

Python Applications with Blockstack

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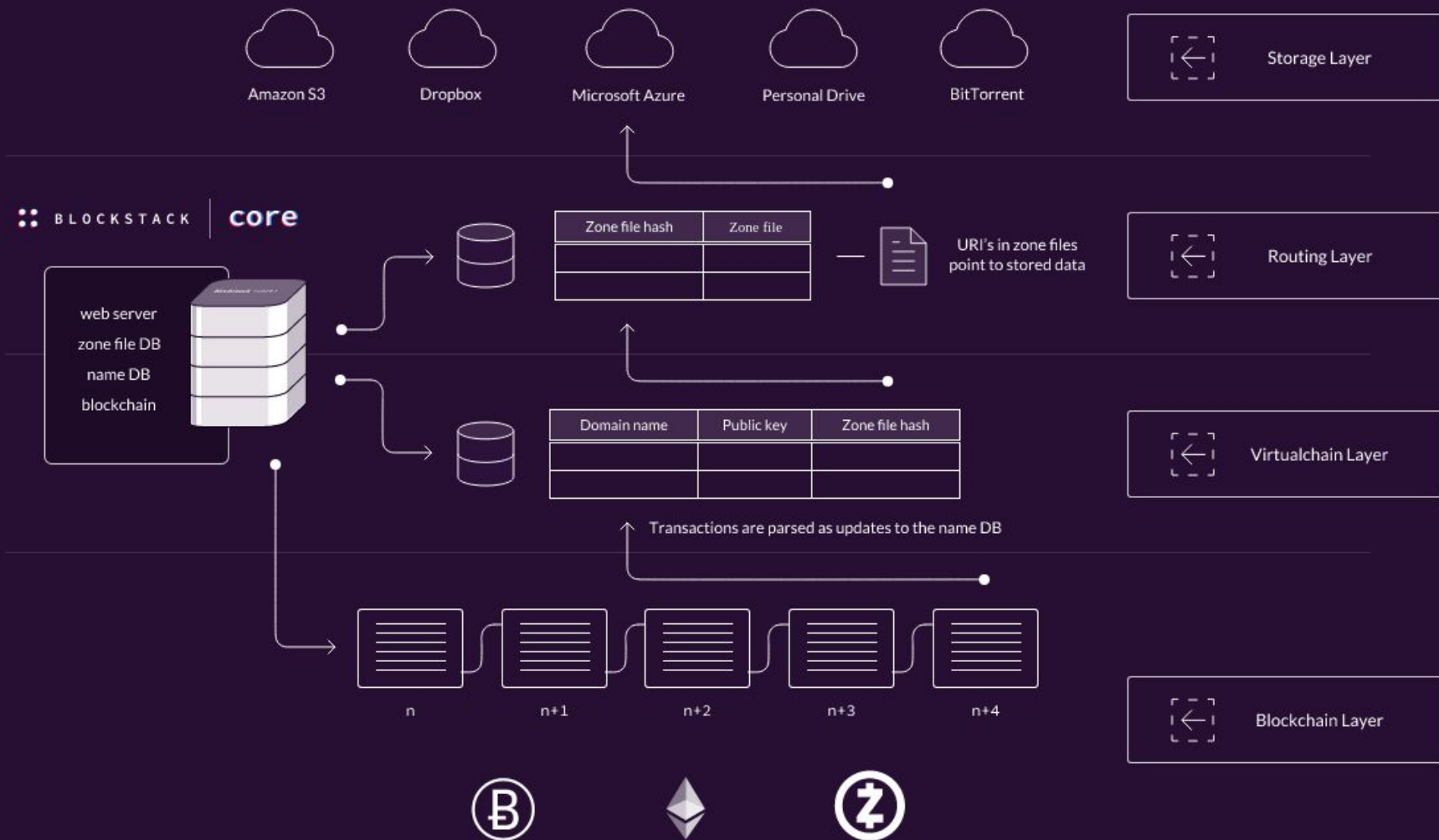
Decentralization Goals

Users

- Own their data
- Control where it's stored
- Control who can access it

Developers

- No passwords
- No data hosting
- No VMs



Blockchain Layer



- Global, consistent input tape to a replicated state machine
- Peers validate and serialize inputs
- Anyone can append
- Tokens are the append rate-limiter

Virtualchain Layer



Domain name	Public key	Zone file hash

- Embed app-specific inputs in blockchain
- Application validates, not blockchain
- Blockstack is one of many apps
- No PoW → *Fork*-consistent* RSM (!!)
- DCCL 2016

