

Autocorrelation Function

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2023-06-10

```
our_data <- c(1.6, 0.8, 1.2, 0.5, 0.9, 1.1, 1.1, 0.6, 1.5, 0.8, 0.9, 1.2, 0.5, 1.3, 0.8, 1.2)
print(length(our_data))

## [1] 16
print(our_data)

## [1] 1.6 0.8 1.2 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.6 1.5 0.8 0.9 1.2 0.5 1.3 0.8 1.2
mean(our_data)

## [1] 1
x <- our_data[-length(our_data)]
print(length(x))

## [1] 15
print(x)

## [1] 1.6 0.8 1.2 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.6 1.5 0.8 0.9 1.2 0.5 1.3 0.8
y <- our_data[-1]
print(length(y))

## [1] 15
print(y)

## [1] 0.8 1.2 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.6 1.5 0.8 0.9 1.2 0.5 1.3 0.8 1.2
z <- y[-1]
print(length(z))

## [1] 14
print(z)

## [1] 1.2 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.6 1.5 0.8 0.9 1.2 0.5 1.3 0.8 1.2
u <- z[-1]
print(length(u))

## [1] 13
```

```

print(u)

## [1] 0.5 0.9 1.1 1.1 0.6 1.5 0.8 0.9 1.2 0.5 1.3 0.8 1.2

a <- x - mean(our_data)

b <- y - mean(our_data)

c <- a * b

print(c)

## [1] -0.12 -0.04 -0.10 0.05 -0.01 0.01 -0.04 -0.20 -0.10 0.02 -0.02 -0.10
## [13] -0.15 -0.06 -0.04

sum(c)

## [1] -0.9

d <- x[-length(x)]

e <- d - mean(our_data)

f <- z - mean(our_data)

g <- e * f

print(g)

## [1] 0.12 0.10 -0.02 -0.05 -0.01 -0.04 0.05 0.08 -0.05 -0.04 0.05 0.06
## [13] 0.10 0.06

sum(g)

## [1] 0.41

h <- d[-length(d)]

i <- h - mean(our_data)

j <- u - mean(our_data)

k <- i * j

print(k)

## [1] -0.30 0.02 0.02 -0.05 0.04 0.05 -0.02 0.04 0.10 0.10 -0.03 -0.04
## [13] -0.10

print(sum(k))

## [1] -0.17

sum_of_deviation_squares <- sum((our_data - mean(our_data))^2)

sum_of_deviation_squares

## [1] 1.64

```

```
round(sum(c) / sum_of_deviation_squares, digits = 2)
```

```
## [1] -0.55
```

```
sum(g) / sum_of_deviation_squares
```

```
## [1] 0.25
```

```
round(sum(k) / sum_of_deviation_squares, digits = 2)
```

```
## [1] -0.1
```