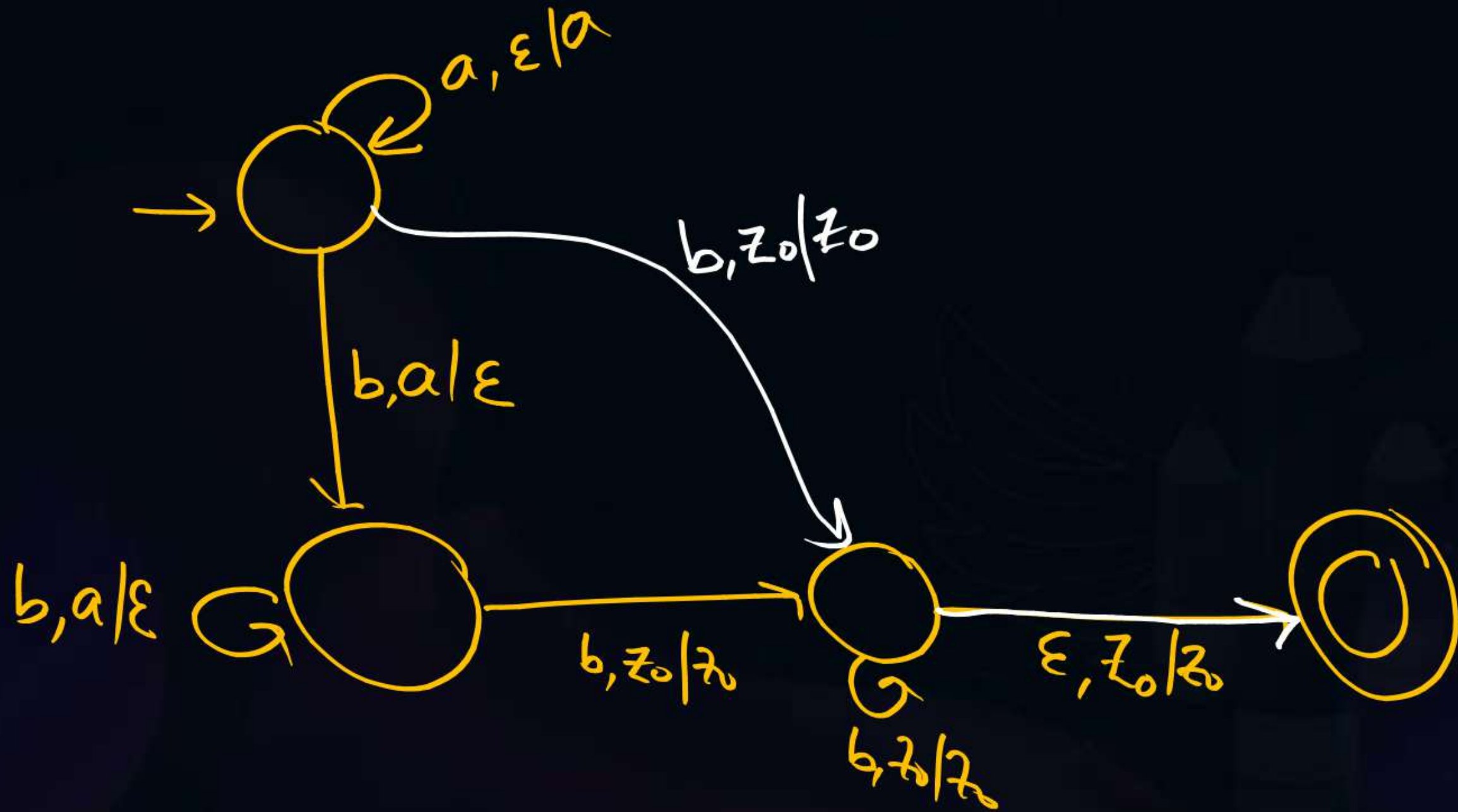
Read a
tos 'b'

pop 'b'

$$\textcircled{4} \{a^m b^n \mid m > n, m, n \geq 0\} = \textcircled{2} \cup a^+$$

