strategy | consulting | digital | technology | operations



AGENDA

- Understand what is router, why router is required
- How to achieve router
- Demo
- Activity



Introduction to Routing

Single page applications are todays most popular requirement in any application design which makes navigation easier

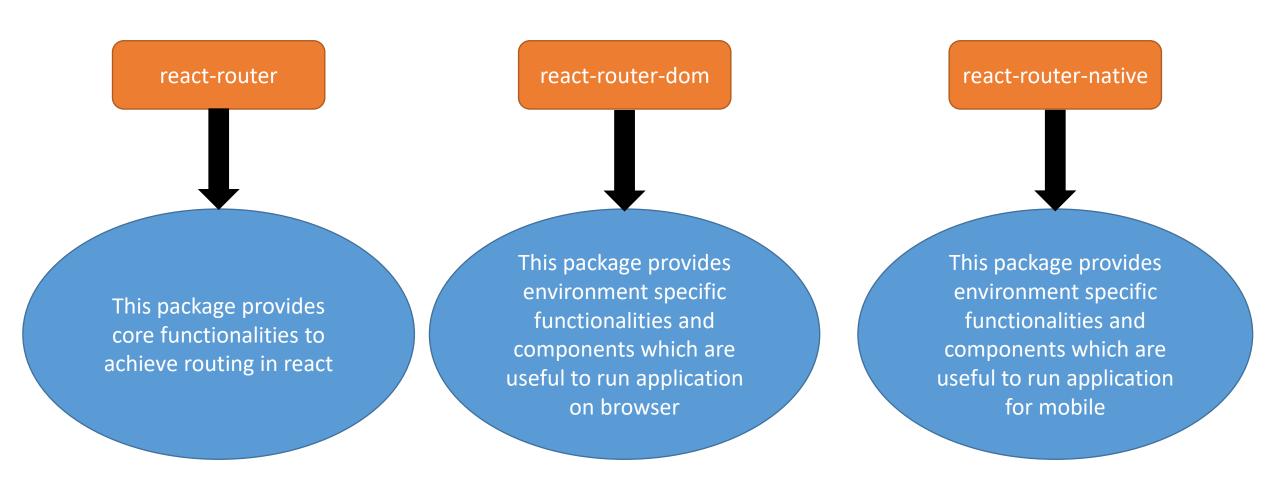
React provides the routing concept using which we can create single page applications

React provides mainly three packages to use routing concept.



Register.js Login.js Enter name Enter Username Enter password Confirm Password Enter Password Enter Email Date of Birth Choose Experience LOGIN NewUser,SignUp REset Register







In this section we will focus on installing and using react-router-dom library to design web application

The following command is used to install router library "npm install react-router-dom"

Once the above library is installed we can use the functionalities related to router and achieve the routing in our application



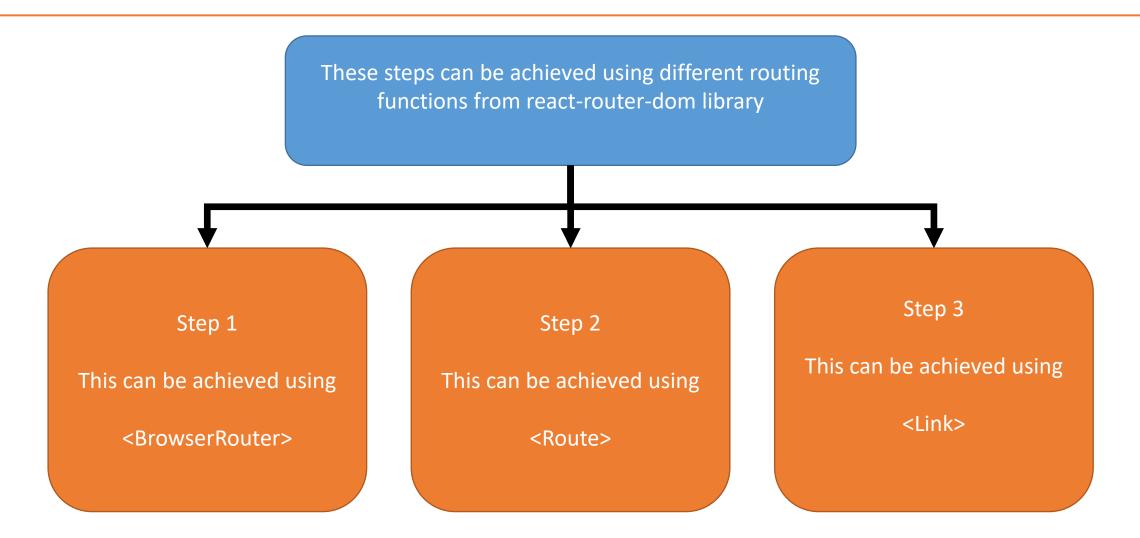
There are some basic functionalities are required to achieve routing in an application, these will be achieved in a proper steps

