

Quick Start Guide

Thank you for choosing the **Wifibot Lab** platform for your robotic application.

- Before using the platform, please read with care this manual
- Keep this manual in a safe place for any future reference
- For updated information about this product visit the official site of wifibot http://www.wifibot.com

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Package contents



Make sure to be in possession of all the articles mentioned below. If any of them should be missing, contact your reseller as soon as possible.

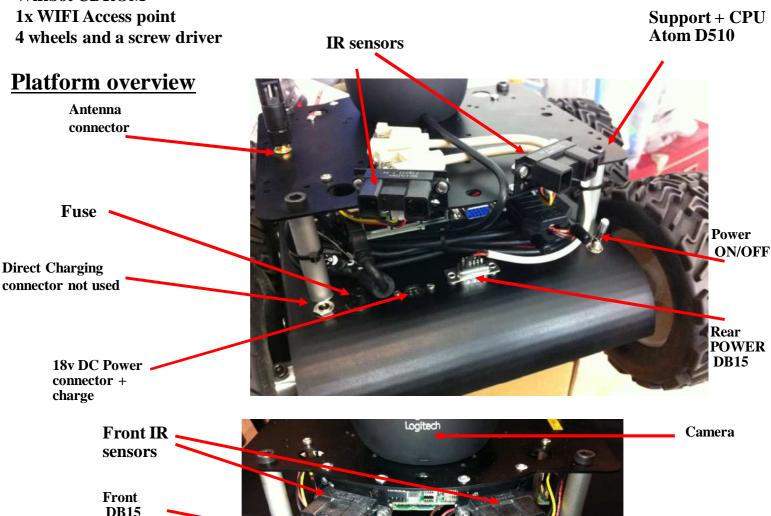
Platform + CPU Board
Pan & Tilt IP camera or Web Cam
DC Power adapter or charger
Wifibot CDROM
1x WIFI Access point

Quick start

- **1** Install Simple GUI (see page 11).
- 2- Switch ON the robot
- **3-** Switch On the Access point (essid wifibotlabap)
- **4-** Set you IP settings (see page 12) for example: 192.168.1.25 mask 255.255.255.0 or use

DHCP server installed on the Wifi AP

- 5- The robot connect automatically to the AP
- **6** Launch GUI for controlling the robot



2

Interfaces

DSUB15 Rear power output:

A Ground and a non regulated 12V (18V when dc is plugged).

Pin 1-2 are 12V (18V), pin 4-5 not used for the CPU and 6-7-8-9-10 are GND output respectively. 12v an can give a maximum of 6A. An incorrect use of this connector beyond those values (short circuit or other) can provoke a malfunction of the platform or of the DC/DC converter and even damage it.

Pin 3 is a 12v (18V) controlled from the RS232 or PC (please see RS232 protocol). Other pin are available for future options (see next pages).



Connector to plug-in the embedded CPU



Jack 2.1mm for direct charging
Do not use if the robot is ON use with a special
LIFEPO4 charger in option

4 Pin Power Din connector:

This connector is on the rear left of the robot. The battery charger is inside robot on the LAB V3.

When you plug the 18V dc power we have a special circuit that smoothly switch the power from the battery to the dc power, so the battery can be charged using the embedded charger.

With this system you can work on the robot continuously without switching off the robot.



Green Led for charging indicator End of charger

Power Red Led

The ON/OFF switch:

The platform is switched ON and OFF by the interrupter located on the right at the back of the platform.

The Fuse:

The 10 Amp fuse is located on the left at the back of the platform.

Interface connector:

This DSUB-15 **male** front connector presents a mix of input-output signals. The pin out is describe on next pages.





The antenna connector:

This is the wi-fi antenna connector. Screw the antenna carefully on the connector till the end.





If you use the optional fast charger:

First make sure the platform and the charger are OFF, then connect the plugs of the charging cable (first on the charger and after on the robot) and finally switch the charger ON, check if your are in LIFE mode and press the green button for 5 second. The charger will stop automatically.







Caution:

Charge the robot at 3.8A on regular use.

Never discharge deeply the robot (around 0v), you have in this case special cisrcuit that cut off the batteries.

Charge the robot on a open area away from inflammable objects.

Do not let the battery without charging for more then 6 months, if so they can become dangerous.

Computer and camera installation

The platform is sold with an **Pan & Tilt IP camera or webcam and an embedded computer** which model can vary depending of the version. Those are independent elements from the platform which can be replaced by any other model. For more information about your particular camera and embedded computer please refer to their respective manuals included in the CD ROM of the robot. The top aluminium support witch is **already mounted** on the platform, has been thought for the fixation of those and other user components.

Their installation takes place as follows:

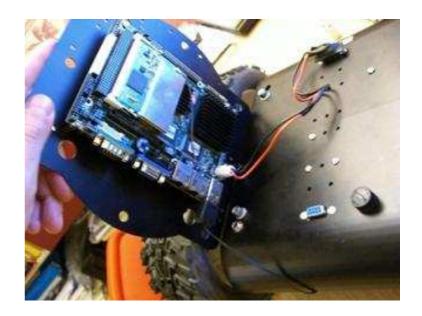
The upper aluminium support can be Unscrew .



The embedded computer is fixed on the down part of the support:

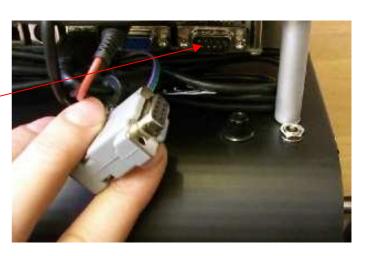


The power cable of the computer is connected to the appropriate connector (rear) DSUB15:

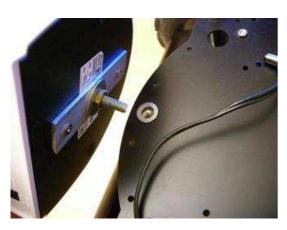


The Control Command RS232connector is connected to the computer.

Screw back the aluminium support on top of the platform and screw the IP camera on top of the support or plug the webcam.





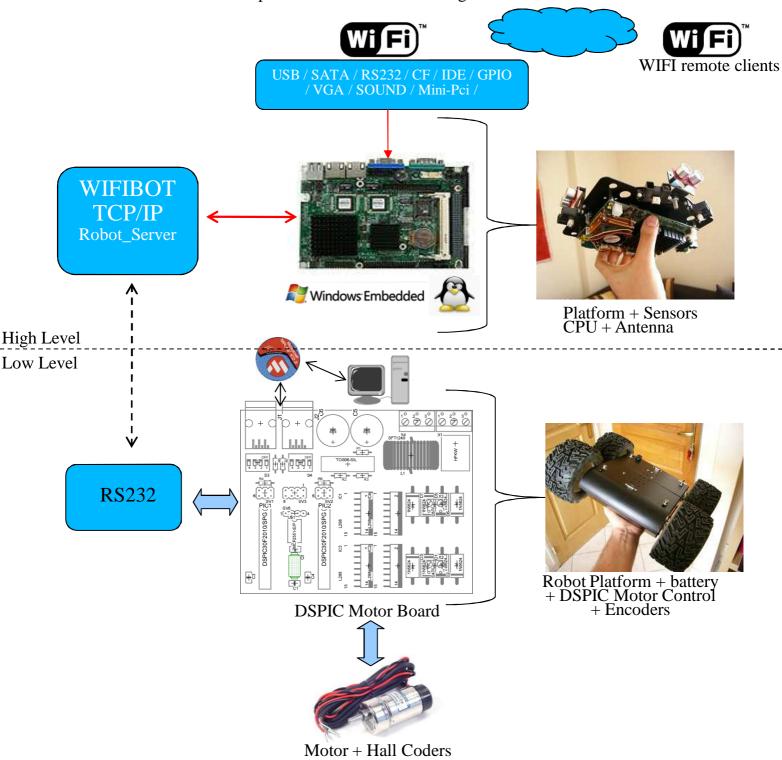




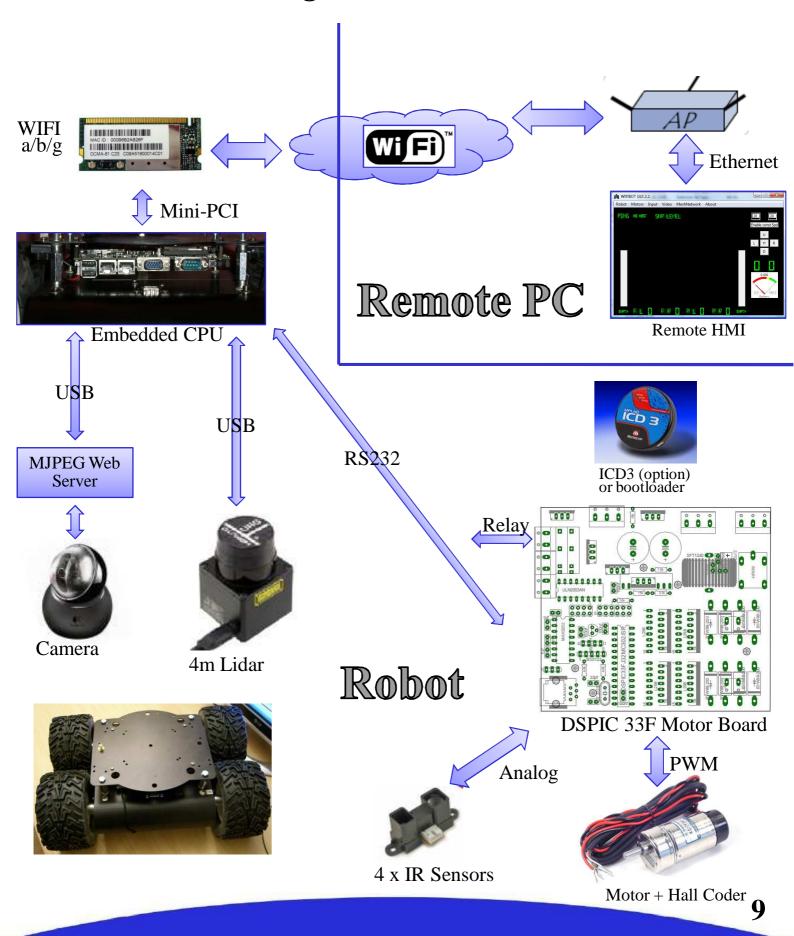
System architecture:

This architecture is composed by 2 Parts: The **high level** composed by the sensors and the CPU (or other custom devices), and the **low level** composed by a ICD2 capable DSPIC motor board controller. A RS232 port is the link between the CPU and the low level.

