

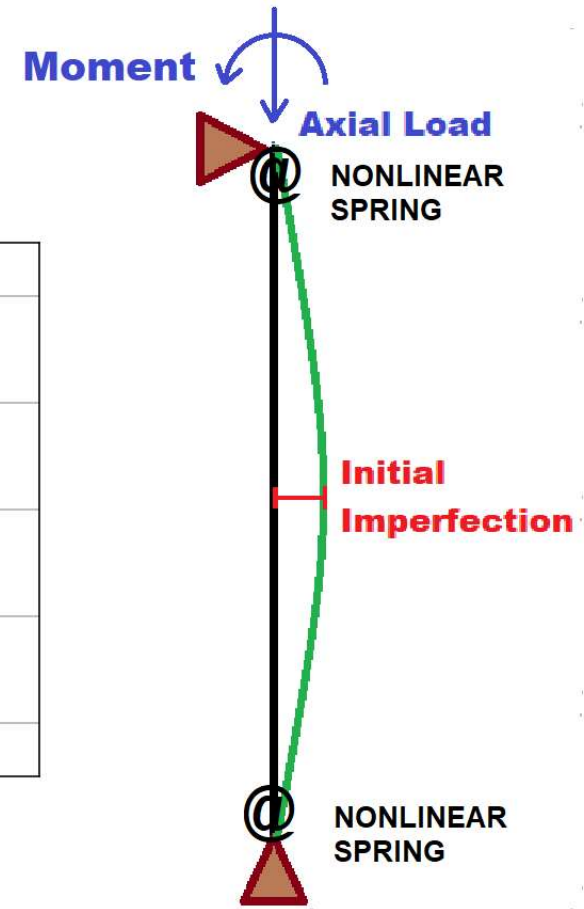
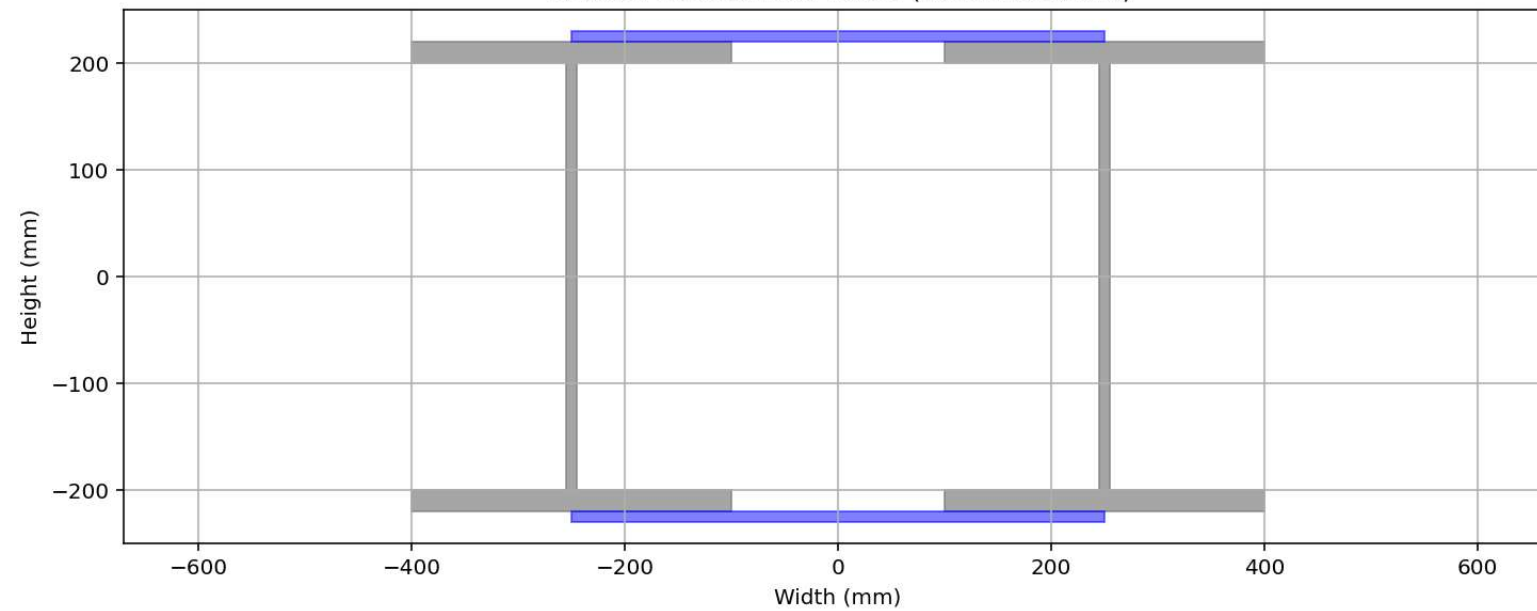
>> IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL <<

INVESTIGATION OF MULTI-MODE POST-BUCKLING PHENOMENA IN SEMI-RIGID STEEL COLUMNS USING OPENSEES CONSIDERING THE GEOMETRIC AND MATERIAL PROPERTIES NONLINEARITY

WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI)

$$\left(\frac{P}{P_y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{M}{M_y}\right)^2 \leq 1$$

Double I-Section with Plates (10mm×500mm)



Spyder (Python 3.12)

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C:\Users\ DELL\Desktop\OPENSEES_FILES\MULTI-MODE-POST-BUCKLING_STEEL_COLUMN_SEMI-RIGID_NONLINEAR_CAPACITY.py

MULTI-MODE-POST_BUCKLING_STEEL_COLUMN_SEMI-RIGID_NONLINEAR_CAPACITY.py x STEEL_FIBER_SECTION.py x

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1 #####
2 # >> IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL <<
3 # INVESTIGATION OF MULTI-MODE POST-BUCKLING PHENOMENA IN WITH AND WITHOUT SEMI-RIGID STEEL COLUMNS
4 # USING OPENSEES CONSIDERING THE GEOMETRIC AND MATERIAL PROPERTIES NONLINEARITY
5 #-----
6 # IT MODELS A 2D INELASTIC BEAM-COLUMN WITH AN INITIAL IMPERFECTION (FOUR DIFFRENET SHAPES)
7 # AND APPLIES AN AXIAL COMPRESSIVE LOAD TO ANALYZE LARGE DISPLACEMENTS.