Blockstack's Virtualchain



Domain name	Public key	Zone file hash

- Name registry database RSM
- DB of (name, public key, 20-byte payload)
- Payload = hash of a DNS zone file

Nodes that see the **same blockchain** and follow **the same validation rules** derive the **same DB**

Routing Layer



Zone file hash	Zone file



URI's in zone files
point to stored data

- Zone file hash → Zone file → Off-chain data
- Atlas Protocol: BitTorrent-like zone file replication

```
$ORIGIN judecn.id
$TTL 3600
pubkey TXT
"pubkey:data:04cabba0b5b9a871dbaa11c044066e281c5feb57243c7d2a452f06a0d708613a46ce
d59f9f806e601b3353931d1e4a98d7040127f31016311050bedc0d4f1f62ff"
_file URI 10 1 "file:///home/jude/.blockstack/storage-disk/mutable/judecn.id"
_https._tcp URI 10 1 "https://blockstack.s3.amazonaws.com/judecn.id"
_http._tcp URI 10 1 "http://node.blockstack.org:6264/RPC2#judecn.id"
_dht._udp URI 10 1 "dht+udp://fc4d9c1481a6349fe99f0e3dd7261d67b23dad5"
```

Storage Layer



Amazon S3



Dropbox



Microsoft Azure



Personal Drive



BitTorrent

- **I/O does not touch the blockchain**
- Storage providers = dumb hard drives

Write

- Sign data
- Upload to zone
file URLs

Read

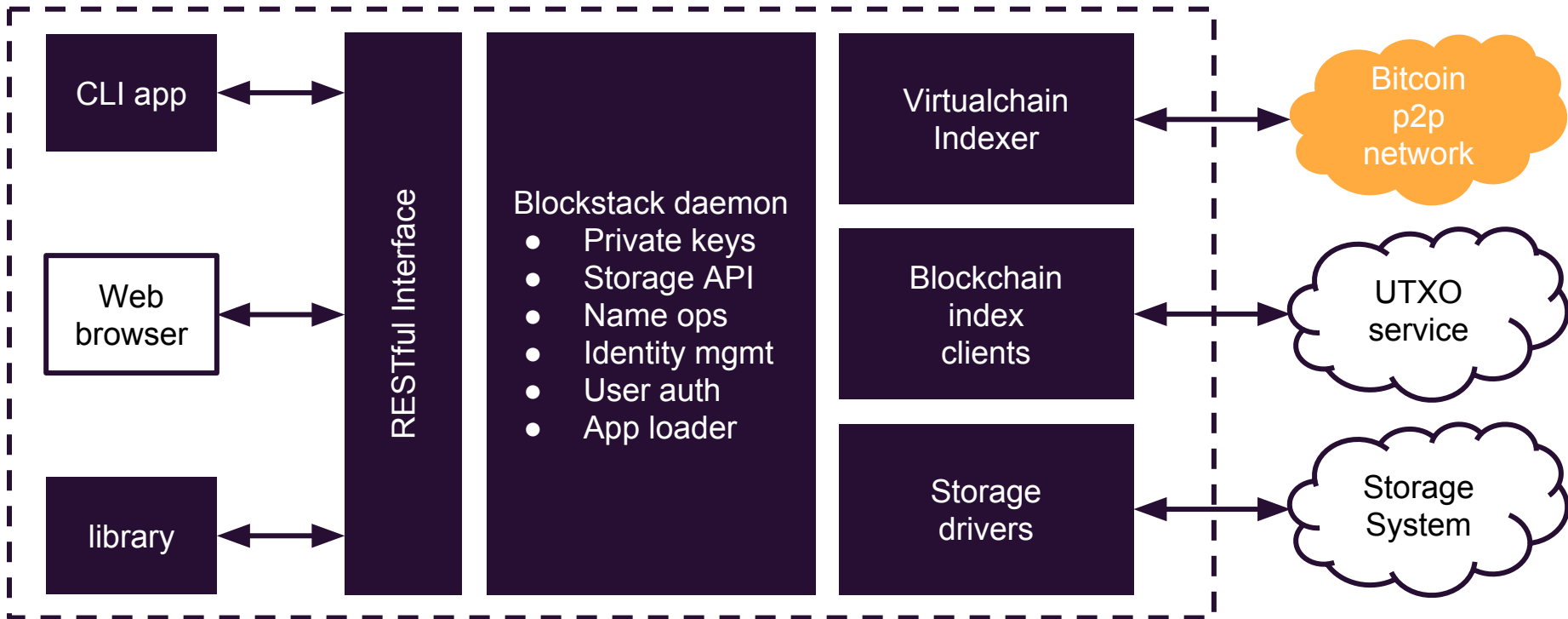
- Get zone file
- Resolve URLs
- Verify signature
- Check fresh

