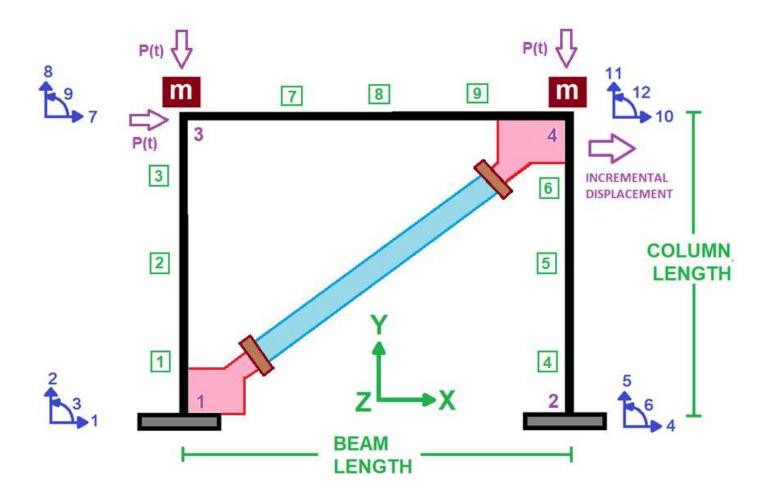
IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL

COMPARATIVE STUDY OF ELASTIC AND INELASTIC STRUCTURAL BEHAVIOR THROUGH PUSHOVER DYNAMIC ANALYSIS. HARMONIC IMPACT LOADING ANALYSIS OF CONCRETE FRAME WITH VISCOUS DAMPER USING OPENSEES

WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI)





