

QUESTIONS

1. A set of data involving four “tropical feed stuffs A, B, C, D” tried on 20 chicks is given below. All the twenty chicks are treated alike in all respects except the feeding treatments and each feeding treatment is given to 5 chicks. Analyse the data.

Feed	Gain in Weight					Total T_i
A	55	49	42	21	52	219
B	61	112	30	89	63	355
C	42	97	81	95	92	407
D	169	137	169	85	154	714

2. Consider the results given in the following table for an experiment involving six treatments in four randomised blocks. The treatments are indicated by numbers within parentheses.

Blocks	Yield for a randomised block experiment					
1	(1)	(3)	(2)	(4)	(5)	(6)
	24.7	27.7	20.6	16.2	16.2	24.9
2	(3)	(2)	(1)	(4)	(6)	(5)
	22.7	28.8	27.3	15.0	22.5	17.0
3	(6)	(4)	(1)	(3)	(2)	(5)
	26.3	19.6	38.5	36.8	39.5	15.4
4	(5)	(2)	(1)	(4)	(3)	(6)
	17.7	31.0	28.5	14.1	34.9	22.6

Test whether the treatments differ significantly. Also

- (i) determine the critical difference between the means of any two treatments;
- (ii) obtain the efficiency of this design relative to its layout as $C.R.D.$

3. An experiment was carried out to determine the effect of claying the ground on the field of barley grains; amount of clay used were as follows :

A : No clay

B : Clay at 100 per acre

C : Clay at 200 per acre

D : Clay at 300 per acre.

The yields were in plots of 8 meters by 8 meters and are given in the following table.

	<i>I</i>	<i>II</i>	<i>III</i>	<i>IV</i>
<i>I</i>	<i>D</i> 29.1	<i>B</i> 18.9	<i>C</i> 29.4	<i>A</i> 5.7
<i>II</i>	<i>C</i> 16.4	<i>A</i> 10.2	<i>D</i> 21.2	<i>B</i> 19.1
<i>III</i>	<i>A</i> 5.4	<i>D</i> 38.8	<i>B</i> 24.0	<i>C</i> 37.0
<i>IV</i>	<i>B</i> 24.9	<i>C</i> 41.7	<i>A</i> 9.5	<i>D</i> 28.9

- Perform the ANOVA and calculate the critical difference for the treatment mean yields.
 - Calculate the efficiency of the above Latin Square Design over
 - R.B.D.*
 - C.R.D.*
 - Yield under 'A' in the first column was missing. Estimate the missing value and carry out the ANOVA.
4. A varietal trial was conducted at a Research Station. The design adopted for the same was five randomised blocks of 6 plots each. The yields in lb. per plot (of $\frac{1}{20}$ th of an acre) obtained from the experiment are given in the following table.

Blocks	Varieties					
	<i>V</i> ₁	<i>V</i> ₂	<i>V</i> ₃	<i>V</i> ₄	<i>V</i> ₅	<i>V</i> ₆
<i>I</i>	30	23	34	25	20	13
<i>II</i>	39	22	28	25	28	32
<i>III</i>	56	43	43	31	49	17
<i>IV</i>	38	45	36	35	32	20
<i>V</i>	44	51	23	58	40	30

Analyse the design and comment on your findings.

5. The following data were obtained from an experiment using the treatments : 0.32 % of Blitox, 0.16 % of Dithane z-78, 0.09 % of Brestan-60 and control. After sowing rhizomes of the matgrass *Cyperus tagetum Roxb* in four plots in each of three villages, the above four treatments were applied at random to the plots in each village after 30 days of sowing. The yields in gm. of 30 sq. cm. cutting per plot after 120 days are given below. Analyse the data to find out if there are any significant treatment effects.

Treatment	Village		
	I	II	III
Blitox	678.2	510.2	531.2
Dithane z-78	703.2	689.5	611.2
Brestan-60	736.8	574.2	573.7
Control	556.4	510.2	500.0

6. Analyse the following randomised block design after estimating the missing value. Also compare the treatments T_1 and T_2 .