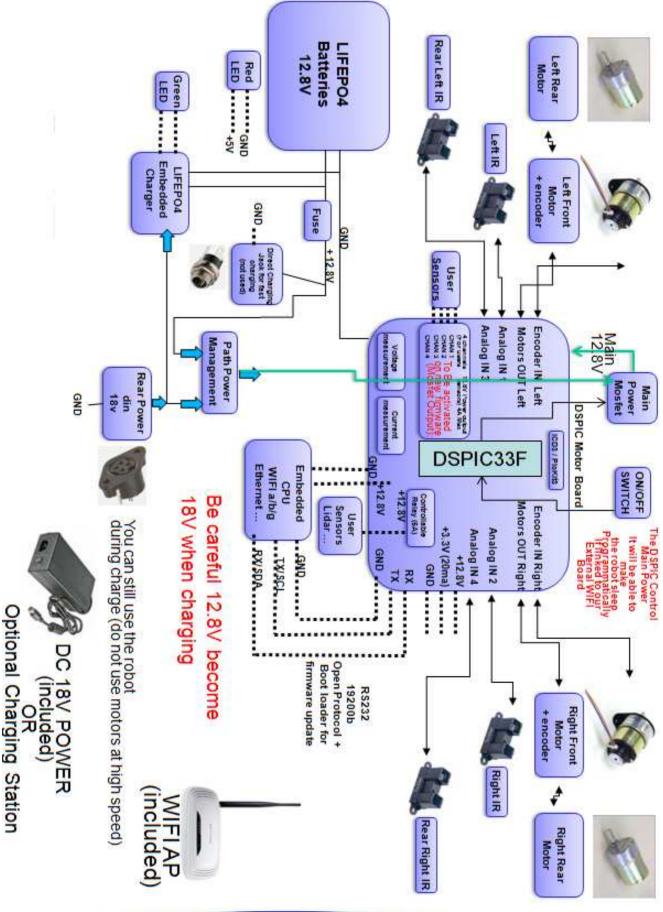
Once plugged, Linux or windows can send and received data from serial port and control the wheels or receive sensors data. **The protocol another document.** A simple TCP/IP gateway is provided with source code to see how it is simple to control the robot using WIFI.



High level Architecture



Low Level Architecture



HD-D-sub-15 Female

Be careful 12.8V become 18V when charging so check that your device is 18V tolerant or use a DC/DC

DsubF-1 et 2 -> +12.8V (8AMax, embedded PC, other device)

DsubF-6 à 10 -> GND

DsubF-3 -> Relay 1 +12.8V (5AMax)

DsubF-4 et 5 -> Relay2 (not used)

DsubF-15-> 12.8V (Linked to the Main Switch, 300mA)

To Be activated on new firmware (Mosfet Power Output):

DsubF-11 -> Channel 1 : 12.8V (4A) DsubF-12 -> Channel 2 : 12.8V (4A) DsubF-13 -> Channel 3 : 12.8V (4A) DsubF-14 -> Channel 4 : 12.8V (4A)

Serial port for Embedded PC:

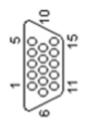
DSUB15M-6 -> DSUB9F-3

DSUB15M-7 -> DSUB9F-2

DSUB15M-9 -> DSUB9F-5

DSUB15M-3 -> Infra1-data

Infrared Sensors:



DSUBM

DSUB15M-8 -> Infra1-gnd DSUB15M-1 -> Infra1-+5V DSUB15M-4 -> Infra2-data DSUB15M-8 -> Infra2-gnd DSUB15M-1 -> Infra2-+5V DSUB15M-5 -> Infra3-data DSUB15M-14 -> Infra3-gnd

DSUB15M-2 -> Infra3-+5v

DSUB15M-10 -> Infra4-data

DSUB15M-14 -> Infra4-gnd

DSUB15M-2 -> Infra4-+5V

FUTURE USE:

DsubM-11 -> free dspic IO (future use)

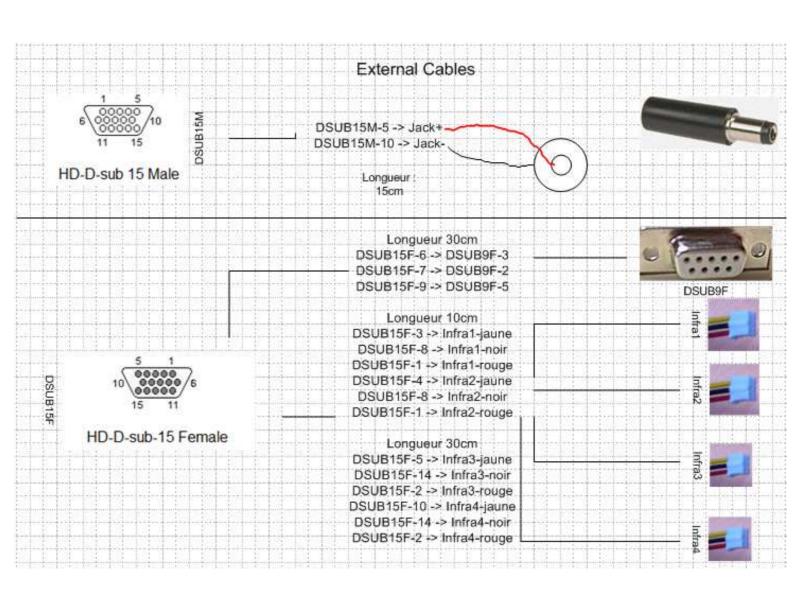
DsubM-12 -> free dspic IO (future use)

DsubM-13 -> not used

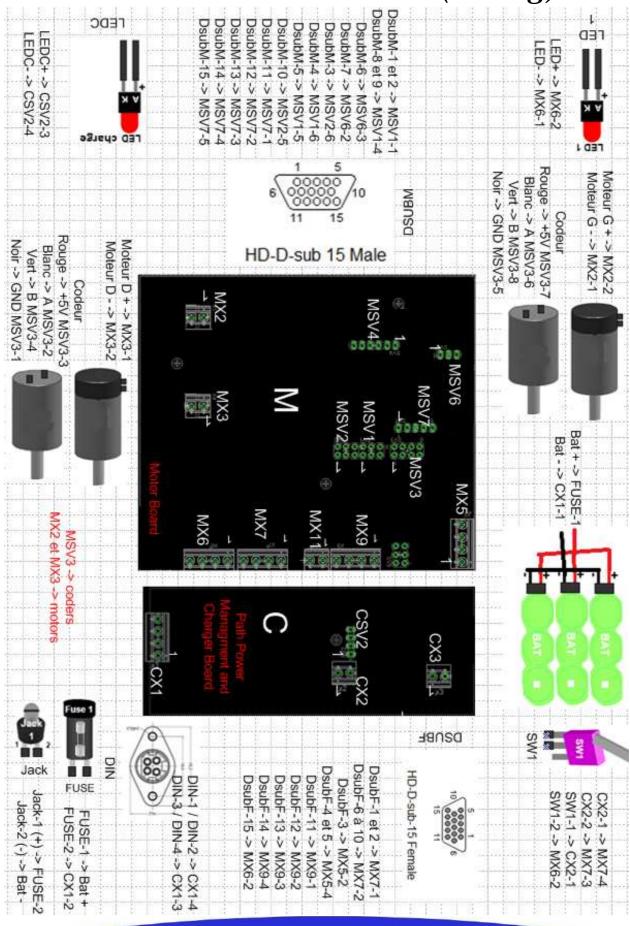
DsubM-14 -> GND

DsubM-15 -> 3.3V (20mA)

Low Level Architecture



Low Level Architecture (wiring)



The control software (TCP/UDP) Simple GUI:

The control software:

The control software can be found in the «WIFIBOT_GUI_RAW_5_0_30A.exe »

- Install if necessary the Video Decoder present in the same folder (no codec for webcam).
- Launch the WifibotGUI program.
- Click on Robot then Settings. The Robot **Settings** window appears.
- Set the Control Server IP and the Control Server Port which by default is 15020.
- Set the Camera IP and the Camera Port which for the image is by default 8080.
- Select the proper Camera Type. If the camera type is not present use **Firefox or** Internet explorer at port 8080 to view the image.
- Click on Video, then select VideoOn. The image from the camera will appear.
- Click on Robot then Connect.
- Click on Input then select Joystick or **Virtual_joy**. The robot can now be operated.

The menu options:



Robot: Starts the communication with the Control Server.

RobotOK: Stops the communication with the Control Server.

Camera: Starts the communication with the camera Server.

CameraOK: Stops the communication with the camera Server.

ROBOT GUI Robot Motors Input Control ON Control OFF Speed View

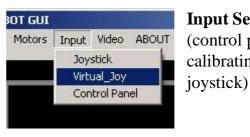
Speed View: Plots in real time the speed signal from the code wheels.

Motor Control ON: Activates the speed

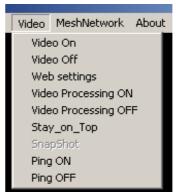
control, Input_Left and Input_Right set on the dialog will be applied.