CORE AND COVER CONCRETE RELATION



WITHOUT HARDENING AND ULTIMATE STRAIN



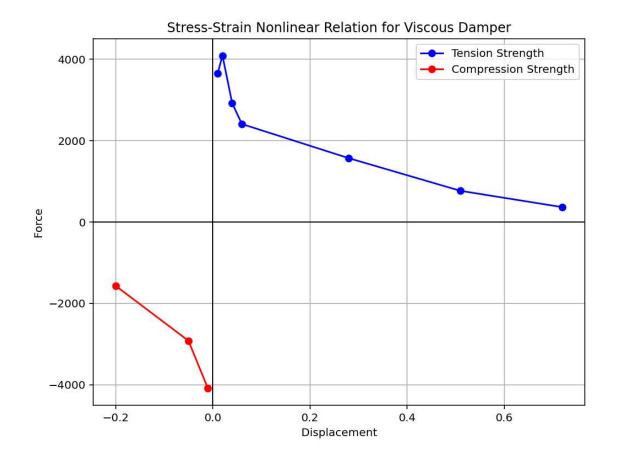
WITH HARDENING AND ULTIMATE STRAIN



COLUMN SECTION



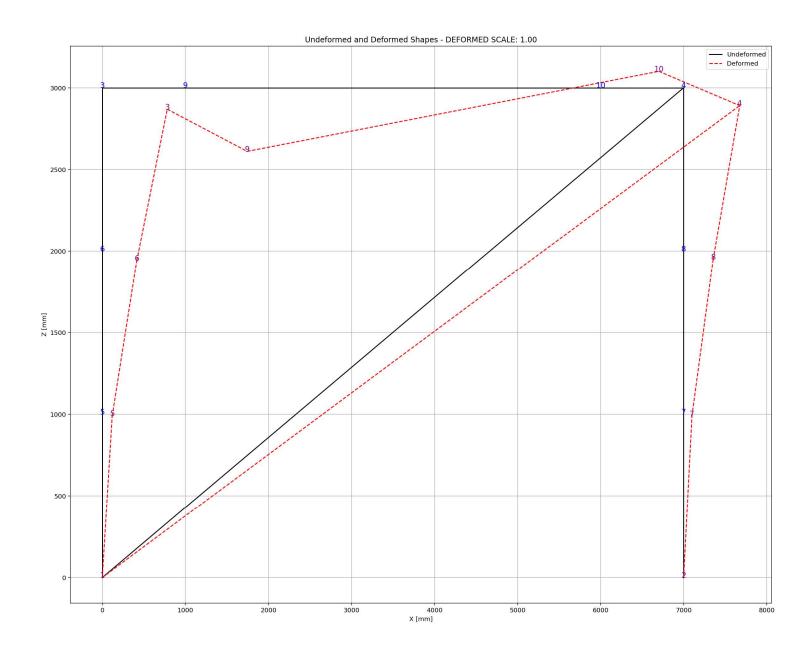
BEAM SECTION

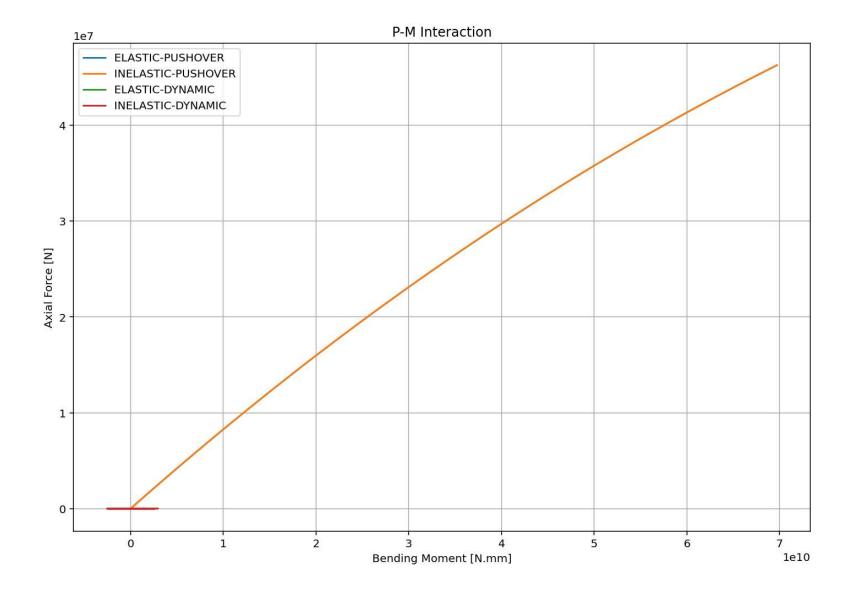


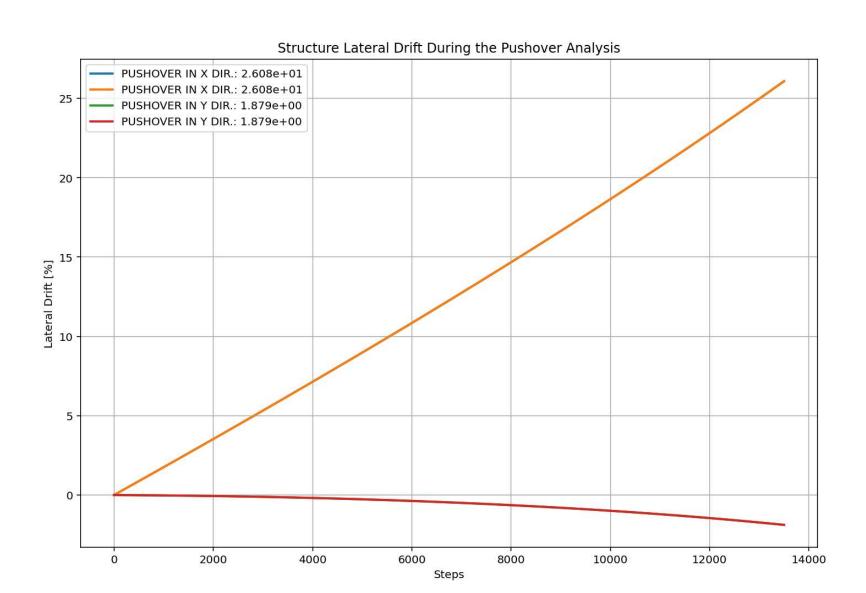
Spyder (Python 3.12) File Edit Search Source Run Debug Consoles Projects Tools View Help ANT ELASTIC OR INELASTIC FRAME IMPACT LOAD VISCOUS DAMPER C:\Users\Dell\Desktop\OPENSES_FILES\CONCRETE_FRA...OR_INELASTIC_FRAME_IMPACT_LOAD_VISCOUS_DAMPER.py 8 = CONFINEMENT NONCON... VISCOUS DAMPER.DV X Displacement vs Shear Base-reaction - ELASTIC >> IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL << COMPARATIVE STUDY OF ELASTIC AND INELASTIC STRUCTURAL BEHAVIOR THROUGH PUSHOVER DYNAMIC ANALY HARMONIC IMPACT LOADING ANALYSIS OF CONCRETE FRAME WITH VISCOUS DAMPER THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (OASHOAI) # EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com 1. The script performs a comparative study of elastic and inelastic structural behavior using pu 2. It models a 2D reinforced concrete frame with columns (500x500mm) and beams (500x300mm) using 3. Material definitions include confined/unconfined concrete (fc=25MPa) and billinear steel reinf 4. Two analysis types are implemented: static pushover (displacement-controlled) and dynamic tim 5. Rayleigh damping is calculated based on initial modal periods and target damping ratios (5%). 