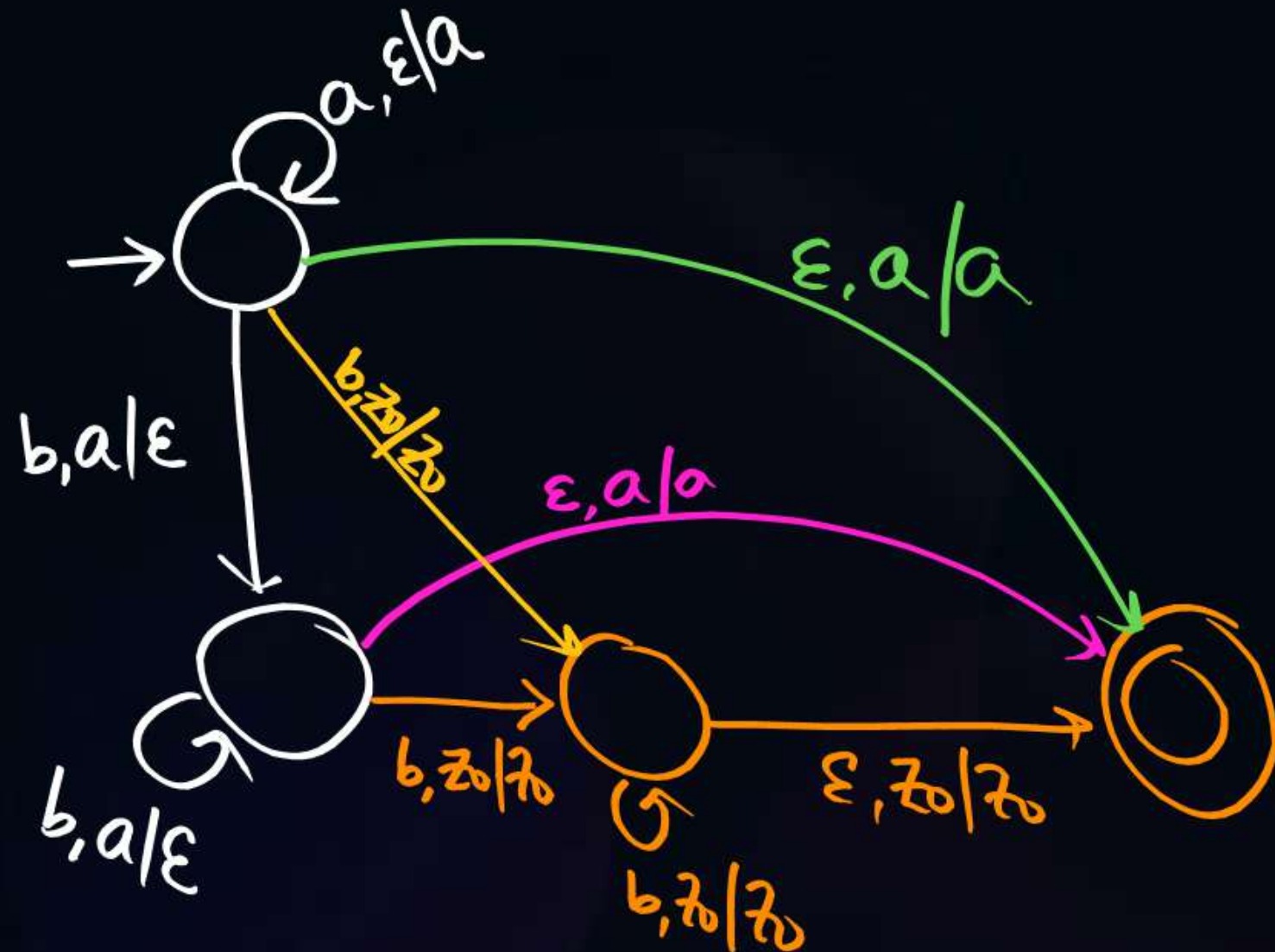


$$\textcircled{5} \quad \{a^m b^n \mid m < n\} = \textcircled{3} \cup b^+$$



$$\textcircled{6} \{a^m b^n \mid m \neq n, m, n \geq 0\}$$

$$= \textcircled{7} \cup a^+ \cup b^+$$

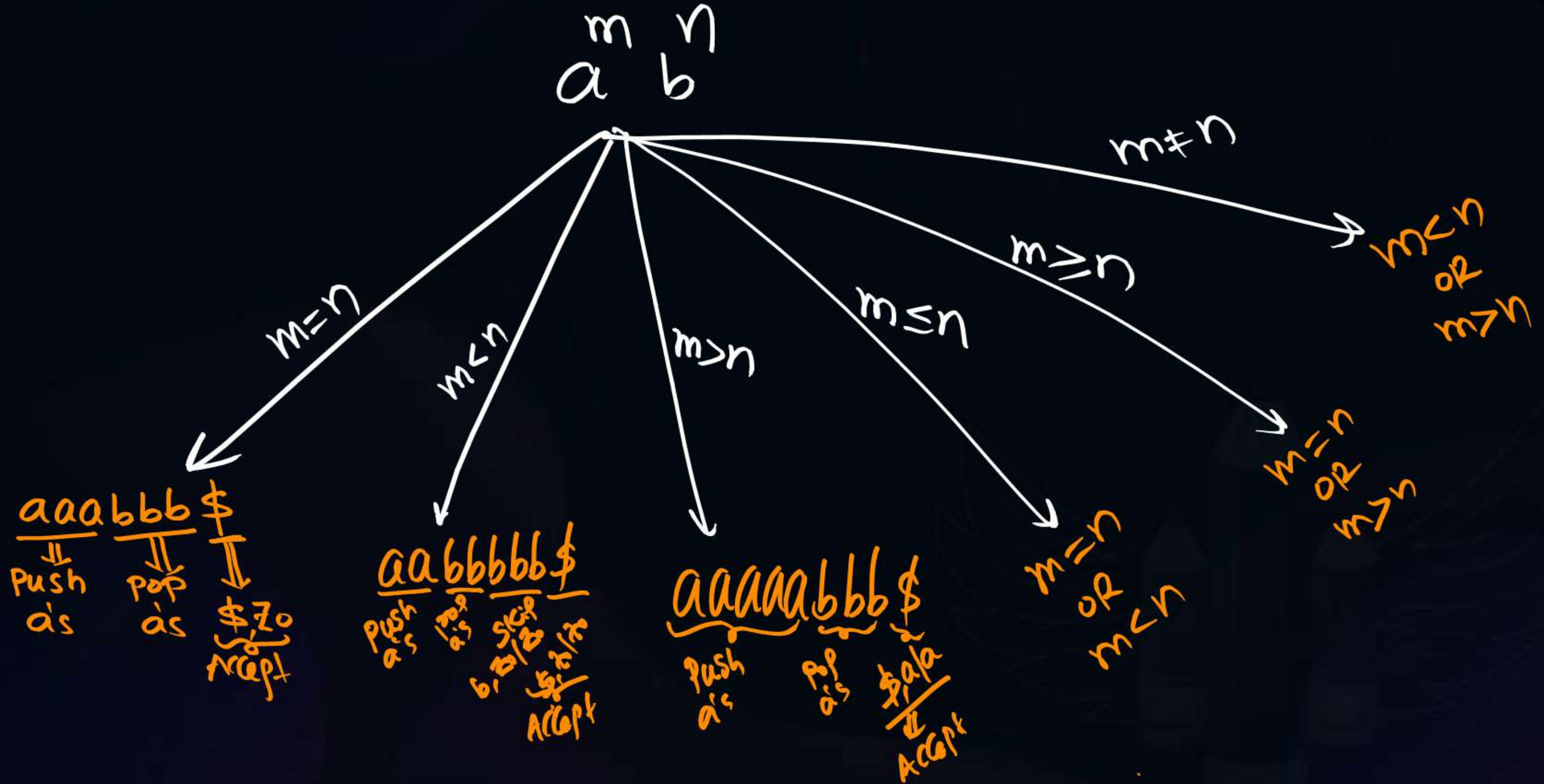


$$\textcircled{7} \{a^m b^n \mid m \neq n, m, n \geq 1\}$$

$m < n$
or
 $m > n$

$$= \textcircled{2} \cup \textcircled{3}$$





H.W.

⑧ $\{b^n a^n \mid n \geq 1\}$

⑨ $\{b^m a^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m > n\}$

⑩ $\{b^m a^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m < n\}$

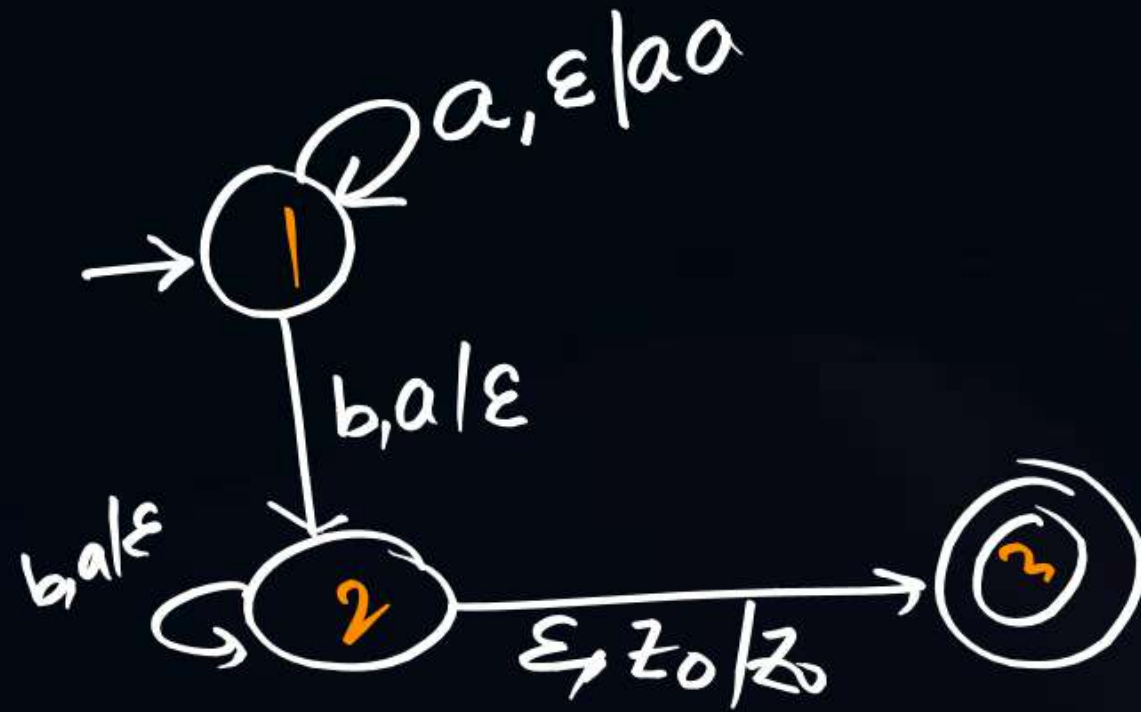
⑪ $\{b^m a^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m \neq n\}$

