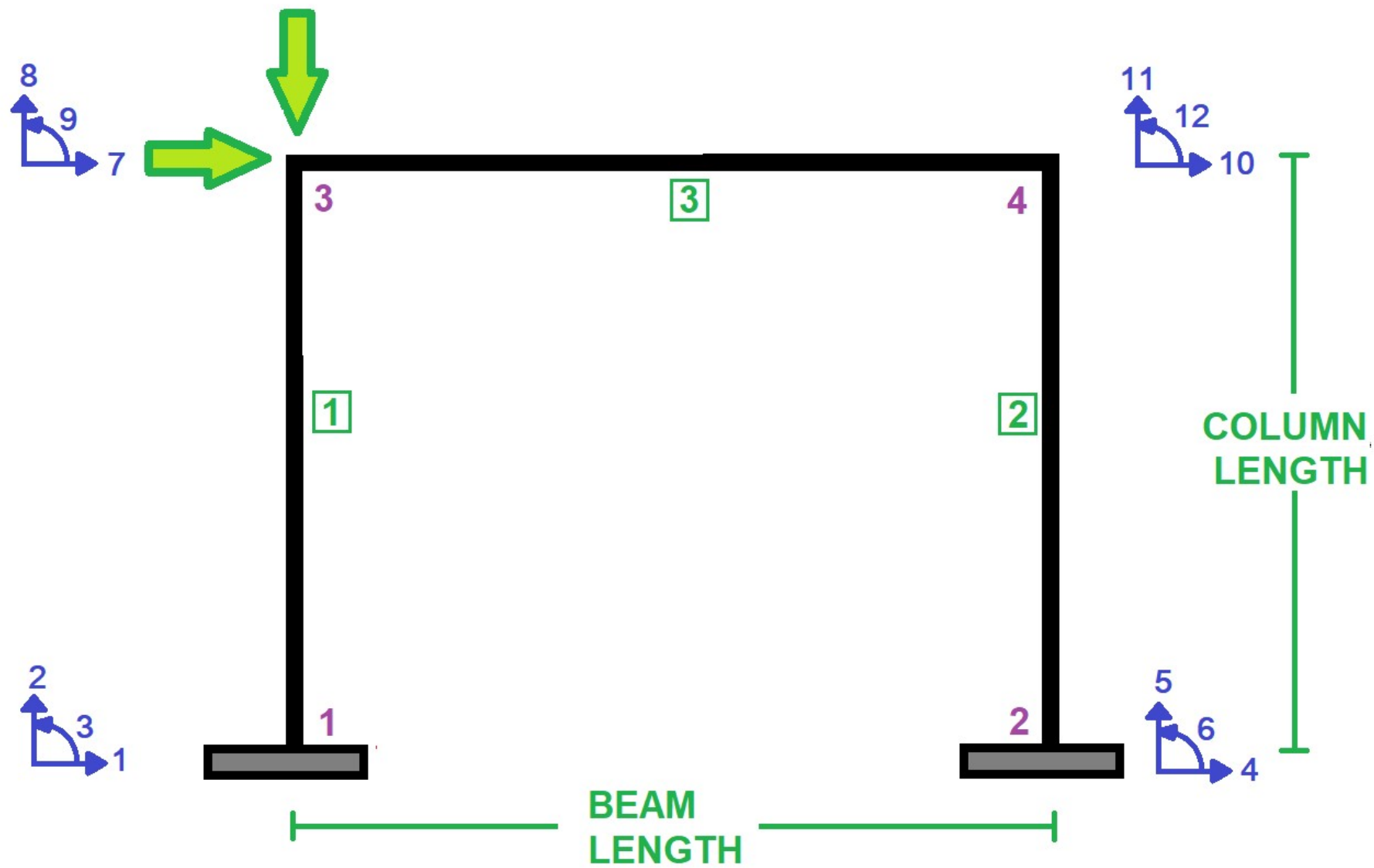
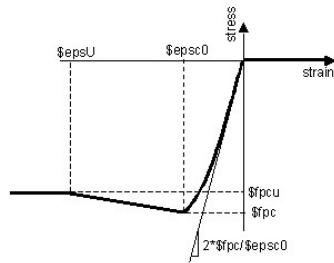


IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL

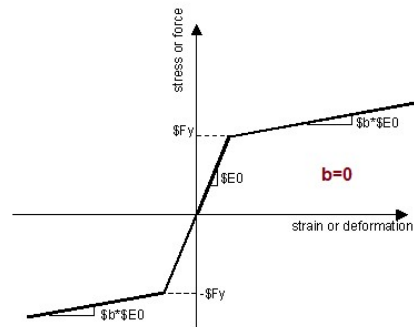
# **PUSHOVER ANALYSIS OF COMPOSITE SECTION FRAME AND CALCULATE STRUCTURAL BEHAVIOR COEFFICIENT USING OPENSEES**

WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI)

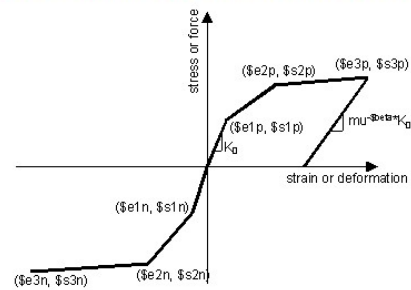




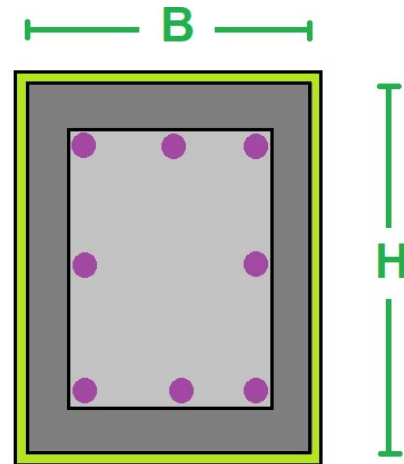
CORE AND COVER CONCRETE REALTION



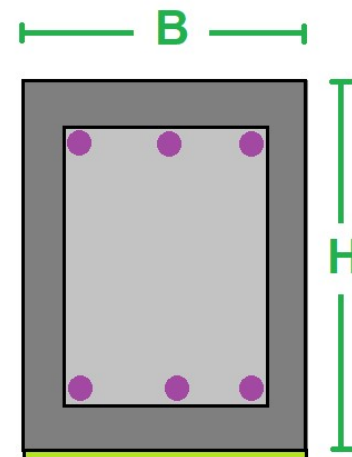
WITHOUT HARDENING AND ULTIMATE STRAIN



WITH HARDENING AND ULTIMATE STRAIN



COLUMN SECTION



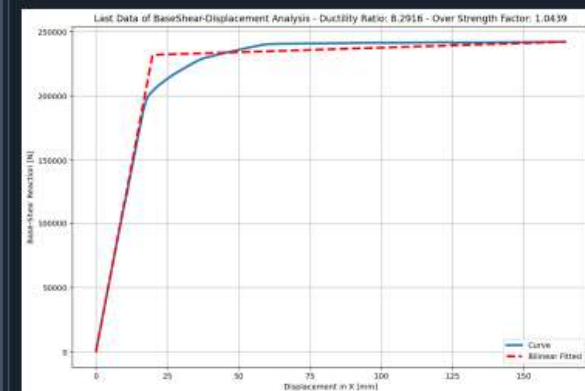
BEAM SECTION

C:\Users\De\l\Desktop\OPENSEES\_FILES\CONCRETE\_FRAME\_EXAMPLES\COMPOSITE\_SECTION\COMPOSITE\_SECTION\_FRAME\_PUSHOVER.py

