QUESTIONS

1. Solve the following L.P.P. graphically:

Minimize
$$z = 20x_1 + 10x_2$$

 $subject\ to$ $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 40$,
 $3x_1 + x_2 \ge 30$,
 $4x_1 + 3x_2 \ge 60$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

2. Solve the following L.P.P. graphically:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \textit{Maximize} & z = 6x_1 + 4x_2 \\ \textit{subject to} & 7x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 35, \\ & 5x_1 + 7x_2 \leq 35, \\ & 4x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 12, \\ & 3x_1 + x_2 \geq 3, \\ & x_1, x_2 \geq 0. \end{array}$$

3. Solve the following L.P.P. graphically:

Maximize
$$z = 3x_1 + 4x_2$$

subject to $x_1 - x_2 \ge 0$,
 $-x_1 + 3x_2 \le 3$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

4. Solve the following L.P.P. graphically:

Maximize
$$z = 6x_1 + 10x_2$$

subject to $3x_1 + 5x_2 \le 10$,
 $5x_1 + 3x_2 \le 15$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

5. Find the basic feasible solutions of the following system of equations.

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 = 8;$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 6x_3 - 7x_4 = -3;$$

$$x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4 \ge 0.$$

6. Find all the basic solutions of the following equations and identify the basic vectors and the basic variables in each case.

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 4;$$

 $2x_1 + 5x_2 - 2x_3 = 3.$

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7. Solve the following L.P.P. using simplex method.

Maximize
$$z = 4x_1 + 7x_2$$

subject to $2x_1 + x_2 \le 1000$,
 $10x_1 + 10x_2 \le 6000$,
 $2x_1 + 4x_2 \le 2000$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

8. Solve the following L.P.P. using simplex method.

Maximize
$$z = 3x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$$

subject to $2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \le 2$,
 $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \le 5$,
 $2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \le 6$,
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$.

9. Solve the following L.P.P. using penalty method.

Maximize
$$z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + x_3$$

subject to $-3x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 8$,
 $-3x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 = 7$,
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$.

10. Solve the following L.P.P. using penalty method.

Maximize
$$z = -2x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$$

subject to $x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 2$,
 $3x_1 + 2x_2 + 4x_3 = 1$,
 $x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$.

11. Use duality to find the optimal solution, if any, of the following L.P.P.

Maximize
$$z = 3x_1 + 2x_2$$

subject to $2x_1 + x_2 \le 2$,
 $x_1 + x_2 \le 1$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

12. Use duality to find the optimal solution, if any, of the following L.P.P.

Maximize
$$z = 15x_1 + 10x_2$$

subject to $3x_1 + 5x_2 \ge 5$,
 $5x_1 + 2x_2 \ge 3$,
 $x_1, x_2 \ge 0$.

13. At a cattle breeding firm it is prescribed that the food ration for one animal must contain at least 14, 22 and 1 units of nutrients A, B, and C respectively. Two different kinds of fodder are available. Each unit weight of these two contains the following amounts of the three nutrients:

	Fodder 1	Fodder 2
Nutrient A	2	1
Nutrient B	2	3
Nutrient C	1	1

It is given that the costs of unit quantity of fodder 1 and 2 are 3 and 2 monetary units respectively. Pose a linear programming problem in terms of minimizing the cost of purchasing the fodders for the above cattle breeding firm.

14. Three products are processed through three different operations. The times (in minutes) required per unit of each product, the daily capacity of the operations (in minutes per day) and the profit per unit sold for each product (in rupees) are as follows:

Operation		Γime per uni	Operation Capacity		
Operation	Product 1	act 1 Product 2 Pro		Operation Capacity	
1	3	4	3	42	
2	5	0	3	45	
3	3	6	2	41	
Profit	3	2	1		

The zero time indicates that the product does not require the given operation. The problem is to determine the optimum daily production for three products that maximizes the profit.

Formulate the above production planning problem as a linear programming problem assumig that all units produced are sold.

15. Use North-West $Corner\ Rule$ to find the basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem :

16. Use Row-minima method to find the basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem :

	D_1		D_3		
O_1	21	16	25	13 23 41	11
O_2	17	18	14	23	13
O_3	21 17 32	27	18	41	19
	6	10	12	15	_

17. Use Column-minima method to find the basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem :

	D_1	D_2	D_3	a_i
O_1	2	7	4	5
O_2	3	3	1	8
O_3	5	4	7	7
O_4	1	6	2	14
b_j	7	9	18	_

18. Use *Matrix-minima method* to find the basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem :

	A	B	C	a_i
F_1	10	9	8	8
F_2	10	7	10	7
F_3	11	9	7	9
F_4	12	14	10	4
b_j	10	10	8	,

19. Obtain an optimal basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem :

	D_1	D_2	D_3	D_4	a_i
O_1	1	2	1	4	30
O_2	3	3	2	1	50
O_3	4	2	5	9	20
b_{j}	20	40	30	10	

20. Obtain an optimal basic feasible solution of the following transportation problem :

	W_1	W_2	W_3	W_4	a_i
F_1	19	30	50	10	7
O_2	70	30	40	60	9
O_3	40	8	70	20	18
b_j	5	8	7	14	

21. A steel company has three open hearth furnaces and five rolling mills. Transportation costs (rupees per quintal) for transporting steel from furnaces to rolling mills are shown in the following table:

	M_1	M_2	M_3	M_4	M_5	a_i
F_1	4	2	3	2	6	8
F_2	5	4	5	2	1	12
F_3	6	5	4	7	7	14
b_{j}	4	4	6	8	8	_

What is the optimal transportation schedule?