6. The pushover analysis applies incremental displacements up to 675mm, recording base reactions Displacement in X (mm) 7. Dynamic analysis uses Newmark integration with ground motion inputs scaled by 0.01g (El Centr Key outputs include force-displacement curves, moment-rotation relationships, and stiffness d Help Variable Explorer Debugger 9. Eigenvalue analysis tracks period elongation due to inelasticity during dynamic events. 10. Damage indices are computed for ductility assessment using bilinear curve fitting. 11. Overstrength factors (Ω) , ductility ratios (μ) , and R-factors are quantified for seismic per Console 1/A X 12. Real-time monitoring of base shear, axial forces, and interstory drifts is implemented. 13. The script includes advanced convergence controls (Newton-Raphson, 1e-6 tolerance). End 2 Forces (P V M): -515.761 -7445.96 -3.08585e+06 14. Confinement effects are modeled with variable enhancement ratios (Kc=1.25 for columns). 15. Results are exported to Excel, including displacements, forces, stiffness, and period data. ElasticBeam2d: 3 16. Visualization includes deformed shapes, hysteresis loops, and cumulative response envelopes. Connected Nodes: 6 3 17. Damping ratios are estimated from free vibration decay in dynamic analyses. CoordTransf: 1 18. Both geometric nonlinearities (P-Delta/Corotational) and material nonlinearities are consider mass density: 6.25, cMass: 0 19. The code supports parametric studies by varying steel models (with/without hardening) and el 20. Comprehensive plotting functions enable side-by-side comparison of elastic vs. inclustic res release code: 0 End 1 Forces (P V M): 513.596 5765.31 3.08585e+06 End 2 Forces (P V M): -513.596 -5765.31 2.67946e+06 Viscous Dampers: In [2]: Definition: IPython Console History