COMPOSITE\_SECTION\_FRAME\_PUSHOVER.py

```
1 #####
2 # >> IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE MOST GRACIOUS, THE MOST MERCIFUL <<
3 # PUSHOVER ANALYSIS OF COMPOSITE SECTION FRAME AND CALCULATE STRUCTURAL BEHAVIOR COEFFICIENTS
4 # -----
5 # THIS PROGRAM WRITTEN BY SALAR DELAVAR GHASHGHAEI (QASHQAI)
6 # EMAIL: salar.d.ghashghaei@gmail.com
7 #####
8 """
9 Comparative Analysis of Nonlinear Frame Behavior Under Pushover Loading
10
11 [1] This study examines the nonlinear response of a composite concrete-steel
12 frame subjected to monotonic pushover loading, comparing two reinforcement material models implemented
13 Steel01: Bilinear kinematic hardening without strength/stiffness degradation
14 Hysteretic: Tri-linear with Bouc-Wen pinching, strength degradation,
15 and stiffness deterioration
16
17 [2] The analysis evaluates a 2D moment-resisting frame consisting of:
18 Columns: 500x500 mm composite sections with 25 mm rebars
19 Beams: 300x500 mm sections with 18 mm rebars
20 Optional 10 mm steel plates for strengthening
21
22 [3] Key modeling features:
23 Concrete: Confined (core) and unconfined (cover) behaviors modeled
24 with Concrete01
25
26 Reinforcement:
27 Steel01: Idealized elastic-perfectly plastic ( $f_y = 400$  MPa,  $E_s = 200$  GPa)
28 Hysteretic: Includes hardening ( $f_u = 1.18f_y$ ), fracture strain ( $\epsilon_{su} = 75\epsilon_y$ ),
29 and cyclic degradation ( $\theta = 0.1$ )
30
31 [4] Loading Protocol:
32 Displacement-controlled pushover to 175 mm lateral drift ( $DINCR = 0.001$  mm/step)
33 Monitored responses: Base shear, moment-rotation, and stiffness evolution
34 """
```

...p\OPENSEES\_FILES\CONCRETE\_FRAME\_EXAMPLES\COMPOSITE\_SECTION



Help Variable Explorer Debugger Plots Files

Console 1/A

Lobatto

End 1 Forces (P V M): 600009 624142 1.70757e+09  
End 2 Forces (P V M): -600009 -624142 1.64853e+08

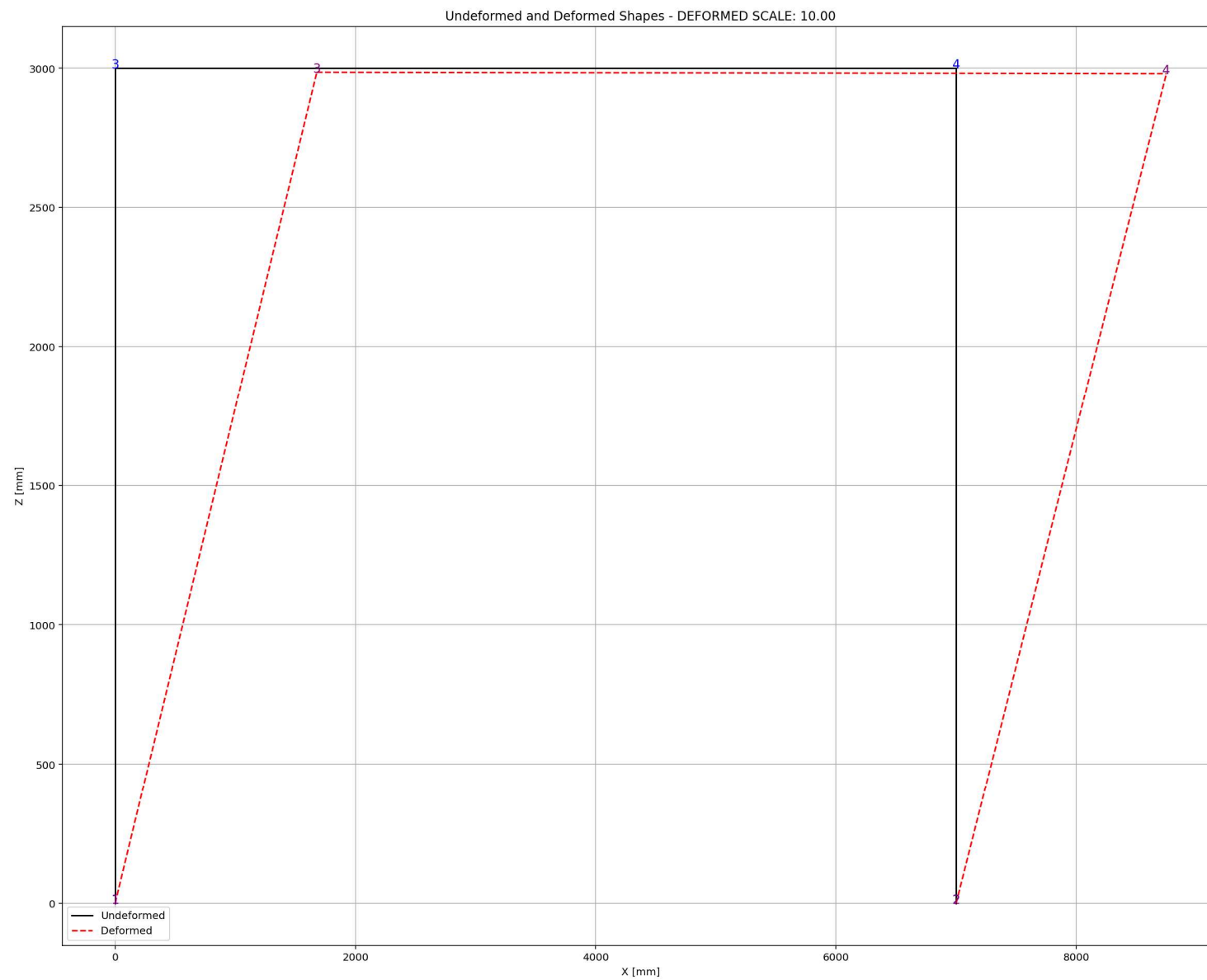
Element: 3 Type: ForceBeamColumn2d Connected Nodes: 3 4  
Number of Sections: 5 Mass density: 0