Step 1
Identify which type of router is required depending on type of application. There are only 2 choices either react-router-dom or react-router-native

Identify how many components are present inside application, based on that we must create route's which will have path(url) and corresponding component to display

Step 3
Corresponding to the routes which are provided in step2, the view of an application must be adjusted. This will allow a user to click on respective link to display component







Introduction to Routing (Cont...) - <BrowserRouter>

This is very useful in understanding url and handle dynamic requests. This will contain all route related information within it

This will be imported from react-router-dom library either using the same name or by providing alias name during the import

Import {BrowserRouter} from 'react-router-dom'
Or
Import {BrowserRouter as Router} from 'react-routerdom'



Introduction to Routing (Cont...) - <Route>

Using this one can provide all route information. This will be imported using

Import {Route} from 'react-router-dom'

The Route element will have "path" and "component".

"path" will have url or location and "component" will
have name of the component

When the path is matched with appropriate url or location then the respective component is rendered



Introduction to Routing (Cont...) - <Link>

This element is mainly used to provide user a way to click on the link so that appropriate component can displayed on the view

This will be imported using Import {Link} from 'react-router-dom'

Link element will have one of the important attribute known as "to". Here one must mention the path of a component



Demo – Routing

Create new react project create-react-app reactexample

Install react library npm install react-router-dom

```
C:\reactdemos\routerexample>npm install react-router-dom

npm WARN optional SKIPPING OPTIONAL DEPENDENCY: fsevents@1.1.2 (node_modules\react-scripts\node_modules\fsevents):

npm WARN notsup SKIPPING OPTIONAL DEPENDENCY: Unsupported platform for fsevents@1.1.2: wanted {"os":"darwin","arch":"any

"} (current: {"os":"win32","arch":"x64"})

npm WARN optional SKIPPING OPTIONAL DEPENDENCY: fsevents@1.1.3 (node_modules\fsevents):

npm WARN notsup SKIPPING OPTIONAL DEPENDENCY: Unsupported platform for fsevents@1.1.3: wanted {"os":"darwin","arch":"any

"} (current: {"os":"win32","arch":"x64"})

+ react-router-dom@4.2.2

added 231 packages in 49.515s
```



Open the project using webstorm and create new Home Component(Home.js)



Create another component Customer Component(Customer.js)



Inside index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import './index.css';
import App from './App';
import registerServiceWorker from './registerServiceWorker';
import { BrowserRouter as Router, Route} from 'react-router-dom';
import Home from './Home';
import Customer from "./Customer";
ReactDOM.render(
    <Router>
        <div>
            <Route path="/" component={App}/>
            < Route path="/Home" component={Home}/>
            < Route path="/Customer" component={Customer}/>
        </div>
    </Router>
    document.getElementById('root')
registerServiceWorker();
```

Create new component NavigationBar.js

```
import React, {Component} from 'react';
import {Link} from 'react-router-dom';
class NavigationBar extends Component{
    render(){
        return(
            <div>
                <div style={{'textAlign':'center','width':'100%',
                    'color':'green','backgroundColor':'pink','height':'60%'}}>
                    <u1>
                        <Link to="/Home">Home</Link>
                        <Link to="/Customer">Customer</Link>
                    </div>
            </div>
export default NavigationBar;
```

Inside App.js