8 # 1. MODEL SETUP: A COLUMN OF LENGTH L IS DEFINED WITH N ELEMENTS, INCORPORATING A SMALL INITIAL
9 # IMPERFECTION (HALF-SINE WAVE).
10 # 2. NODES & BOUNDARY CONDITIONS: NODES ARE CREATED, WITH THE BOTTOM FIXED IN X, Y AND THE TOP FIXED II
11 # X BUT FREE IN Y AND ROTATION.
12 # 3. ELEMENT DEFINITION: THE COLUMN IS MODELED USING ELASTIC BEAM-COLUMN ELEMENTS WITH COROTATIONAL
13 # TRANSFORMATION FOR GEOMETRIC NONLINEARITY.
14 # 4. LOAD APPLICATION: A STATIC AXIAL FORCE P IS APPLIED AT THE TOP NODE.
15 # 5. ANALYSIS SETUP: A DISPLACEMENTCONTROL INTEGRATOR IS USED TO INCREMENTALLY PUSH THE COLUMN DOWNWARD
16 # 6. NONLINEAR SOLVER: THE NEWTON METHOD IS USED WITH A NORMDISPINCER TEST FOR CONVERGENCE.
17 # 7. ANALYSIS EXECUTION: THE LOOP PERFORMS INCREMENTAL LOADING STEPS, RECORDING AXIAL DISPLACEMENT,
18 # LATERAL DISPLACEMENT, AND AXIAL FORCE.
19 # 8. BUCKLING BEHAVIOR CAPTURE: LATERAL DISPLACEMENTS AT THE MID-HEIGHT NODE INDICATE POST-BUCKLING
20 # DEFORMATION.
21 # 9. RESULTS EXTRACTION: REACTION FORCES AT THE BASE NODE PROVIDE THE AXIAL COMPRESSIVE LOAD.