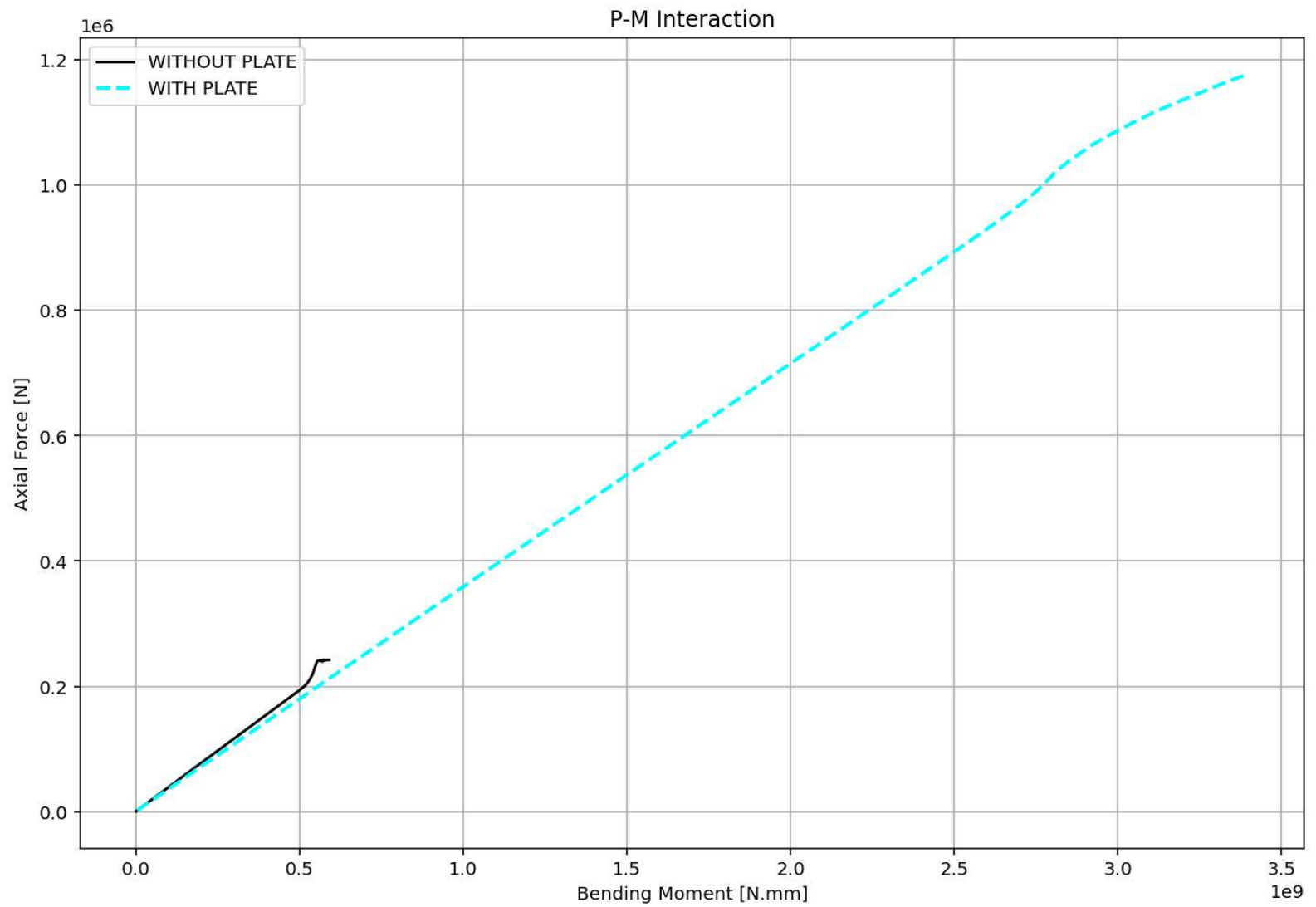
Lobatto

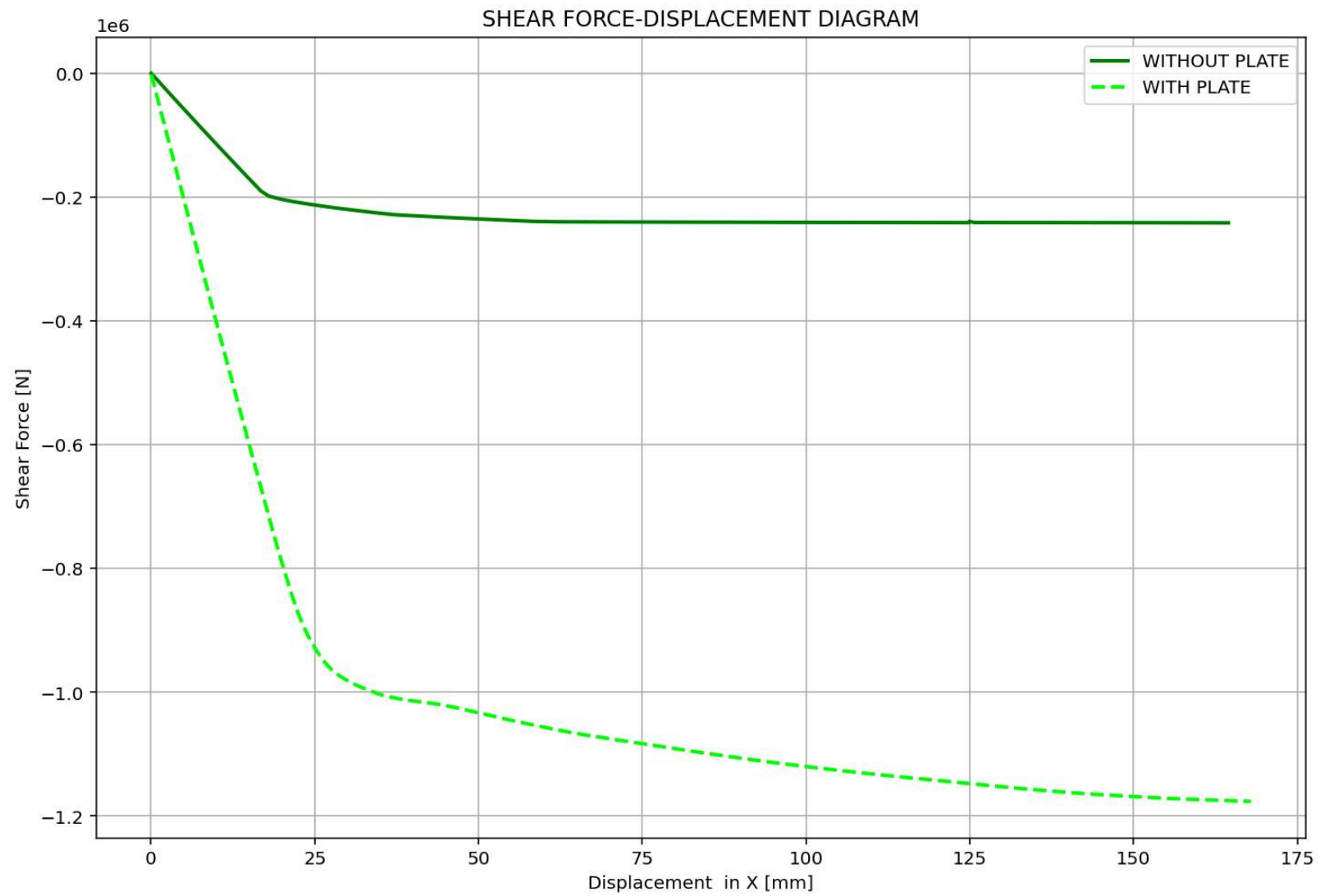
End 1 Forces (P V M): -828.252 -47066.7 -1.64614e+08  
End 2 Forces (P V M): 828.252 47066.7 -1.64853e+08

