# **ASSIGNMENT NO.9.**

<u>Aim:-</u> Company maintains employee information as employee ID, name, designation and salary. Allow user to add, delete information of employee. Display information of particular employee. If employee does not exist an appropriate message is displayed. If it is, then the system displays the employee details. Use index sequential file to maintain the data.

**Objective:** to study use of different data structure concepts in this program.

## Theory:-

### Input/output formatting

Writing to or reading from a file is similar to writing onto a terminal screen or reading from a keyboard. Differences are:

- File must be opened with an OPEN statement, in which the unit number and (optionally) the filename are given
- Subsequent writes (or reads) must refer to a known unit number (used for open)
- File should be closed at the end

## File opening and closing

The syntax is:

OPEN([unit=]lunit,file='name' [,options])

CLOSE([unit=]lunit [,options])

#### For example:

OPEN(10, file='output.dat', status='new')

CLOSE(unit=10)

- The first parameter is the unit number and the keyword unit= can be omitted.
- The unit numbers 0,5 and 6 are predefined.
- 0 is output for standard (system) error messages
- 5 is for standard (user) input

- 6 is for standard (user) output
- o These units are opened by default and should not be re-opened nor closed by users

#### Some options for opening a file:

- status: existence of the file ('old', 'new', 'replace', 'scratch', 'unknown')
   position: offset, where to start writing ('append')
   action: file operation mode ('write', 'read', 'readwrite')
- o form: text or binary file ('formatted', 'unformatted')
- o access: direct or sequential file access ('direct', 'sequential', 'stream')
- o iostat: error indicator, (output) integer (non zero only upon an error)
- o err: the label number to jump upon error
- recl: record length, (input) integer for direct access files only. Be careful, it can be in bytes or words...

## Algorithm:-

## **Program Code:-**

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
typedef struct EMP REC
char name[10];
int emp id;
int salary;
char des[10];
 }Rec;
typedef struct INDEX REC
 int emp id;
 int position;
 } Ind Rec;
class Employee
{
Rec Records;
 Ind Rec Ind Records;
public:
 void Create();
 void Display();
 void Search();
 void deletion();
```

```
};
void Employee::Create()
char ch='y';
ofstream seqfile;
ofstream indexfile;
 int i=0;
 indexfile.open("IND.DAT", ios::out|ios::binary);
 seqfile.open("EMP.DAT",ios::out|ios::binary);
 cout<<"\n Enter Name: ";</pre>
 cin>>Records.name;
  cout<<"\n Enter Emp ID: ";</pre>
  cin>>Records.emp id;
  cout<<"\n Designation:";</pre>
  cin>>Records.des;
  cout<<"\n Enter Salary: ";</pre>
  cin>>Records.salary;
  seqfile.write((char*) &Records, sizeof(Records));
  Ind Records.emp id=Records.emp id;
  Ind Records.position=i;
  indexfile.write((char*)&Ind Records, sizeof(Ind Records));
  i++;
  cout<<"\nDo you want to add more records?";</pre>
  cin>>ch;
  }while(ch=='y');
 seqfile.close();
  indexfile.close();
void Employee::Display()
 ifstream segfile;
ifstream indexfile;
 seqfile.open("EMP.DAT",ios::in|ios::binary);
 indexfile.open("IND.DAT", ios::in|ios::binary);
 int i=0;
 while(indexfile.read((char *)&Ind Records, sizeof(Ind Records)))
   i=Ind Records.position*sizeof(Rec);
   seqfile.seekg(i,ios::beg);
   seqfile.read((char *) &Records, sizeof(Records));
   if(Records.emp id!=-1)
   cout<<"\nName: "<<Records.name<<flush;</pre>
   cout<<"\nEmp ID: "<<Records.emp id;</pre>
   cout<<"\nDesignation :"<<Records.des;</pre>
   cout<<"\nSalary: "<<Records.salary;</pre>
   cout<<"\n";
```

```
}
seqfile.close();
indexfile.close();
void Employee::Search()
{
fstream seqfile;
fstream indexfile;
int id, pos, offset;
cout<<"\n Enter the Emp ID for searching the record ";</pre>
cin>>id;
indexfile.open("IND.DAT", ios::in|ios::binary);
while(indexfile.read((char *)&Ind Records, sizeof(Ind Records)))
 if(id==Ind Records.emp id)
  pos=Ind Records.position;
  break;
  if(pos==-1)
  cout << "\n Record is not present in the file";
  offset=pos*sizeof(Records);
  seqfile.open("EMP.DAT",ios::in|ios::binary);
  seqfile.seekg(offset,ios::beg);
  seqfile.read((char *) &Records, sizeof(Records));
  if(Records.emp id==-1)
  cout<<"\n Record is not present in the file";</pre>
  return;
  }
 else
  cout<<"\n The Record is present in the file";</pre>
  cout<<"\n Name: "<<Records.name;</pre>
  cout<<"\n Emp ID: "<<Records.emp id;</pre>
  cout<<"\n Designation: "<<Records.des;</pre>
  cout<<"\n Salary: "<<Records.salary;</pre>
 seqfile.close();
 indexfile.close();
void Employee::deletion()
    int id, pos;
    cout<<"For deletion"<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"\n Enter the employee id for searching"<<endl;</pre>
```

```
cin>>id;
    fstream seqfile;
    fstream indexfile;
  seqfile.open("EMP.DAT",ios::in|ios::binary|ios::out);
 indexfile.open("IND.DAT", ios::in|ios::binary|ios::out);
seqfile.seekq(0,ios::beq);
 indexfile.seekg(0,ios::beg);
while(indexfile.read((char *)&Ind Records, sizeof(Ind Records)))
 if(id==Ind Records.emp id)
  pos=Ind Records.position;
  Ind Records.emp id=-1;
  break;
  if(pos==-1)
 cout<<"\n Record found";</pre>
 return;
  int offset=pos*sizeof(Rec);
  seqfile.seekp(offset);
 strcpy(Records.name,"");
 Records.emp id=-1;
 Records.salary=-1;
  strcpy(Records.des,"");
  seqfile.write((char *)&Records, sizeof(Records)) << flush;</pre>
 offset=pos*sizeof(Ind Rec);
  indexfile.seekp(offset);
  Ind Records.emp id=-1;
  Ind Records.position=pos;
  indexfile.write((char *)&Ind Records, sizeof(Ind Records));
  seqfile.seekq(0);
  indexfile.close();
  seqfile.close();
int main()
Employee e;
char ans='y';
int choice, key;
do
    cout<<"\tMENU";
     cout<<"1.Enter info"<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"2.Display info"<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"3.Search"<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"4.Delete"<<endl;</pre>
     cout<<"Enter your choice"<<endl;</pre>
     cin>>choice;
         switch(choice)
```

```
{
         case 1:
            e.Create();
            break;
         case 2:
           e.Display();
           break;
         case 3:
              e.Search();
              break;
         case 4:
             e.deletion();
            break;
         cout<<"Do you want to continue"<<endl;</pre>
         cin>>ans;
 }while (ans=='y');
return 0;
}
```

# **Output Screenshots:-**

**Conclusion:** Thus, this assignment is completed successfully.