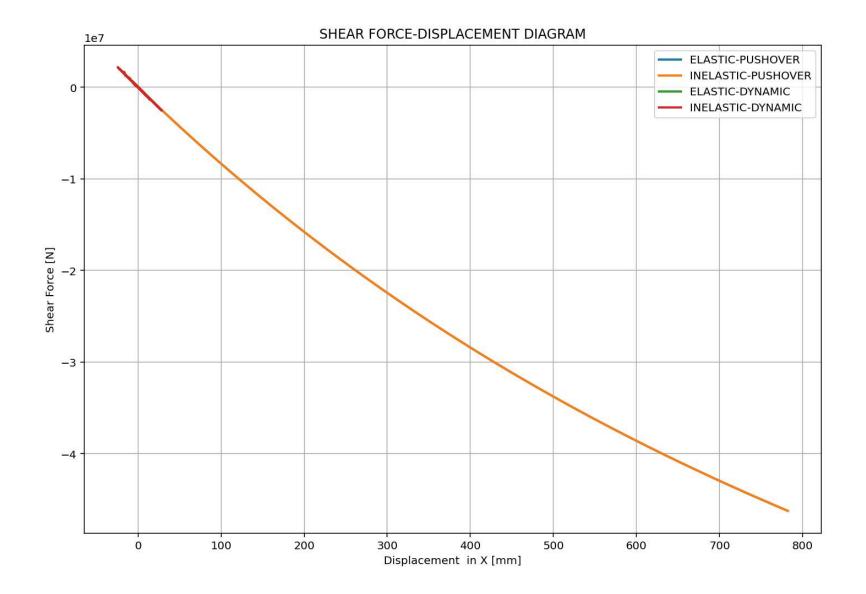
L. Inline Conda: anaconda3 (Python 3,12.7) V LSP: Python Line 966, Col 112 UTF-8 CRLF RW Mem 31%

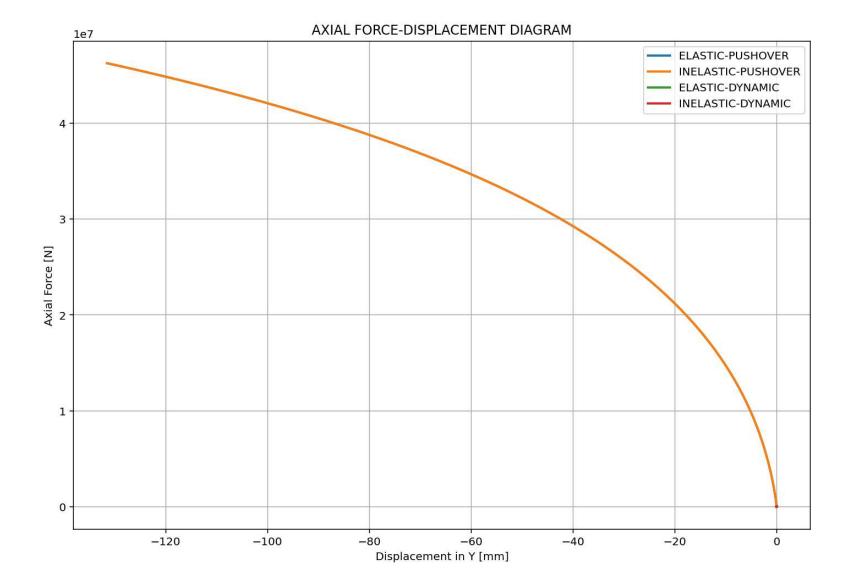
ELASTIC AND INELASTIC STATIC ANALYSIS (PUSHOVER)

