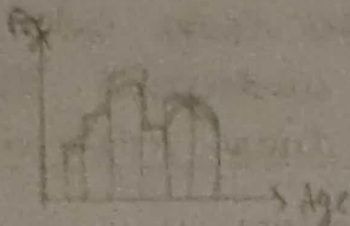
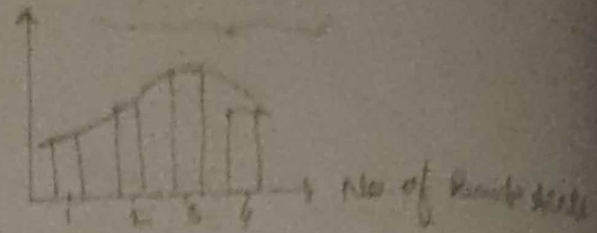


Probability Distribution Function & Distribution of data

Pdf
(Continuous value)



Pmf
(Discrete value)

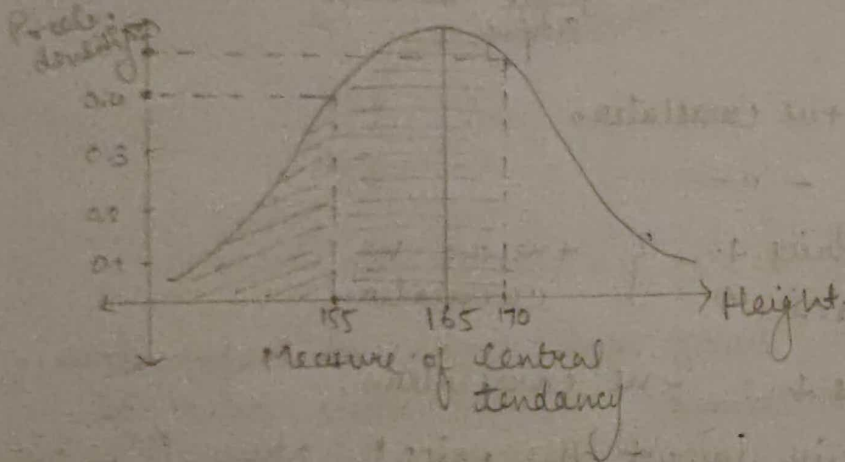


• whenever you have the continuous value and you try to draw the distribution then we say it as pdf.

• when you have the discrete value then, you basically use pmf to probability see the distribution

1) Probability density function

1. Continuous random variable



$$Pr(H \leq 155)$$

(Area under curve)

$$Pr(H \geq 155 \text{ and } H \leq 170)$$

2) Probability Mass Function

1. Discrete random variable

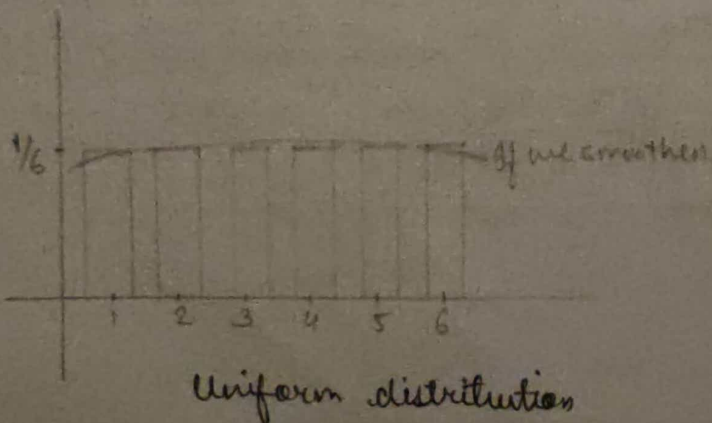
eg: Rolling a dice $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$

$$P(1) = \frac{1}{6} \quad P(2) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(3) = \frac{1}{6} \quad P(4) = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P(X \leq 4) = P(X=1) + P(X=2) + P(X=3) + P(X=4)$$

$$= \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

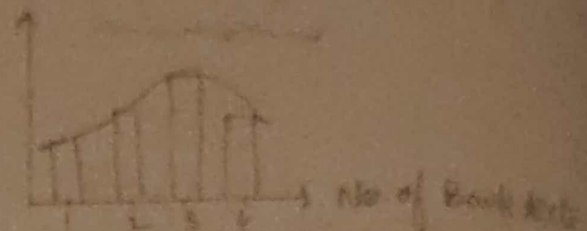


Probability Distribution Function { Distribution of data }

Pdf
(Continuous value)



Pmf
(Discrete value)

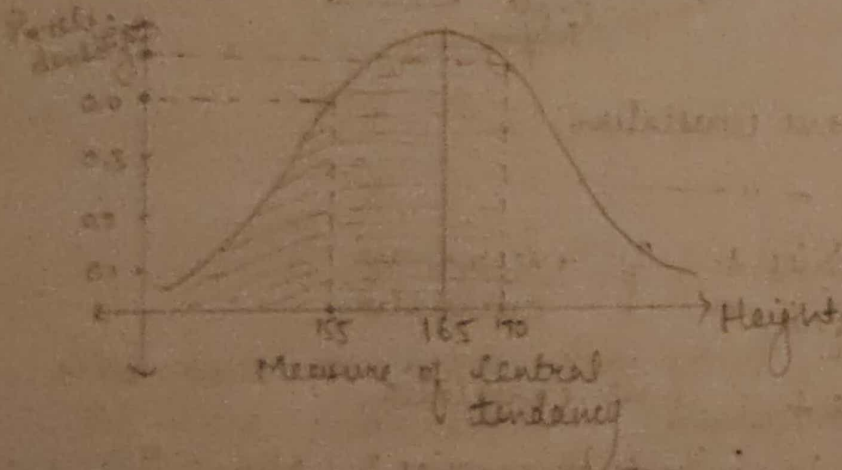


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