CS & IT ENGINERING

Theory of Computation

Regular Languages



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Recap of Previous Lecture







Topic

Model-I (Easy: Phi, Sigma*, only epsilon, Sigma+)

Topic

Important concepts of DFA

Topics to be Covered







Topic

Construction of DFA Model II (Length)

Topic

Construction of DFA Model III (No. of symbols)

Topic

Construction of DFA Model IV (Over 1 symbol)

Construction of DFA Model-II [Langk based?



Set of all strings having exactly 2 length over I=fa, b}

$$L = \{ \omega | \omega \in (a+b)^*, |\omega| = 2 \} = (a+b)^2$$

= $aa + ab + ba + bb$

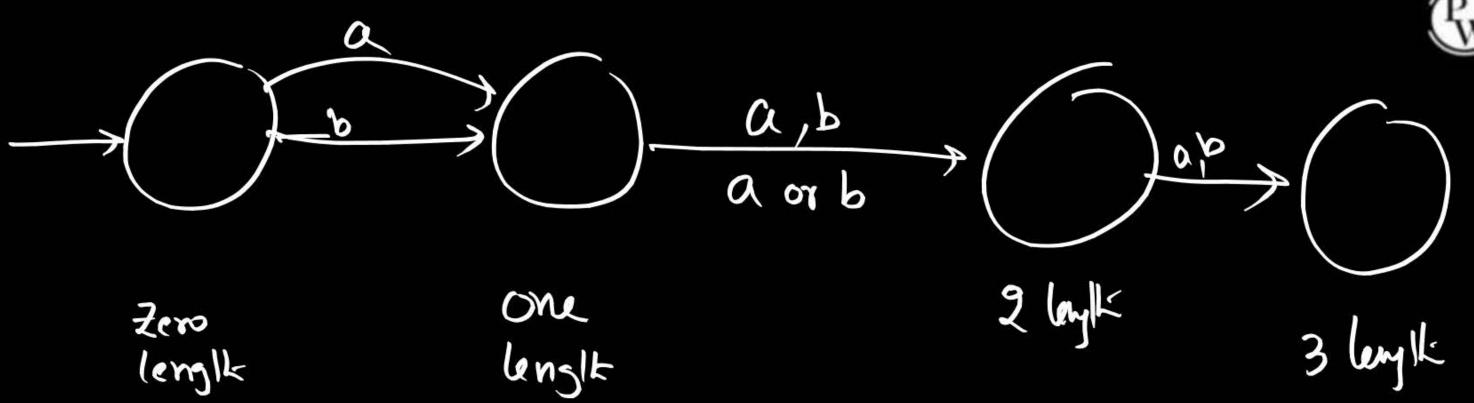
$$\rightarrow \bigcirc \underbrace{a,b} \bigcirc \underbrace{a,b}$$

Construction of DFA Model-II [Langk based]



(20) Set of all strings having exactly 5 length over I=fa, by.











$$\int_{0}^{\infty} |w \in \{a,b\}^{*}, |w| \geq 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = (a+b)^{2} (a+b)^{*} = 2,3,4,...$$



Note:

Note:

$$|\omega| = R \implies R + 2$$
 $|\omega| = R \implies R + 2$

II)
$$|\omega| \leq \kappa \Rightarrow k+2$$

$$m) |\omega| \geq k \Rightarrow K+|$$

$$\sqrt{Y}$$
) $|W| > K = |W| = (K+1) = (K+2)$



$$\{\omega \mid \omega \in \{a,b\}^*, N_a(\omega) = 2\}$$

$$\frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} =$$

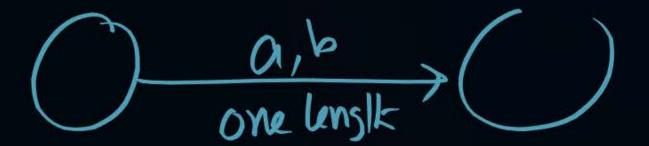
$$N_{\alpha}(\omega) = 2$$

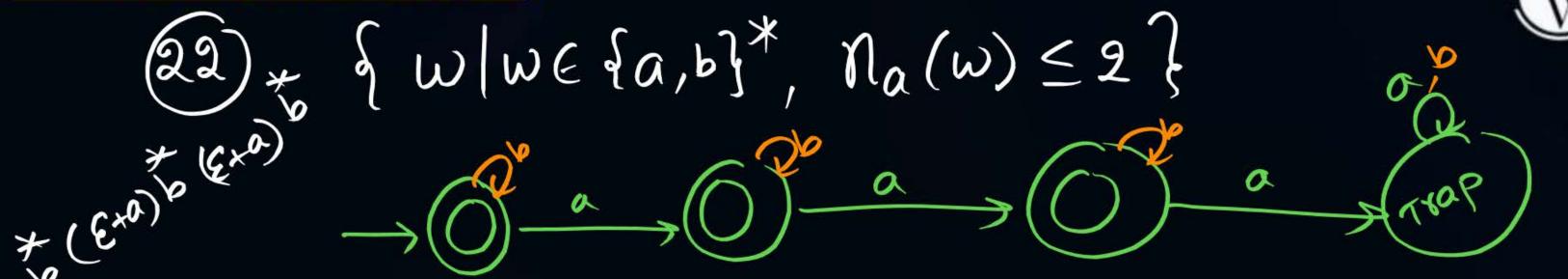
$$\#_{\alpha}(\omega) = 2$$

no. of
$$ais(w) = 2$$



Length:





$$(23) \quad \{\omega \mid \omega \in \{a,b\}^*, \quad na(\omega) \geq 2 \quad \}$$