⑫ $\{b^m a^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m \geq n\}$

⑬ $\{b^m a^n \mid m, n \geq 1, m \leq n\}$

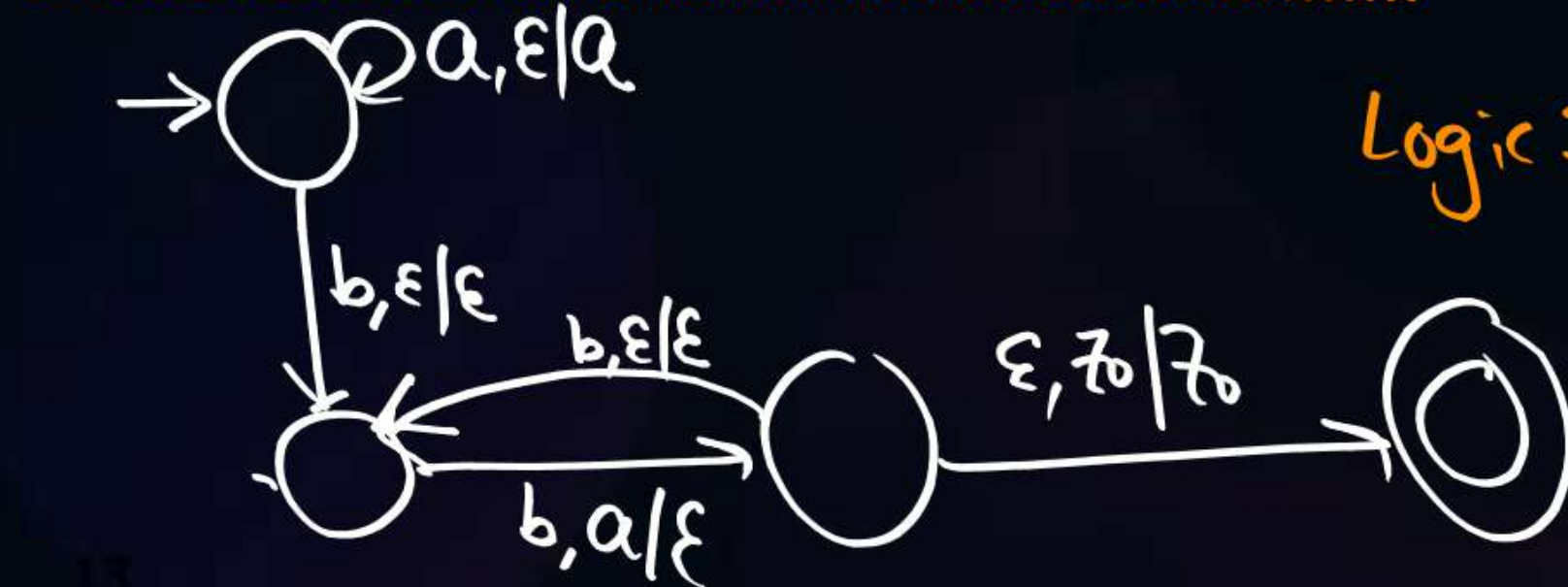
m n
 $\underbrace{b}_{\text{push } b's}$ $\underbrace{a}_{\text{pop } b's}$

(14) $\{a^n b^{2n} \mid n \geq 1\}$



Logic I: Every $a \Rightarrow$ push 2a's

Every $b \Rightarrow$ pop 1a
end \Rightarrow z_0 left on stack



Logic II: Every $a \Rightarrow$ push 1a

Every 2b's \Rightarrow pop 1a
end \Rightarrow z_0 left on stack

aaa bbbbbb \$

$$15) \{a^{2n} b^n \mid n \geq 1\}$$

H.W.

Logic I: For every input $a \Rightarrow$ push 1 a
For every input $b \Rightarrow$ pop 2 a 's
at end of i/p \Rightarrow Stack only has z_0

Logic II: For every 2 a 's \Rightarrow push 1 a
For every $b \Rightarrow$ pop 1 a
at end $\Rightarrow z_0$ appear on stack

(16) $\{w \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*, n_a(w) = n_b(w)\}$

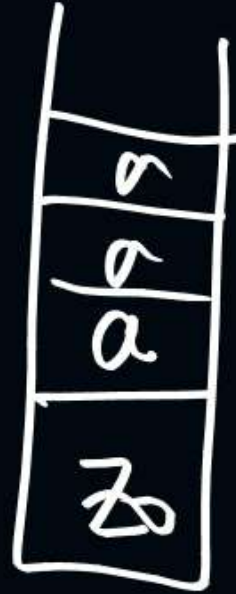
(I)



$\frac{a \text{ or } b}{\uparrow}$
push input

$a, z_0 / a z_0$
 $b, z_0 / b z_0$

(II)



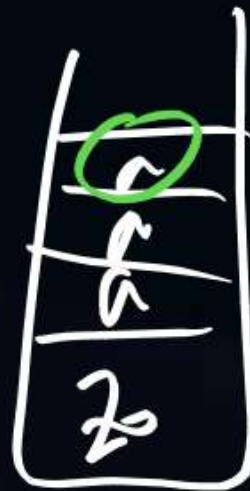
$\frac{a}{\uparrow}$
If $ts = i/p$
push input

$a, a / a a$
 $b, b / b b$



$\frac{b}{\uparrow}$
push 'b'

(III)



