CS & IT ENGINEERING

Regular Languages & Non Regular Languages

Theory of Computation





Mallesham Devasane Sir

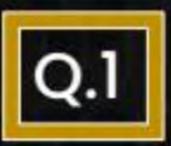
DPP 07 Discussion Notes



TOPICS TO BE COVERED

01 Question

02 Discussion



Consider the following statements:



S₁: Kleene Closure (*) of infinite set is always finite.

S₂: Kleene Closure (*) of finite set is always infinite.

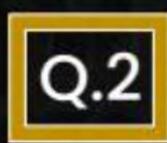
Which of the following is correct?



$$S_2$$
 only.

- Both S₁ and S₂ are correct.
- None of these.

$$(Fin)^* \Rightarrow ?$$



Consider a language L, then subset of L will be?



- Regular.
- Subset of L > may be fin Regular but finite.
- Non-regular.
- None of these.

Consider two languages L_1 and L_2 .



$$L_1 = a^*b^* \longrightarrow \%$$

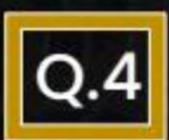
$$L_1 = a^*b^* \longrightarrow \%$$

$$L_1 \cap L_2 = \alpha^* + \beta^*$$

$$L_2 = b^*a^* \longrightarrow \gamma \vee \gamma$$

Which of the following is/are correct for above languages.

- A. $L_1 \cup L_2$ is regular.
- B. For $L_1 \cup L_2$ regular expression will be $(a + b)^*$.
- C. $L_1 \cap L_2$ is regular.
- D. For $L_1 \cap L_2$ regular expression will be $(a^* + b^*)$.



If subset of L_1 is regular then what is L_1 ?



- A. L_1 must be finite.
- B. L₁ must be regular.
- L₁ must be non-regular.
- D. None of these.



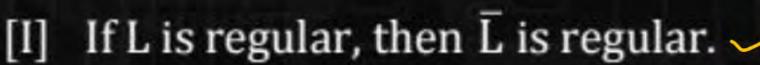


Regular language does not close under on which operation?



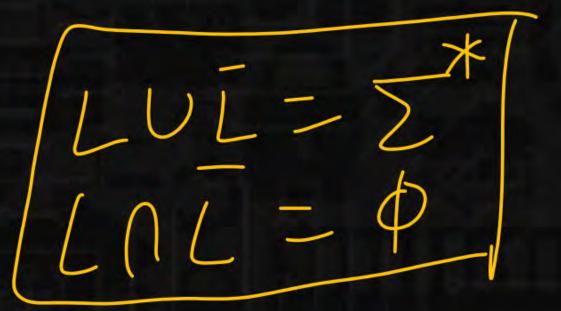
- A. Complement
- B. Union X
- C. Subset
- D. Intersection

Consider the following statements:



[II] If L is regular, then L is regular.

[III] Union of L and its complement is Σ^* .





Let
$$L_1 = \{ \in \}$$

$$L_2 = \{a^+\}$$



Then which of the following is correct?

A.
$$L_1 \cap L_2 = \in$$
.

- B. $L_1 \cup L_2 = \text{any language.}$ $L_1 \cup L_2 = \frac{1}{\alpha}$
- C. $L_1 \cup \overline{L}_2 = \in$.
- D. None of these.



