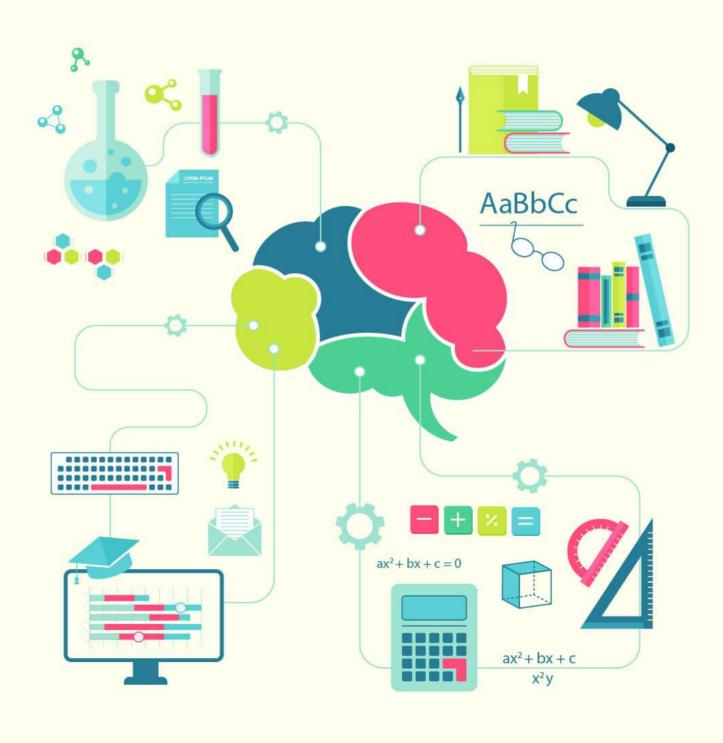
cracku 500

Euler's Theorem for CAT



CAT Previous Papers PDF

Free CAT Online Coaching

Euler's totient

Euler's theorem is one of the most important remainder theorems. It is imperative to know about Euler's totient before we can use the theorem.

Euler's totient is defined as the number of numbers less than 'n' that are co-prime to it.

It is usually denoted as $\phi(n)$.

The formula to find Euler's totient is $\phi(n) = n^*(1 - \frac{1}{a})^*(1 - \frac{1}{b})^*...$ where a, b are the prime factors of the numbers.

Eg) Find the number of numbers that are less than 30 and are co-prime to it.

30 can be written as 2*3*5. $\phi(30) = 30 * 1/2 * 2/3 * 4/5$ = 8

Therefore, 8 numbers less than 30 are co-prime to it.





Take free CAT Mock

Enroll To CAT Courses: https://cracku.in/cat/pricing

Download CAT Syllabus PDF

Get Complete Details About CAT exam

Top rated app for CAT





Take free CAT Mock

CAT Previous Papers PDF

Euler's Theorem

Euler's theorem states that $a^{\Phi(n)}$ (mod n) = 1 (mod n) if 'a' and 'n' are coprime to each other.

So, if the given number 'a' and the divisor 'n' are co-prime to each other, we can use Euler's theorem.

Example 1:

What is the remainder when 2^{256} is divided by 15? 2 and 15 are co-prime to each other. Hence, Euler's theorem can be applied.

15 can be written as 5*3.

Euler's totient of 15 = 15* $(1 - \frac{1}{3})$ * $(1 - \frac{1}{5})$ = 15* $\frac{2}{3}$ * $\frac{4}{5}$ = 8

Therefore, we have to try to express 256 as 8k + something. 256 can be expressed as 8*32

We know that, $a^{\phi(n)} \pmod{n} = 1 \pmod{n}$ $2^{8*32} \pmod{15} = 1 \pmod{15}$.

Therefore, 1 is the right answer.

Quant Formulas for CAT [Download PDF]



CAT Previous Papers PDF



Take free CAT Mock

Example 2:

What are the last 2 digits of 7²⁰⁰⁸?

Finding the last 2 digits is similar to finding the remainder when the number is divided by 100.

100 and 7 are co-prime to each other. Hence, we can use Euler's theorem.

100 can be written as $2^2 * 5^2$.

Euler's totient of 100, $\phi(100) = 100*(1-\frac{1}{2})*(1-\frac{1}{5})$.

=
$$100* \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)* \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)$$

 $\Phi(100) = 40.$

 7^{2008} can be written as $7^{2000}*7^8$

 7^{2000} can be written as $7^{40*(25)}$. Hence, 7^{2000} will yield a remainder of 1 when divided by 100.

The problem is reduced to what will be the remainder when 7^8 is divided by 100.

We know that $7^4 = 2401$.

$$7^8 = 7^{4*}7^4 = 2401*2401.$$

As we can clearly see, the last 2 digits will be 01.

Personal guidance for CAT by IIM alumni

https://www.facebook.com/groups/catsuccess/



Take free CAT Mock



CAT Previous Papers PDF

Download Important Questions & Answers PDF Below:

Verbal Ability & Reading comprehension

Data Interpretation

Logical Reasoning

Quantitative Aptitude

Get Important MBA Updates
Telegram
Join FB CAT Group
Whatsapp 'CAT' to 7661025559

Whatsapp 'CAT' to join in CAT Group to this number (7661025559)

Download Android App here for CAT.



Download IOS App here for CAT.



CAT Previous Papers PDF