Motor Control OFF:

Deactivates the speed control.

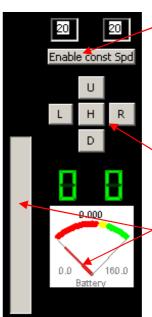


Input Selections (control panel for calibrating the



Video selections:

Allows to configure and control some options of the camera.



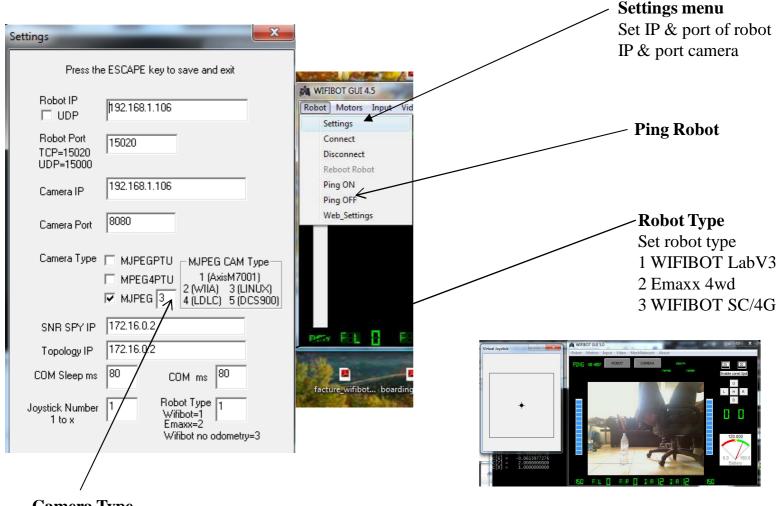
Current input: shows the current input or allows to set it manually with keyboard.

Pan-Tilt camera control:

The red button takes the camera to the default position. You can click on the image too for moving the camera.

Sensor feedback: shows the data retrieved from the range sensors, the battery level,

The control software (TCP) Simple GUI:

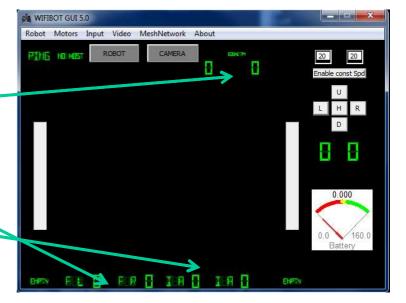


Camera Type

- 1 Axis MJPEG Server M7001
- 2 MJPEG WIA Server (robot windows)
- 3 MJPEG Streamer (robot linux)
- 4 LDLC Camera
- 5 DCS900

Odometry

robot current and the speed of the robot in tics.



Camera Type and software clients compatibility:









By default







Simple GUI















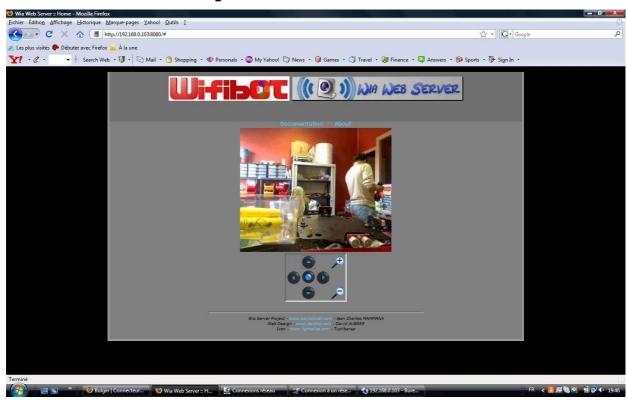




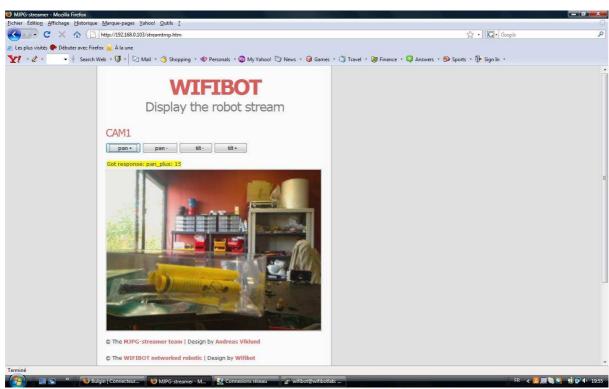


Web Cam Server web client:

Windows **WIA SERVER**: http://192.168.1.XXX:8080



Linux MJPEG-STREAMER: http://192.168.1.XXX:8080



Connecting to the robot using wireless network:

By default, the robot has been pre-configured with a certain IP addresses and it connect to the provided access point (essid "wifibotlab").

You need just to connect your control PC using DHCP to the access point. And then you can obtain a valid IP address to get into the robot network.

You can also adjust the IP settings of the network adapter of your computer manually. Make sure all the devices in a same network having to communicate with the robot have the same class of address.

If you are connecting to a robot **under Linux or Windows** with a **cable** directly to his Ethernet port, then enter 192.168.0.x on your PC (x can be any number between 1 and 254 except 250 and those used by the CPU and the camera of the robot).

For example, a Wifibot Serial Number: LABYYYXXX will have as IP for the CPU 192.168.0.XXX and 192.168.0.XXX:8080 for the camera if webcam, 192.168.0.20:80 if IP camera. Set the Subnet Mask to 255.255.255.0 and leave Default gateway and DNS empty.



192.168.1.XXX

If you are connecting **wirelessly** to a robot: **Under windows** because we bridge the wired and the wireless interface, the IP are the same as previous wired mode.

Under Linux we are on 192.168.1.XXX. We NAT the eth0 to the ath0.

For example, a Wifibot Serial Number: LABYYYXXX will have as IP 192.168.1.XXX, and 192.168.1.XXX:8080 for the camera IP or webcam. Set the **Subnet Mask** to 255.255.255.0

Connecting to the robot using a vga screen and a keyboard:

The robot can act as A regular PC. You can Plug a screen and a Keyboard.



Networking

Network architecture:

In the Wifibot Lab the embedded CPU works as a gateway between the internal wired LAN and the external wifi WLAN. The CPU has at least one ethernet card and one wireless card that form two separate networks (LAN/WLAN). The LAN and the WLAN should have in general a different address class and therefore data needs to be routed between them. Depending if you have chosen a robot under Windows or Linux the problem of connecting the two networks has been solved differently. Under Windows this has been done by configuring a bridge between the network interfaces, by doing so the robot's CPU appears to have a unique network interface and uses one single IP address. Under Linux, the interconnection is done through Dynamic NAT (Network Address Translation) and the CPU uses two different IP adresses, one for the internal LAN and one for the WLAN. In both cases, all local components of the robots such the IP camera will have their own IP address within the LAN, but when it comes to accessing them from the WLAN the method will differ. Under Windows as there is in practice no distinction between the WLAN and the LAN, every internal component will be reached using its own IP address (see Fig1). Under Linux, only the robot's CPU WLAN IP address can be seen and any internal network element will have to be reached using this single IP. In order to be able to access the separate devices using a single IP, we will need to assign to each of them a separate port (see Fig2). This will require to configure the CPU with the proper routing table.

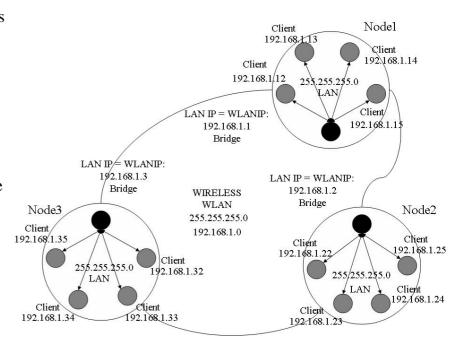


Fig 1

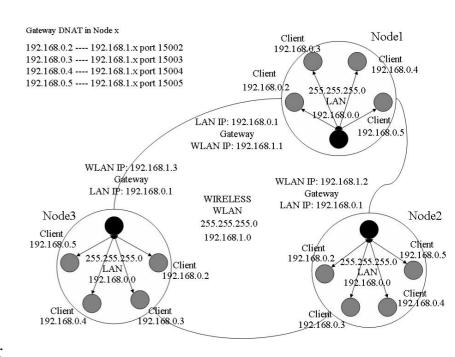
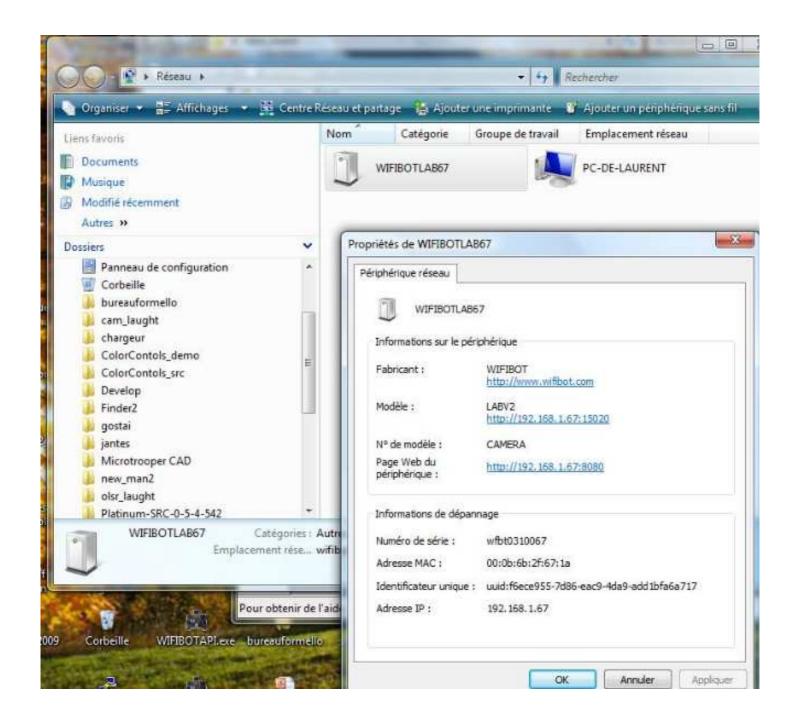


Fig 2

UPNP:

For a Linux or Windows robot An UPNP server expose the robot data:



WLAN modes:

Let's have here a quick overview of the different modes Wi-Fi adapters can be configured :

- -Master (Access Point) not used
- -Infrastructure Managed (default mode) Connected to the wifibot wifi ap essid « wifibotlabap ».
- -Ad-hoc without routing algorithm
- -Ad-hoc with the OLSR routing algorithm (Mesh Networking)

In infrastructure mode we have a master/slave structure where all the data is centralized in one device called access point (server/master) to which different adapters (clients/slaves/managed) connect. A client cannot talk directly to another but has to pass by the access point which will forward the data to the destination. Several access points can be connected together with cables extending in this way the zone covered by the wireless network. This is the most common setup for a Wi-Fi network (see **Fig1**).

