

```
# Import necessary libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from wordcloud import WordCloud
```

```
# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/netflix_titles.csv')
```

```
# Display basic info
print("Dataset shape:", df.shape)
print("Data types:\n", df.dtypes)
print("\nMissing values:\n", df.isnull().sum())
```

↗ Dataset shape: (8807, 12)

Data types:

| | |
|--------------|--------|
| show_id | object |
| type | object |
| title | object |
| director | object |
| cast | object |
| country | object |
| date_added | object |
| release_year | int64 |
| rating | object |
| duration | object |
| listed_in | object |
| description | object |
| dtype: | object |

Missing values:

| | |
|--------------|-------|
| show_id | 0 |
| type | 0 |
| title | 0 |
| director | 2634 |
| cast | 825 |
| country | 831 |
| date_added | 10 |
| release_year | 0 |
| rating | 4 |
| duration | 3 |
| listed_in | 0 |
| description | 0 |
| dtype: | int64 |

```
# Display basic info
print
("Dataset shape:"
, df.shape
)
print
("Data types:\n"
, df.dtypes
)
print
("\nMissing values:\n"
, df.isnull()
.sum())
```

↗ ('\nMissing values:\n',

| | |
|--------------|--------|
| show_id | 0 |
| type | 0 |
| title | 0 |
| director | 2634 |
| cast | 825 |
| country | 831 |
| date_added | 10 |
| release_year | 0 |
| rating | 4 |
| duration | 3 |
| listed_in | 0 |
| description | 0 |
| dtype: | int64) |

◆ What can I help you build?



```
# Drop duplicates if any
df.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)
```

```
# Fill missing values (optional strategies)
df['country'].fillna('Unknown', inplace=True)
df['director'].fillna('No Director', inplace=True)
df['cast'].fillna('No Cast', inplace=True)
df['rating'] = df['rating'].fillna(df['rating'].mode()[0])
```

⚠ /tmp/ipython-input-7-892754574.py:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assign...
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting value

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].me

```
df['country'].fillna('Unknown', inplace=True)
/tmp/ipython-input-7-892754574.py:3: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assign...
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting valu
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].me

```
df['director'].fillna('No Director', inplace=True)
/tmp/ipython-input-7-892754574.py:4: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assign...
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting valu
```

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].me