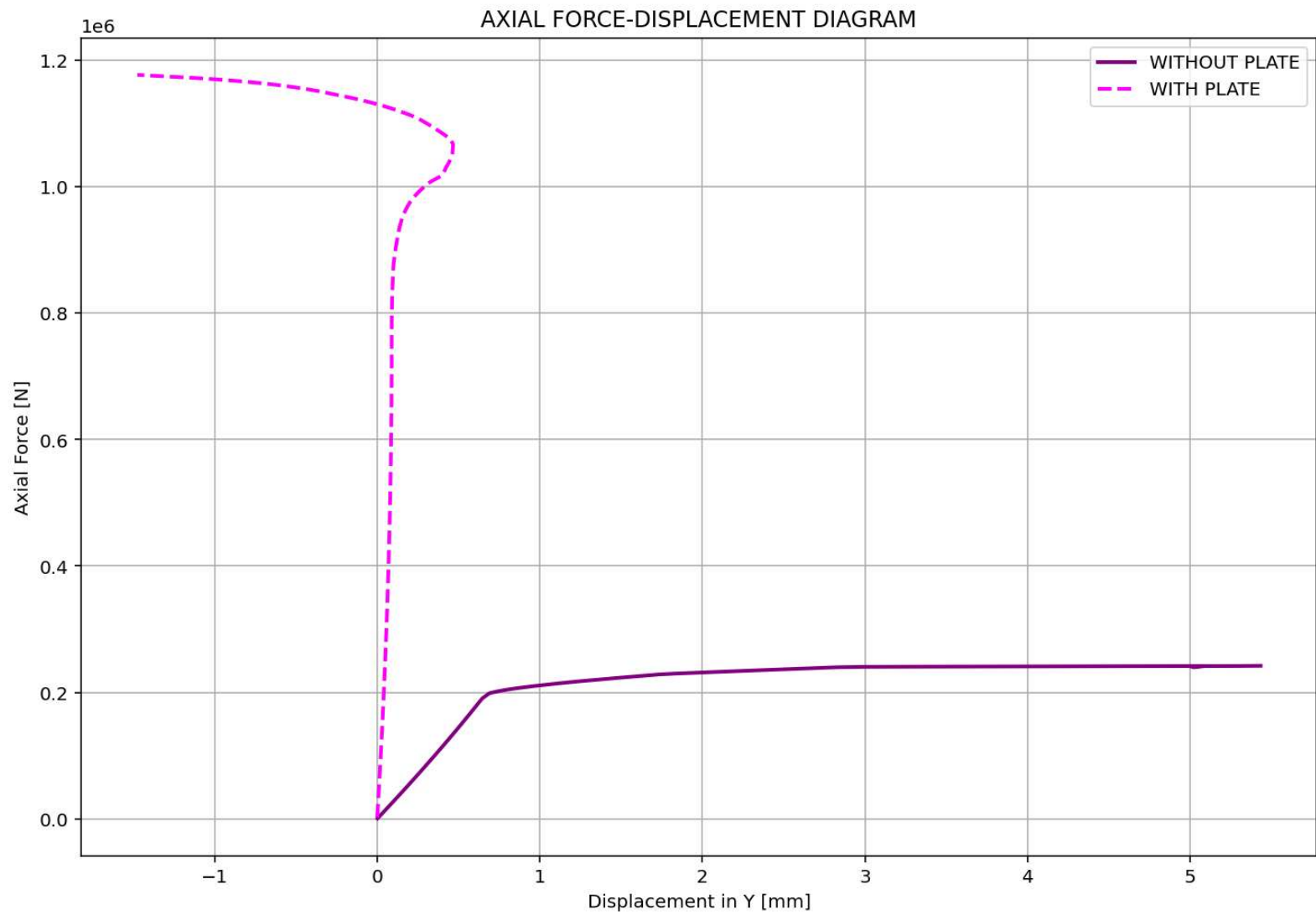
In [2]:

IPython Console History

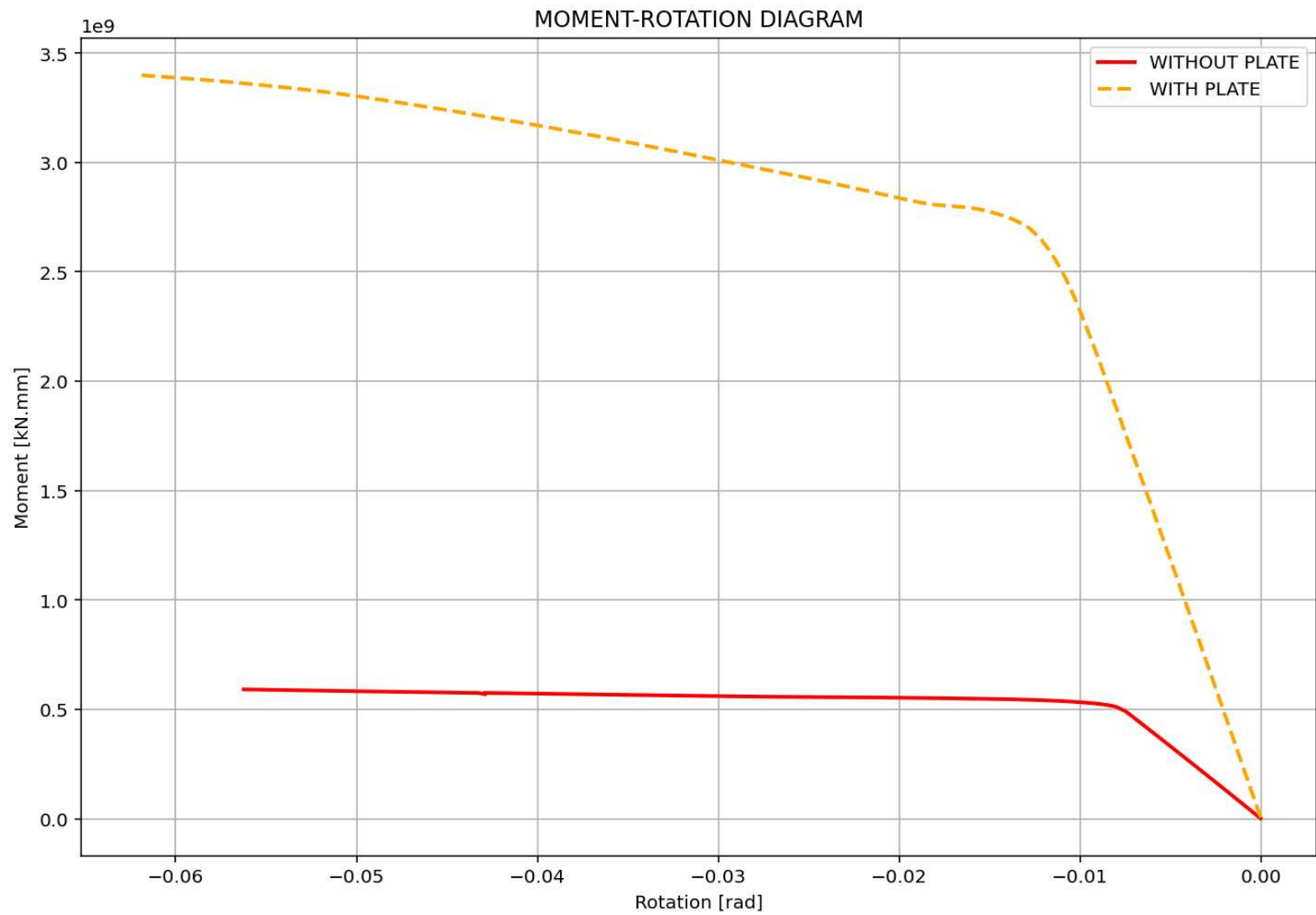


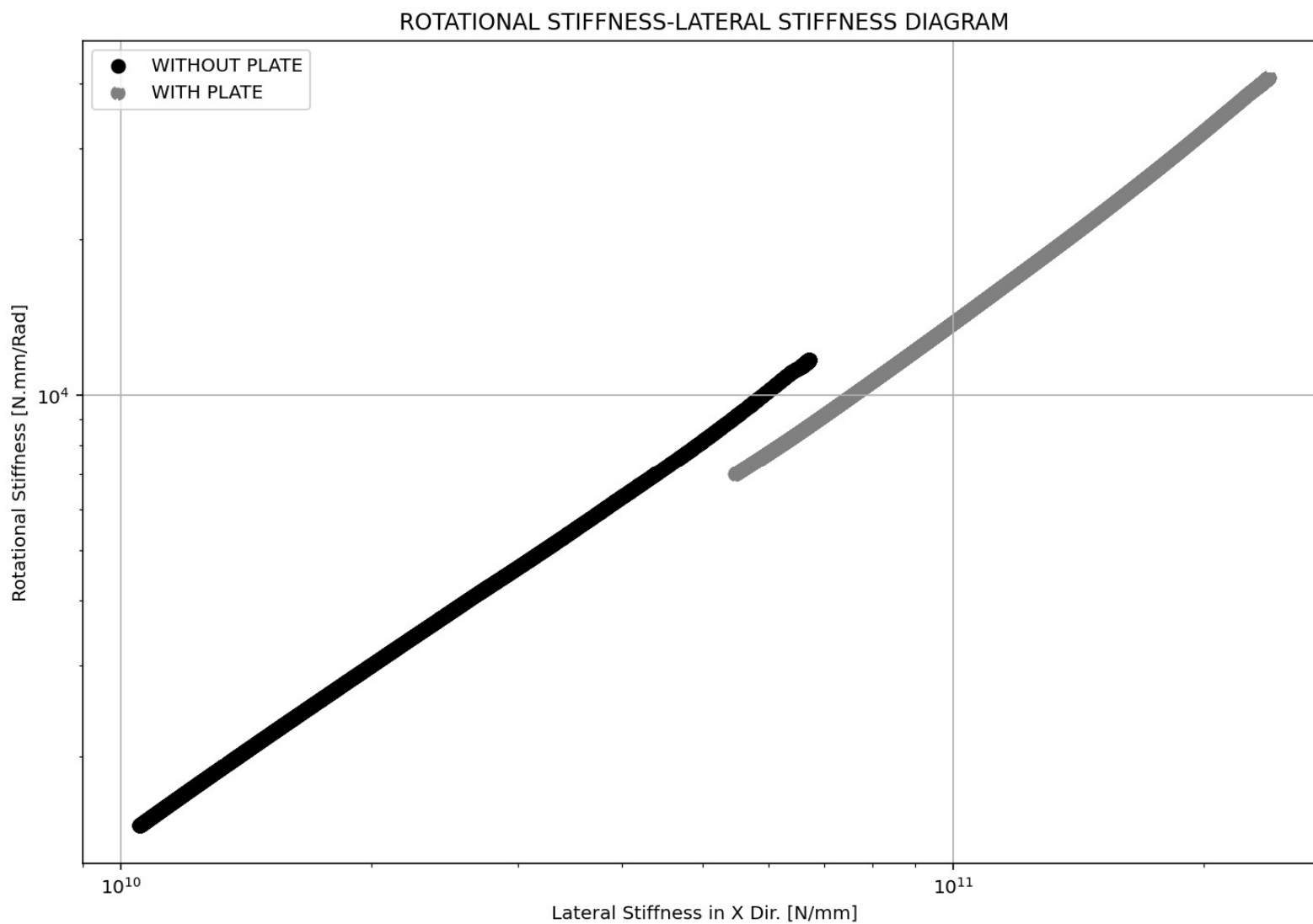




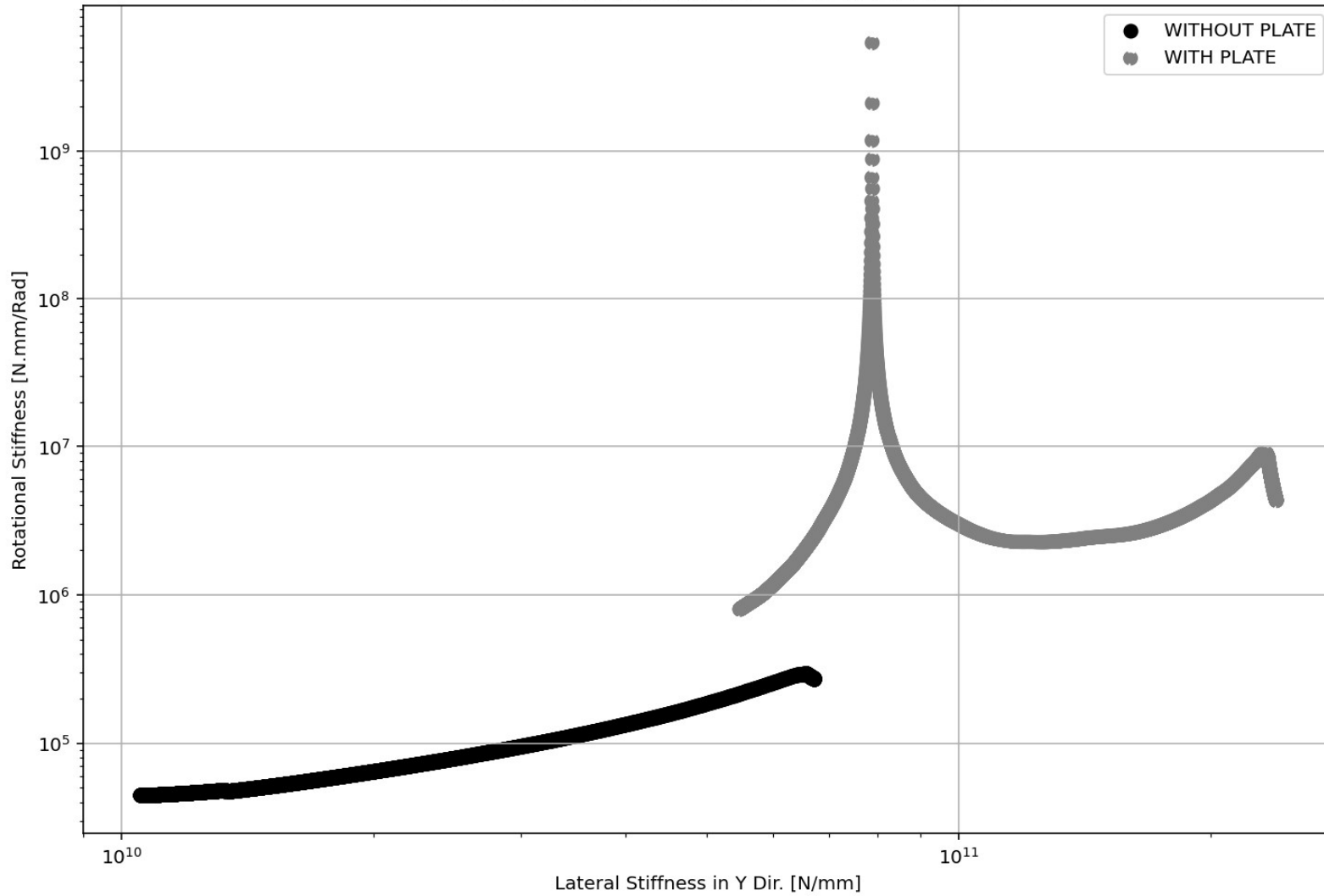