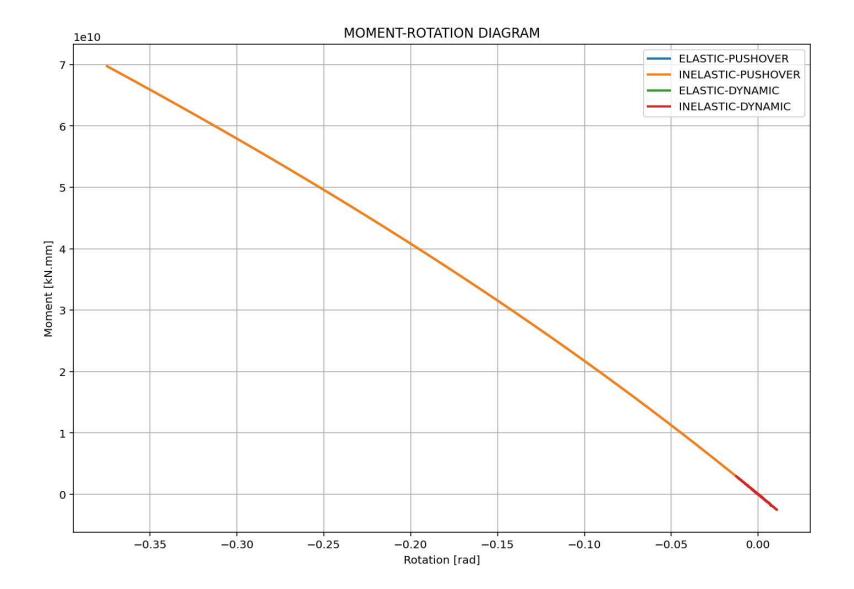




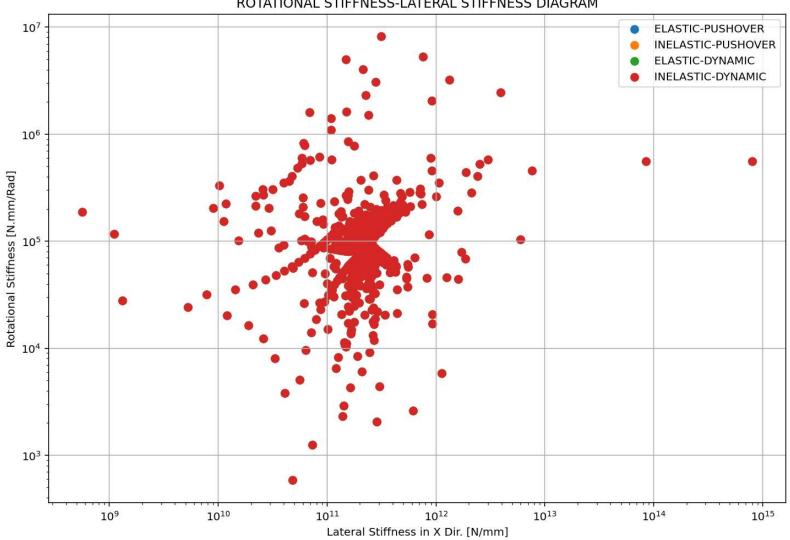




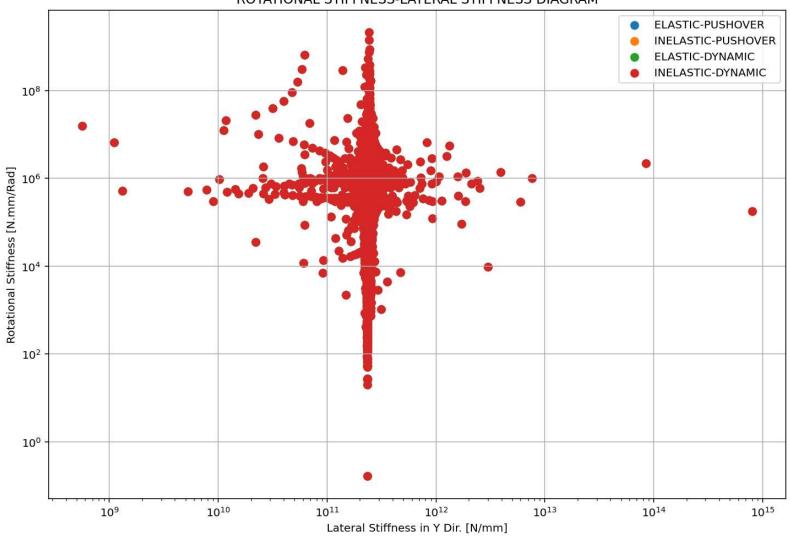


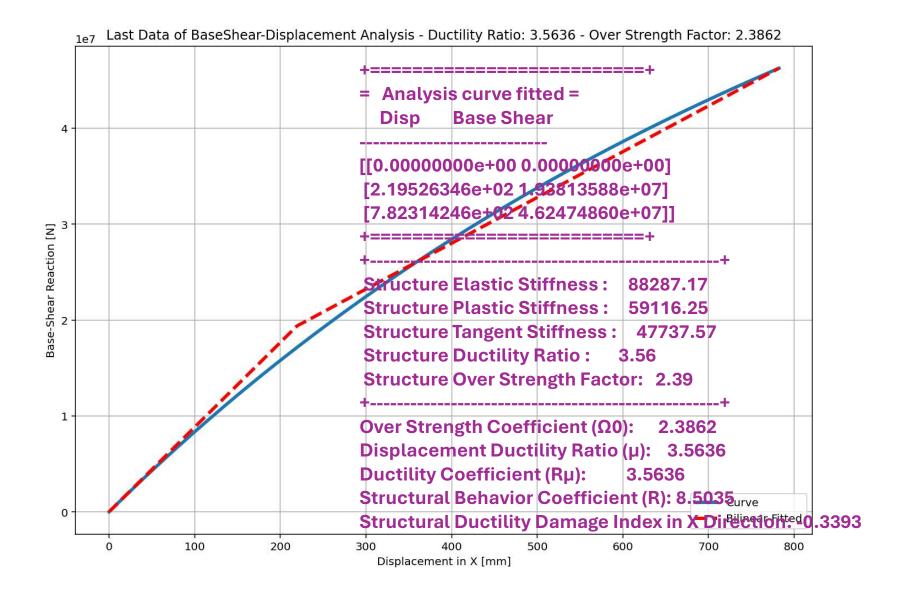