In ad-hoc mode we do not have any central management, each client can talk directly to the other. This mode works fine for networks with few elements. Without any routing algorithm, each element needs to have a direct radio link with the others in order to communicate, no data will be forwarded (see Fig2). If a routing algorithm such as OLSR or BATMAN is added, you obtain a selforganizing mesh network in which message forwarding is possible wirelessly between different nodes, connecting in this way devices which are not within direct radio range (see Fig3). This allows to extend the zone covered without the need of any cable. The network is completely dynamic, routing tables are rewritten automatically and dynamically as the network changes. If a new OLSR or BATMAN enabled device appears, it will be automatically detected and merged to the routing tables of each node. This is especially useful for mobile networks that can change over time like for example in a multi-robot application.

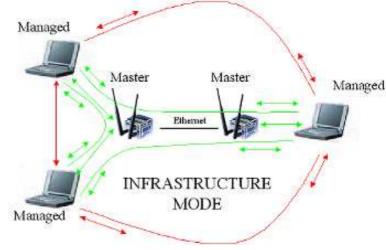
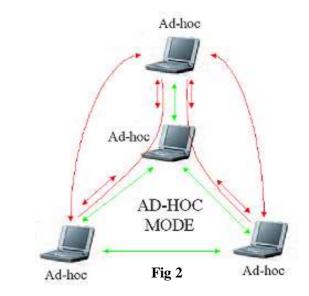
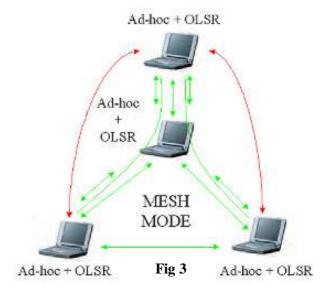


Fig 1





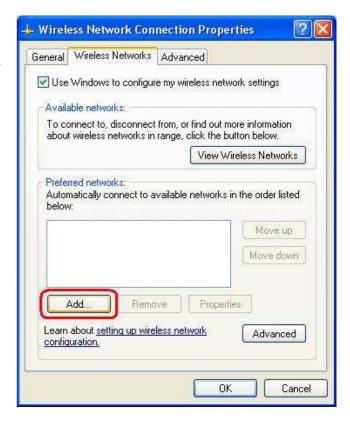
Network configuration

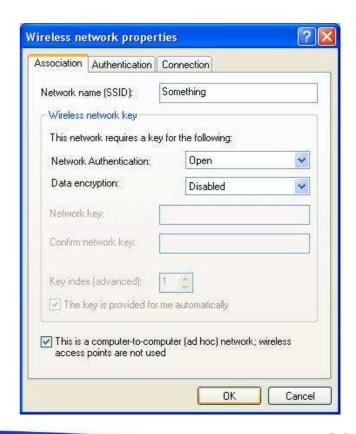
Robot under Windows XP

By default all robots come already configured and ready to work with the provided access point.

Information is given here for those users willing to make changes in the network configuration. When working under Windows the robolab can only be configured in the managed and ad-hoc modes. For configuring the IP settings in managed mode or connecting the robolab to an AP or an already created ad-hoc network please follow the steps detailed in the "connecting to the robot" section. In addition to those steps, it is recommended to create from the robot itself the ad-hoc network to be used:

- 1. Open **Network Connections**, Select your Wireless card right click on it and select **Properties**.
- 2. Click the **Wireless Networks** tab.
- 3. Enable Use Microsoft Windows to configure my wireless network settings
- 4. Click Add...
- 5. For Network name (SSID) type: wifibot
- 6. For **Data encryption** select **Disabled**
- 7. Enable **This a computer-to-computer (ad hoc)** network
- 8. Click **Ok** to close the 'Wireless network properties' window
- 9. Click **Ok** to close the '**Wireless Network Connection Properties**' window
- 10. Using your test computer wireless adapter, view the available wireless networks, check the list and validate that you can see your newly configured **wifibot** network. If it is configured, try to connect to it. If you cannot find your new network verify the settings are correct.





Robot under Linux

Under Linux all modes are possible but master mode seems buggy since Xubuntu 9.04. We will see here the different parameters involved in the configuration of the robot. There are a few important configuration files we need to manage in the robot:

/etc/network/interfaces

/etc/init.d/wifibot-init launch /usr/sbin/wifibot-init the script witch set the NAT launch /usr/sbin/robot_server robot server launch scripte for control

/etc/init.d/wifibot-mjpeg launch mjpeg-streamer the webcam server

/etc/wifibot.ini Some variables for /usr/sbin/wifibot-ini

/usr/sbin/wifibot-init

Binary:

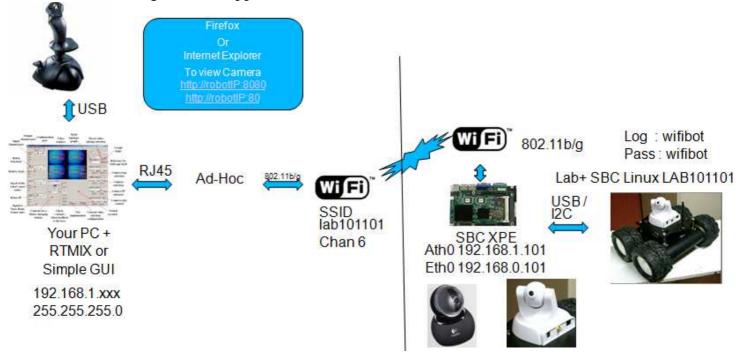
/usr/sbin/robot_serverrun

/dev/ttyS0 is the RS232 COM1

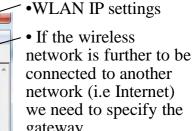
These files can either be edited outside the robot and then transferred or directly edited on the robot.

The "interfaces" configuration file:

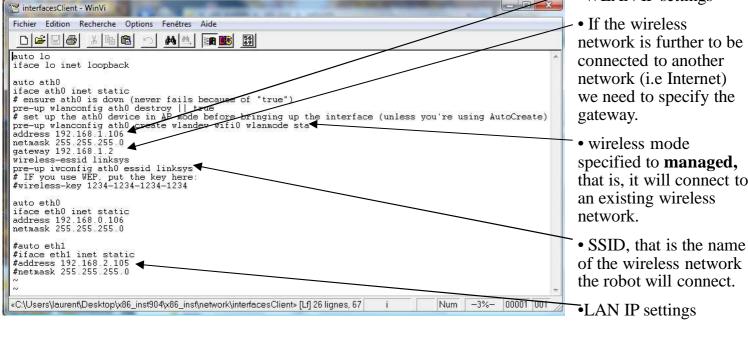
This file allows to specify the IP settings of the different network interfaces present on the robot and the wireless settings when it applies. All the Wifibot Lab have the eth0 interface for the LAN and

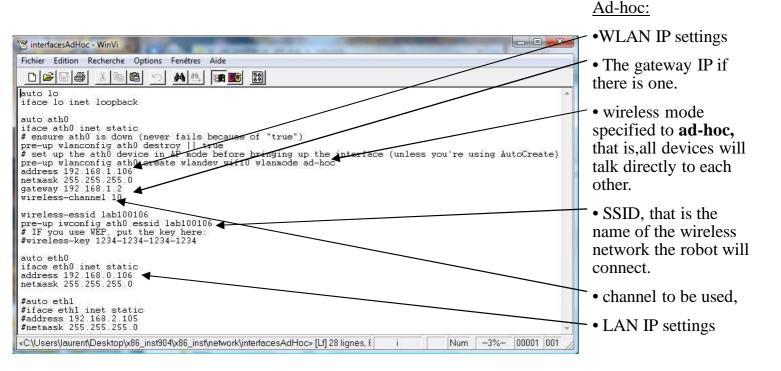






- specified to managed, that is, it will connect to
- of the wireless network the robot will connect.

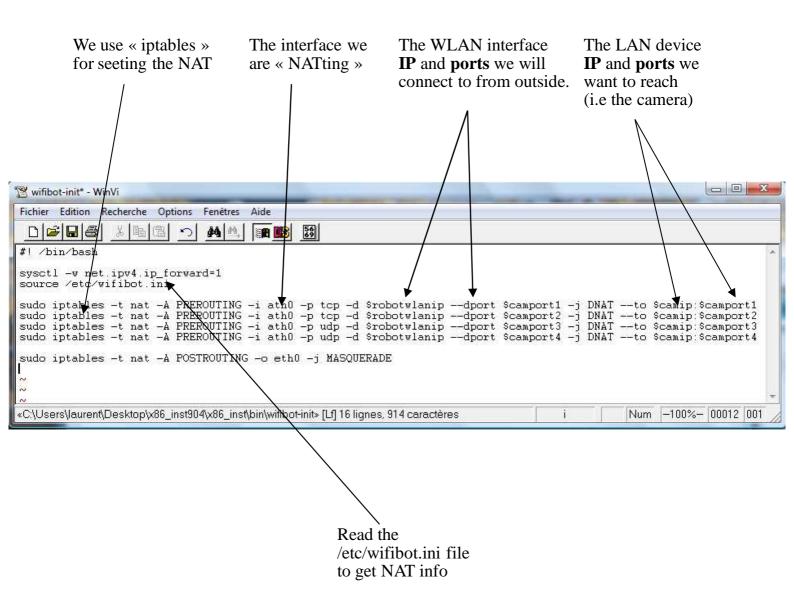




The "/usr/sbin/wifibot-ini" configuration file:

This is the last step of configuration, we will first specify the routing tables of the NAT address translation, this is needed to make the embedded devices visible from outside the robot. Then we set the commands to launch the control server and some computer dependent drivers at boot time.

