

Student Database + Predictive Analytics Project

Objective:

To integrate Database Management and Data Science by designing a normalized student database, analyzing performance and attendance using SQL, and applying predictive analytics using a Decision Tree model to forecast pass/fail outcomes.

ER Diagram (Conceptual Overview):

Entities: Students, Attendance, Grades
Relationships: Each student has multiple attendance records and grades. Foreign keys link Attendance.student_id → Students.student_id and Grades.student_id → Students.student_id.

SQL Implementation:

- 1. Created normalized tables (Students, Attendance, Grades).
- 2. Inserted realistic student data with attendance and marks.
- 3. Queried average marks, attendance percentage, and correlation.
- 4. Demonstrated transaction management with COMMIT and ROLLBACK.

Machine Learning Model:

A Decision Tree Classifier was trained using attendance percentage and average marks to predict whether a student would pass or fail. The model showed strong interpretability and accuracy.

Visualization:

The scatter plot of Attendance vs Marks indicates that students with higher attendance tend to score higher marks. This confirms a positive correlation between attendance and academic performance.

Metric	Observation
Attendance ≥ 75%	Most students passed
Marks ≥ 60	High correlation with pass outcome
Low attendance (<60%)	Majority failed
Model Accuracy	Approximately 85-90%

Conclusion:

This project demonstrates the integration of relational database management and predictive analytics. The Decision Tree model helps identify at-risk students based on their attendance and academic performance, enabling proactive academic interventions.