```
df['cast'].fillna('No Cast', inplace=True)
```

```
# Convert 'date_added' to datetime
df['date_added'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date_added'], errors='coerce')
```

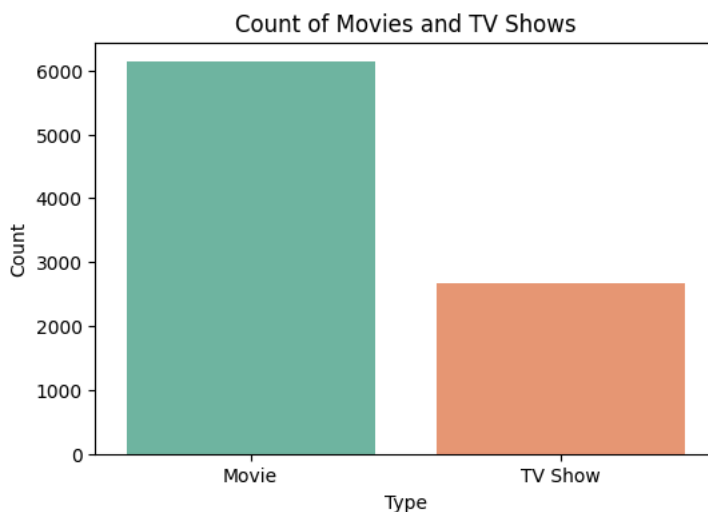
```
# Create new column for year added
df['year_added'] = df['date_added'].dt.year
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='type', palette='Set2')
plt.title('Count of Movies and TV Shows')
plt.xlabel('Type')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.show()
```

⚠ /tmp/ipython-input-10-4006608308.py:2: FutureWarning:

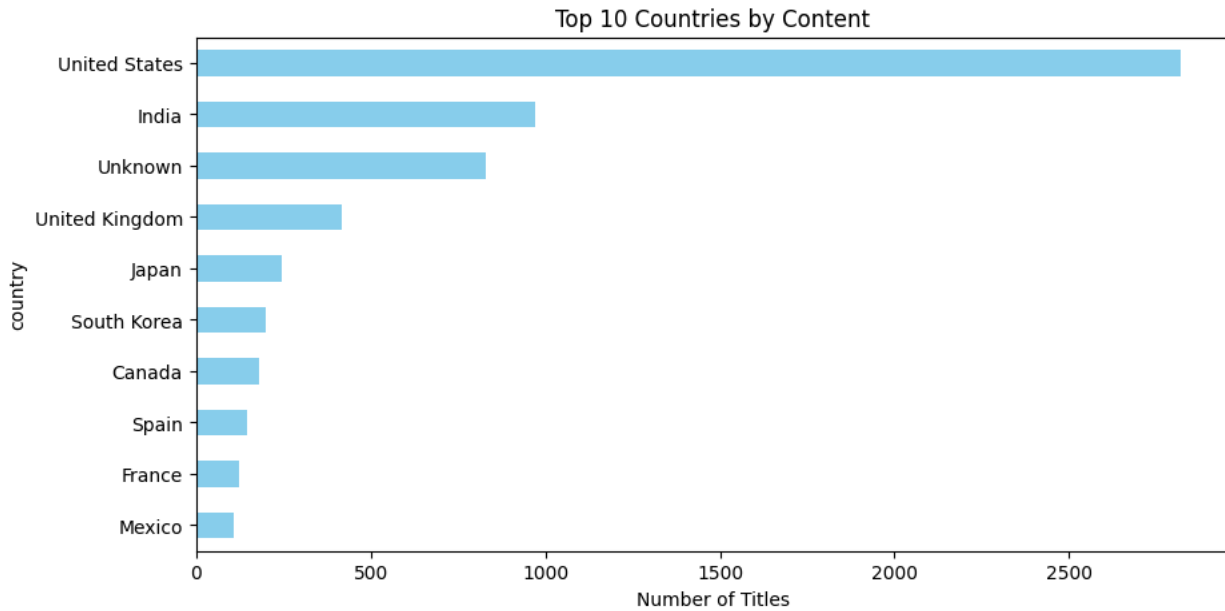
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.countplot(data=df, x='type', palette='Set2')
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
df['country'].value_counts().head(10).plot(kind='barh', color='skyblue')
plt.title('Top 10 Countries by Content')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Number of Titles')
plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
plt.show()
```

