NAME: SAKSHI CHHEDA

ROLL NO: 7 UID: 2018130005

BATCH: A

CLASS: T.E. COMPS

EXPERIMENT 8

AIM: To implement socket programming and creating a basic client-server model.

THEORY:

Socket programming is a way of connecting two nodes on a network to communicate with each other. One socket(node) listens on a particular port at an IP, while another socket reaches out to the other to form a connection. The server forms the listener socket while the client reaches out to the server. They are the real backbones behind web browsing. In simpler terms, there is a server and a client.

A Simple Client-Server Program

1. Server

- Socket programming is started by importing the socket library and making a simple socket.
- Next, we made a socket instance and passed it two parameters. The first parameter is AF_INET and the second one is SOCK_STREAM. AF_INET refers to the address family ipv4. The SOCK_STREAM means connection oriented TCP protocol.
- Then we reserved a port on our pc, in this case we reserved port 8000.
- After that we binded our server to the specified port. A server has a bind()
 method which binds it to a specific ip and port so that it can listen to incoming
 requests on that ip and port.
- After that we put the server into listen mode. A server has a listen() method which puts the server into listen mode. This allows the server to listen to incoming connections. 5 here means that 5 connections are kept waiting if the server is busy and if a 6th socket trys to connect then the connection is refused.
- At last we make a while loop and start to accept all incoming connections using accept() method that initiates a connection with the client and at last send a thank you message to all connected sockets.

2. Client

- We start by importing the socket library and making a simple socket.
- Next, we made a socket instance and passed it two parameters. The first parameter is AF_INET and the second one is SOCK_STREAM. AF_INET refers to the address family ipv4. The SOCK_STREAM means connection oriented TCP protocol.
- Then we connect to port 8000, this is the port on which our server runs.
- Lastly we receive data from the server and print the received data.

CODE:

1. server.py

```
# Importing socket module
import socket
print('Welcome to the server!')
# Creating a socket object
s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
print("Socket successfully created")
# Reserved the port
port = 8000
# Binding server to the specified port
s.bind((socket.gethostname(), port))
# Putting the socket into listening mode
s.listen(5)
print("Socket is listening")
while True:
      # Establishing connection with client
      clientsocket, address = s.accept()
      print(f'Connection established with {address}')
```

clientsocket.send(bytes('Thank you for connecting to the server!', 'utf-8'))

Sending message to the client

2. client.py

```
# Importing socket module
import socket

# Creating a socket object
s = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)

# Connecting to sever
s.connect((socket.gethostname(), 8000))

# Receiving data from the server
msg = s.recv(1024)

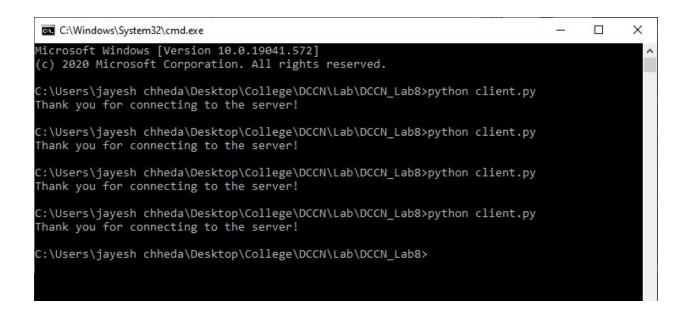
# Printing the received data
print(msg.decode('utf-8'))
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe-python server.py

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19041.572]
(c) 2020 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\jayesh chheda\Desktop\College\DCCN\Lab\DCCN_Lab8>python server.py
Welcome to the server!
Socket successfully created
Socket is listening
Connection established with ('192.168.56.1', 61539)
Connection established with ('192.168.56.1', 61540)
Connection established with ('192.168.56.1', 61541)
Connection established with ('192.168.56.1', 61542)
```



CONCLUSION:

From this experiment, I understood the basics of socket programming and also learned how to implement a basic client-server model in python.