

Breadth First Search

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<queue>
using namespace std;

class node
{
    public:

    node *left, *right;
    int data;

};

class Breadthfs
{
    public:

    node *insert(node *, int);
    void bfs(node *);

};

node *insert(node *root, int data)
// inserts a node in tree
{
    if(!root)
    {
        root=new node;
        root->left=NULL;
        root->right=NULL;
        root->data=data;
        return root;
    }

    queue<node *> q;
    q.push(root);
```

```

while(!q.empty())
{
    node *temp=q.front();
    q.pop();

    if(temp->left==NULL)
    {
        temp->left=new node;
        temp->left->left=NULL;
        temp->left->right=NULL;
        temp->left->data=data;
        return root;
    }
    else
    {
        q.push(temp->left);
    }

    if(temp->right==NULL)
    {
        temp->right=new node;
        temp->right->left=NULL;
        temp->right->right=NULL;
        temp->right->data=data;
        return root;
    }
    else
    {
        q.push(temp->right);
    }
}
}

void bfs(node *head)

```

```

{

    queue<node*> q;
    q.push(head);

    int qSize;

    while (!q.empty())
    {
        qSize = q.size();
        #pragma omp parallel for
        //creates parallel threads
        for (int i = 0; i < qSize; i++)
        {
            node* currNode;
            #pragma omp critical
            {
                currNode = q.front();
                q.pop();
                cout<<"\t"<<currNode->data;

                }// prints parent node
            #pragma omp critical
            {
                if(currNode->left)// push parent's left node in queue
                    q.push(currNode->left);
                if(currNode->right)
                    q.push(currNode->right);
                }// push parent's right node in queue

            }
        }
    }

}

int main(){

    node *root=NULL;
    int data;
    char ans;

    do
    {
        cout<<"\n enter data=>";
    }
}

```

```

        cin>>data;

        root=insert(root,data);

        cout<<"do you want insert one more node?";
        cin>>ans;

    }while(ans=='y'||ans=='Y');

    bfs(root);

    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

Enter data => 5
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 3
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 2
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 1
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 7
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) y

Enter data => 8
Do you want to insert one more node? (y/n) n

5      3      7      2      1      8

```

Depth First Search

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <stack>
#include <omp.h>

using namespace std;

const int MAX = 100000;
vector<int> graph[MAX];
bool visited[MAX];

void dfs(int node) {
    stack<int> s;
    s.push(node);

    while (!s.empty()) {
        int curr_node = s.top();
        s.pop();

        if (!visited[curr_node]) {
            visited[curr_node] = true;

            #pragma omp parallel for
            for (int i = 0; i < graph[curr_node].size(); i++) {
                int adj_node = graph[curr_node][i];
                if (!visited[adj_node]) {
                    s.push(adj_node);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int n, m, start_node;
    cin >> n >> m >> start_node;
    //n: node,m:edges

    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        int u, v;
        cin >> u >> v;
        //u and v: Pair of edges
```

```

graph[u].push_back(v);
graph[v].push_back(u);
}

#pragma omp parallel for
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    visited[i] = false;
}

dfs(start_node);

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (visited[i]) {
        cout << i << " ";
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

Output:

Input:

```

Copy code

6 7 0
0 1
0 2
1 3
2 4
2 5
4 5
5 3

```

Output:

```

Copy code

0 1 2 4 5 3

```

Bubble Sort

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<omp.h>
using namespace std;

void bubble(int *, int);
void swap(int &, int &);

void bubble(int *a, int n)
{
    for( int i = 0; i < n; i++ )
    {
        int first = i % 2;

        #pragma omp parallel for shared(a,first)
        for( int j = first; j < n-1; j += 2 )
        {
            if( a[ j ] > a[ j+1 ] )
            {
                swap( a[ j ], a[ j+1 ] );
            }
        }
    }
}

void swap(int &a, int &b)
{
    int test;
    test=a;
    a=b;
    b=test;
}
```

```
}

int main()
{

    int *a,n;
    cout<<"\n enter total no of elements=>";
    cin>>n;
    a=new int[n];
    cout<<"\n enter elements=>";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>a[i];
    }

    bubble(a,n);

    cout<<"\n sorted array is=>";
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<a[i]<<endl;
    }

    return 0;
}
```


Input-

enter total no of elements=>5

enter elements=>3

5

2

4

1

Output-

sorted array is=>1

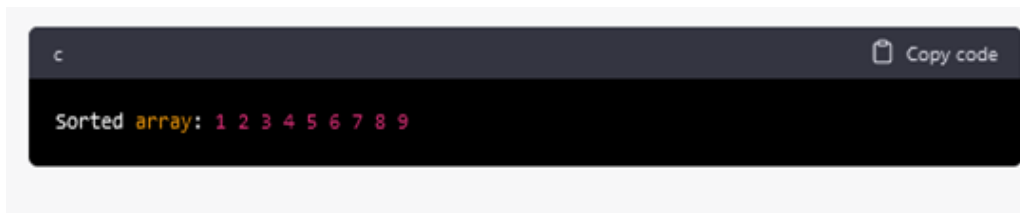
2

3

4

5

*/

A screenshot of a C program's output. The terminal window has a dark background. The title bar shows 'c' and a 'Copy code' button. The output text is 'Sorted array: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9', where 'Sorted array:' is in yellow and the numbers are in red.

```
c Copy code
Sorted array: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
```