22 # 10. PLOTTING: THE SCRIPT VISUALIZES AXIAL FORCE VS. LATERAL DISPLACEMENT, SHOWING THE POST-BUCKLING
23 # RESPONSE OF THE COLUMN.
24 #-----
25 # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI)
26 # EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com
27 #####
28 import openseespy.opensees as ops
29 import numpy as np
30 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
31 import STEEL_FIBER_SECTION as S01
32 import ANALYSIS_FUNCTION as S02
33 import OPENSEES_HYSTERETIC_FORCE_DISP_FUN as S03
34 import time as TI
```

...E-POST_BUCKLING_STEEL_COLUMN_SEMI-RIGID_NONLINEAR_CAPACITY

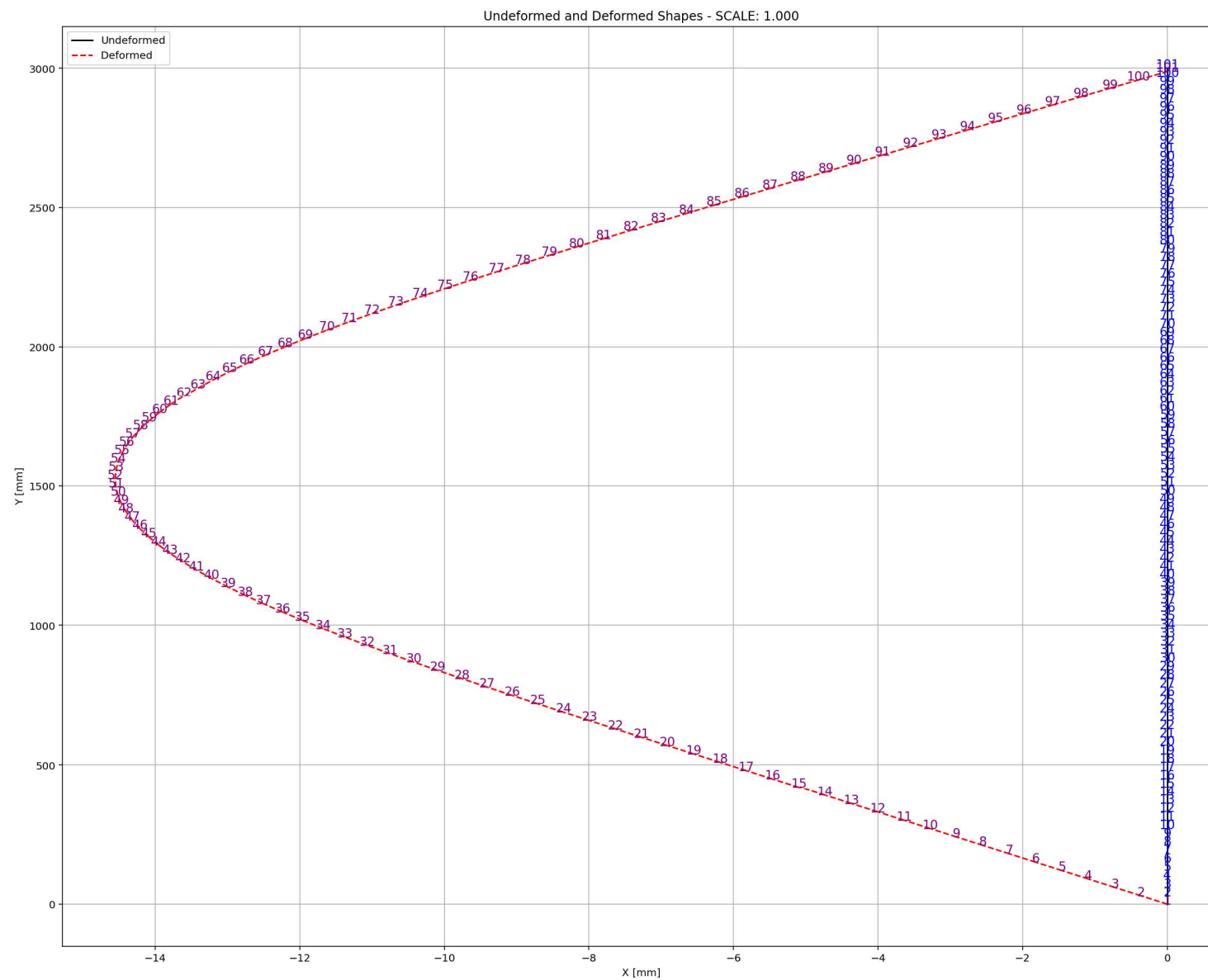
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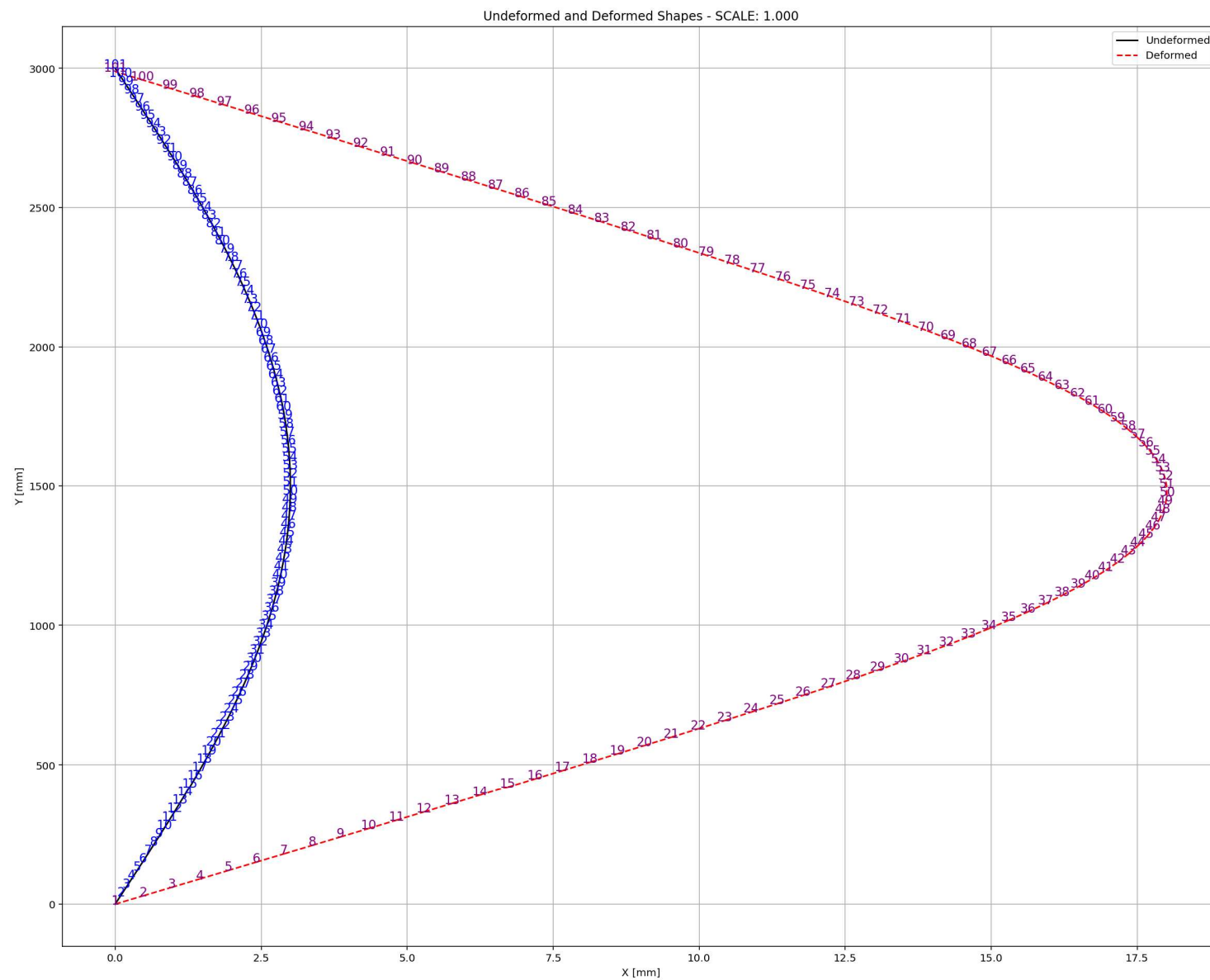
