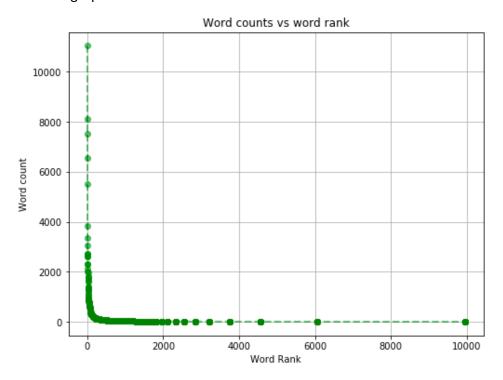
Page 1 Distribution graph

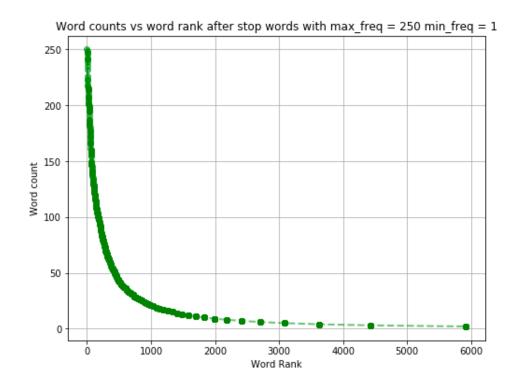


Page 2 Identify the stop words

Try the max frequency threshold = 250 and min, frequency = 1, total 5935 words. ['the', 'and', 'i', 'to', 'a', 'was', 'it', 'of', 'for', 'in', 'my', 'is', 'that', 'they', 'this', 'we', 'you', 'with', t', 'on', 'not', 'have', 'but', 'had', 'me', 'at', 's', 'so', 'were', 'are', 'be', 'place', 'food', 'there', 'as', 'he', 'if', 'all', 'when', 'out', 'would', 'service', 'get', 'our', 'she', 'back', 'one', 'up', 'time', 'from', 'very', 'an', 'just', 'their', 'here', 'no', 'will', 'great', 'like', 'good', 'go', 'about', 'them', 'or', 'can', 'what', 'your', 'us', 'been', 'do', 'never', 'because', 'only', 'don', 'even', 'after', 'by', 'which', 'did', 'got', 'said', 'more', 'her', 'really', 'told', 'also', 'could', 'some', 'other', 'then', 'went', 've', 'over', 'has', 'well', 'didn', 'again', 'm', 'first', 'best', 'people', 'staff', 'who', 'going', 'came', 'order', 'make', 'any', 'know', 'ordered', 'day', 'ever', 'restaurant', 'how', 'asked', 'off', 'customer', 'am', 'always', 'too', 'come', 'his', 'take', 'took', 'than', 'minutes', 'made', 'experience', 'before', 'try', 'give', 'love', 'car', 'new', 'gai', 'cussed', 'woods', 'woody', 'snowing', 'scold', 'unanswered', 'lord', 'patying', 'sixer', 'miele', 'hacked', 'gerade', 'stabbed', 'polyacrylamide', 'prize', 'clings', 'piling', 'persisted', 'broadstone', 'nigh', 'errors', 'medically', 'ruthless', 'bonuses', 'roadhouse', 'groupie', 'shocks', 'avery', 'erus', 'chino', 'previews', 'tatum', 'natured', 'poutines', 'learnard', 'oxymoron', 'electricity', 'himmlisch', 'magst', 'scoffed', 'aesthetician', 'geisha', 'accommodation', 'symphony', 'therefore', 'reichhaltig', 'standardized', 'alcoholically', 'inwards', 'intake', 'morally', 'pompadour', 'sweeter', 'concepts', 'zinnias', 'omelets', 'vor', 'couter', 'facade', 'smth', 'cookery', 'hog', 'cutback', 'garments', 'typed', 'coffeeshop', 'cervezas', 'dinosaurs', 'farrrr', 'destined', 'armamnet', 'effective', 'headquarters', 'sickening', 'feedback', 'kochbuch', 'peut', 'partnered', 'bubbles', 'conned', 'lovingly', 'integritythank', 'seasonality', 'fanciest', 'versuchte', 'fig', 'falsch', 'fil', 'songwriter', 'bixi', 'silver', 'ruth', 'horton', 'pleasantries', 'spotless', 'preceded', 'woes', 'spider', 'rt', 'sleepless', 'touts', 'smirk', 'excepting', 'mason', 'cheerfully', 'foundation', 'grapes', 'crowned', 'cadging', 'ministries', 'speedy', 'tempting', 'reserving', 'leaps', 'stripe', 'callous', 'stunnas', 'bacaro', 'millers', 