Consistency

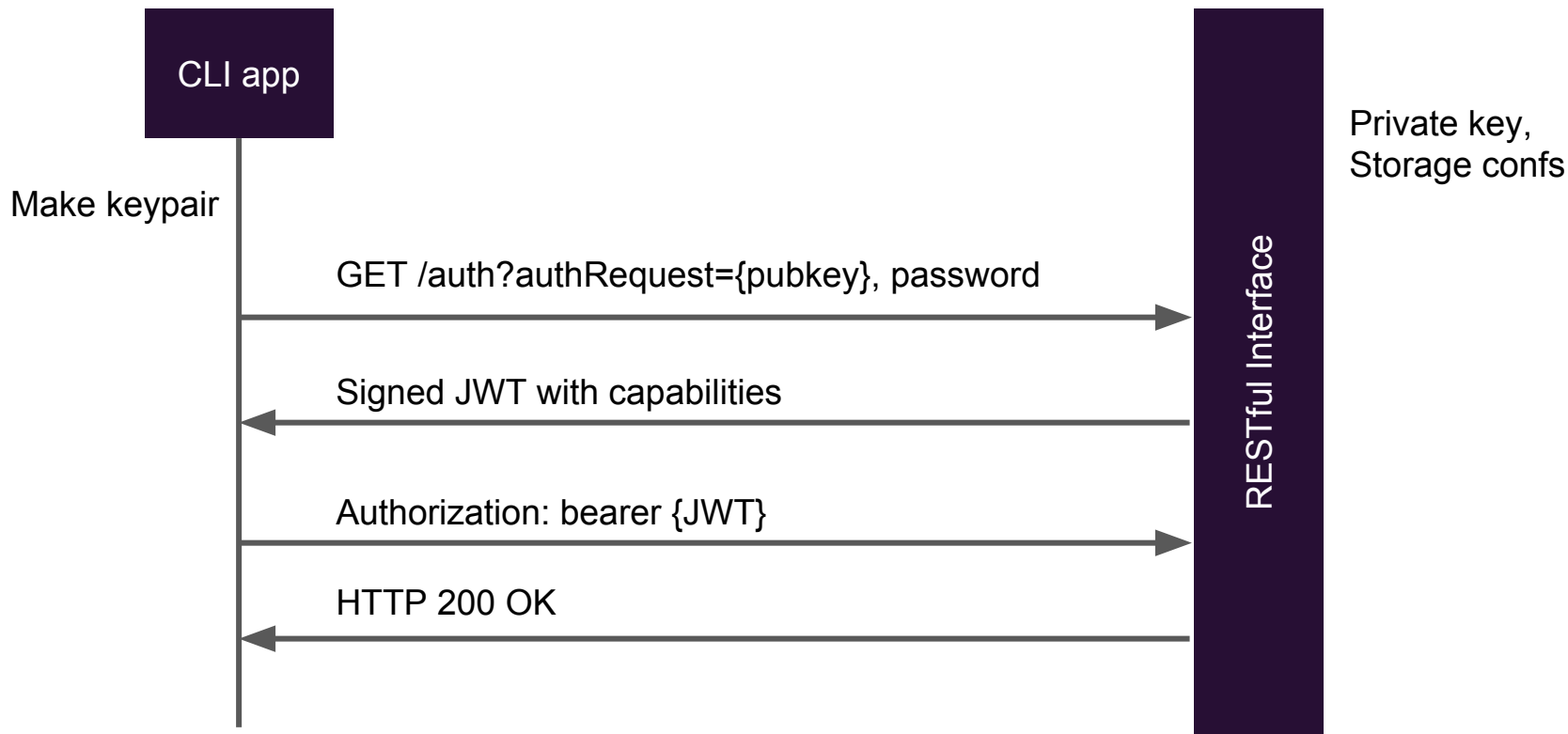
- Get zone file
- Resolve URLs
- Verify signature
- Check fresh

