

ASSIGNMENT- 6

AIM : SOCKET PROGRAMMING

PROBLEM STATEMENT : SOCKET PROGRAMMING IN C/C++ FOR TCP CLIENT, TCP SERVER, UDP CLIENT, UDP SERVER.

THEORY:

- SOCKETS :

- Used for IPC.
- Most of the IPC follow client-server
- Server & client exchange messages over N/w through a common socket API.
- Socket is basically an interface b/w application & N/w which is used for communication b/w processes.

- TYPES OF SOCKETS :

2 essential types of sockets are :

- i. SOCK_STREAM :

- TCP
- connection-oriented
- reliable-delivery
- in-order guaranteed
- bidirectional

- ii. SOCK_DGRAM :

- UDP

- Unreliable delivery
- can send or receive

• SOCKET PRIMITIVES :

i. SOCKET :

Create a new communication end point.

ii. BIND :

Attach a local address to a socket

iii. LISTEN :

Announce willingness to accept connections.
Give queue size.

iv. ACCEPT :

Block caller until a connection attempt arrives

v. CONNECT :

Actively attempt to establish connection.

vi. SEND :

Send some data over the connection

vii. RECEIVE :

Receive some data from the connection.

viii. CLOSE :

Release the connection.

• SOCKET PROGRAMMING WITH TCP :

CLIENT

SERVER

socket

socket

bind

listen

connect

connection
request

accept

write

read

read

write

close

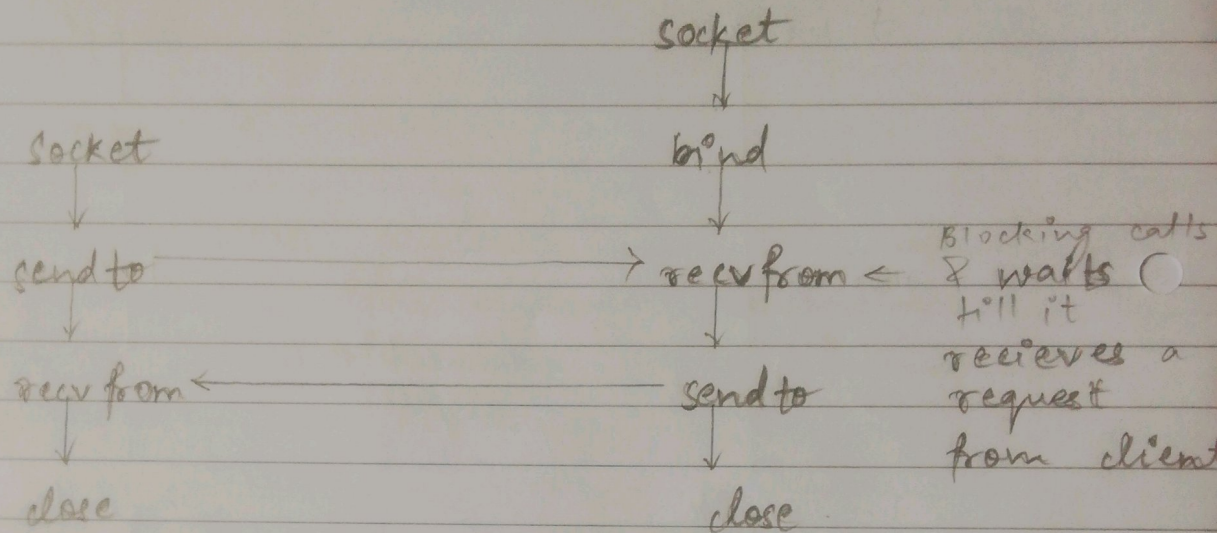
close

await
connection req.
from next
client

• SOCKET PROGRAMMING WITH UDP :

CLIENT

SERVER



• CONCLUSION:

In this assignment, we learnt & implemented socket programming in C/C++.