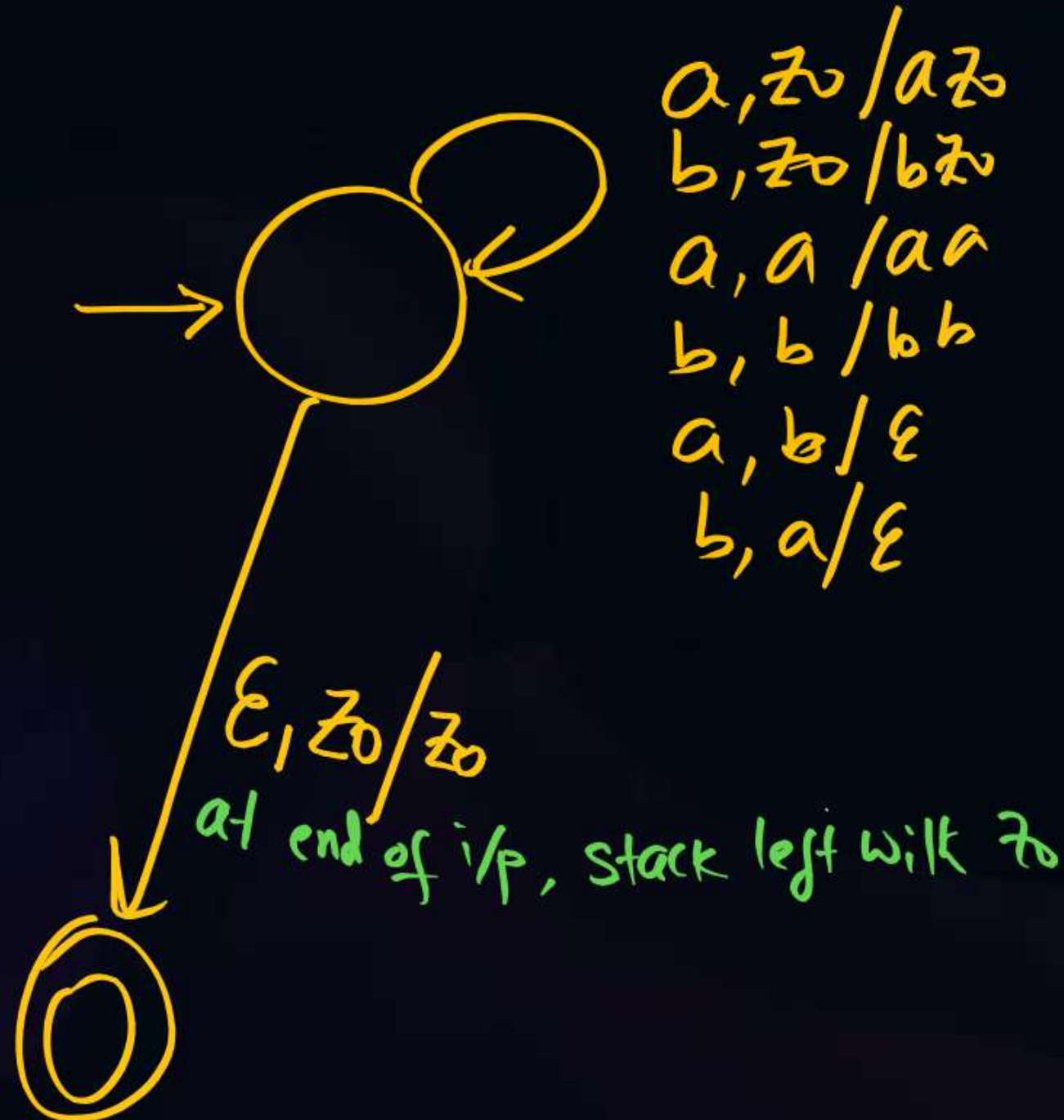
$\frac{}{\downarrow}$
pop ts



$\frac{}{\downarrow}$
pop ts

$a, b / \epsilon$
 $b, a / \epsilon$

(16) $\{w \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*, n_a(w) = n_b(w)\}$



$\epsilon \checkmark$

$a \epsilon \times$

$b \times$

$aa \times$

$ab \epsilon \checkmark$

$ba \checkmark$

$aabb \checkmark$

$bbaa \checkmark$

$abab \checkmark$

$abba \checkmark$



16) $\{w \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*, n_a(w) = n_b(w)\}$ →

17) $\{w \mid n_a(w) > n_b(w)\}$ →

18) $\{w \mid n_a(w) < n_b(w)\}$ →

19) $\{w \mid n_a(w) \neq n_b(w)\}$ →

20) $\{w \mid n_a(w) \leq n_b(w)\}$ →

21) $\{w \mid n_a(w) \geq n_b(w)\}$ →

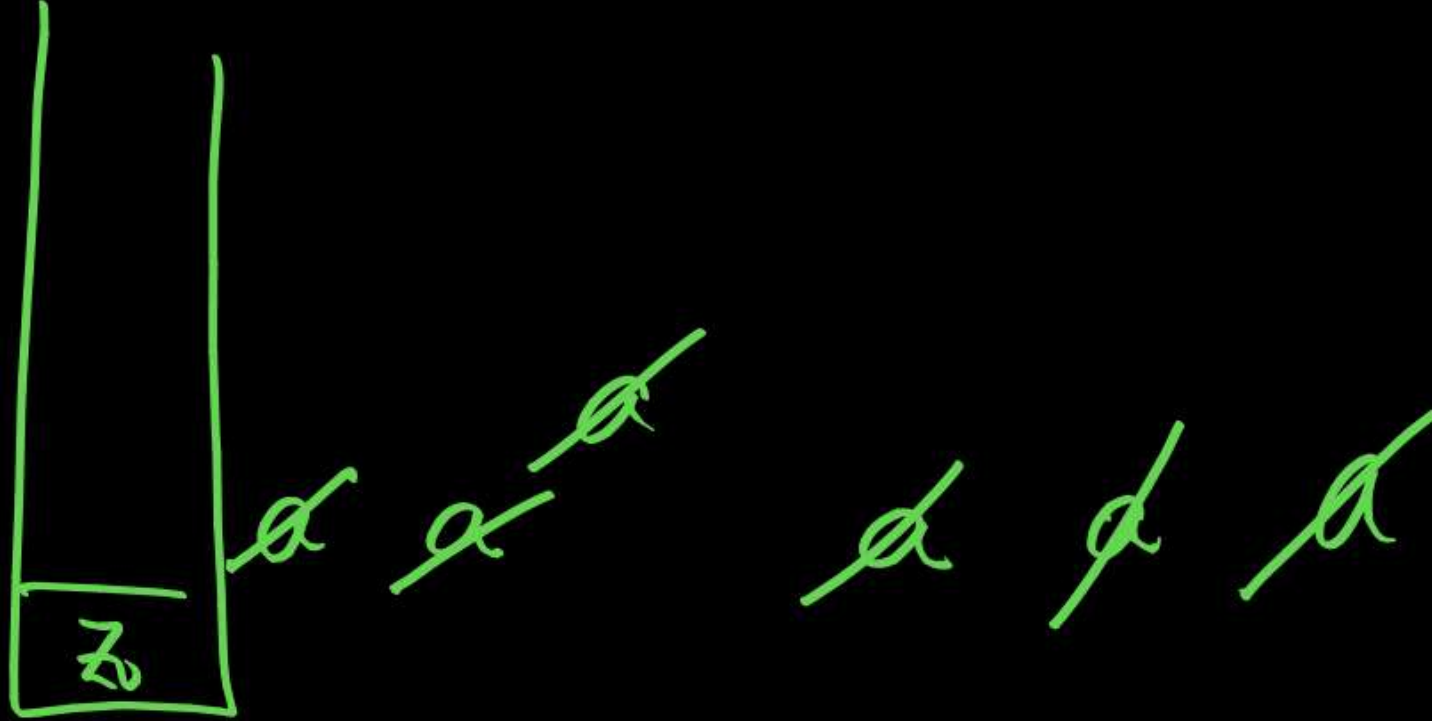
Handwritten notes on the left margin:
 ✓
 baaε
 [z0]
 a