Applications

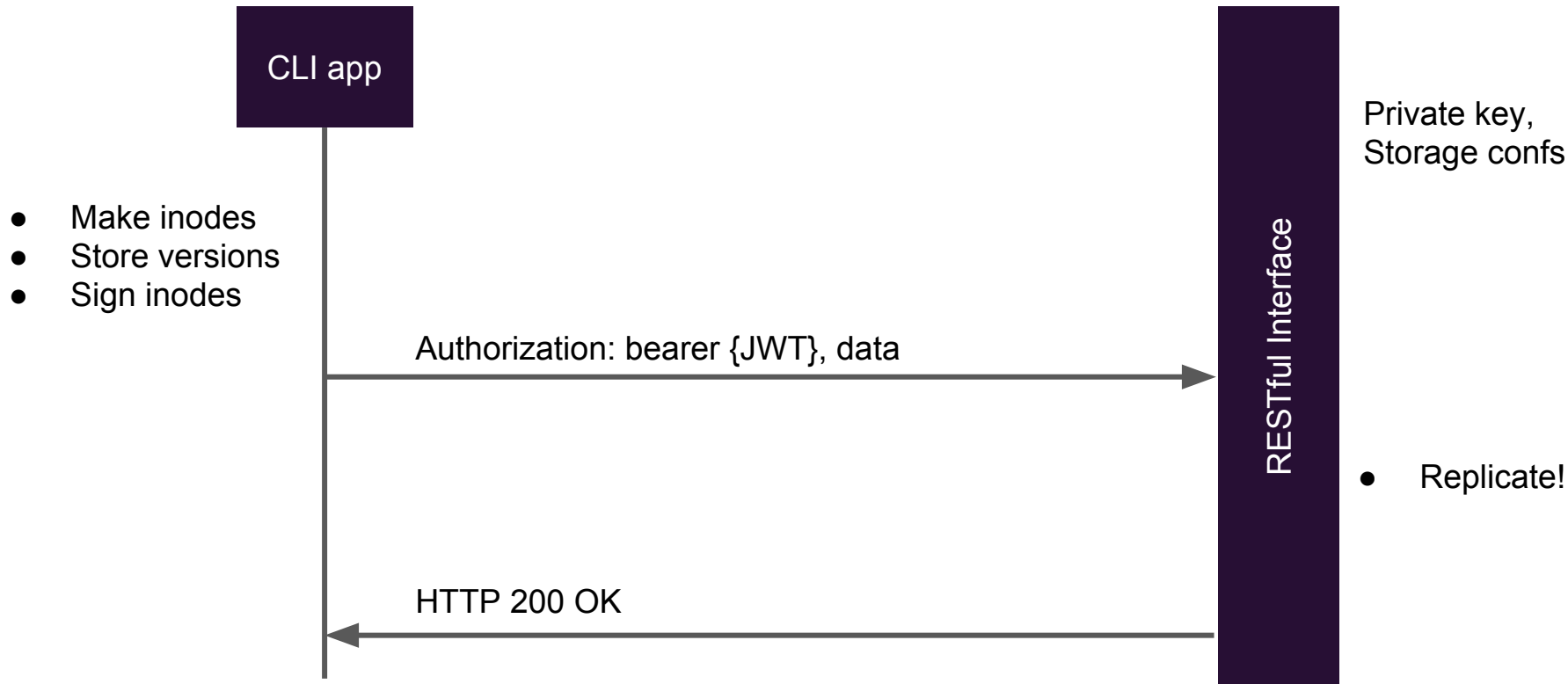
localhost



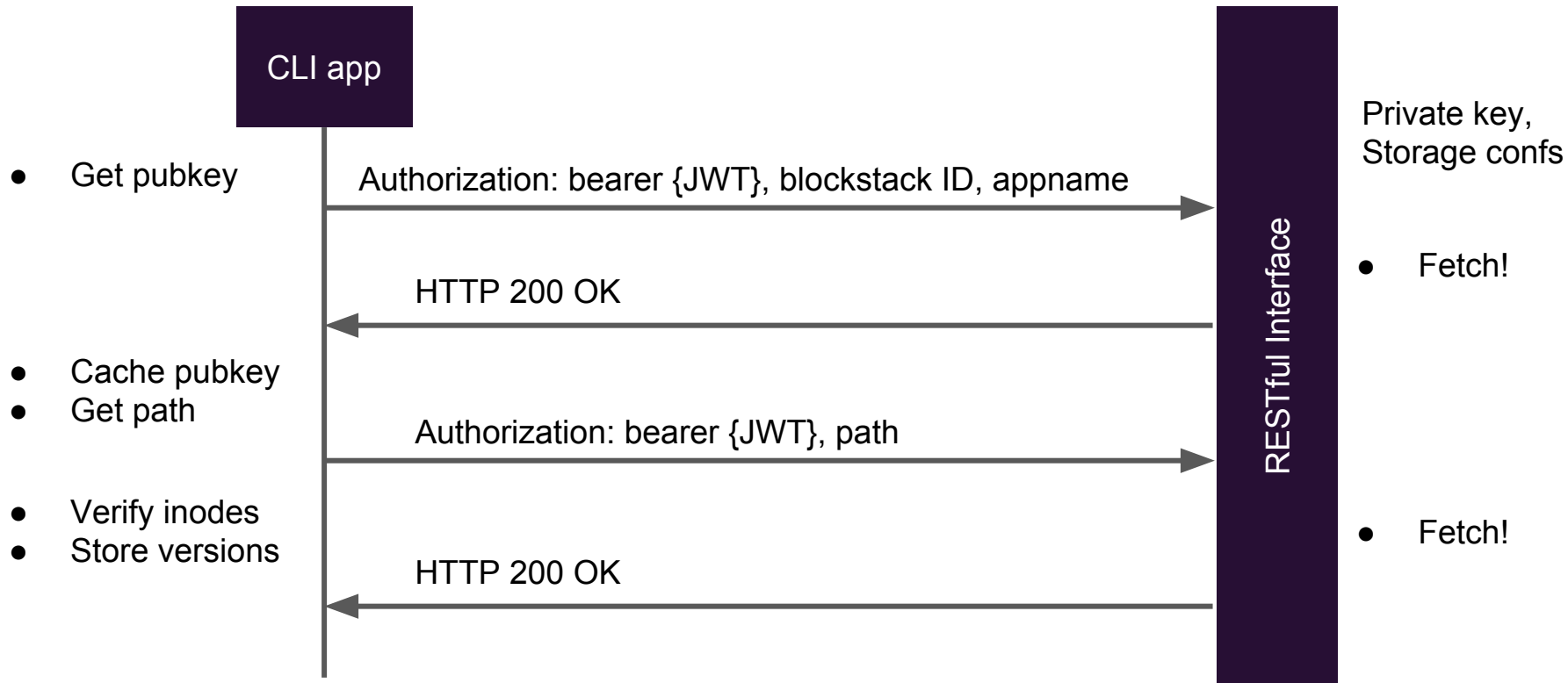
Storage Programming Model: Authentication