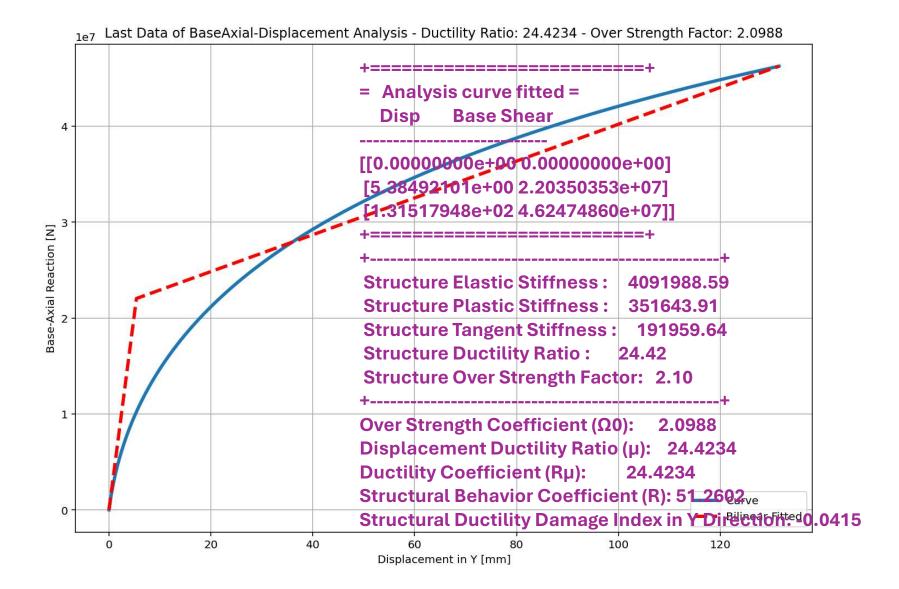
ROTATIONAL STIFFNESS-LATERAL STIFFNESS DIAGRAM



ROTATIONAL STIFFNESS-LATERAL STIFFNESS DIAGRAM







ELASTIC AND INELASTIC DYNAMIC ANALYSIS