a b a a b b a b a b a b

push pop push push pop pop push pop push pop push pop

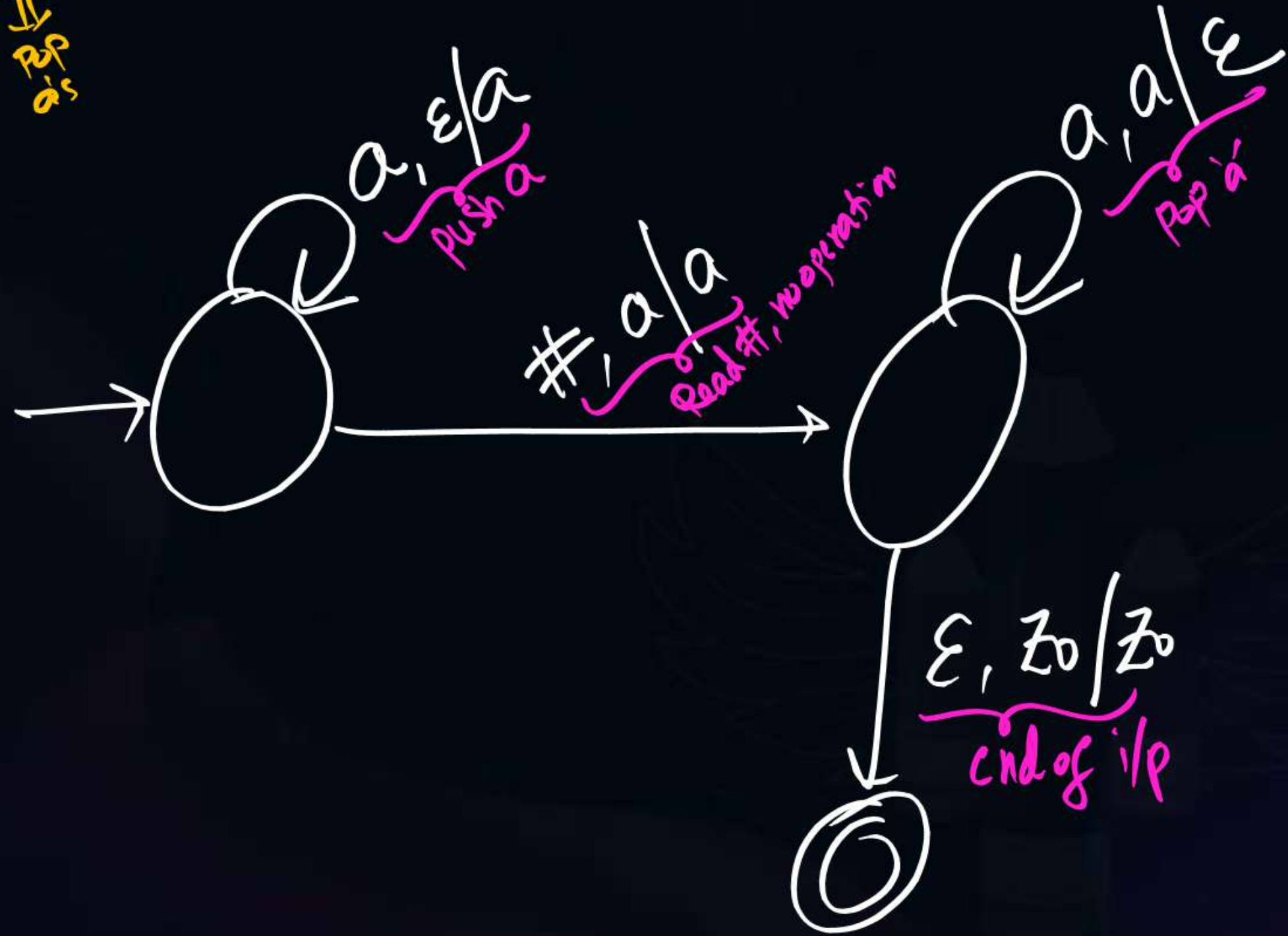
ϵ

end of input



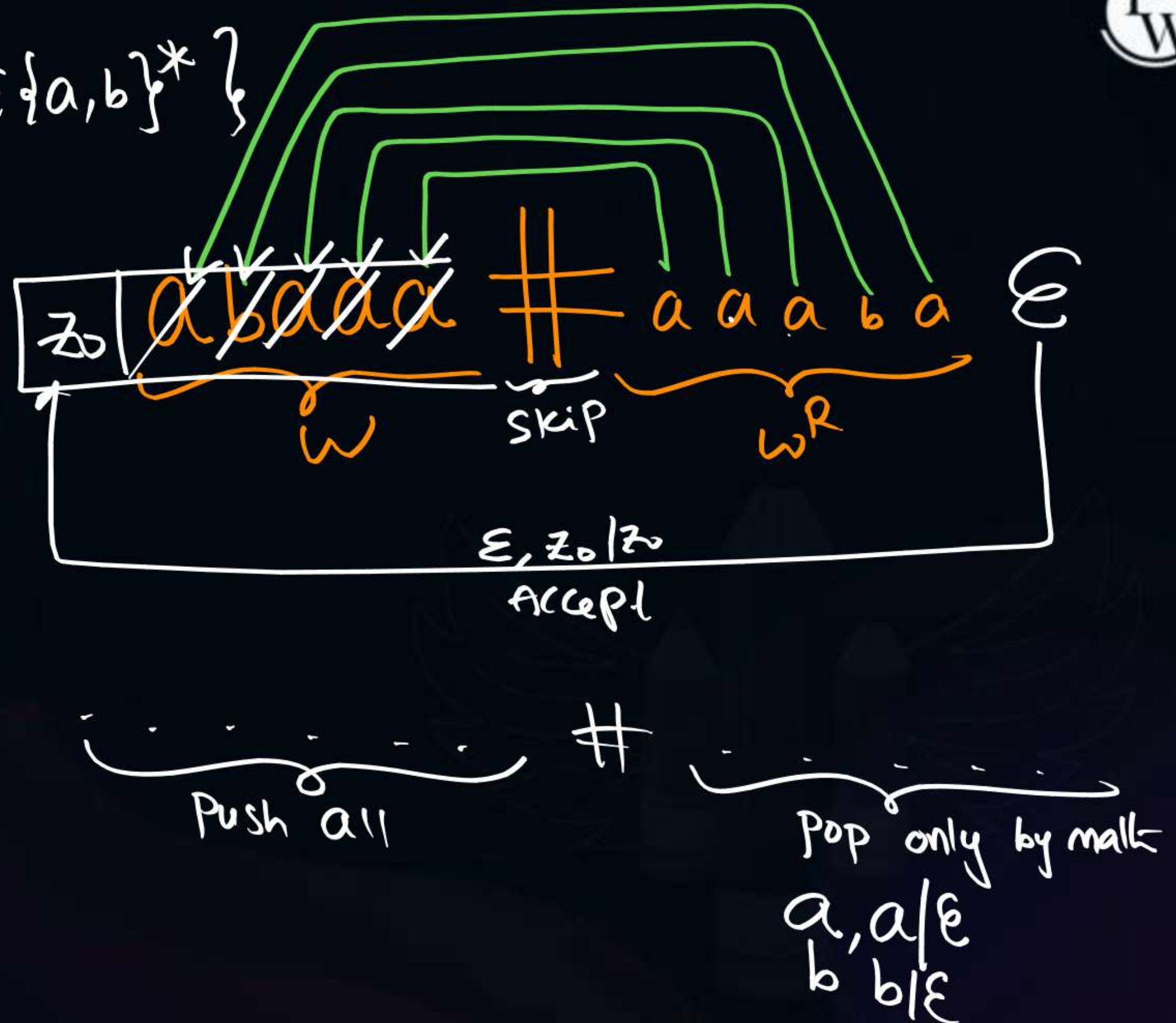
(22) $\{a^n \# a^n \mid n \geq 1\}$

$\overline{\text{push } a's}$ $\overline{\text{skip}}$ $\overline{\text{pop } a's}$



(23) $\{w \# w^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$

#✓
 a#a✓
 b#b✓
 aa#aa✓
 ab#ba✓
 ba#ab✓
 bb#bb✓



$\{w \# w^R \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$

push
skip
pop by matching

$a, z_0 / a z_0$
 $b, z_0 / b z_0$
 $a, a / a a$
 $b, a / a b$
 $a, b / b a$
 $b, b / b b$