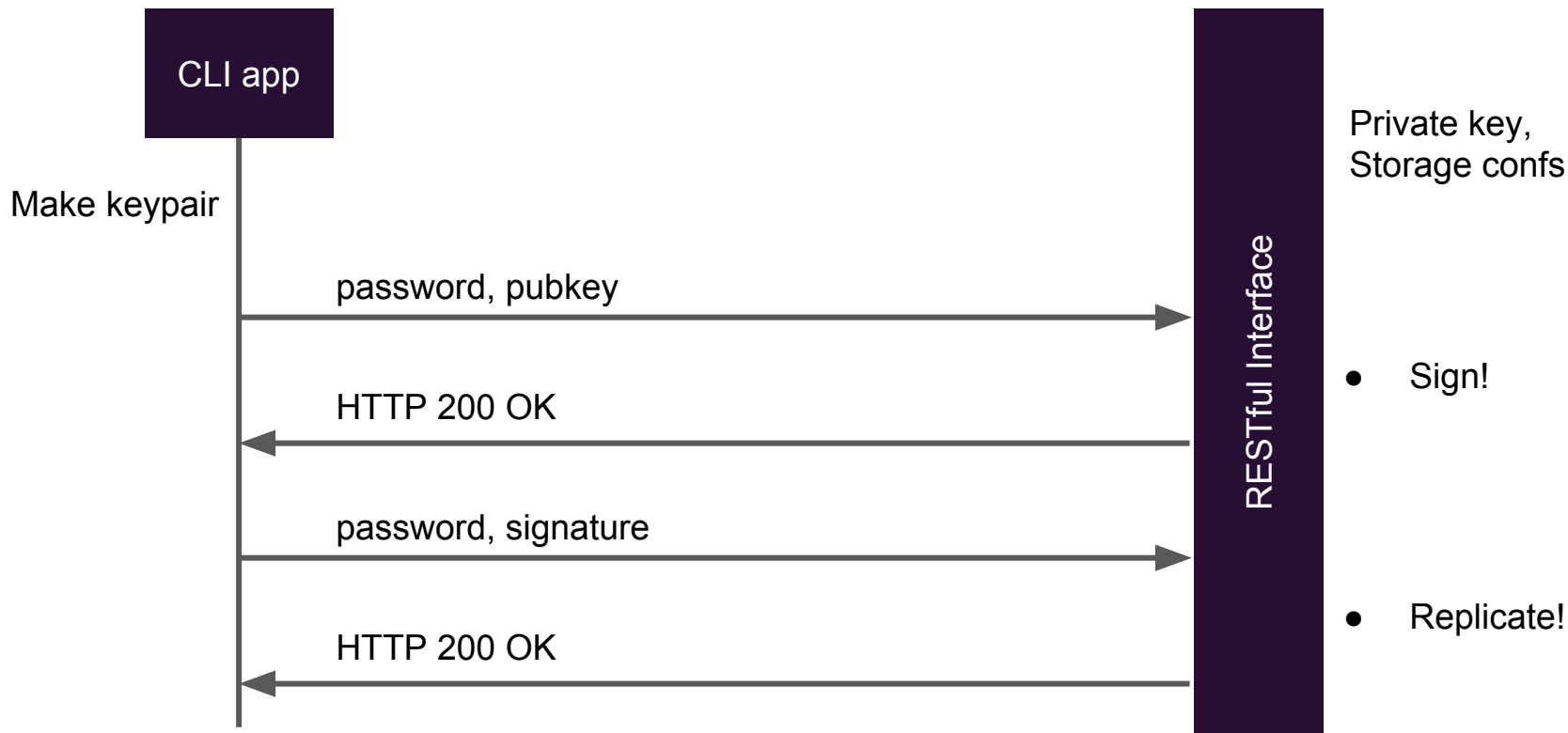
Storage Programming Model: Writes



Storage Programming Model: Reads



Storage Programming Model: Key Discovery



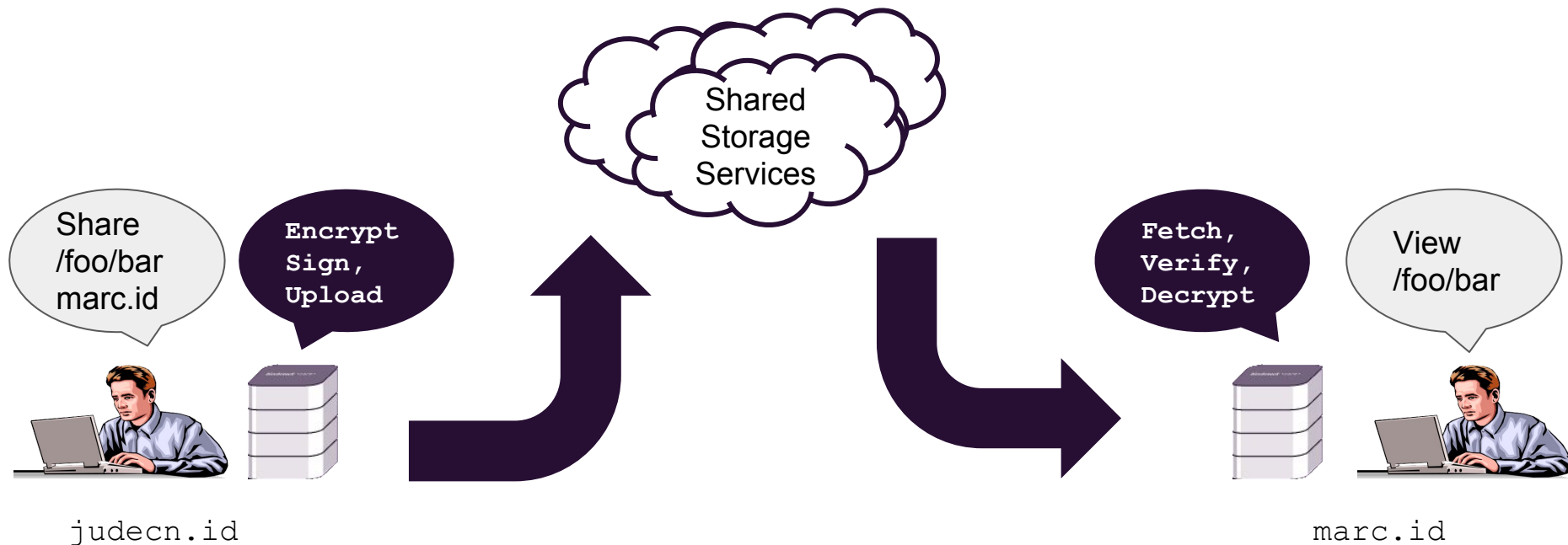
Getting Started with Blockstack

- `brew install gmp libffi openssl # OS X`
- `virtualenv /tmp/blockstack`
- `source /tmp/blockstack/bin/activate`
- `pip install --upgrade pip`
- `git clone`
`https://github.com/blockstack/blockstack-core`
- `cd blockstack-core`
- `git checkout rc-0.14.2`
- `./setup.py build && ./setup.py install`

