

www.nagpurstudents.org





## B.E. (Computer Science Engineering) Fourth Semester (C.B.S.)

## **Theoretical Foundations of Computer Science**

P. Pages: 3
Time: Three Hours



NJR/KS/18/4436

Max. Marks: 80

Notes: 1. All questions carry marks as indicated.

- 2. Solve Question 1 OR Questions No. 2.
- 3. Solve Question 3 OR Questions No. 4.
- 4. Solve Question 5 OR Questions No. 6.
- 5. Solve Question 7 OR Questions No. 8.
- 6. Solve Question 9 OR Questions No. 10.
- 7. Solve Question 11 OR Questions No. 12.
- 8. Assume suitable data whenever necessary.

**1.** a) Explain the following in detail with example.

6

- i) Type -0 Grammar
- ii) Type 1 Grammar
- iii) Type -2 Grammar
- iv) Type -3 Grammar

b) What is string, prefix, proper prefix & proper suffix with examples.

4

c) Write short note on pigeonhole principle. State its application.

3

OR

- 2. a) Consider a Relation  $R = \{(a, b), (a, a), (b, b), (c, c), (d, d), (b, a)\}$  on set  $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ . Is relation R an equivalence relation. If so find equivalence classes.
  - b) Prove the following using method of induction.

′

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

- **3.** a) Construct DFA which can accept the string those can have odd number of 0's and any number of 1's.
- 7
- b) Design a Moore machine for binary input sequence, if it ends in 101, output is 'A'. if it ends in 110 output is 'B'. Otherwise C.

6

OR

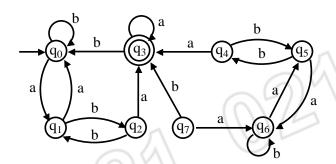
**4.** a) Convert the following NFA to equivalent DFA.

6

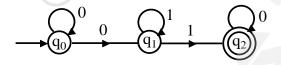
P.T.O



b) Minimize the following Automata.



**5.** a) Construct the regular expression for the automata given.



6

7

6

b) Construct context free Grammar for following. Where  $(n \ge 0, m \ge 0, k \ge 0)$ .

i) 
$$L = \left\{ a^n b^m c^k \mid n = m \text{ or } m \le k \right\}.$$

ii) 
$$L = \left\{ a^n b^m \mid 2n \le m \le 3n \right\}.$$

iii) 
$$L = \left\{ a^n b^m c^m d^n \setminus m, n \ge 1 \right\}.$$

iv) 
$$L = \left\{ a^n b^{2n} \mid n \ge 1 \right\}.$$

OR

**6.** a) Remove all unit productions, all useless production and all E-productions from the grammar given below.

$$S \rightarrow aA \mid aBB$$

$$A \rightarrow aaA \mid \varepsilon$$

$$B \rightarrow bB \mid bbC$$

$$C \rightarrow B$$

b) Convert the following grammar into Greibach normal form.

$$S \rightarrow aSa \mid bBb$$

$$B \rightarrow abB \mid aaAa$$

$$A \rightarrow Aa \mid a$$

- 7. a) Construct PDA for  $L = \{a^{2n}b^n \mid n > 0\}$ .
  - b) Show that  $L = \{a^n b^j \mid n \le j^2\}$  is not a context free language.
  - c) Explain the Non-deterministic push down automata in detail.



**8.** a) Convert the following CFG into PDA

 $E \rightarrow aAB \mid d$ 

 $A \rightarrow BA \mid a$ 

 $B \rightarrow Ead \mid C$ 

b) Explain the modal of PDA and its acceptance by stack and acceptance by final state.

6

**9.** a) Explain the types of Turing machine.

5

b) Construct a Turing machine for.

$$f(a, b) = a - b \text{ if } a \ge b$$
$$= 0 \qquad \text{if } a < b$$

9

OR

**10.** a) Explain the modal of linear bounded automata.

5

b) Construct the Turing machine for

$$L = \left\{ a^n b^n a^n b^n \mid n \ge 0 \right\}.$$

6

**11.** a) Write a short note on:

- i) Post correspondence problem.
- ii) Primitive Recursive function.

-

b) Define Ackermann's function. Compute A (1, 1), A (2, 1), A (2, 2).

OR

**12.** a) Define Decidability & undecidability.

4

b) Explain the properties of Recursively enumerable language. Give relation between recursive & recursive enumerable language.

6

c) Explain Halting problem of Turing machine in detail.

3

\*\*\*\*\*





## All our dreams can come true if we have the courage to pursue them.

~ Walt Disney