Information about IPTABLES/NAT can be found at http://www.netfilter.org/



IMPORTANT NOTE!!!!: When editing the configuration files under windows, use the "WinVi32.exe" text editor ONLY, it is included in the CD ROM at \software\WinVi32\ It is important to use it to respect the Linux format, specially when editing configuration files. Another option is to edit the files directly on the CPU under Linux with the installed "vi" editor, check http://www.linuxfibel.de/vi.htm for more information.

Remote access

Remote access to the desktop of a robot working under Windows XP:

When working with the robolab, it is always possible to attach a screen, a mouse and a keyboard directly into the embedded computer but it is often more convenient to have access to the robot remotely over the network. If the robot works under Windows follow these steps:

- 1- Click Start, point to All Programs, and then point to Accessories.
- 2- In the Accessories menu, point to communications and then click Remote Desktop Connection.
- 3- In the Computer box, type the IP address or the name of the robot you want to connect to (**Fig 1**).
- 4- Click Connect.
- 5- When the Log On to Windows dialog box appears type **root** as the user name and **wifibot** as the password, and then click OK (**Fig 2**).

The Remote Desktop window opens, and you see the desktop settings, files, and programs that are on the robot. Your robot remains locked, and nobody can access it without a password. In addition, no one will be able to see the work you are doing remotely.



Fig 1



Fig 2

To end your Remote Desktop session:

- 1. Click Start, and then click Log Off at the bottom of the Start menu.
- 2. When prompted, click Log Off (**Fig 3**).



Fig 3

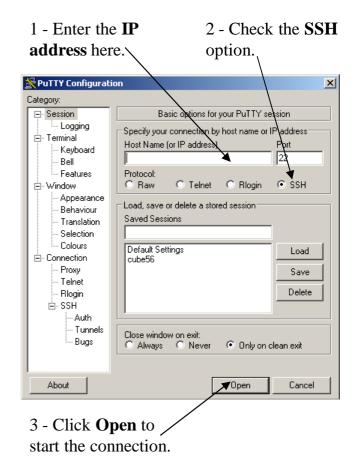
Remote access to the command line of a robot working under Linux:

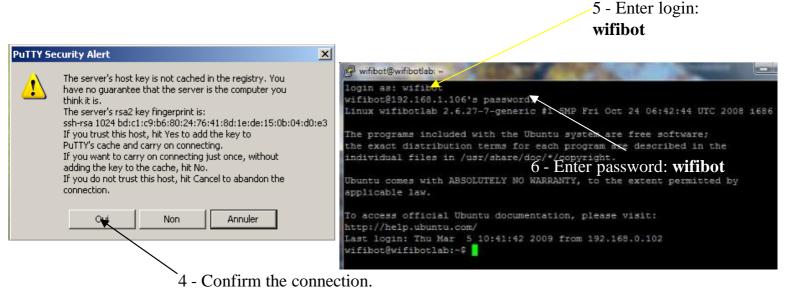
To remotely log into the robot's Linux operating system we will make use of a protocol called SSH (Secure Shell) which facilitates encrypted communication across networks. This requires a SSH client program. Whichever the SSH client you use, the procedure is similar:

- Open the SSH client.
- Enter the CPU IP address (the default port is 22) and then start the connection.
- The first time a connection is established, the program will ask for confirmation.
- Enter login: **wifibot**.
- Enter password: wifibot

For your convenience the CDROM includes a free SSH client you can find in \software\putty\

Connect to the robot in the following steps:



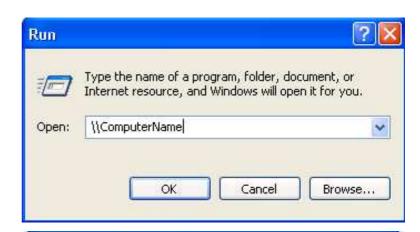


File transfer

Transferring files to a robot working under Windows XP:

For transferring files we will make use of the file sharing capabilities of Windows XP. From your computer in order to connect to the robot and transfer files do the following:

- 1. Click Start > Run.
- 2. In the **Open** field type **Robotname** or **IP** address
- 3. In the window that appears, type in the username **root** and password **wifibot**
- 4. Click OK
- 5. Only "\data" folder is shared and not protected with fbwfmgr





Important Notice for Xpe:

To change the configuration to the Compact Flash except the /data folder witch is writable

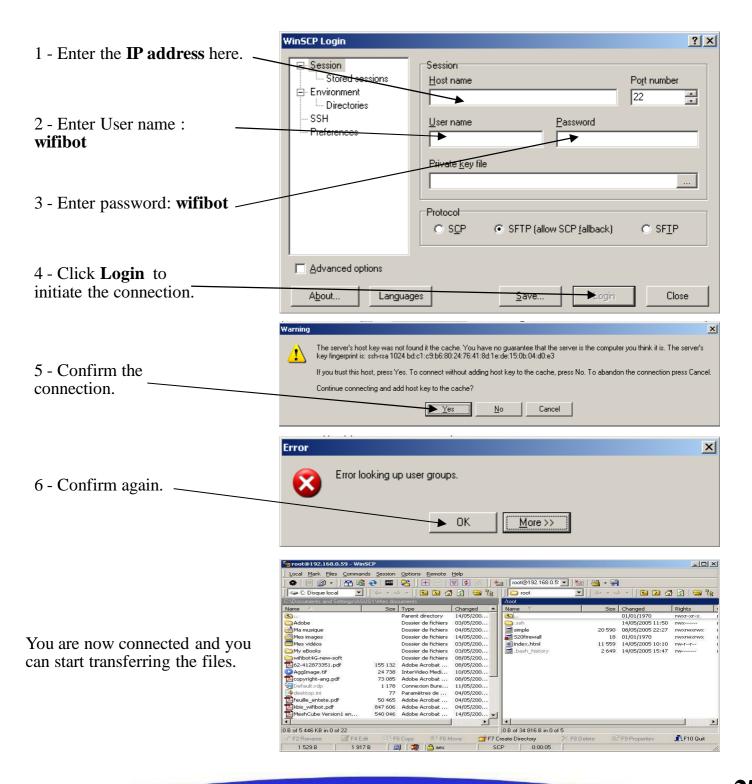
In the command terminal:

fbwfmgr/disable and reboot to change CF fbwfmgr/enable and reboot to reprotect CF

Transferring files to a robot working under Linux:

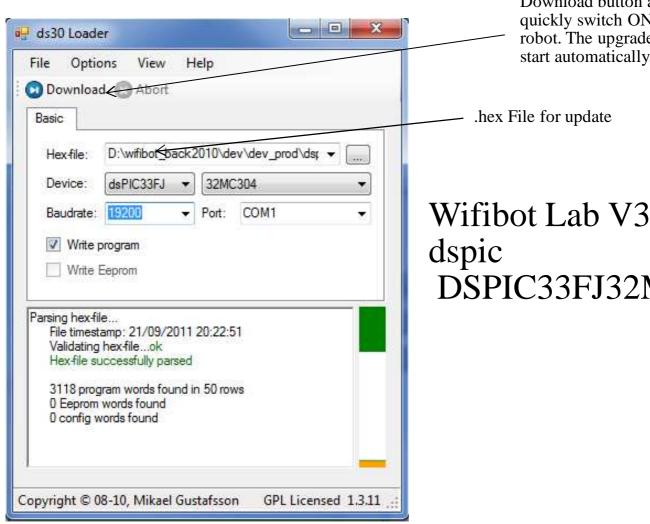
For transferring files we will use the SFTP protocol, this requires an SCP client program. For your convenience you will find in the CD ROM a free SCP client in \software\WinSCP\

Connect to the robot in the following steps:



Chassis update:

We can upgrade the chassis using Microchip ICD2 ICD3 programmer or using the embedded bootloader DS30 using ds30 Loader GUI.exe software.



Plug your pc on the robot serial port, push the Download button and quickly switch ON the robot. The upgrade will start automatically.

