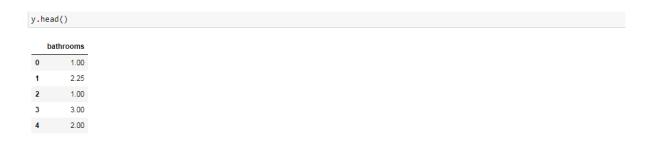
## LINEAR REGRESSION RESULT FOR BATHROOM ATTRIBUTE:

## STEPS:

- 1. Import pandas package.
- 2. Loading the dataset.

3. Slicing the dataset to obtain independent variable "Price".

4. Slicing the dataset to obtain dependent variable "Bathroom".



5. Import train\_test\_split model and assigning training and testing attributes (train=80%, test=20%).

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=2)
```

6. Import linear regression medal and optimizing the training variables.

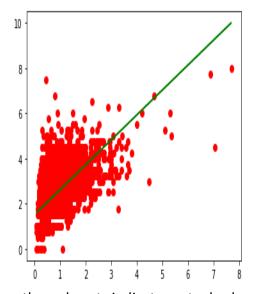
```
from sklearn import linear_model
lin_reg=linear_model.LinearRegression()
lin_reg.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

7. Displaying constant and intercept values for the model.

```
In [20]: lin_reg.coef_
Out[20]: array([[1.10105199e-06]])
In [21]: lin_reg.intercept_
Out[21]: array([1.5185242])
```

8. Scatter plot for training dataset.

```
2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  plt.scatter(x_train,y_train,color='red')
  plt.plot(x_train,lin_reg.predict(x_train),color='green')
  plt.show()
```



Here the red spots indicates actual value and the green line indicates regression result.

9. Testing the model and plotting the graph.

```
plt.scatter(x_test,y_test,color='red')
plt.plot(x_test,lin_reg.predict(x_test),color='green')
plt.show()
```

10. Obtaing the r square error and root mean square error values.

```
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
import numpy as np
rmse=np.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test,ypred))
r_square=r2_score(y_test,ypred)

r_square

0.28127401846250877

rmse

0.6591011174526225
```

Here we observe that rsquare value is 0.28 hence the model is poor fit.