

Joins | Sub-Queries | View

1.Database Creation:-

show databases;

use Pract_2;

2.Table Creation:-

create table student(rollno int primary key, name varchar(50) not null, email varchar(50) unique, age int check(age>=18), department varchar(30) default'aids');

create table course(courseid int primary key, coursename varchar(50) not null, credit int);

create table marks(id int auto_increment primary key,rollno int references student(rollno), courseid int references course(courseid), marks int);

3.Inserting Data into Table:-

insert into student(rollno, name, email,age) values (101, 'sakshi', 'sakshiavghade09@gmail.com', 20);

select *from student;

insert into student(rollno, name, email, age, department) values (102, 'pragati', 'pragati@gmail.com', 20, 'computer'), (103, 'siddhi', 'siddhi@gmail.com', 20, 'IT'), (104, 'mahima', 'mahima@gmail.com', 20, 'computer');

insert into course(courseid, coursename, credit) values (1,'DBMS',4), (2,'OOP',3), (3,'OS',3), (4,'Java',4);

insert into marks(rollno, courseid, marks) values (101, 1, 85), (102, 2, 90), (102, 1, 67), (103, 2, 89), (104, 1, 69),(103, 1, 88);

4.Inner Join:-

select s.name, s.department, c.coursename, m.marks from student s inner join marks m on s.rollno=m.rollno inner join course c on m.courseid = c.courseid;

5.Left Outer Join:-

select s.name, s.department, c.coursename, m.marks from student s left join marks m on s.rollno=m.rollno left join course c on m.courseid=c.courseid;

6.Right Outer Join:-

select s.name, s.department, c.coursename, m.marks from student s right join marks m on s.rollno=m.rollno right join course c on m.courseid=c.courseid;

7.Full Outer Join:-

select s.name , s.department, c.coursename, m.marks from student s left join marks m on s.rollno=m.rollno left join course c on m.courseid=c.courseid union select s.name, s.department, c.coursename, m.marks from student s right join marks m on s.rollno=m.rollno right join course c on m.courseid=c.courseid;

8.Cross Join:-

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select s.name, c.coursename from student s cross join course c;
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9.Sub-Query(Where):-

```
select name, rollno from student where rollno in (select rollno from marks where marks > (select avg(marks) from marks));
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```
select name , rollno from student s where exists (select * from marks m join course c on m.courseid=c.courseid where m.rollno=s.rollno and c.coursename='DBMS');
```

10.Sub-Query(Group By):-

```
select coursename from course where courseid in (select courseid from marks group by courseid having count(rollno)>1);
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11.Sub-Query(Having):-

```
select c.coursename, avg(m.marks) as avg_marks from course c join marks m on c.courseid=m.courseid group by c.coursename having avg(m.marks)>(select avg(marks) from marks);
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12.Creating View using Join:-

```
create view student_performance as select s.rollno, s.name, s.department, sum(m.marks) as totalmarks, avg(m.marks) as avgmarks from student s join marks m on s.rollno=m.rollno group by s.rollno, s.name, s.department;
```

```
select * from student_performance;
```