Treatment	Blocks			
	I	II	III	IV
T_1	19.1	—	22.5	25.5
T_2	26.0	28.0	27.0	33.0
T_3	20.5	28.5	21.5	25.5

7. The following table gives the yield of wheat (kgs./plot) as observed in an experiment carried out in a 5×5 Latin Square. The five manurial treatments are indicated by A , B , C , D and E . Obtain an estimate of the missing value and analyse the design.

	1	2	3	4	5
1	B	C	A	D	E
	57.8	48.6	33.4	53.5	41.8
2	D	E	C	B	A
	50.5	45.5	51.8	52.6	31.9
3	A	D	B	E	C
	46.1	47.9	55.6	—	53.3
4	C	B	E	A	D
	58.2	55.1	43.2	38.8	53.3
5	E	A	D	C	B
	53.0	41.0	48.7	54.6	55.7

8. Consider the following 2^2 factorial experiment involving 2 factors N and S each at two levels - 0 and 1.

Block	Treatment Combination			
	(1)	n	s	ns
I	117	124	106	125
II	120	124	117	124
III	111	127	114	126
IV	108	131	112	125
V	73	138	97	95
VI	81	158	117	125

Analyse the design. Does treatment effect N differ from treatment effect S significantly ?

9. Analyse the following 2^3 factorial experiment in blocks of 4 plots, involving three fertilisers N , P and K each at two levels.

Replicate I				
Block 1	np	npk	(1)	k
	101	111	75	55
Block 2	p	n	pk	nk
	88	90	115	75

Replicate II				
Block 3	(1)	npk	nk	p
	125	95	80	100
Block 4	np	k	pk	n
	115	95	90	80

Replicate III				
Block 5	pk	nk	(1)	np
	75	100	55	92
Block 6	n	npk	p	k
	53	76	65	82

10. An experiment was performed by Gretchen Krueger at Arizona State University to determine how the pan material, the brand of brownie mix and the stirring method affect the scrumptiousness of brownies.

The factor levels were:

Factor	Low (–)	High (+)
A = pan material	Glass	Aluminium
B = stirring method	Spoon	Mixer
C = brand of mix	Expensive	Cheap

The response variable was scrumptiousness, a subjective measure derived from a questionnaire given to the subjects who tasted each batch of brownies. The test panel results for eight persons corresponding to each batch are given below.

Brownie Batch	Treatment Combination			Test Panel Result							
	A	B	C	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	–	–	–	11	9	10	10	11	10	8	9
2	+	–	–	15	10	16	14	12	9	6	15
3	–	+	–	9	12	11	11	11	11	11	12
4	+	+	–	16	17	15	12	13	13	11	11
5	–	–	+	10	11	15	8	6	8	9	14
6	+	–	+	12	13	14	13	9	13	14	9
7	–	+	+	10	12	13	10	7	7	17	13
8	+	+	+	15	12	15	13	12	12	9	14

Analyse the data and comment on the results.

11. The yield data (in kg. per plant) obtained in a factorial experiment to compare the effect of three fertilizers N , P and K each at two levels applied on a variety are given below.

		Replicate I			
Block 1	npk	k	p	n	
	12.0	17.7	14.6	12.7	
Block 2	nk	np	pk	(1)	
	11.7	12.8	13.8	10.9	

		Replicate <i>II</i>			
Block 3	<i>npk</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>k</i>	<i>n</i>	
	10.3	8.9	9.3	10.8	
Block 4	<i>np</i>	<i>nk</i>	<i>pk</i>	(1)	
	9.3	9.8	10.0	12.7	

		Replicate <i>III</i>			
Block 5	<i>nk</i>	<i>np</i>	<i>p</i>	<i>k</i>	
	12.3	10.3	15.2	14.3	
Block 6	<i>n</i>	<i>pk</i>	(1)	<i>npk</i>	
	11.3	13.0	10.7	11.5	

Each replicate consists of two blocks of 4 plots each. Find the confounded effects, analyse the data and draw conclusion.