DPDA
PDA

$\#, z_0 / z_0$
 $\#, a / a$
 $\#, b / b$

$a, a / \epsilon$
 $b, b / \epsilon$

$\epsilon, z_0 / z_0$

$a, \epsilon / a$
 $b, \epsilon / b$

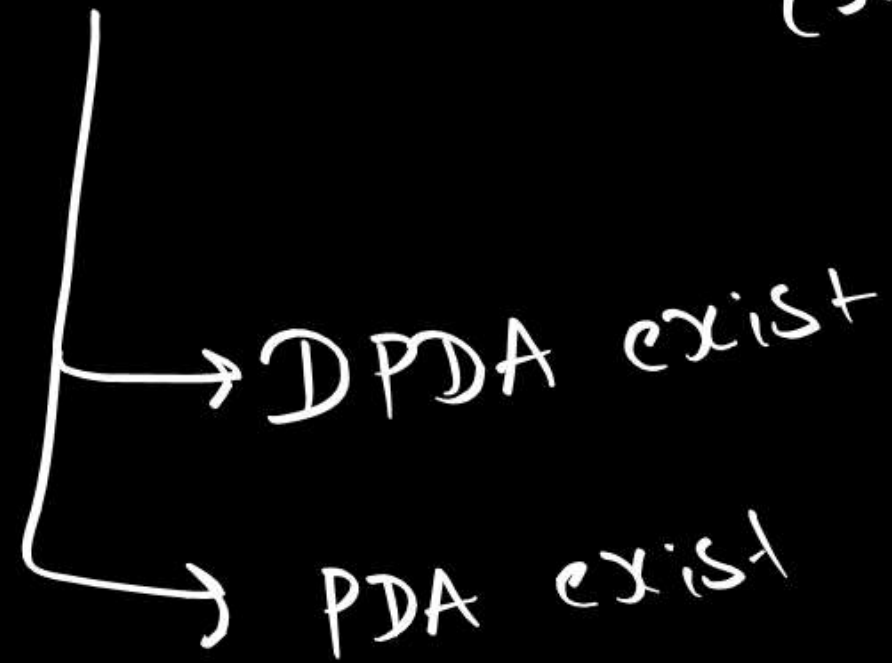
not DPDA
It is PDA

$\#, \epsilon / \epsilon$

$\epsilon, z_0 / z_0$

$a, a / \epsilon$
 $b, b / \epsilon$

All previous 23 languages are DCFLs
(so, CFLs)



*** (24) $\{ww^R \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$

- DPDA not exist
- It has PDA
- It is CFL but not DCFL

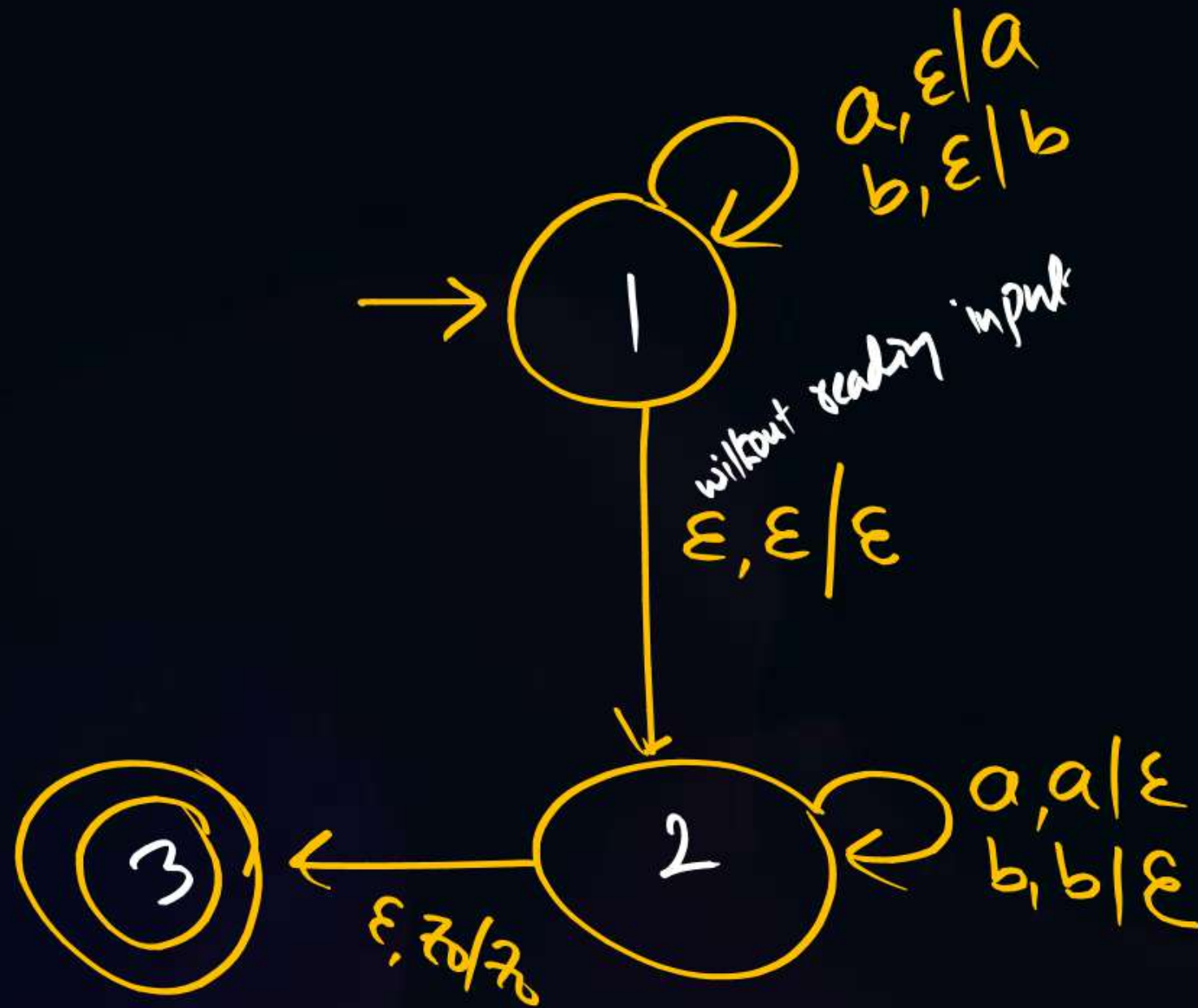
$$\{ww^R \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\} = \{\epsilon, aa, bb, abba, aaaa, bbbb, baab, \dots\}$$