'clarity', 'sherway', 'basketball', 'engagement', 'bitter', 'wisdom', 'finalement', 'positively', 'easys', 'sanderson', 'franizkaner', 'hibachi', 'rusty', 'idle', 'sorbets', 'slicers', 'endure', 'tres', 'willingness', 'shampooed', 'chako', 'zzeeks', 'mangoberry', 'alive', 'wholesome', 'crabilicious', 'bagshaw', 'kaya', 'foutent', 'siracha', 'yeishi', 'menudo', 'committing', 'weins', 'object', 'jaser', 'dustbuster', 'welll', 'addict', 'entry', 'singer', 'released', 'camp', 'memberships', 'drunks', 'marvel', 'signatures', 'sweetner', 'loitered', 'prix', 'mcds', 'participate', 'heckled', 'cheaply', 'orleans', 'touches', 'skinnyfats', 'reheating', 'rico', 'bliss', 'foolishly', 'galement', 'chiladas', 'klein', honda foremost difara lenders altogether anxiolytic relish avenger saut greene saul sensitivity mamas clem bleh irv santos emptor nlich thevserver skimpy toilette sacrificing stuttgart logic tinge unbuttoned miscommunication advertisements kurma gleaming vais roofer rangers fro twain toning obese regaled cunt commerce contemplated professionally calcium elaborate remembering tzu saltiness characterize doorman portobella toaster oozed craigslist effortlessly bib suppen photographers symmetrical attendais tune maximizing acoustics echoed plaque kilts tilde lassi spectacles emphasis hag vendeurs survival unequivocally rocket otherworldly firmed aussenstehenden tapering bobby froide cambod meisten battlefield crown harassment rotisserie allesamt creep fox witty foe fog indication mildewed picerie binder substituted shifting visiting filipino boiling coronado reathrey statements administer moonen panorama solicitors avail joseph hothead shitiest jang rique underestimated forming notifications verde leider reinventing caromed handily azz refillable brimley moderne minibar regurgitating triangles microwaving actor grammatical truffles hawked outage devon adrianne labbie steelhead irrigation hangovers infants trashcan guartered landeskirche ballet flubbed ndisch bicycles floundering icing prepaid chainiest refinance wharton bustle teas curd skewed settle spiritual rentr boca bagging educate tartare takashi dictates contemplate crumbles brilliant rockbot cette commonly queue accomplished crumbled bearable tasks barbers papas explicitly films ivonne absolument scratches valued believer strain harmonious values fandango mirrors listend cwru nascar matzo monitoring buttered agave elephant grossed loathe mignons provincial lids egotistical insulated sofort sp sw si sm swollen episodes tendency splurge disconnect accordion milked cleanest toro faves...]