DSPIC33FJ32MC304

The standard CPU



LE-376

3.5" embedded board with Intel® Atom™ dual-core Solution

Specification

Form Factor	3.5" embedded board	
CPU	Intel® Atom™ D510, 1.66GHz, 1MB cache (LE-376A) Package type : Micro-FCBGA (FCBGA559)	
Memory	1 x 200-pin DDR2-667 SO-DIMM up to 4GB (LE-376H/A) Support Non-ECC, unbuffered memory only	
Chipset	Intel® ICH8M	
Real Time Clock	Chipset integrated RTC with onboard lithium battery	
Watchdog Timer	Generates a system reset internal timer for 1min/sec ~ 255min/sec	
Power Management	ACPI 2.0 compliant, supports power saving mode	
Integrated Graphics	Intel® integrated extreme GMA 3150 Technology	
Video Memory	Up to 384MB shared with system memory	
LVDS Interface	Chipset Integrated 18-bit single channel LVDS	
Serial ATA Interface	2 x SATAII interface with 300MB/s transfer rate	
Solid State Disk	1 x Compact Flash Type-II	
Audio Interface	Intel® ICH8M integrated with Realtek ALC888 HD Codec	
LAN Interface	3 x Intel® 82583V Gigabit Ethernet controller	
Expansion Interface	1 x PCle mini card & 1 x Mini-PCl socket	
Internal I/O Port	1 x Audio, 4 x USB2.0, 1 x LVDS, 1 x LCD Inverter, 1 x LPT 1 x RS232/4224/5, 4 x RS232, 1 x SMBUS, 1 x IrDA	
External I/O Port	1 x USB, 3 x RJ45 LAN, 1 x DB15 VGA, 1 x RS232	
Power Requirement	DC 9V ~ 24V input	

The optional CPU (core I5 520M or core I7 620M)

Industrial Single Board Computer

3.5" Miniboard

LS-377

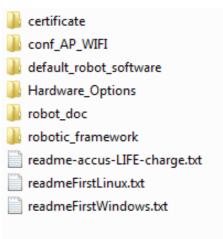
Support Intel® Core™ i7, Core™ i5 and Core™ i3 CPU with DDRIII SO-DIMM, CRT, LVDS, DVI, Gigabit LAN, Mini PCI, PCI Express mini card, Serial ATAII, 7.1Channel HD Audio

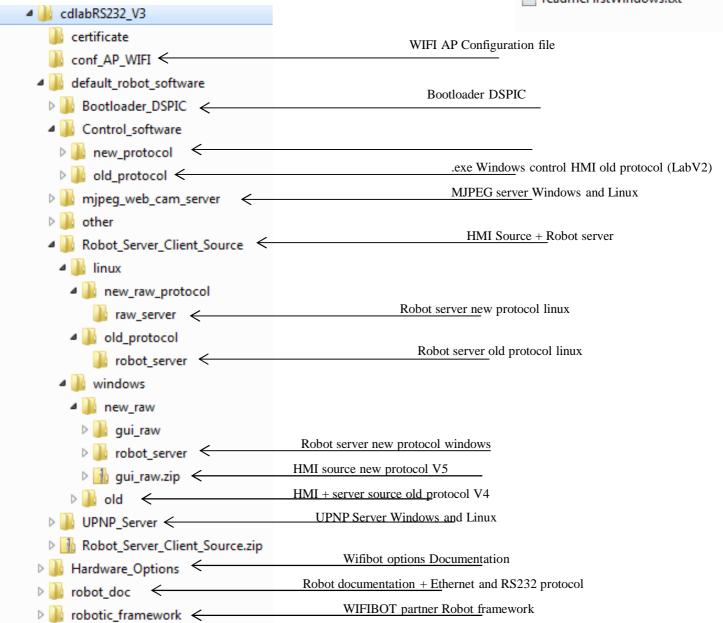


Form Factor	3.5" Miniboard
CPU	Intel® Core™ i7, Core™ i5, Core™ i3, Celeron®, and Pentium® Mobile Processor
	Package type: rPGA988A
Memory	1 x DDRIII SO-DIMM 800/1086 MHz up to 4GB
Chipset	Intel QM57
Real Time Clock	Chipset integrated RTC with onboard lithium battery
Watchdog Timer	Generates a system reset with internal timer for 1 min/s ~ 255 min/s
Power Management	Supports ACPI 2.0 compliant.
Serial ATA Interface	2 x serial ATAII interface with 300MB/s transfer rate
VGA Interface	Onboard VGA (depend on CPU)
LVDS Interface	Onboard 24-bit dual channel LVDS connector with +3.3V/+5V/+12V supply
DVI Interface	DVI interface
Audio Interface	Realtek ALC888 HD Audio
LAN Interface	1 x Intel 82574L Gigabit LAN
GPIO Interface	Onboard programmable 8-bit Digital I/O interface
Extended Interface	1 x Mini PCIE socket, 1 x Mini PCI socket to support Mini PCI Type IIIA
Internal I/O Port	1 x RS232/422/485, 1 x SMBUS, 1 x GPIO, 4 x USB ports, 1 x IrDA, 1 x LVDS, 1 x DVI,
	1 x LCD, 2 x Serial ATA, 1 x LCD Inverter, 1 x HD Audio, 1 x DIO, 1 x DCOUT and 1 x CDIN
External I/O Port	1 x PS/2, 1 x LAN ports, 1 x VGA port, 2 x USB2.0 ports, 1 x RS232 port
Power Requirement	9~24V full range DC Input
Dimension	146mm x 101mm
Temperature	Operating within 0~60 centigrade
	Storage within -20~85 centigrade

The CDROM

The CDROM included with the robot contains the documentation and sample programs for the robot. Its contains three folders:





MAC D** C008682A836F

Annexe 1

WLAN 802.11a/b/g mini-PCI Module

DCMA-81

SPECIFICATION

 2.312 – 2.472GHz, 2.484 GHz U-NII: 5.15 - 5.35GHz, 5.725 - 5.825GHz ISM: 5.725 – 5.850 GHz DSRC: 5.850 – 5.925 GHz Europe: 5.15 - 5.35GHz, 5.47 - 5.725GhHz Japan: 4.90 – 5.00GHz, 5.03 – 5.091GHz, 5.15 – 5.35GHz
➤ 802.11 a/b/g DSSS (DBPSK, DQPSK, CCK) OFDM (BPSK,QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM)
Half size Mini PCI Type 3A
 ➤ 802.11b/g US/Canada: 11 (1 ~ 11) Major European country: 13 (1 ~ 13) France: 4 (10 ~ 13) Japan: 11b: 14 (1~13 or 14th), 11g: 13 (1 ~ 13) US/Canada:12 non-overlapping channels Europe: 19 non-overlapping channel Japan: 4 non-overlapping channels

Output power	➤ A Mode: +17dBm at 6, 9, 12, 18, and 24Mbps +16dBm at 36Mbps +14dBm at 48Mbps +13dBm at 54Mbps ➤ B Mode: +19dBm at 1,2, 5.5, and 11Mbps ➤ G Mode: +17dBm at 6, 9, 12, 18, 24 and 36Mbps +16dBm at 48Mbps +15dBm at 54Mbps
Operation distance	 802.11a: Outdoor: 85m@54Mbps, 250m@6Mbps Indoor: 20m@54Mbps, 40m@6Mbps 802.11b: Outdoor: 250m@11Mbps, 300m@1Mbps Indoor: 30m@11Mbps, 50m@1Mbps 802.11g: Outdoor: 80m@54Mbps, 250m@6Mbps Indoor: 15m@54Mbps, 35m@6Mbps
Operation System supported	➤ Windows® 2K, XP
Dimension	> 59.75mm(L) * 25.50mm (W) * 5mm (H)
Security	 64-bit,128-bit, 152-bit WEP Encryption 802.1x Authentication AES-CCM & TKIP Encryption
Operation mode	➤ Infrastructure & Ad-hoc mode
Operation temperature	> 0°C ~ 70°C
Storage temperature	→ -20°C ~ 70°C

Annexe 2



Specifications:

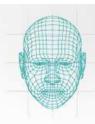
StandardsIEEE 802.11g, IEEE 802.11bInterface1 10/100M auto-sensing LAN PortWireless Signal RatesSuper G™: 108MWith Automatic Fallback11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6M(dynamic)Frequency Range2.4-2.4835GHzWireless Transmit Power20dBm(Max)
Wireless Signal Rates With Automatic Fallback Super G™: 108M 11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6M(dynamic) 11b: 11/5.5/2/1M(dynamic) Frequency Range 2.4-2.4835GHz
Wireless Signal Rates With Automatic Fallback 11g: 54/48/36/24/18/12/9/6M(dynamic) 11b: 11/5.5/2/1M(dynamic) Frequency Range 2.4-2.4835GHz
rrequeries name
Wireless Transmit Dower 20dPm(Max)
Wireless transmit Power Zodbin(Max)
Antenna 3dBi detachable Omni directional antenna
Modulation Technology IEEE 802.11b: DQPSK, DBPSK, DSSS, and CCK IEEE 802.11g: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, OFDM
108M: -68dBm@10% PER 54M: -68dBm@10% PER 11M: -85dBm@8% PER 6M: -88dBm@10% PER 1M: -90dBm@8% PER 256K: -105dBm@8% PER
Power Supply Unit Input: localized to country of sale Output: 9VAC / 0.8A linear PSU
Operating temperature 0°C~40°C (32°F~104°F)
Storage temperature -40°C~70°C (-40°F~158°F)
Relative humidity 10% ~ 90%, non condensation
Storage Humidity 5%~95% non-condensing
Dimensions 6.2×4.3×1.3 in. 158×110×32 mm

Annexe 3



Technical Specifications

- · Motorized tracking (189° horizontal and 102° vertical)
- · Carl Zeiss® optics
- · Autofocus lens system
- · Ultra-high resolution 2-megapixel sensor with RightLight™ 2 Technology
- · Color depth: 24-bit true color
- · Video capture: Up to 1600 by 1200 pixels (HD quality)
- · Still-image capture: 8 megapixels (with software enhancement)
- · Built-in microphone with RightSound™ Technology
- · Frame rate: Up to 30 frames per second
- · High-Speed USB 2.0
- Logitech QuickCam® software (with Video Effects™, filters, avatars, and face accessories)
- Works with Skype[™], Windows Live[™] Messenger, Yahoo®, AOL® and other compatible instant messaging applications



Motorized tracking

It keeps you right in the middle of the picture, offering 189-degree field of view and 102-degree tilt.



Carl Zeiss® optics

You'll enjoy razor-sharp images from a lens designed with the help of one of the pioneers in the industry. Find out more about why our collaboration with Carl Zeiss benefits you.

Learn more.



Advanced autofocus

Your images stay razor sharp, even in close-ups (up to 10 cm from the camera lens) with built-in autofocus. Learn all about Logitech autofocus.