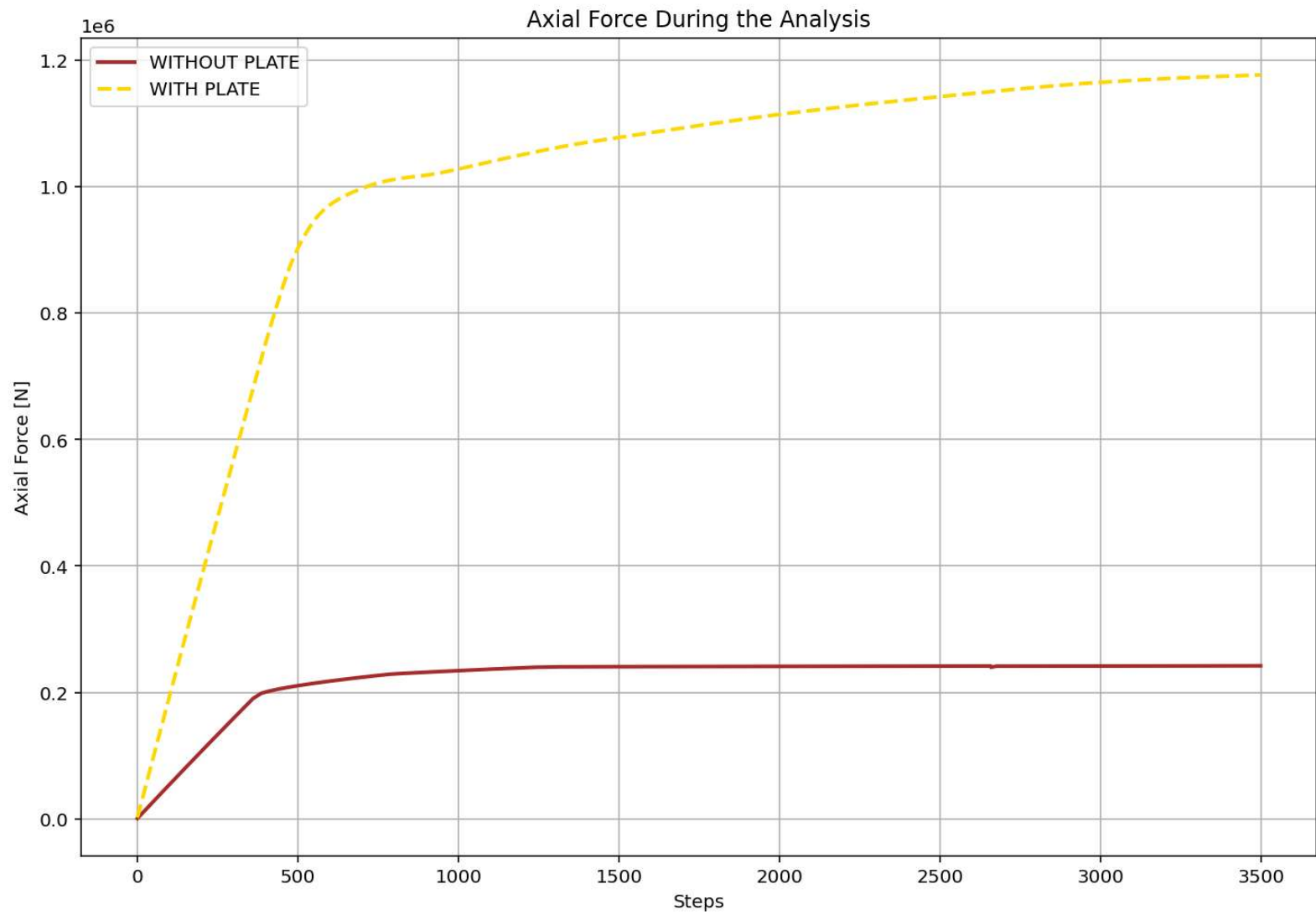


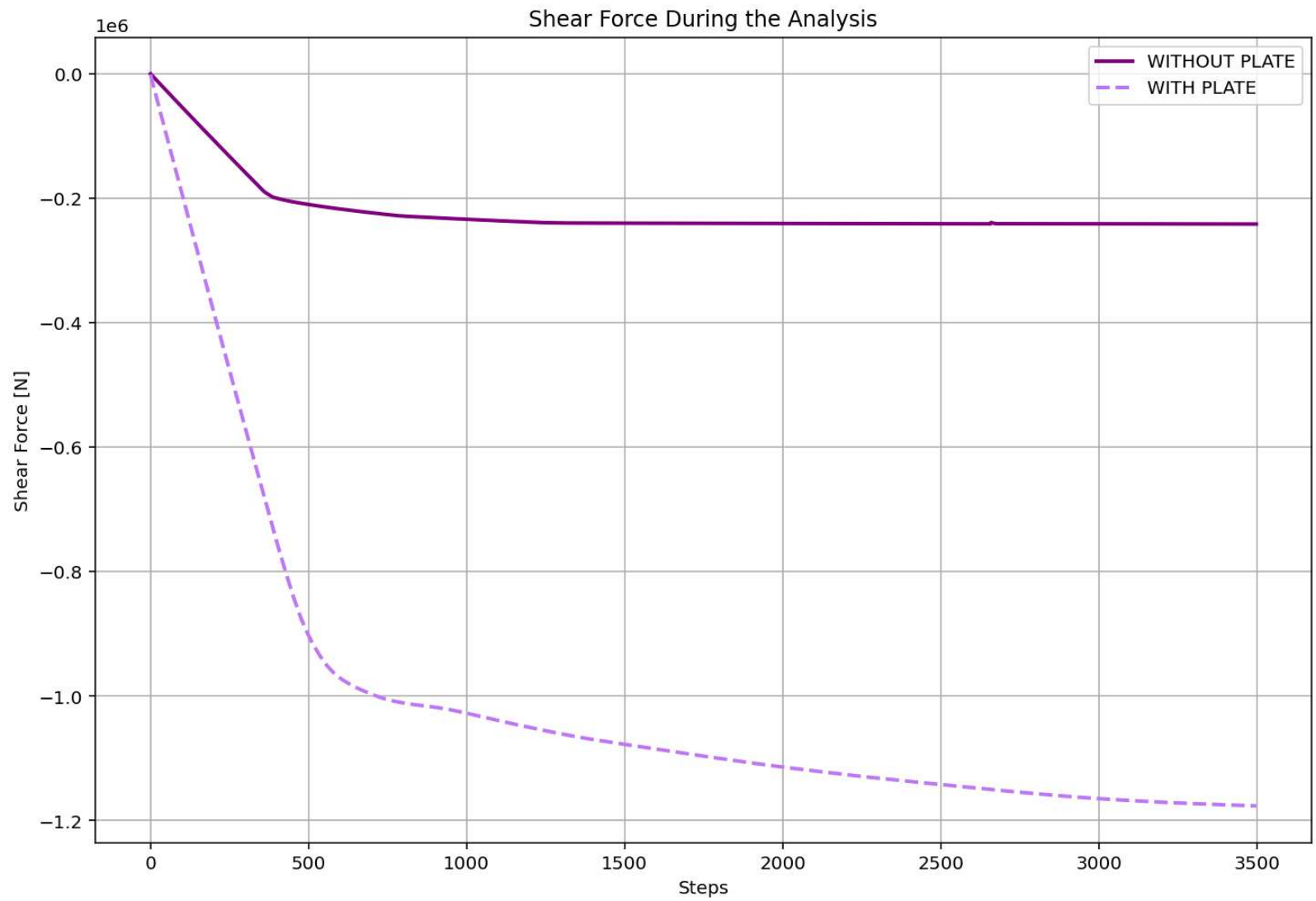


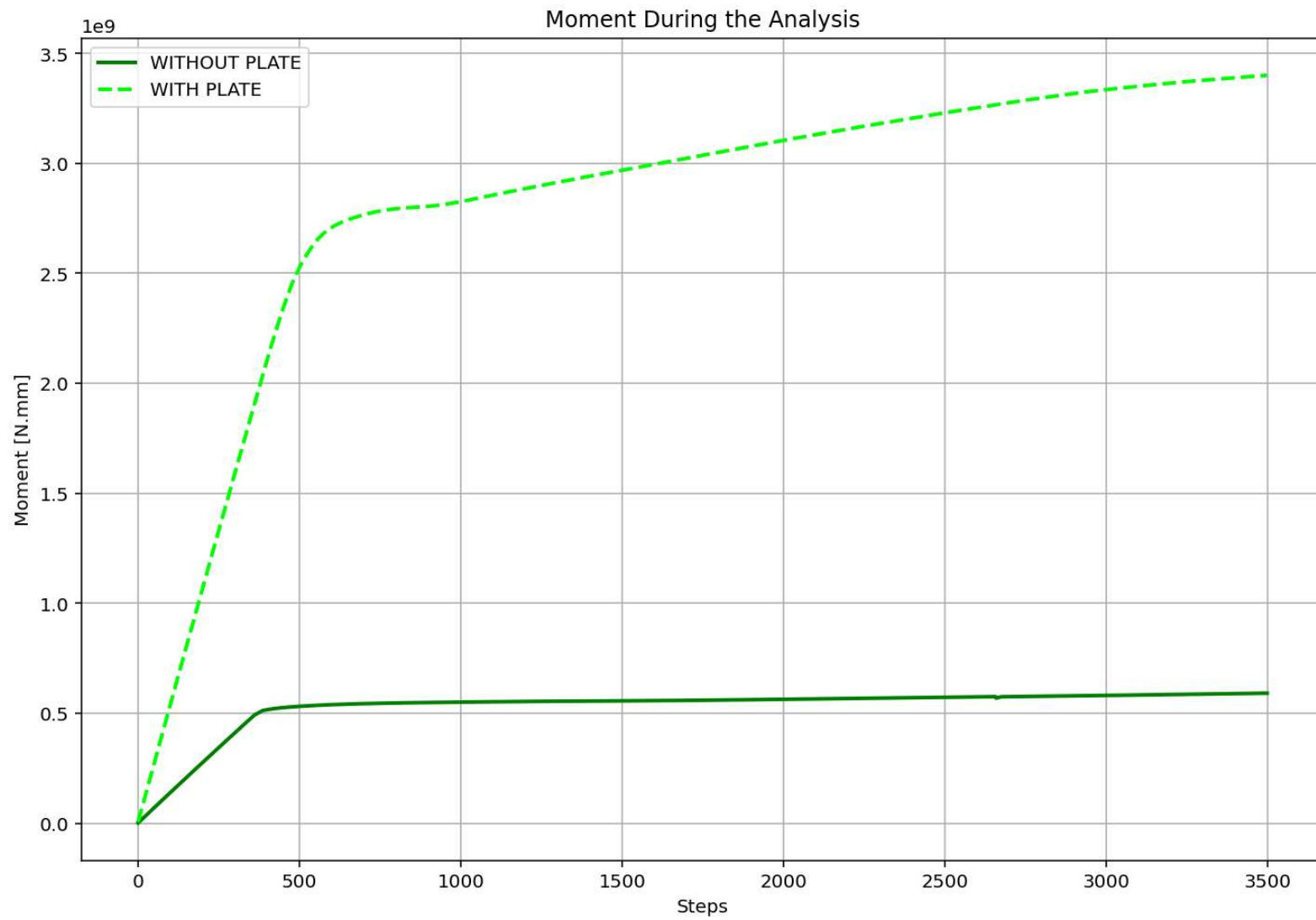