Merge Sort

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<omp.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j);
void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2);
```

```
void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j)
{
    int mid;
    if(i<j)
    {
        mid=(i+j)/2;

        #pragma omp parallel sections
        {

            #pragma omp section
            {
                mergesort(a,i,mid);
            }

            #pragma omp section
            {
                mergesort(a,mid+1,j);
            }
        }

        merge(a,i,mid,mid+1,j);
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2)
```

```
{
```

```
int temp[1000];
```

```
int i,j,k;
```

```
i=i1;
```

```
j=i2;
```

```
k=0;
```

```
while(i<=j1 && j<=j2)
```

```
{
```

```
    if(a[i]<a[j])
```

```
    {
```

```
        temp[k++]=a[i++];
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
    {
```

```
        temp[k++]=a[j++];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
while(i<=j1)
```

```
{
```

```
    temp[k++]=a[i++];
```

```
}
```

```
while(j<=j2)
```

```
{
```

```
    temp[k++]=a[j++];
```

```

}

for(i=i1,j=0;i<=j2;i++,j++)
{
    a[i]=temp[j];
}
}

int main()
{
    int *a,n,i;
    cout<<"\n enter total no of elements=>";
    cin>>n;
    a= new int[n];
    cout<<"\n enter elements=>";
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cin>>a[i];
    }
    // start=.....
    // #pragma omp....
    mergesort(a, 0, n-1);
    // stop.....
    cout<<"\n sorted array is=>";
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        cout<<"\n"<<a[i];
    }
    // Cout<<Stop-Start
    return 0;
}

```

Input-

enter total no of elements=>6

enter elements=>3

4

2

6

1

5

Output-

sorted array is=>

1

2

3

4

5

6 */

Min, Max, Sum and Average Operation

```
#include <iostream>
//#include <vector>
#include <omp.h>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
void min_reduction(int arr[], int n) {
    int min_value = INT_MAX;
    #pragma omp parallel for reduction(min: min_value)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (arr[i] < min_value) {
            min_value = arr[i];
        }
    }
    cout << "Minimum value: " << min_value << endl;
}
```

```
void max_reduction(int arr[], int n) {
    int max_value = INT_MIN;
    #pragma omp parallel for reduction(max: max_value)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (arr[i] > max_value) {
            max_value = arr[i];
        }
    }
    cout << "Maximum value: " << max_value << endl;
}
```

```
void sum_reduction(int arr[], int n) {
    int sum = 0;
    #pragma omp parallel for reduction(+: sum)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        sum += arr[i];
    }
    cout << "Sum: " << sum << endl;
}
```

```
void average_reduction(int arr[], int n) {  
    int sum = 0;  
    #pragma omp parallel for reduction(+: sum)  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        sum += arr[i];  
    }  
    cout << "Average: " << (double)sum / (n-1) << endl;  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int *arr,n;  
    cout<<"\n enter total no of elements=>";  
    cin>>n;  
    arr=new int[n];  
    cout<<"\n enter elements=>";  
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)  
    {  
        cin>>arr[i];  
    }  
}
```

```
// int arr[] = {5, 2, 9, 1, 7, 6, 8, 3, 4};  
// int n = size(arr);
```

```
min_reduction(arr, n);  
max_reduction(arr, n);  
sum_reduction(arr, n);  
average_reduction(arr, n);  
}
```

/* Output

enter total no of elements=>5

enter elements=>8

6

3

4

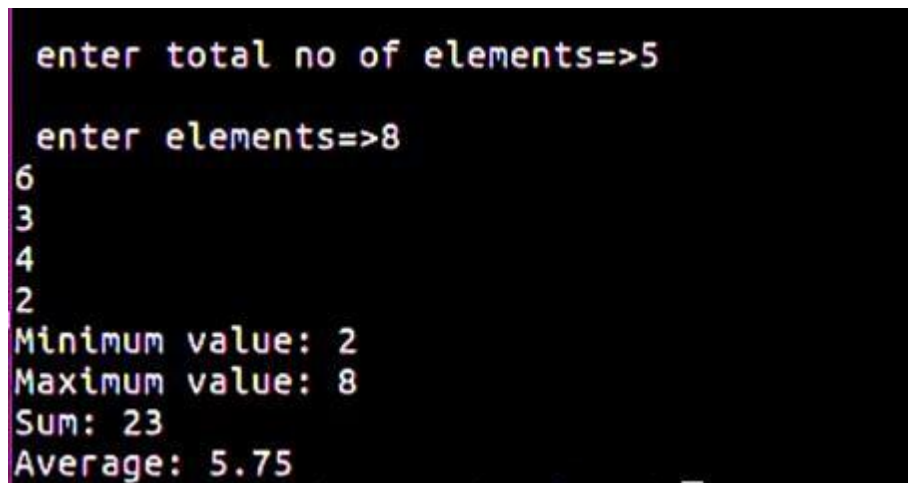
2

Minimum value: 2

Maximum value: 8

Sum: 23

Average: 5.75



```
enter total no of elements=>5
enter elements=>8
6
3
4
2
Minimum value: 2
Maximum value: 8
Sum: 23
Average: 5.75
```