Page 3 Distribution graph again

Use the max. freq = 250 and min. freq = 1 to filter stop words.



Page 4 Code snippets

```
1 import pandas as pd
 2 import numpy as np
 3 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
 d df = pd.read_csv('/Users/xinqu/Sandbox/CS498 Applied Machine Learning/HW/HW7/yelp_2k.csv')
df = df[['text', 'stars']]
  1 import re
  2 df['clean_text'] = df.text.apply(lambda x: re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]', ' ', x))
  df['clean_text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'] = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean text'} = dr.text.apply(lambda A. lettad, { v = 1.50 clean t
  f train_data_features = vectorizer.fit_transform(df['clean_text'])
  7 #vectorizer.transform([df.iloc[0]['text']]).toarray()
  1 sum_words = train_data_features.sum(axis = 0)
  2 words_freq = [(word, sum_words[0, idx]) for word, idx in vectorizer.vocabulary_.items()]
  words_freq = sorted(words_freq, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse =True)
  4 words_freq[:20]
 words = pd.DataFrame(words_freq, columns = ['word', 'count'])
 2 words['word_rank'] = words['count'].rank(ascending = False)
 3 words.head()
    word count word_rank
0 the 11041
                             1.0
1 and 8107
                             2.0
2 i 7511
                             3.0
    to 6565
                             4.0
       a 5498
                             5.0
 1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 2 %matplotlib inline
 3 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
  | plt.plot(words['word_rank'], words['count'], color='g', linestyle='dashed', marker = 'o',linewidth=2,alpha=0.5)
 5 plt.xlabel('Word Rank')
 6 plt.ylabel('Word count')
 7 plt.title('Word counts vs word rank')
 8 plt.grid()
 stop_words_list_max = words['word'][words['count'] > 250].values.tolist() ##threshold = 250
stop_words_list_max += words['word'][words['count'] <=1].values.tolist()</pre>
  1 vec_max = CountVectorizer(analyzer = "word", tokenizer = None, preprocessor = None,
                                                   token_pattern = u"(?u)\\b\\w+\\b",
                                                   stop_words = stop_words_list_max, max_features = 100000)
  4 train_data_features_max = vec_max.fit_transform(df['clean_text'])
  5 sum_words_max = train_data_features_max.sum(axis = 0)
  6 words_freq_max = [(word, sum_words_max[0, idx]) for word, idx in vec_max.vocabulary_.items()]
    words_freq_max = sorted(words_freq_max, key = lambda x: x[1], reverse =True)
  8 words_max = pd.DataFrame(words_freq_max, columns = ['word', 'count'])
  9 words_max['word_rank'] = words_max['count'].rank(ascending = False)
10 words_max.head()
  plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
  plt.plot(words_max['word_rank'], words_max['count'], color='g', linestyle='dashed',
                      marker = 'o',linewidth=2,alpha=0.5)
  4 plt.xlabel('Word Rank')
  5 plt.ylabel('Word count')
  6 plt.title('Word counts vs word rank after stop words with max_freq = 250 min_freq = 1')
  7 plt.grid()
 1 #from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
 2 max_array = train_data_features_max.toarray() ##bag_of_words threshold = 250
 3 query = vec_max.transform(['Horrible customer service']).toarray()
 def cos_distance(a, b):
           return 1.0 * np.dot(a, b.T) / (np.linalg.norm(a) * np.linalg.norm(b))
 3 \cos_{\sin} = \text{np.zeros}(2000,)
 4 for i in range(2000):
           cos_sim[i] = cos_distance(max_array[i], query)
 df['cosim'] = cos_sim
df_disc = df.sort_values(by = ['cosim'], ascending = False)
 3 for i in range(5):
            text = df_disc.iloc[i]['text']
             dis = df_disc.iloc[i]['cosim']
print(text + '\n' + 'cosine distance score: ' + str(dis) +'\n')
```

Page 5 Reviews with score

List 5 reviews matching query (top 5 by nearest neighbor with a cos-distance metric)

Service was horrible came with a major attitude. Payed 30 for lasagna and was no where worth it. Won't ever be going back and will NEVER recommend this place. was treated absolutely horrible. Horrible. cosine distance score: 0.6882472016116852

HORRIBLE HORRIBLE!!! AVOID AT ALL COSTS!!!

I had some work done at Swing Shift Auto and I was helped by Keith. He was very arrogant and had little time for me. I just needed new brake discs and pads. I was overcharged, the repairs took TWO DAYS, and when I got home i noticed t hat the discs had NOT been replaced, only the pads!!!!

TOTAL RIPOFFF!!! NEVER GO HERE, PLEASE!!! cosine distance score: 0.48038446141526137

Horrible service, horrible customer service, and horrible quality of service! Do not waste your time or money using this company for your pool needs. Dan (602)363-8267 broke my pool filtration system and left it in a nonworking cond ition. He will not repair the issue he caused, and told me to go somewhere else.

Save yourself the hassle, there are plenty of other quality pool companies out there.

Take care!

cosine distance score: 0.45226701686664544

I was in there a few weeks ago, the lady who took my order DENE was horrible....not only did she give me the wrong ch ange but had a terrible attitude and also put in my order wrong not to mention it looked as if she was hungover If I could give this a negative star I would...what a horrible representation of this place cosine distance score: 0.42640143271122083

Horrible experience! Got there at 1 am and the front desk worker wasn't there. The lights were turned off so I called with the after hours phone. After 10 minutes, someone let us in and we stood at the counter and he finally walked up, then told us we couldn't check in for an hour because the computer was down. Finally got to our room 2 hours later! H orrible experience!

cosine distance score: 0.35355339059327373

Page 6 Query Result

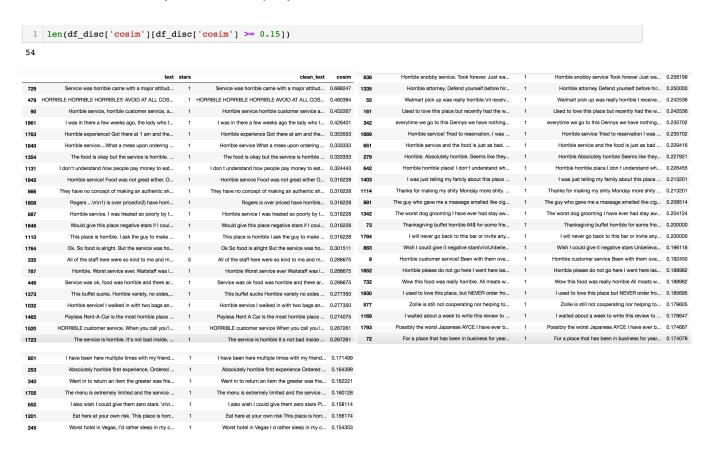
From the above 5 reviews from page 5, the review with cosine score = 0.4527 matches the query well. Among the 5 reviews, only 1 review matches the query well. It contains the query "horrible customer service" and part of the query "horrible service".