aa
 ↑ ↑
 { reverse will begin }
 $aaaa$
 ↑ ↑ ↑ ↑
 { reverse will not begin }

previous
 |
 previous

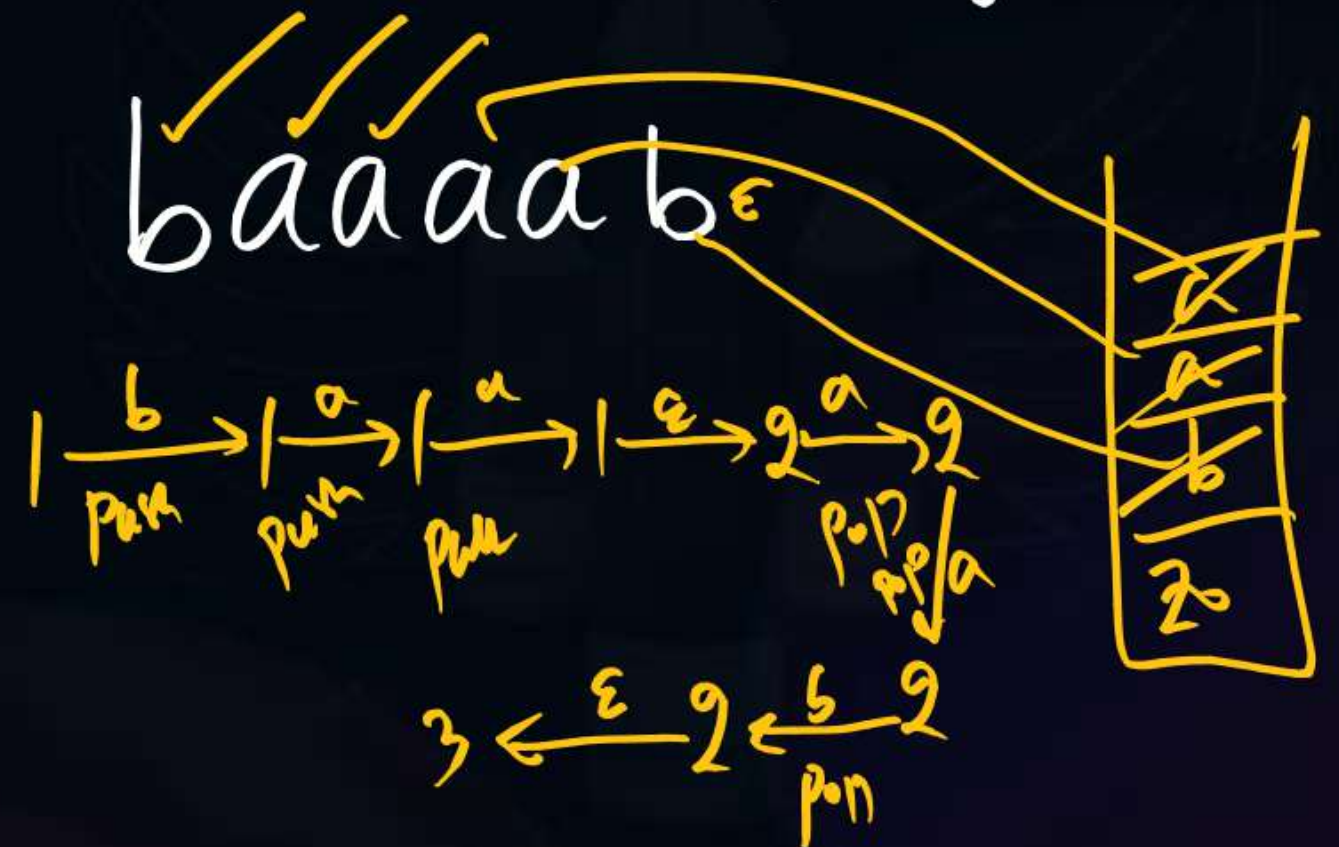
If $previous = previous$
 (top)
 ↓
 w_R may begin
 w_R may not begin

(24) $\{ww^R \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\} = \{\epsilon, aa, \dots\}$

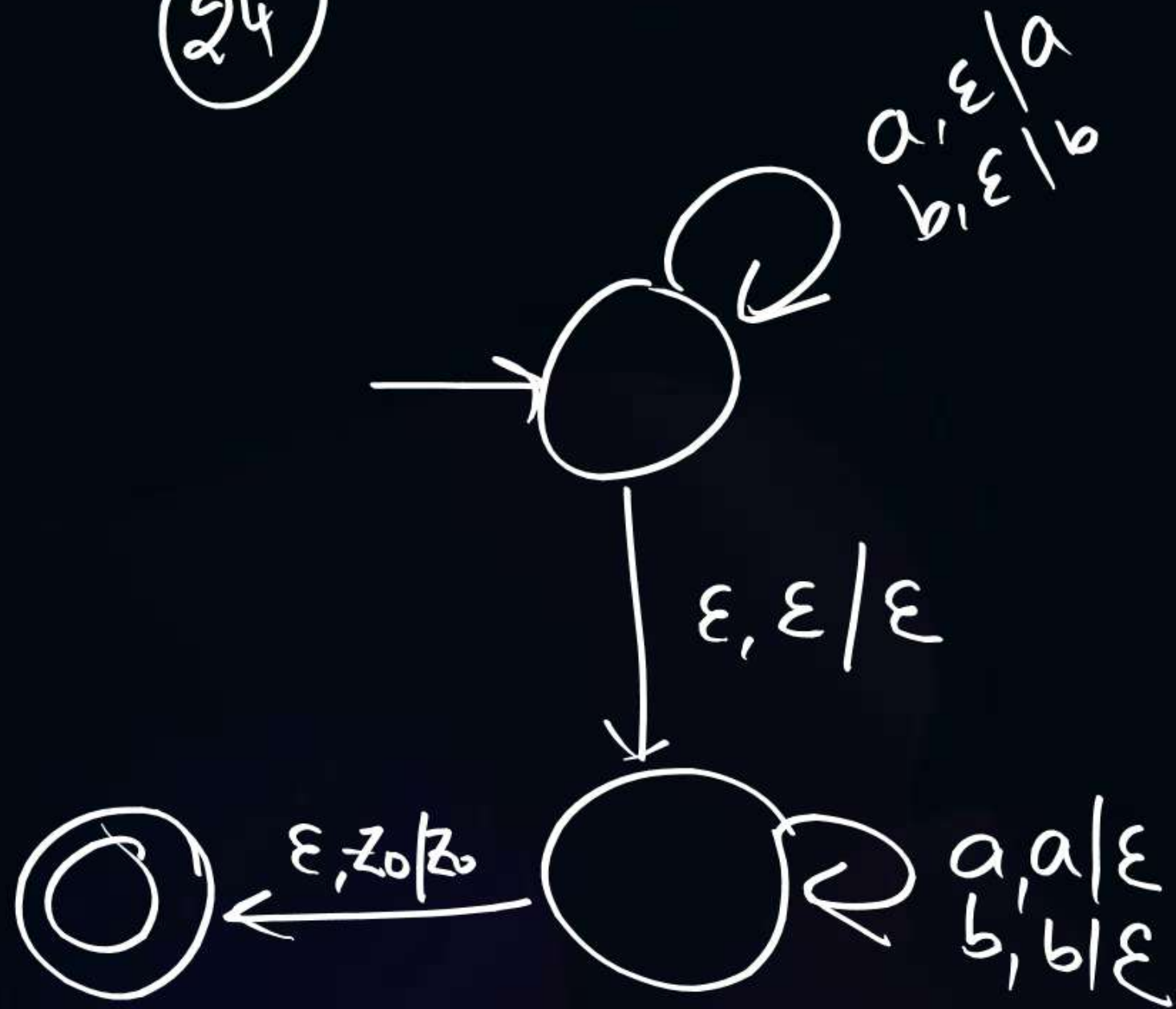


If string is valid,

Can we find a path that ends at final?

