Q1. Electricity Bill Calculation with Exception Handling

Design a Java program to calculate the electricity bill for a customer, including exception handling for invalid input values. Implement a class named ElectricityBill with the following specifications:

Class: ElectricityBill

Instance Variables

- customerName (String): Name of the customer
- unitsConsumed (double): Number of electricity units consumed
- billAmount (double): The calculated bill amount

Constructor

- A parameterized constructor to initialize the customerName and unitsConsumed fields.
- Throw an IllegalArgumentException if unitsConsumed is negative.

Method

- void calculateBillAmount(): This method calculates the electricity bill based on the following rules:
    - First 100 units: Rs. 5 per unit
    - Next 200 units (101–300): Rs. 7 per unit
    - Above 300 units: Rs. 10 per unit

Main Program

In the main() method:

1. Prompt the user to enter the customer's name and units consumed.
2. Use try-catch blocks to handle the following scenarios:
    - Catch InputMismatchException if the user enters non-numeric data for units.
    - Catch IllegalArgumentException if a negative value is entered for units.
3. If the input is valid, create an object of the ElectricityBill class, compute the bill using calculateBillAmount(), and print the customer's name, units consumed, and the total bill amount.

Q2. Student Marks and Grade Calculation with Exception Handling

Design a Java program to calculate the total marks, average, and grade of a student, with proper exception handling for invalid inputs. Implement a class named Student with the following specifications:

Class: Student

Instance Variables

- name (String): Name of the student
- rollNo (int): Roll number of the student
- marks (double array of size 5): Marks obtained in 5 subjects
- average (double): Average marks
- grade (char): Grade based on average

Constructor

- A parameterized constructor to initialize the name, rollNo, and marks.
- Throw an IllegalArgumentException if any mark is negative or greater than 100.

Methods

- void calculateAverage(): Computes the average of marks.
- void calculateGrade(): Assigns grade based on the average as per the following criteria:
    - A: average ≥ 90
    - B: 80 ≤ average < 90
    - C: 70 ≤ average < 80
    - D: 60 ≤ average < 70
    - F: average < 60
- void displayStudentInfo(): Displays the student's name, roll number, marks, average, and grade.

Main Program

In the main() method:

1. Prompt the user to input student details and marks for 5 subjects.
2. Use a try-catch block to handle the following:
    - InputMismatchException for non-numeric input
    - IllegalArgumentException for invalid mark entries (e.g., < 0 or > 100)
3. Create a Student object, calculate average and grade, and display the full information.