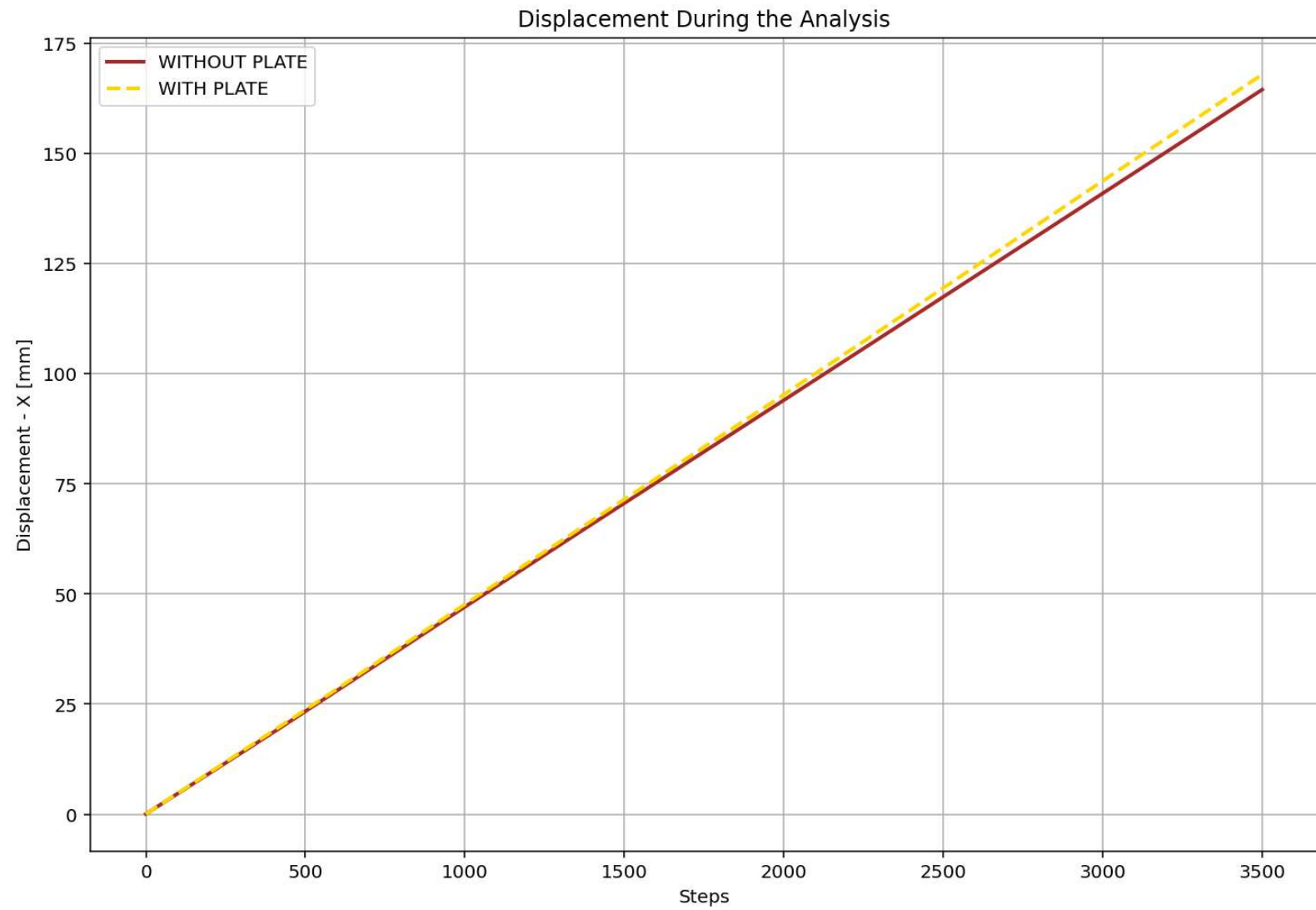
ROTATIONAL STIFFNESS-LATERAL STIFFNESS DIAGRAM

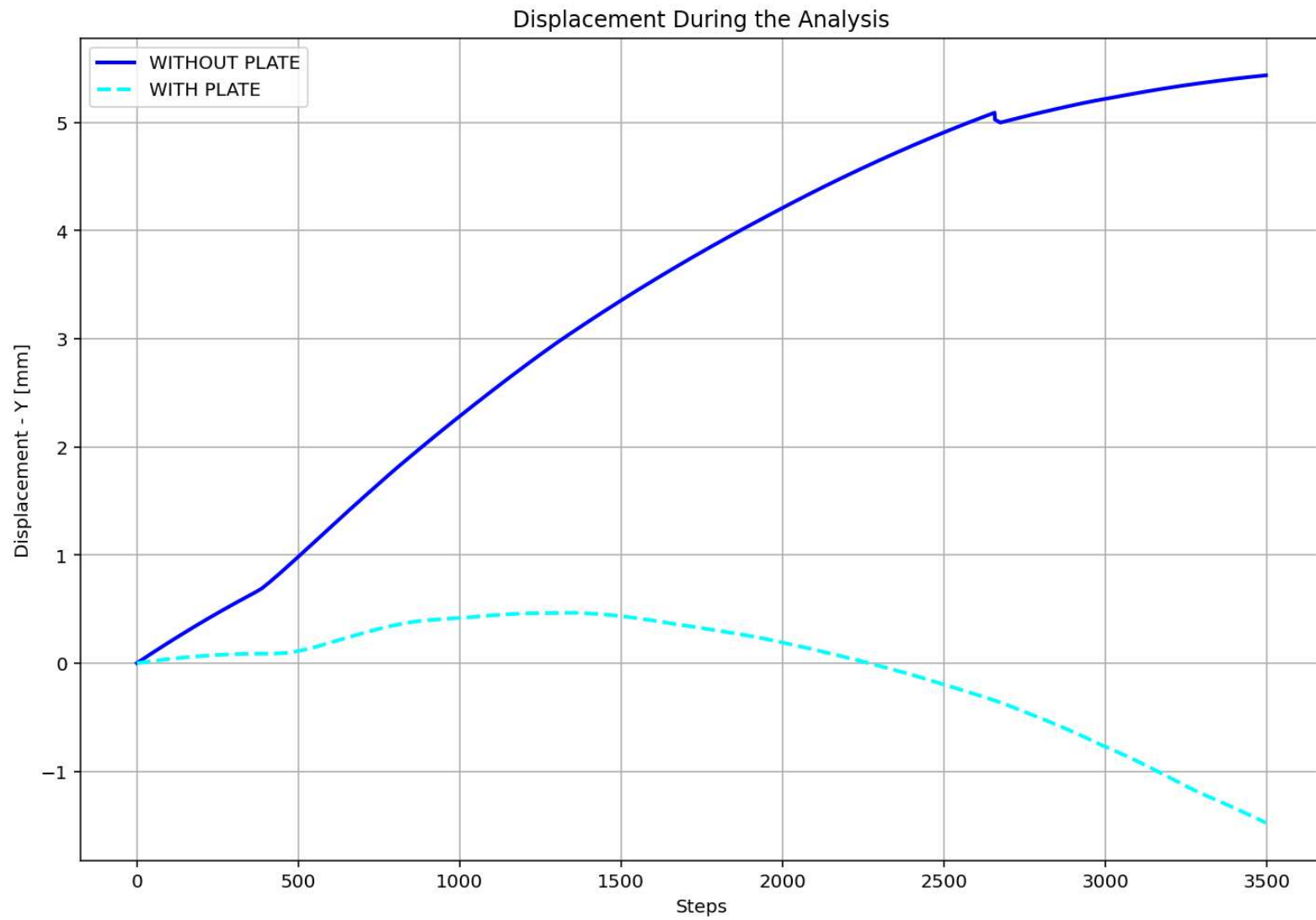