Horrible service, horrible customer service, and horrible quality of service! Do not waste your time or money using this company for your pool needs. Dan (602)363-8267 broke my pool filtration system and left it in a nonworking cond ition. He will not repair the issue he caused, and told me to go somewhere else.

Save yourself the hassle, there are plenty of other quality pool companies out there.

Take care! cosine distance score: 0.45226701686664544

For the total reviews, by choosing threshold cos-distance = 0.15, there are total 54 reviews matching query. By looking at the cos-distance with text, when cos-distance < 0.15, the text seems to matches only "horrible" in query.



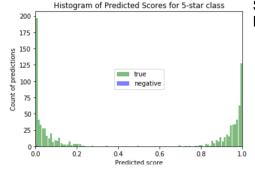
Page 7 Accuracy with threshold 0.5

0.92

Page 8 Predicted scores

```
pos_train_true = logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1][np.where(y_train[logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1] > threshold]== 5)]
pos_train_neg = logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1][np.where(y_train[logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1] > threshold]== 5)]
plt.hist(pos_train_true, bins = 100, color = 'g', alpha = 0.5, density = False, rwidth = 0.9, label = 'true')
plt.wlim(0, 1.0)
plt.xlim(0, 1.0)
plt.xlabel('Predicted score')
plt.ylabel('Count of predictions')
plt.title('Histogram of Predicted Scores for 5-star class')
plt.legend(loc = 'center')

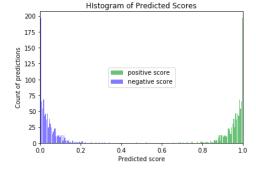
plt.show(')
```



Since there is only 1 False label in training data, the histogram of false label cannot show in the figure.

```
pos_score = logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1][np.where(logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1] > threshold)]
neg_score = logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 0][np.where(logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 0] <= threshold)]

plt.hist(pos_score, bins = 100, color = 'g', alpha = 0.5, density = False, rwidth = 0.9, label = 'positive score')
plt.hist(neg_score, bins = 100, color = 'b', alpha = 0.5, density = False, rwidth = 0.9, label = 'negative score')
plt.xlim(0, 1.0)
plt.xlabel('Predicted score')
plt.ylabel('Count of predictions')
plt.ylabel('Count of predictions')
plt.legend(loc = 'center')
plt.legend(loc = 'center')
plt.show()</pre>
```



Page 9 Accuracy again and curve

```
threshold_n = 0.4
2  predicts_n = np.where(logreg.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1] > threshold_n, 5, 1)
3  accuracy_score(np.where(logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1] > threshold_n, 5, 1), y_train)
4  ###train set accuracy score

: 0.998333333333333
: 1  accuracy_score(predicts_n, y_test) ###test set accuracy score

: 0.93
```

Reason for choosing threshold = 0.4: the accuracy score for testing data reaches maximum of 0.93 while the accuracy score for training data still maintains at a high value. Besides, the intersection between positive score and negative score is pretty small, which means false positive rate is small while true positive rate maintains high value.

```
1 test = np.arange(0.1, 1.0, 0.1)
2 train_score = []
3 test_score = []
4 for i in test:
      predicts = np.where(logreg.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1] > i, 5, 1)
       train_score.append(accuracy_score(np.where(logreg.predict_proba(X_train)[:, 1] > i, 5, 1), y_train))
       ###train set accuracy score
       test_score.append(accuracy_score(predicts, y_test)) ###test set accuracy score
1 train score, test score
0.985,
 0.9955555555555555
 0.99833333333333333,
 0.999444444444445,
 1.0.
 0.997777777777778,
 0.990555555555555
 0.94],
[0.86, 0.885, 0.915, 0.93, 0.92, 0.895, 0.89, 0.86, 0.795])
```

Page 10 Best threshold

1 fpr[np.argmax(tpr)]

0.22448979591836735

From the ROC curve, true positive rate reaches around to 1 when false positive rate is around 0.25. From the above code, the threshold is about 0.22 that minimizes false positive rate while maximizing true positive rate.