Learn more.



HD video recording

Your friends and family can see you in widescreen video at HD quality (720p).





Higher-megapixel performance

With its true 2-megapixel sensor, with up to 8-megapixel photos (software enhanced), every video call and photo will look sharp. Megapixels? Sensor? Why is image quality so important?

Learn more.



RightLight™ 2 technology

Even if you make a video call in dim or poorly backlit settings, the camera will intelligently adjust to produce the best possible image. Find out what's right about RightLight 2 technology.

Learn more.

GP2Y0A02YK

Long Distance Measuring Sensor

■ Features

- Less influence on the colors of reflected objects and their reflectivity, due to optical triangle measuring method
- Distance output type (Detection range:20 to 150cm)
- An external control circuit is not necessary
 Output can be connected directly to a microcomputer

Applications

 For detection of human body and various types of objects in home appliances, OA equipment, etc

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(T,=25°C)

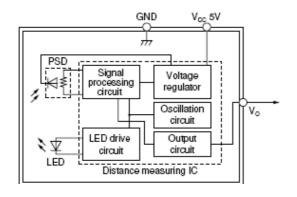
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{cc}	-0.3 to +7	V
*1 Output terminal voltage	Vo	-0.3 to V _{CC} +0.3	V
Operating temperature	Topr	-10 to +60	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40 to +70	°C

^{*1} Open collector output

■ Recommended Operating Conditions

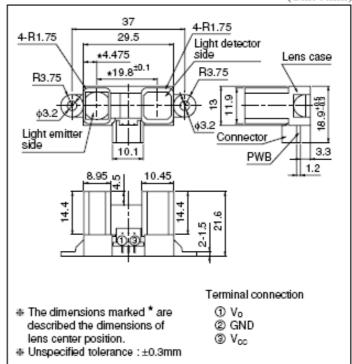
Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Operating Supply voltage	v_{∞}	4.5 to 5.5	V

Internal Block Diagram

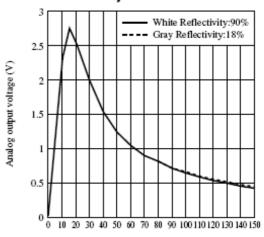


■ Outline Dimensions

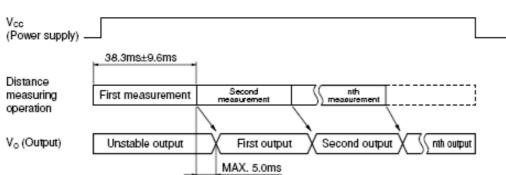
(Unit:mm)



Analog Output Voltage vs. Distance to Reflective Object



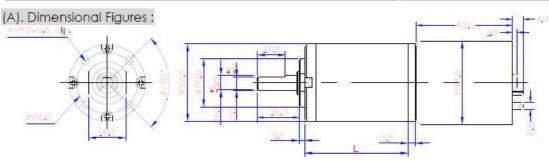
Distance to reflective object L (cm)

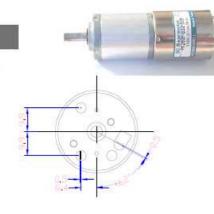


Timing Chart

Annexe 5 (Motor 12V 1/51)

Model: PK32F Series of DC Planetary Gear Motor





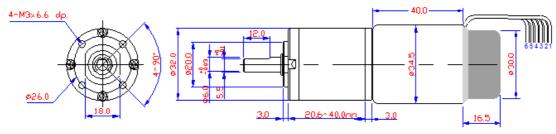
(B). Standard DC Motor Specifications:

DESCRIPTION	Rated Voltage	Speed	Current	Torque	Output	Eff
DESCRIPTION	VDC	RPM	mA	g-cm	W	%
NO LOAD	12V	6000 ± 600	approx. 136			
	24V	6000 ± 600	approx. 50			Si
AT MAX. EFF	12V	5000	approx. 710	approx. 105	approx. 5.4	63
	24V	5100	approx. 320	approx. 105	approx. 5.4	71
AT STALL	12V		approx. 3755	approx. 656		
	24V	ii	approx. 2122	approx. 780		

(C). Gearbox Specifications:

Reduction Ratio	Rated Tolerance Torque	Max. Momentary Tolerance Torque	Efficiency	Radial Play of Shaft	Thrust Play of Shaft	L
1/5	2kgf-cm Max	6 kgf-cm	80%	≤ 0.05 mm	≤ 0.03 mm	17.6
1/27	6kgf-cm Max	18 kgf-cm	70%	1	†	24.0
1/51,1/71	12kgf-cm Max	36 kgf-cm	60%	1	1	30.4
1/100	12kgf-cm Max	36 kgf-cm	60%	1	1	30.4
1/264	12kgf-cm Max	36 kgf-cm	50%	1	1	36.8
1/516	12kgf-cm Max	36 kgf-cm	50%	1	1	36.8
1/721	12kgf-cm Max	36 kgf-cm	50%	1	1	36.8

Model: EM3516 One / Two Channel Hall Effect Encoder



Resolution: 12 Resolution P/R

■ Electrical Specifications

Power Source	4.5 ~ 24VDC
Current Consumption	30mA or below
Response Frequency	20KHz
Output Mode	With pull up resistor
Output Signal	А, А&В

Please indicate which is the resolution P/R and rotational direction when placing an order.

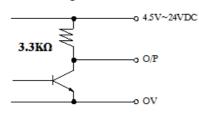
Feature

Hall Effect Sensor

Speed Position Detection

Low cost

Output Circuit:



One Channel Encoder Connections:

1. Black ; HALL SENSOR GND 2. Red : HALL SENSOR Vcc 3. White: HALL SENSOR Aout

4. Green: EMPTY
5. Rrown: +MOTOR
6. Blue: -MOTOR

■ Two Channel Encoder Connections:

1. Black : HALL SENSOR GND
2. Red : HALL SENSOR Vcc
3. White: HALL SENSOR A Vout
4. Green: HALL SENSOR B Vout

5. Brown: +MOTOR 6. Brue : -MOTOR

Annexe 6 (OPTION)



URG-04LX-UG01

Low Cost Compact LRF from HOKUYO

Laser Range Finders (LRF) provide continuous time stamped mapping information.

The URG-04LX-UG01 is the smallest & lightest LRF available. With a single USB connection it is ideally suited to mobile robotic applications

is the indoor environ-





- 240° scan 0.35° resolution
- 10 scans per second
- Compact: 50 x 50 x 70mm
- Lightweight 160g
- Low Power 5V DC, 2.5W

Annexe 7 (OPTION)

UTM-30LX

FDA approved SOKUIKI sensor for intelligent robots



30m and 270° scanning range. Suitable for robots with higher moving speed because of the longer range and fast response.

Model No.	UTM-30LX
Power source	12VDC ± 10%(Current consumption:Max:1A,Normal:0.7A)
Light source	Semiconductor laser diode(λ=905nm) Laser safety Class 1(FDA)
Detection Range	0.1 to 30m(White Square Kent Sheet 500mm or more),Max.60m 270°
Accuracy	0.1 to 10m: ± 30mm, 10 to 30m: ± 50mm*1
Angular Resolution	0.25° (360° /1,440 steps)
Scan Time	25msec/scan
Sound level	Less than 25dB
Interface	USB2.0(Full Speed)
Synchronous output	NPN open collector
Command system	Exclusively designed command SCIP Ver.2.0
Connection	Power and Synchronous output:2m flying lead wire USB:2m cable with type-A connector
Amblent(Temperature/Humidity)	-10 to +50 degrees C, less than 85%RH(without dew and frost)
Vibration Resistance	Double amplitude 1.5mm 10 to 55Hz, 2 hours each in X, Y and Z direction
Impact Resistance	196m/s ² , 10 times in X, Y and Z direction
Weight	Approx. 370g(with cable attachment)

Annexe 8 (OPTION)

UTM-30LX-EW



Long Range HOKUYO LRF

Model	UTM-30LX-EW
Power Source	12V DC +/- 10%, Current usage Max 1A at start-up, Normal use 0.7A
Light Source	Pulsed laser diode (λ=905nm), Laser safety class 1
Principle	Direct Time of Flight
Detection Range	0.1m to 30m (500mm x 500mm or more, White Kent Sheet)
Multi-Echo function	Max 3 output of distance per step
Accuracy	0.1m to 10m +/- 30mm, 10m to 30m +/- 50mm
Scan Window & Resolution	270° Resolution 0.25°
Scan speed	25ms/scan
Communication protocol	SCIP2.2 (Exclusive command)
Interface	Ethernet 100 Base-TX (Auto-negotiation) TCP/IP Synchronous output: NPN open collector
Connection	Power / synchronous output cable 2m Ethernet RJ-45 with male connector 30cm (female connector included)
Physical dimensions	62 x 62 x 87mm Weight 370g
Operating temperature / humidity	-10 to +50°C @ 85% humidity (no condensing or icing) (Storage -25 to +75°C)
Vibration resistance	Double amplitude 1.5mm, 10 to 55Hz each for 2 hours in X,Y,Z Directions
Impact Resistance	196m/s² each 10 times in in X,Y,Z Directions



- 30 metres range
- Designed for outdoor use
- 270° scan 0.25° resolution
- 40 scans per second
- Compact: 62 x 62 x 87mm
- Lightweight: 400g
- Power frugal: 12VDC, 8.4W
- Ethernet connectivity
- Multi-Echo functionality
- Effective in adverse weather



Annexe 9 (Option)



Optional Sensor: Kinect (+DC/DC + special mounting)





Annexe 10 (Option)



UBIQUITI NETWORKS



PicoStation M2-HP 2.4GHz Hi Power 802.11N Outdoor Radio System

World's Smallest and Most Powerful Outdoor WiFi AP







SYSTEM INFORMATION	
Processor Specs	Atheros MIPS 24KC, 400MHz
Memory Information	32MB SDRAM, 8MB Flash
Networking Interface	1 X 10/100 BASE-TX (Cat. 5, RJ-45) Ethernet Interface