Post-buckling behavior of column

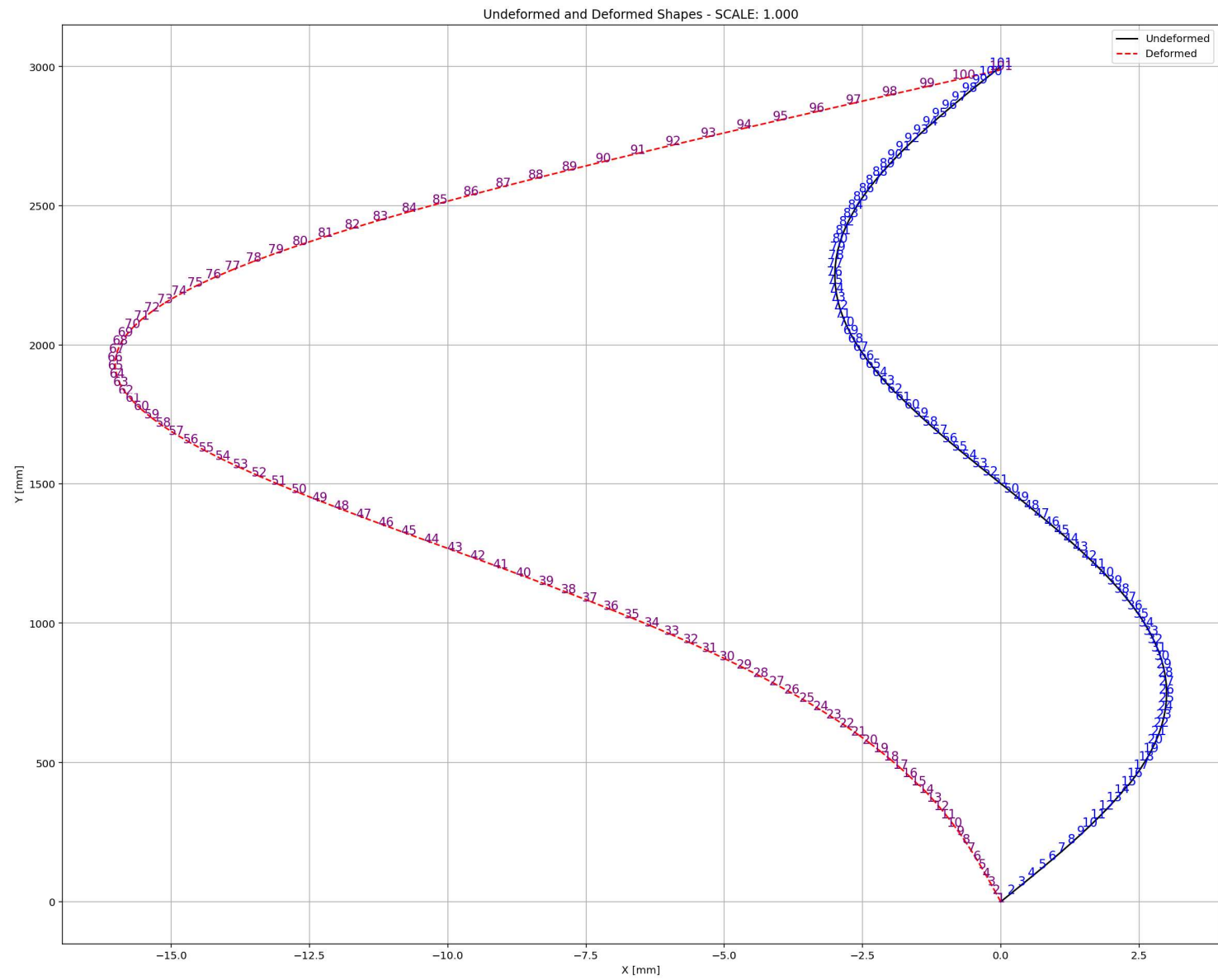
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Mode 02	133448142.612
Mode 03	187551577.001
Mode 04	142120291.619

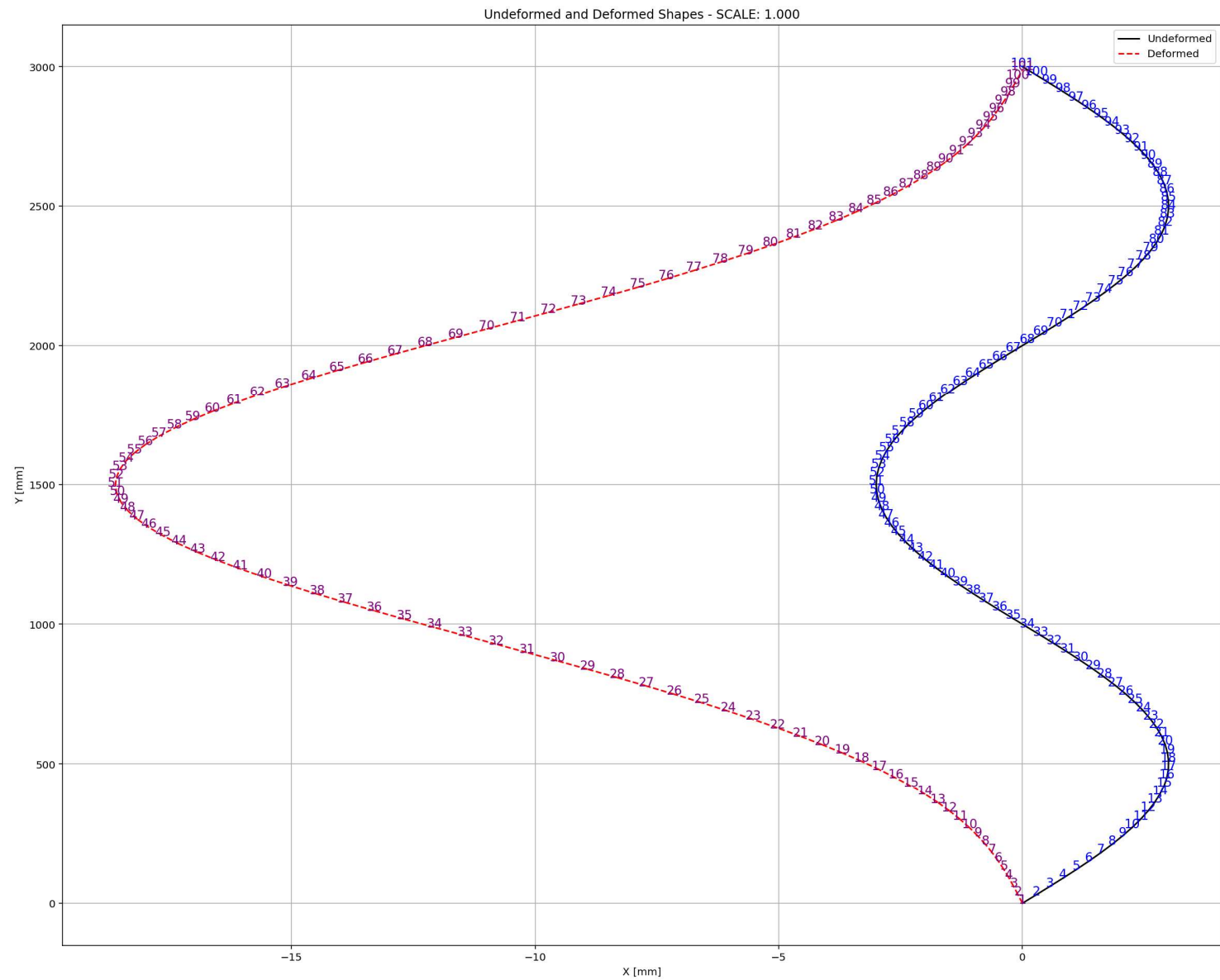
IPython Console Files Help Variable Explorer Debugger Plots History

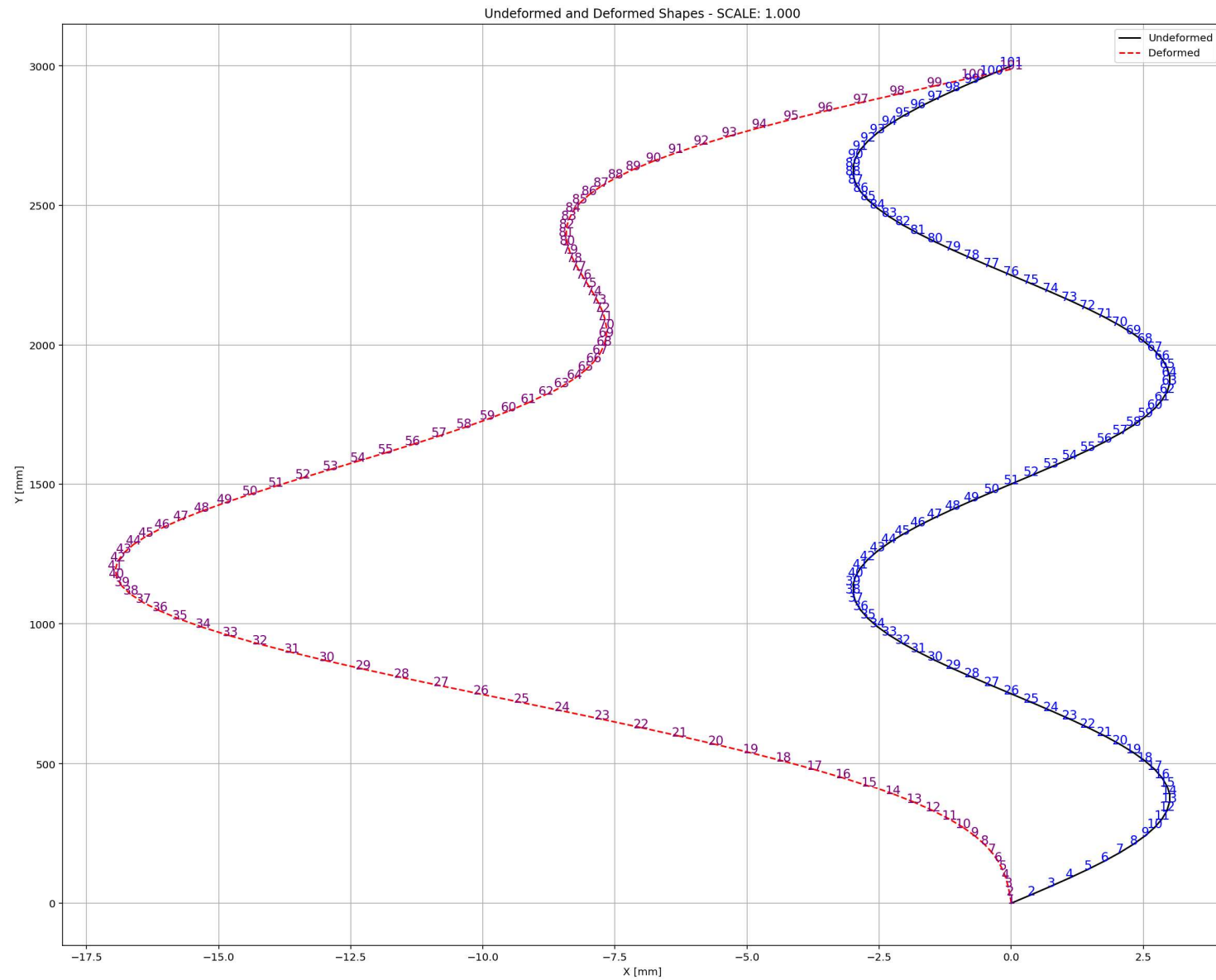