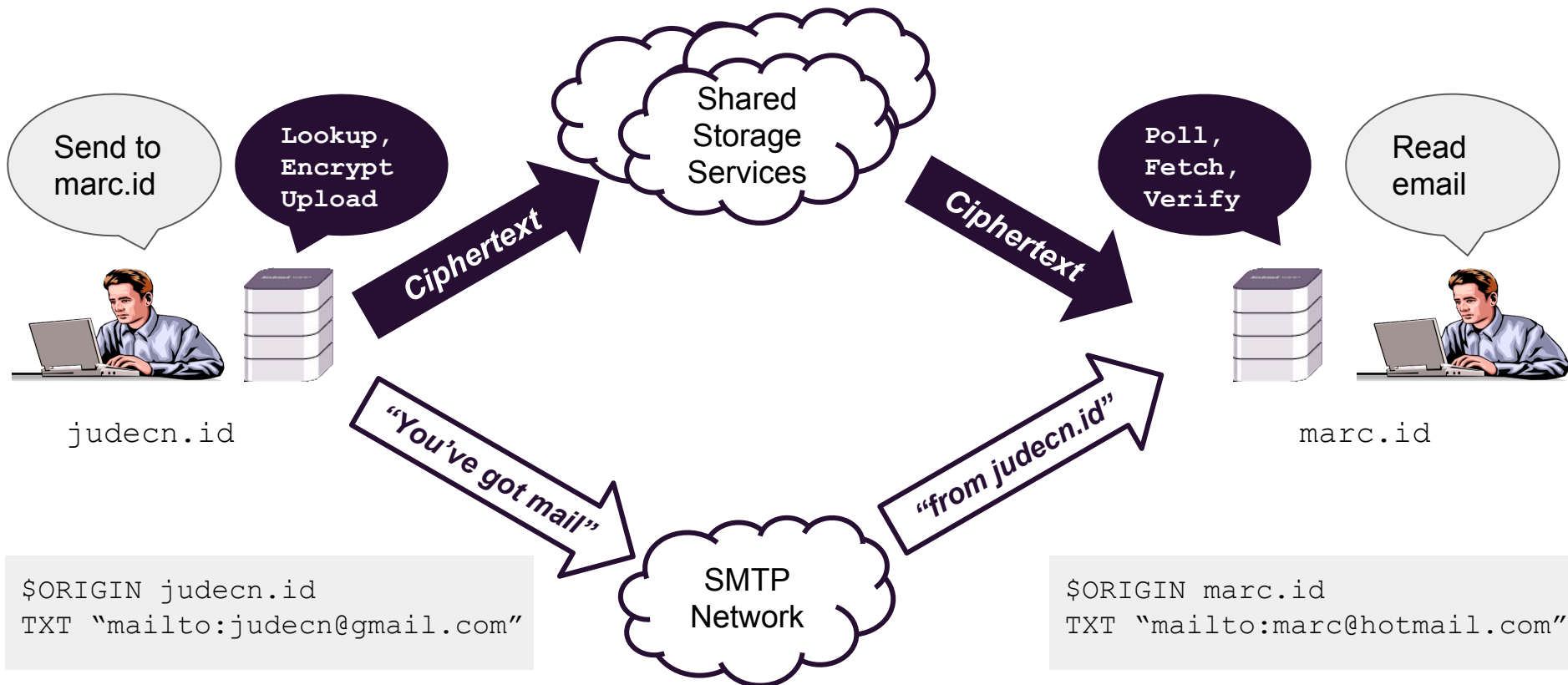
Getting Started with Blockstack

- `blockstack --debug setup`
- `blockstack --debug api start`
- `ps aux | grep blockstack`
- `tail -n 30 ~/.blockstack/api_endpoint.log`
- `cd demos/python-filessharing`