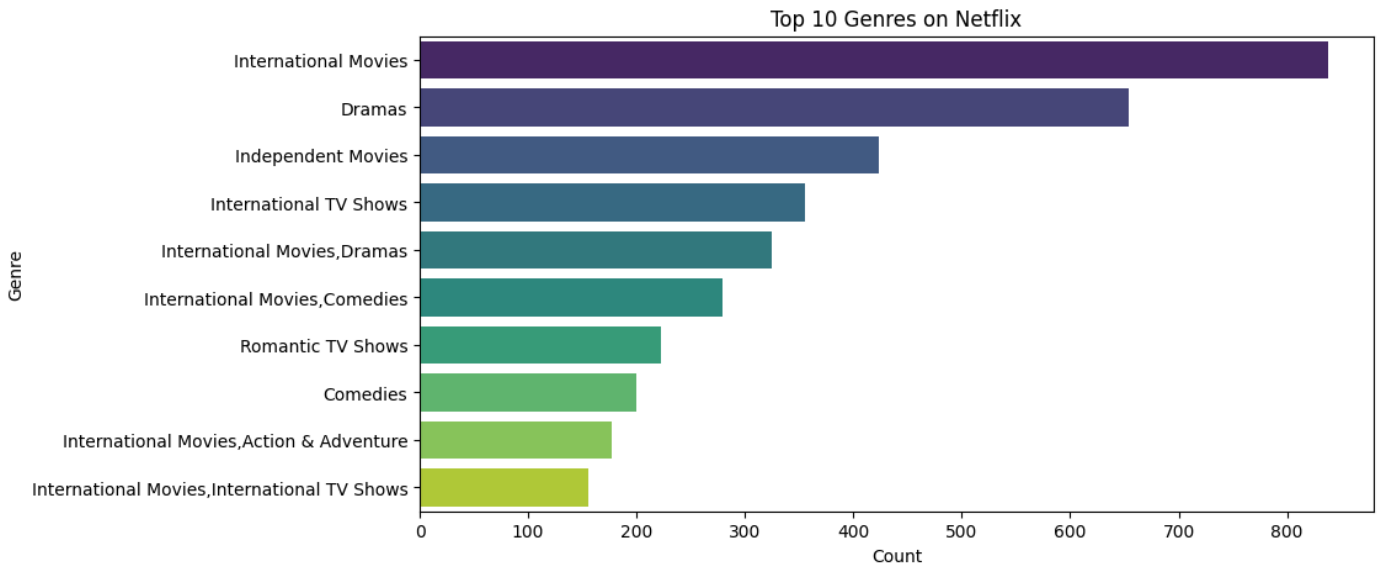


```
# Most common genres (listed_in)
from collections import Counter
genres = ','.join(df['listed_in'].dropna()).split(',')
genre_count = Counter(genres)
top_genres = pd.DataFrame(genre_count.items(), columns=['Genre', 'Count']).sort_values(by='Count', ascending=False).head(10)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.barplot(data=top_genres, y='Genre', x='Count', palette='viridis')
plt.title('Top 10 Genres on Netflix')
plt.show()
```

/tmp/ipython-input-12-2279169043.py:7: FutureWarning:

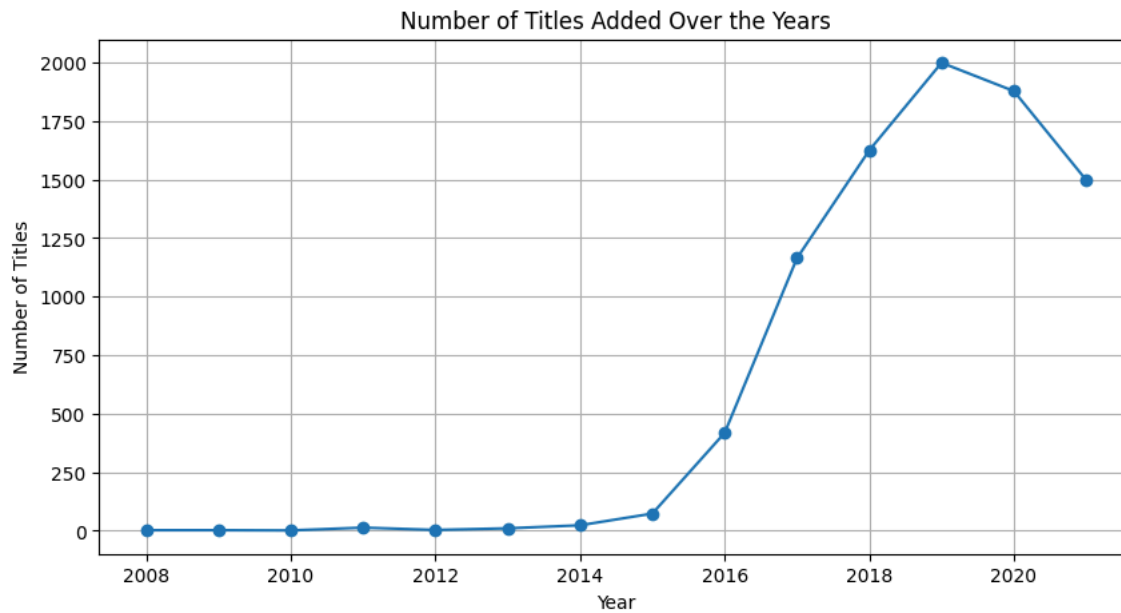
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.barplot(data=top_genres, y='Genre', x='Count', palette='viridis')
```

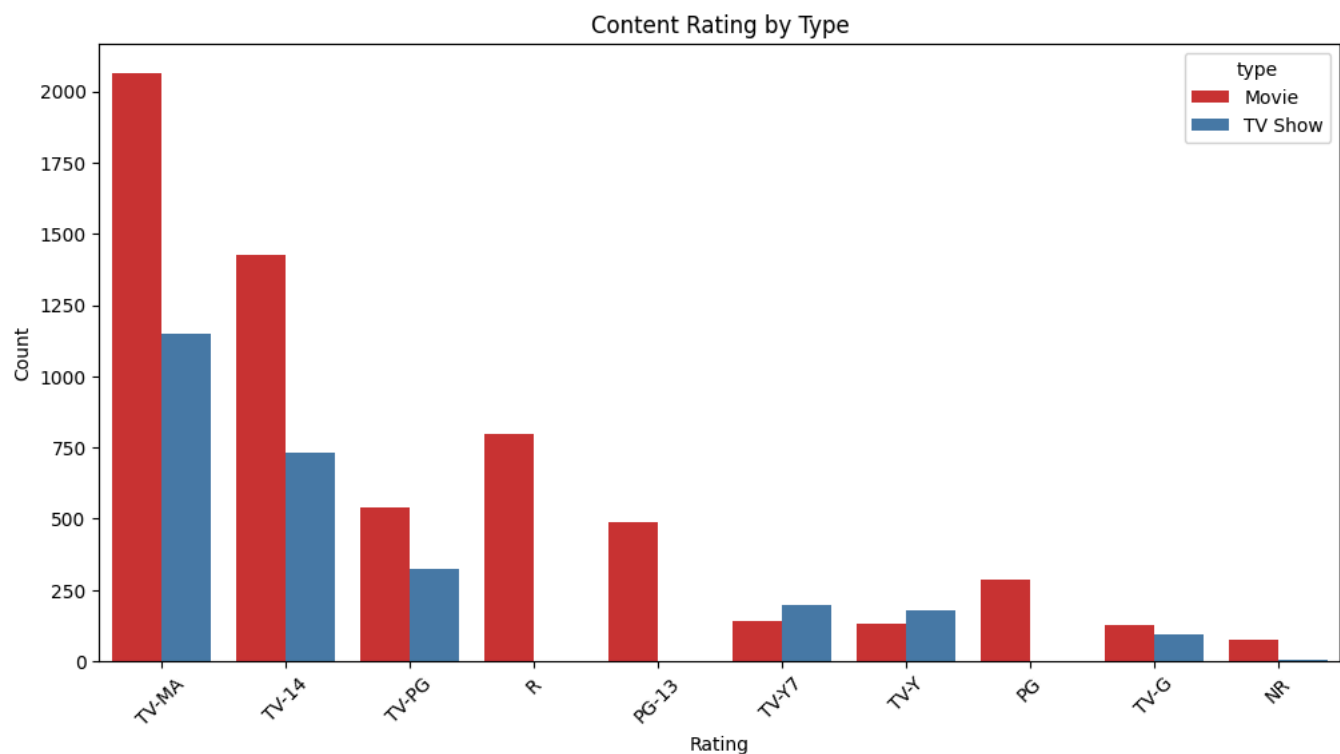


```
# Content Added Over the Years
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
df['year_added'].value_counts().sort_index().plot(kind='line', marker='o')
plt.title('Number of Titles Added Over the Years')
```

```
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Number of Titles')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
# Content by Type and Rating
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='rating', hue='type', order=df['rating'].value_counts().index[:10], palette='Set1')
plt.title('Content Rating by Type')
plt.xlabel('Rating')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
wordcloud = WordCloud(background_color='black', max_words=100).generate(' '.join(df['title'].dropna()))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
```

[illegible]

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1_v-owMWzOMuNiWbea4EC8JtdsSO64z9T?authuser=1#scrollTo=IREd-MHhs0l5&printMode=true