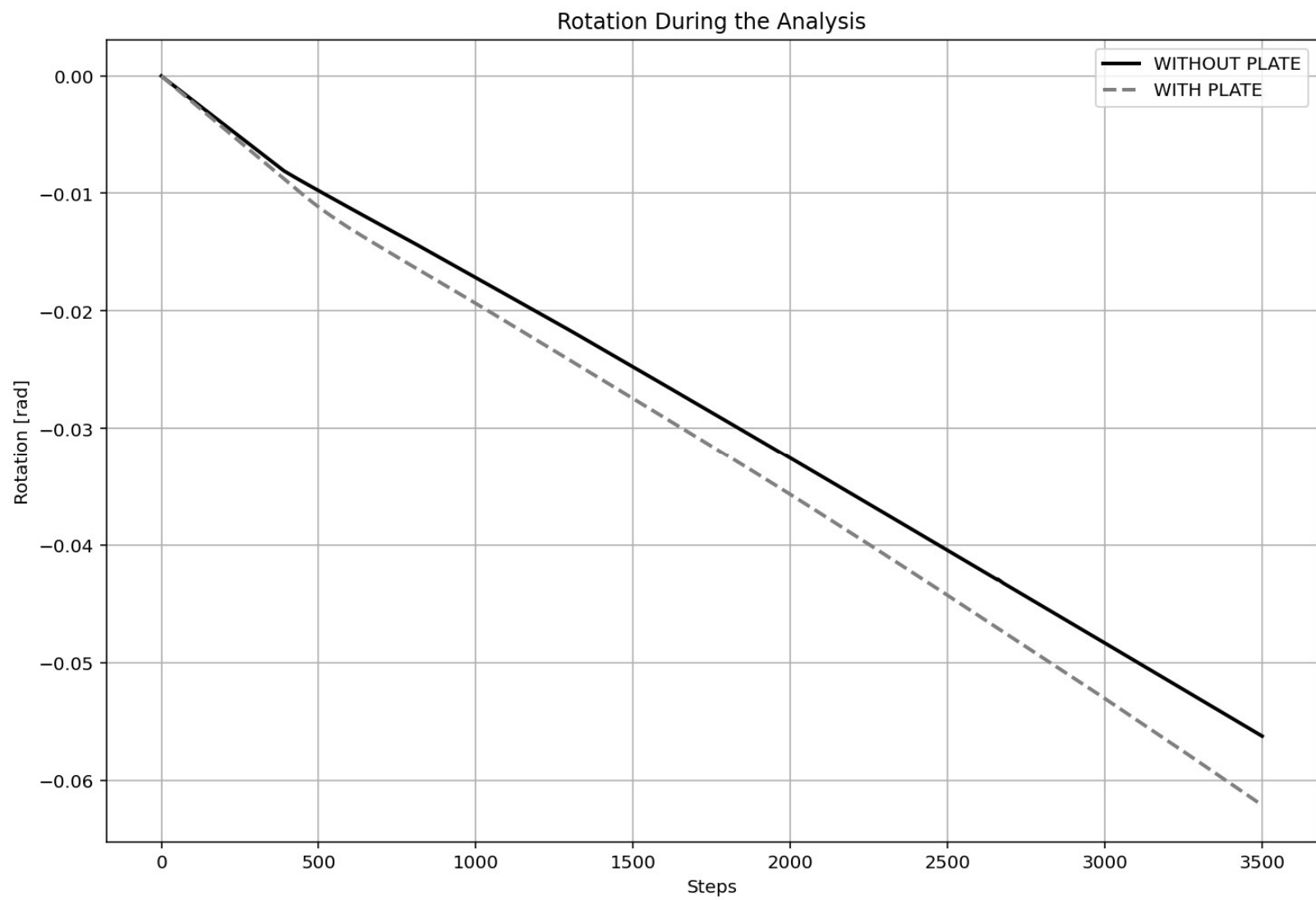












Last Data of BaseShear-Displacement Analysis - Ductility Ratio: 8.2994 - Over Strength Factor: 1.0440