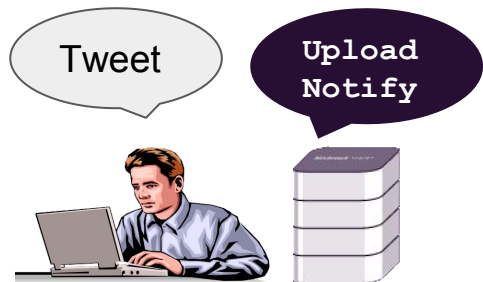
Sample App: Encrypted File-sharing



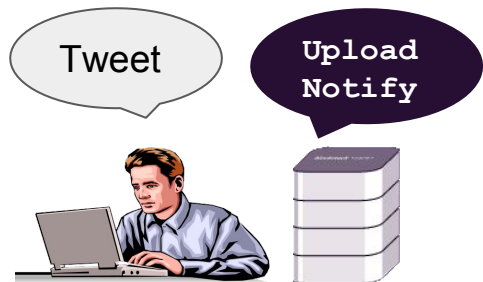
Sample App: Private Email sans PGP



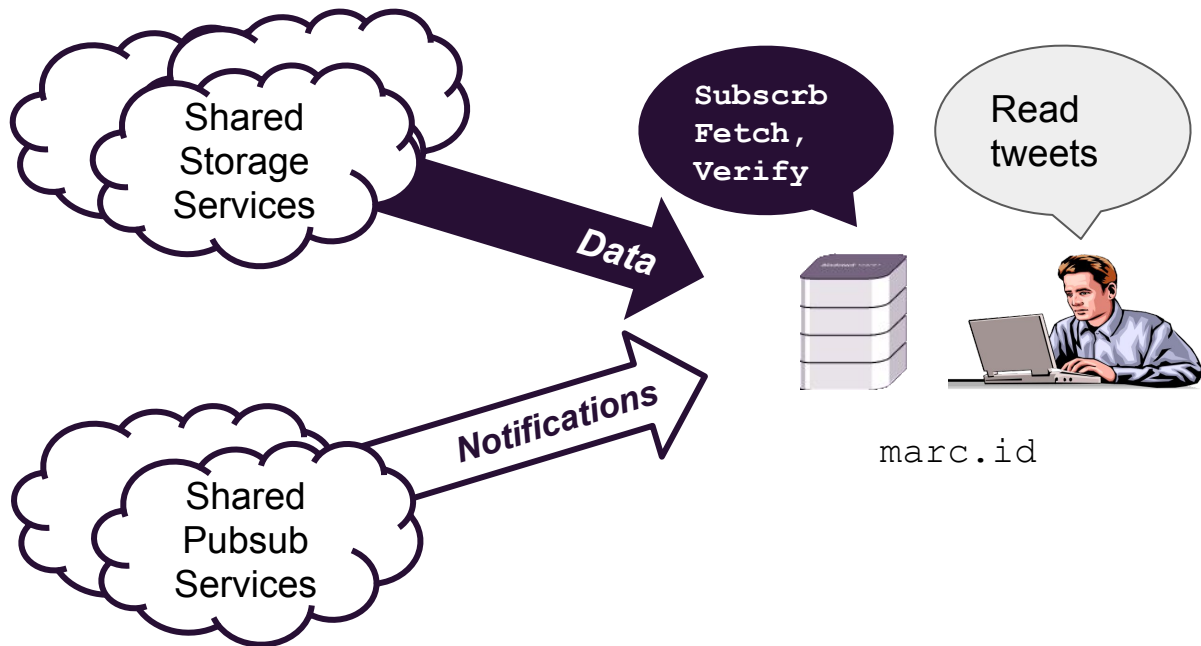
Sample App: Decentralized Twitter



```
$ORIGIN judecn.id  
_pubsub URI "irc://freenode"
```



```
$ORIGIN patrick.id  
_pubsub URI "zmq://1.2.3.4"
```



Design Patterns

- Reuse legacy Web for availability
 - Identify services in zone file
 - Bulk data via storage service
 - Push notifications via pubsub service
- Use Blockstack for authenticity
 - Authenticates user with pubkey
 - Sign/verify ALL content
 - Auto-managed keyrings

Towards No-Server Applications

- Single-user functionality is client-side
- What about cross-user functionality?
 - Search indexes
 - Analytics
 - Karma
- Edge computing: a possible solution?
 - Crawl users asynchronously
 - Save to developer's storage

State of the System

- In production for 2+ years
- Over 70,000 names registered
- Peer-reviewed
- Apps by end of Q1 2017
- Open source

<https://github.com/blockstack>