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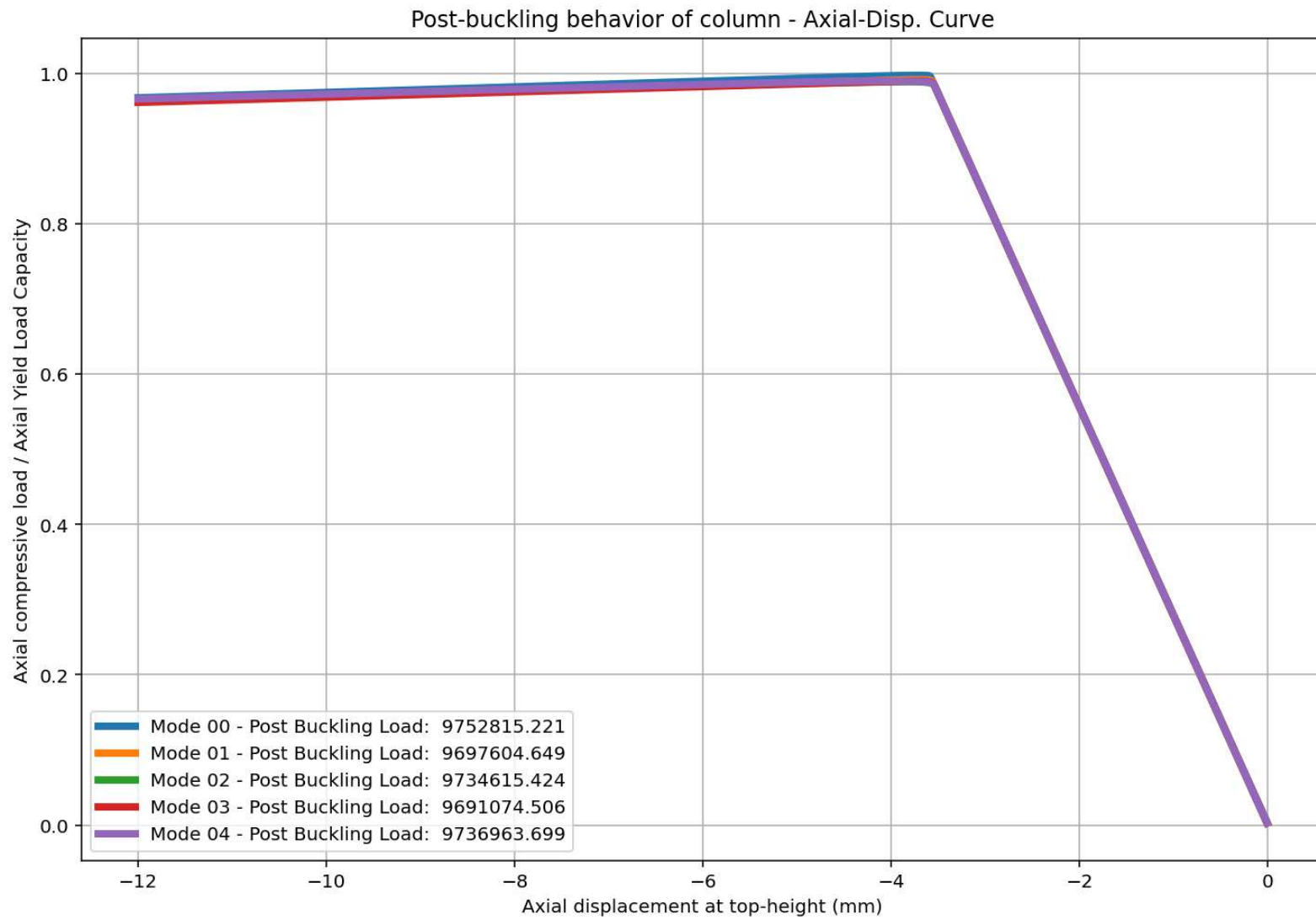


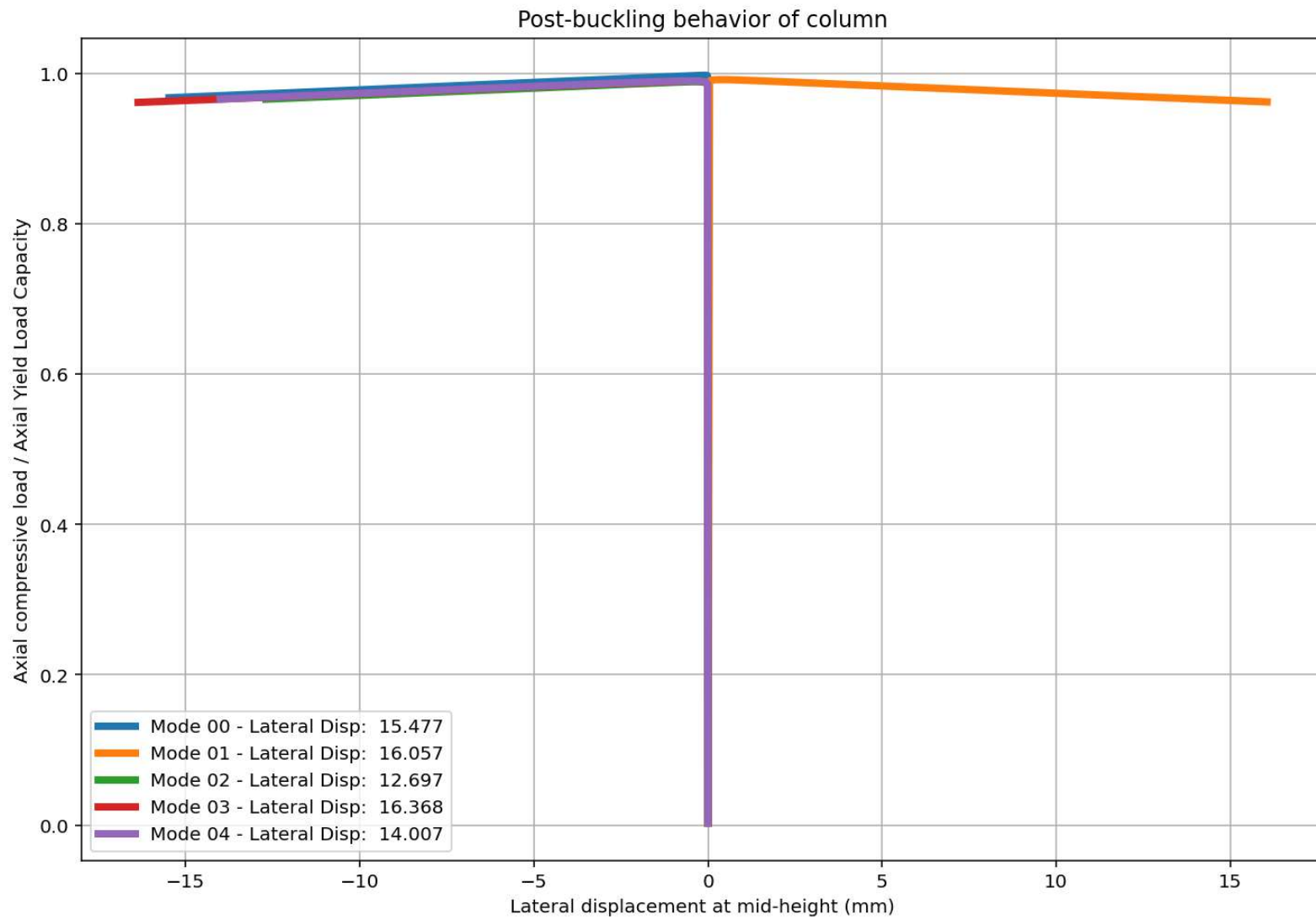




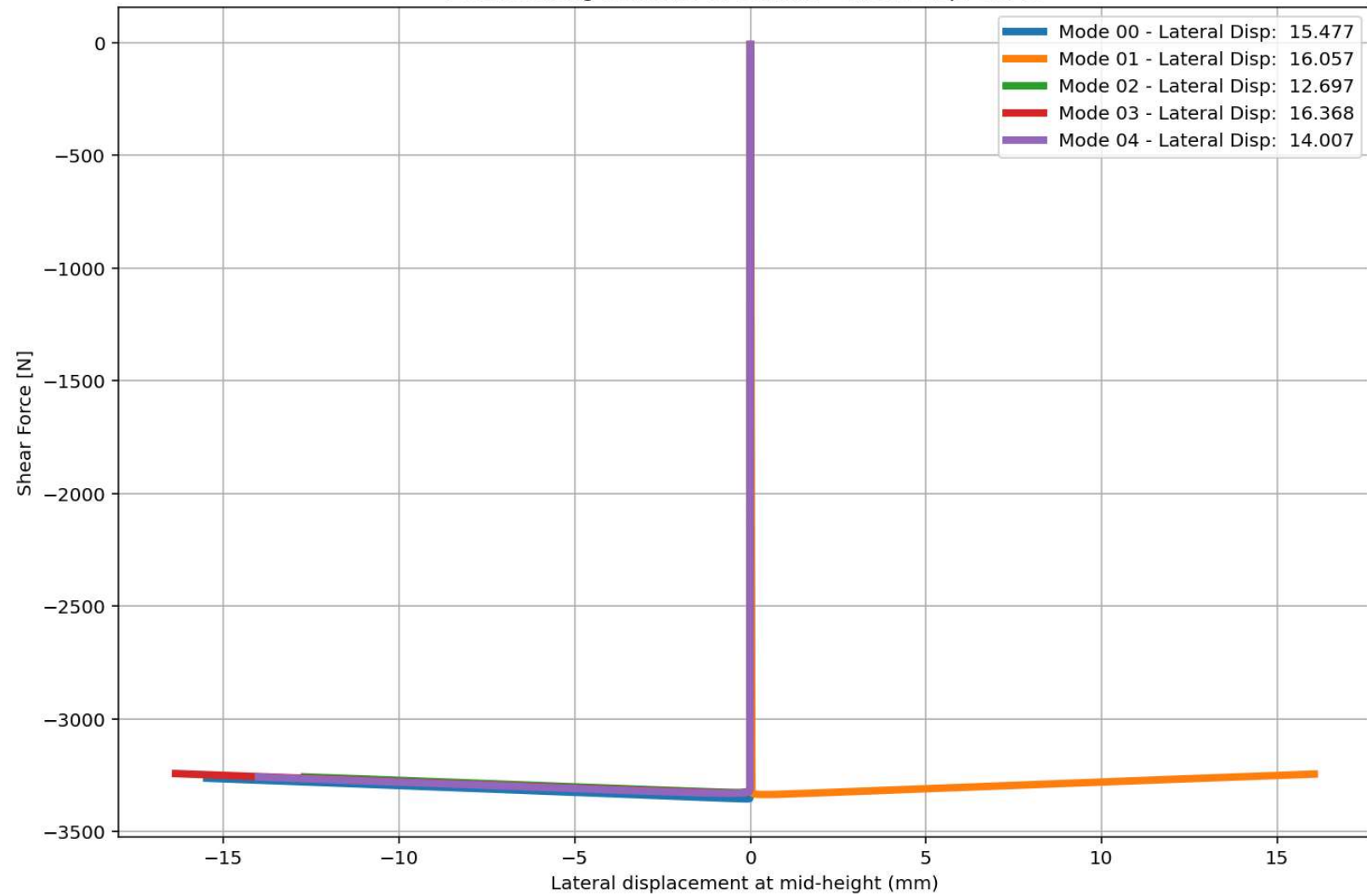


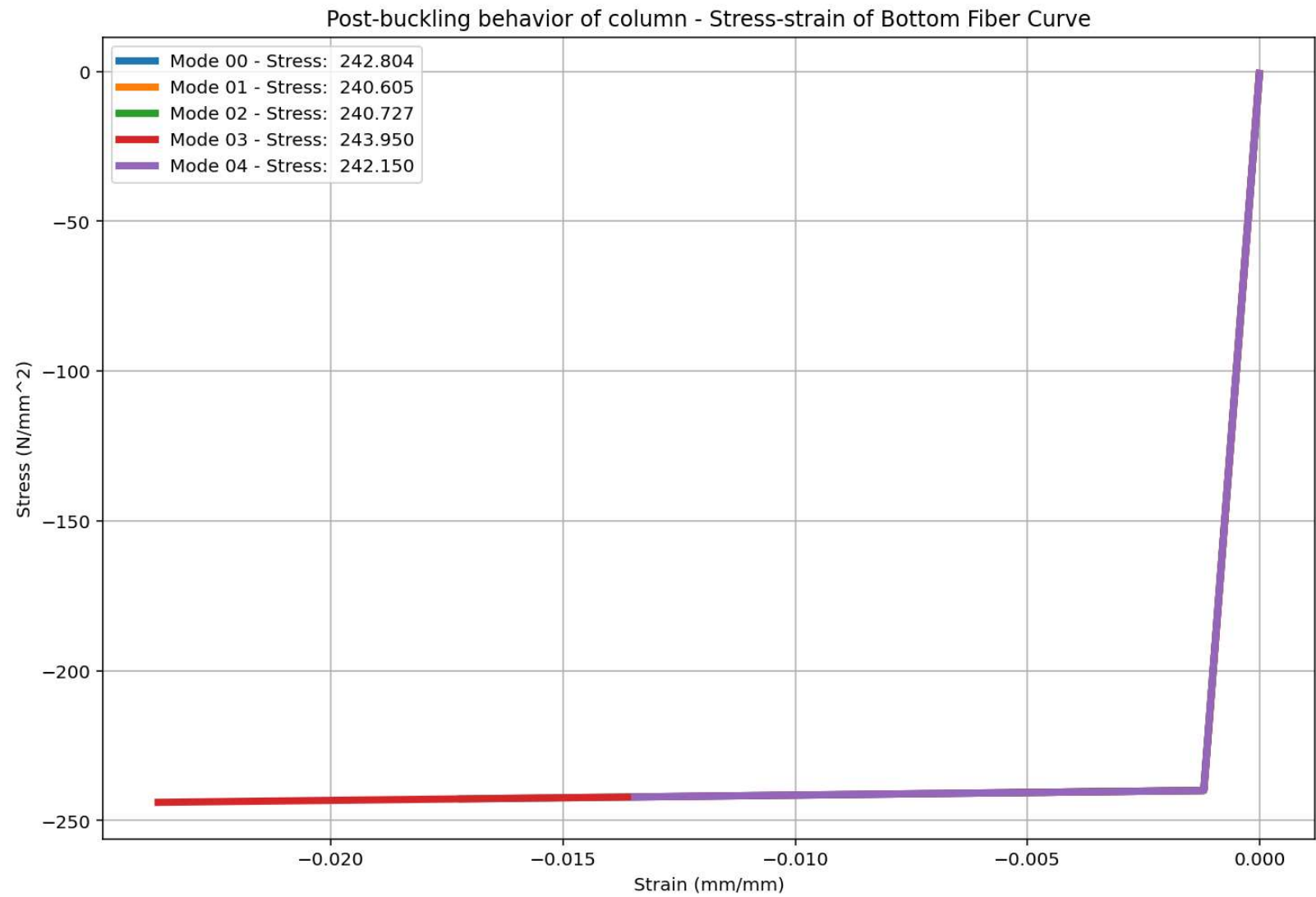






Post-buckling behavior of column - Shear-Disp. Curve





Post-buckling behavior of column - Stress-strain of Top Fiber Curve