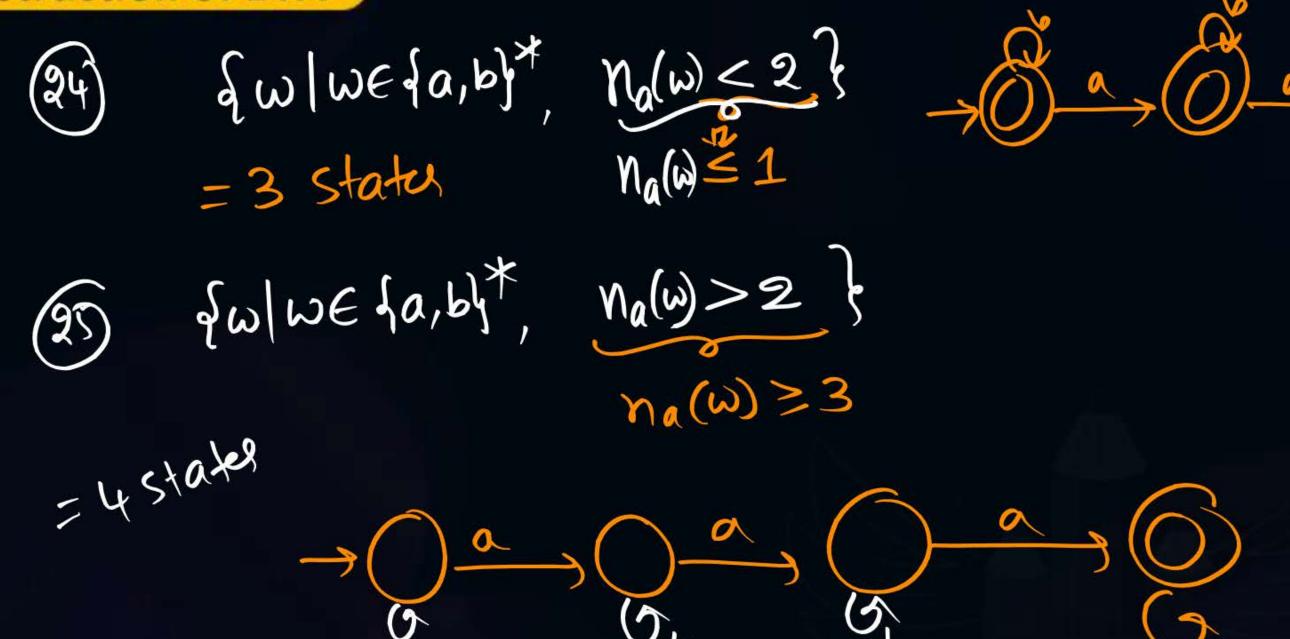
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Pw



$$I)N_a(\omega) = K =$$

$$T$$
) $N_{\alpha}(\omega) \leq \kappa \Rightarrow$

$$III)V_{a}(\omega) \geq k \Rightarrow$$

$$\overline{y})\eta_{a}(\omega)>k \Rightarrow k+2$$

Construction of DFA Model-IV Over 1 Symbol]



$$L = \{\tilde{a} \mid n \ge 0\} = \tilde{a}^* = \tilde{\Sigma}^* \rightarrow 0$$

$$27 L = 5 \tilde{a} | n \ge 13 = a$$

(28) L=
$$\{a^n \mid n \geq 0\} = (0a)$$

$$=\{\varepsilon,\alpha,\alpha,\alpha,\ldots\}$$



Pholkmetic progression Series:

Not A.P. Scores:



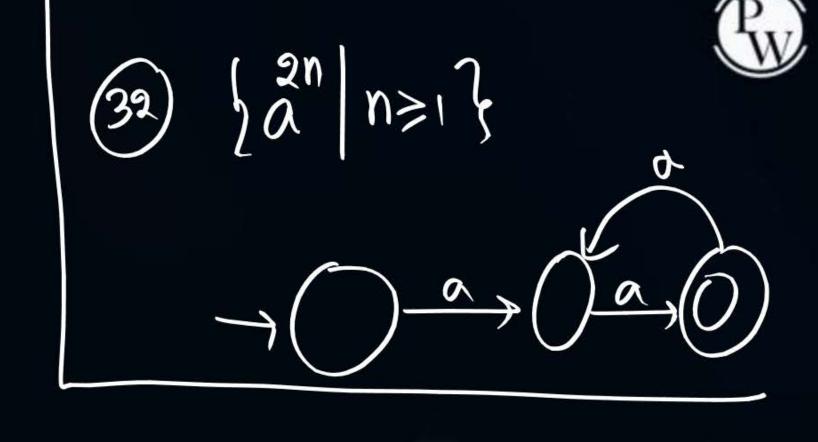
II)
$$2^{1}$$
: $2, 2, 2^{2}$, ...

III)
$$n^2: (3^2, 1^2, 2^2, 3^2, \dots)$$

$$\overline{M}$$
) \widetilde{N} : $1, 2^2, 3, 4$...

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
30 & 3n+2 \\
2 & n > 0
\end{array}$$

$$(31) \quad \begin{cases} Q \\ 3n+2 \\ n > 0 \end{cases}$$





2 mins Summary



Topic

Length based problems

Topic

Symbol based problems

Topic

One symbol based problems > \cx



THANK - YOU