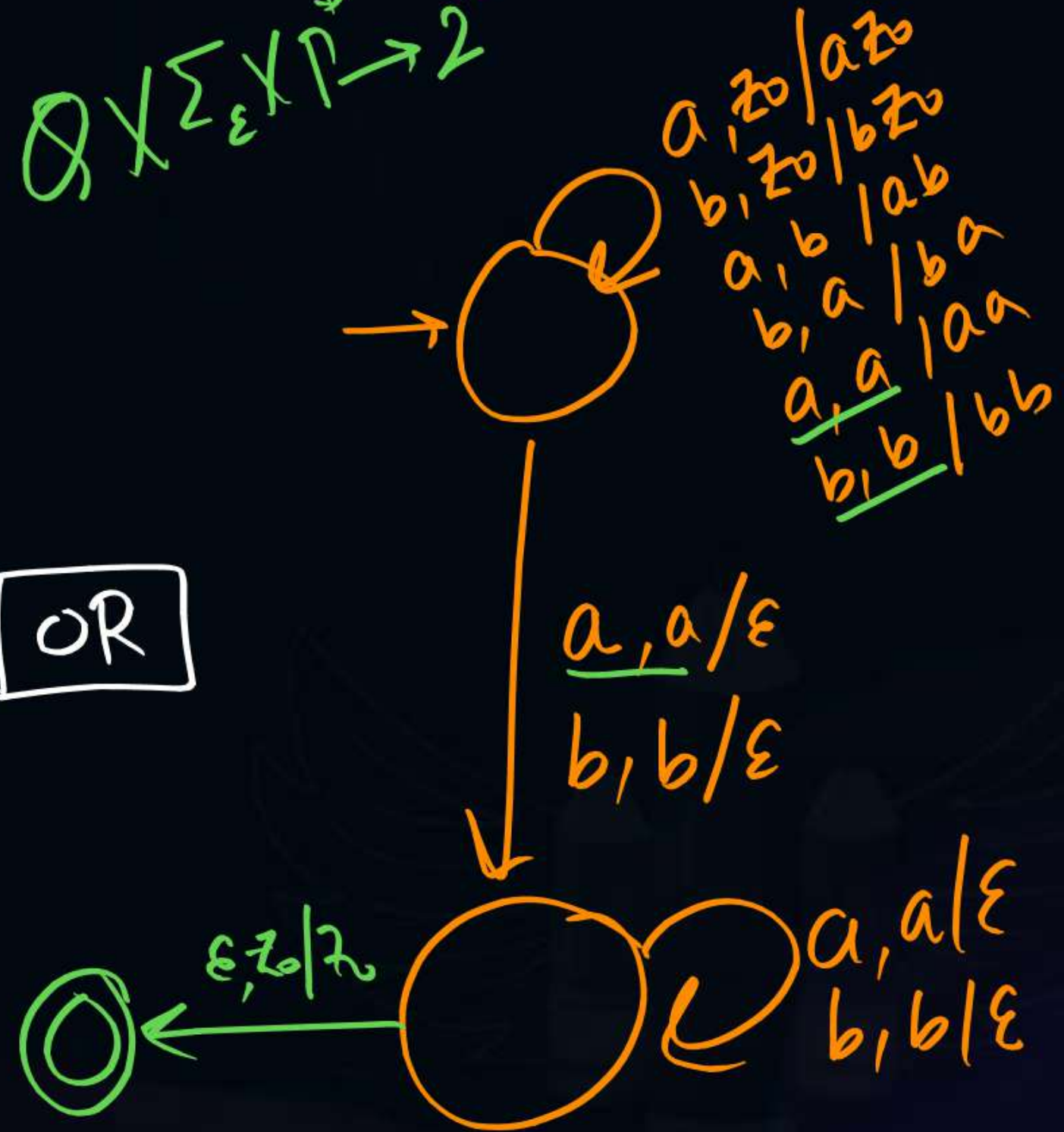


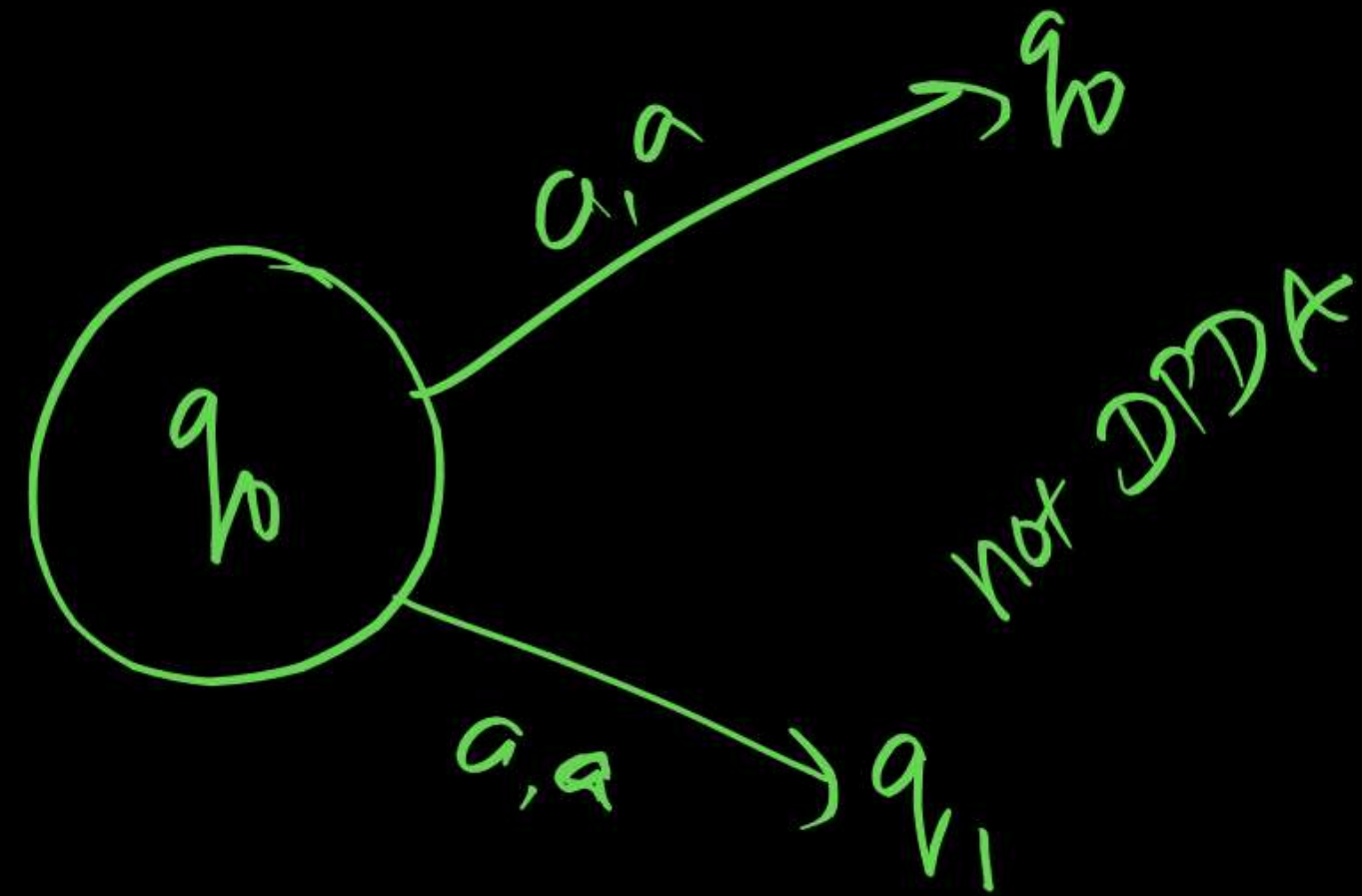
(24)



$Q \times \Sigma \times \Gamma^* \rightarrow 2^{Q \times \Gamma^*}$

OR





w

w^R

last
symbol
of w

first
symbol
of w^R

same

H.P (25) $L = \{ a^m b^n c^k \mid m=n \text{ or } n=k, m, n, k \geq 1 \}$

$$= \{ \underset{\uparrow}{a}^n \underset{\uparrow}{b}^n c^+ \mid n \geq 1 \} \cup \{ a^+ \underset{\uparrow}{b}^n \underset{\uparrow}{c}^n \mid n \geq 1 \}$$

- CFL but not DCFL
- DPDA not exist
- But PDA exist



DPDA exist {

- (26) $\{a^n b^n c^+ | n \geq 1\}$
- (27) $\{a^+ b^n c^n | n \geq 1\}$
- (28) $\{a^n b^+ c^n | n \geq 1\}$

H.W.



2 mins Summary



Topic

PDA ✓

DPDA ✓

Next: Identifying CFLs & DCFLs
Closure properties.

THANK - YOU