```
import React, { Component } from 'react';
import NavigationBar from './NavigationBar';
import './App.css';
class App extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
        <div>
      <div style={{ 'textAlign': 'center', 'width': '100%', 'color': 'blue',
          'backgroundColor':'lightgreen'}}>
          <h1>Welcome to Routing Example</h1>
      </div>
        <NavigationBar/>
         </div>
export default App;
```



The Example contains two custom components "Home" and "Customer"



Inside index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import './index.css';
import App from './App';
import registerServiceWorker from './registerServiceWorker';
import { BrowserRouter as Router Route} from
import Home from './Home';
import Customer from "./Customer";
ReactDOM.render(
    <Router>
        <div>
            <Route path="/" component={App}/>
            < Route path="/Home" component={Home}/>
            < Route path="/Customer" component={Customer}/>
        </div>
    </Router>
    document.getElementById('root')
registerServiceWorker();
```

BrowserRouter is used here as the application is created to execute on the browser. Also the alias name is provided as Router

Inside index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import './index.css';
import App from './App';
import registerServiceWorker from './registerServiceWorker';
import { BrowserRouter as Router, Route}
import Home from './Home';
import Customer from "./Customer";
ReactDOM.render(
    <Router>
        <div>
            <Route path="/" component={App}/>
            < Route path="/Home" component={Home}/>
            < Route path="/Customer" component={Customer}/>
        </div>
    </Router>
    document.getElementById('root')
registerServiceWorker();
```

This is required to provide route details

Route element will have path which provides url/ location details. The Route element will also have name of a component, which will be rendered when the corresponding path is matched

Inside index.js

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom';
import './index.css';
import App from './App';
import registerServiceWorker from './registerServiceWorker';
import { BrowserRouter as Router, Route} from 'react-router-dom';
import Home from './Home';
import Customer from "./Customer";
ReactDOM.render(
    <Router>
        <div>
            <Route path="/" component={App}/>
            < Route path="/Home" component={Home}/>
            <Route path="/Customer" component={Customer}/>
        </div>
    </Router>
    document.getElementById('root')
registerServiceWorker();
```

Router element will contains all route details required for the application. Router element can have only one child element, here it is div element

Create new component NavigationBar.js

```
import React.{Component} from 'react';
import {Link} from 'react-router-dom';
class NavigationBar extends Component{
    render(){
        return (
            <div>
                 <div style={{ 'textAlign': 'center', 'width': '100%',
                     'color':'green','backgroundColor':'pink','height':'60%'}}>
                     \langle u1 \rangle_r
                         <Link to="/Home">Home</Link>
                         <Link to="/Customer">Customer</Link>
                     </div>
            </div>
export default NavigationBar;
```

This is required to provide view section to user, so that a user can click on whichever component he/she wants to navigate

Link element have "to"
which matches the path
provided in Route
element. Link element
also have text to display
on the view which can
be seen by the user and
click on the link to
navigate



Inside App.js

```
import React, { Component } from 'react';
import NavigationBar from './NavigationBar';
import './App.css';
class App extends Component {
  render() {
    return (
        <div>
      <div style={{'textAlign':'center','width':'100%','color':'blue',</pre>
          'backgroundColor':'lightgreen'}}>
          <h1>Welcome to Routing Example</h1>
      </div>
        <NavigationBar/>
         </div>
export default App;
```

The NavigationBar component is rendered here

Output



Output when clicked on Home Link



This is Home Component

Output when clicked on Customer Link



This is Customer component



Activity

1. Create a Product component which will have product details with Pid, Pname and Price and data as follows

<u>Pid</u>	<u>Pname</u>	<u>Price</u>
101	Mobile	12000
102	Laptop	25000
103	Fridge	9000

- 2. Create new route to this product component
- 3. Provide a link to product component
- 4. When the user clicks on the Product link the product component along with the product details should be displayed as follows
 - <u>101</u> <u>Pid Pname Price</u> • <u>102</u> 101 Mobile 12000
 - 103

MODULE SUMMARY

- What is router
- Importance of router
- How to configure router



THANK YOU