R	EGULATORY / COMPLIANCE INFORMATION
Wireless Approvals	FCC Part 15.247, IC RS 210, CE
RoHS Compliance	YES

	TX POWER S	PECIFICATI	ONS	\$	RX SPEC	IFICATIONS	
	Data Rate	Avg. TX	Tolerance		DataRate	Sensitivity	Tolerano
	1-24Mbps	28 dBm	+/-2dB		1-24Mbps	-97 dBm min.	+/-2dB
119	36Mbps	27 dBm	+/-2dB	119	36Mbps	-80 dBm	+/-2dB
=	48Mbps	26 dBm	+/-2dB		48Mbps	-77 dBm	+/-2dB
	54Mbps	24 dBm	+/-2dB		54Mbps	-75 dBm	+/-2dB
	MCS0	28 dBm	+/-2dB	3	MCS0	-96 dBm	+/-2dB
=	MCS1	28 dBm	+/-2dB	-	MCS1	-95 dBm	+/-2dB
#	MCS2	28 dBm	+/-2dB	1 5	MCS2	-92 dBm	+/-2dB
×	MCS3	28 dBm	+/-2dB	× ×	MCS3	-90 dBm	+/-2dB
2	MCS4	27 dBm	+/-2dB	2	MCS4	-86 dBm	+/-2dB
Ā	MCS5	25 dBm	+/-2dB	1 5	MCS5	-83 dBm	+/-2dB
<	MCS6	24 dBm	+/-2dB	•	MCS6	-77 dBm	+/-2dB
	MCS7	23 dBm	+/-2dB		MCS7	-74 dBm	+/-2dB

RP-SMA Antenna Induded	Outdoor Omni-directional, 6dBi	
Indoor/Outdoor Range	Over 200m / 500m	
VI 10 800	PHYSICAL / ELECTRICAL / ENVIRONMENTAL	
Enclosure Size	13.6 cm. length x 2.0 cm. height x 3.9cm. width	
Weight	0.10kg	
Enclosure Characteristics	Outdoor UV Stabalized Plastic	
Max Power Consumption	8 Watts	
Power Rating	Up to 24V. POE Supply included	
Power Method	Passive Power over Ethernet (pairs 4,5+; 7,8 return)	
Operating Temperature	-20C to +70C	
Operating Humidity	5 to 95% Condensing	
Shock and Vibration	ETSI300-019-1	

Annexe 11 (Option)

Mini-PCI

MP-323 - Mini-PCI IEEE 1394a Module

Form Factor: Mini-PCI type III B with 124-pin interface.

Controller: Agere FW323.

Output Function: 3 x 8-pin IEEE1394a Connector.

Dimensions: 45mm x 60mm (W x L). Accessories: 1x 8-pin IEEE 1394a Cable.

Power Requirements: small 4-pin AT power connector for 12V.



MP-840

H.264 Hardware Compression Card with 4 Ports of Video & Audio Inputs



Features

- Mini-PCI interface
- H.264 Hardware Compression
- 4-ch Video & Audio inputs
- Support D1
- Windows XP, Vista (32-bit) SDK & Driver

MP-878D2

2-ch Mini-PCI capture card with Software Develop Kit



Features

- Mini-PCI interface
- 2-ch Video input
- Support D1 , CIF resolution
- Windows Driver & SDK provide
- Linux Driver provide

MP-6100

H.264 Hardware Compression Card with 4 Ports of Video & Audio Inputs



Features

- Mini-PCI interface
- H.264 Hardware Compression
- 4-ch Video & Audio inputs
- Support D1, CIF
- Windows / Linux SDK & Driver

Annexe 12 (Option)

Optional CPU (core I5 520M or core I7 620M)

Industrial Single Board Computer

3.5" Miniboard

LS-377

Support Intel® Core™ i7, Core™ i5 and Core™ i3 CPU with DDRIII SO-DIMM, CRT, LVDS, DVI, Gigabit LAN, Mini PCI, PCI Express mini card, Serial ATAII, 7.1Channel HD Audio



Form Factor	3.5" Miniboard
СРИ	Intel® Core™ i7, Core™ i5, Core™ i3, Celeron®, and Pentium® Mobile Processor
	Package type: rPGA988A
Memory	1 x DDRIII SO-DIMM 800/1066 MHz up to 4GB
Chipset	Intel QM57
Real Time Clock	Chipset integrated RTC with onboard lithium battery
Watchdog Timer	Generates a system reset with internal timer for 1min/s ~ 255min/s
Power Management	Supports ACPI 2.0 compliant.
Serial ATA Interface	2 x serial ATAII interface with 300MB/s transfer rate
VGA Interface	Onboard VGA (depend on CPU)
LVDS Interface	Onboard 24-bit dual channel LVDS connector with +3.3V/+5V/+12V supply
DVI Interface	DVI interface
Audio Interface	Realtek ALC888 HD Audio
LAN Interface	1 x Intel 82574L Gigabit LAN
GPIO Interface	Onboard programmable 8-bit Digital I/O interface
Extended Interface	1 x Mini PCIE socket, 1 x Mini PCI socket to support Mini PCI Type IIIA
Internal I/O Port	1 x RS232/422/485, 1 x SMBUS, 1 x GPIO, 4 x USB ports, 1 x IrDA, 1 x LVDS, 1 x DVI,
	1 x LCD, 2 x Serial ATA, 1 x LCD Inverter, 1 x HD Audio, 1 x DIO, 1 x DCOUT and 1 x CDIN
External I/O Port	1 x PS/2, 1 x LAN ports, 1 x VGA port, 2 x USB2.0 ports, 1 x RS232 port
Power Requirement	9~24V full range DC Input
Dimension	146mm x 101mm
Temperature	Operating within 0~80 centigrade
	Storage within -20~85 centigrade

Annexe 13 GPS (Option)



Module GPS "XBU-353" à sortie USB

Le "XBU-353" est un récepteur GPS ultra compact à sortie USB livré dans un petit boîtier magnétique étanche très esthétique. Livré avec un CD-ROM comprenant des drivers ainsi qu'un logiciel de test, ce modèle 20 canaux est basé sur un chipset SiRF StarllI™ qui lui confére une sensibilité exeptionnelle de l'ordre de -159 dBm.

Capable de supporter la démodulation WASS™, le "XBU-353" dispose d'un câble d'une longeur de 1,50 m et d'une Led de contrôle allumée lors de la recherche de position et clignotante lorsque la position a été trouvée. Une "super capacité" de sauvegarde est également intégrée au module.

Dimensions	Diamètre: 53 mm x 19.2 mm
Alimentation	+4.5 à +6.5 Vcc
Consommation	80 mA
Canaux	20
Position	10 m, 2D RMS
Vélocité	515 m/sec.
Altitude maxi.	18.000 mètres
Accélération	< 4 g
Temps de réacquisition	0.1 sec.
Hot Start	1 sec.
Warm Start	38 sec.
Cold Start	42 sec.
Signal de sortie	SiRF binary : Position, Velocity, Altitude, Status et Control NMEA 0183 : GGA, GSA, GSV, RMC



Annexe 14 IMU (Option)



VN-100

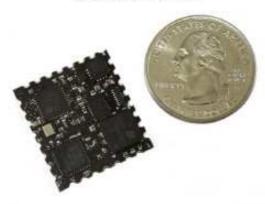
Embedded Attitude Heading Reference System

VECTORNAV

Embedded Navigation Solutions

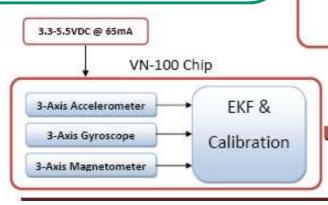
The VN-100 is the world's first Attitude Heading Reference System (AHRS) integrated into a single chip sized module. It's small size and high performance opens the door for numerous embedded applications.

Watch our video demonstration at: http://tinyurl.com/vectornav



Features

- Single surface mount solution
- Small SMT footprint < 1in²
- Accuracy < 0.5 deg rms (static)
- Fully calibrated at room temp
- Extended Kalman Filter (EKF) attitude solution at 200 Hz
- Serial TTL, SPI Outputs
- Euler angles, quaternion, DCM, acceleration, angular rates, magnetic outputs
- Low cost



Heading, Pitch, Roll, Angular Rate, Acceleration, and Magnetic at 200Hz

The first Control to the Control to

Performance

Heading	
Range	±180°
Accuracy (rms)	< 2.0 °
Resolution	< 0.2 °

Attitude	
Range: Pitch, Roll	±180°, ±90°
Accuracy	< 0.5 °
Resolution	< 0.06 °

Angular Rate	
Range: Heading	±300 °/sec
Range: Pitch, Roll	±500 °/sec
Bias Stability: Heading	< 0.1 °/sec @ 25°C
Bias Stability: Pitch, Roll	< 0.06 °/sec @
	25°C
Resolution: Heading	< 0.2 °/sec
Resolution: Pitch, Roll	< 0.06 °/sec
Bandwidth: Heading	80 Hz
Bandwidth: Pitch, Roll	140 Hz

Acceleration	
Input Range: X/Y/Z	±2 g, ±6 g
Bias Stability: X/Y	< 0.5 mg @ 25°C
Bias Stability: X/Y	< 1.6 mg @ 25°C
Resolution: X/Y	< 0.4 mg
Resolution: Z	< 2 mg
Bandwidth	50 Hz

Annexe 15 (Option)

AC/DC Multi-Functional Balance Silent Fast Charger/Discharger (must switch off the robot)

Chargeur AC/DC Multi-Fonctions charge/décharge équilibreur silencieux Avec monitoring USB par PC





